SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Second Regular Session

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MD ENVERSY.

SENATE S. No. 2640

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Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP, OR POSSESSION OF ENHANCED BODY ARMOR BY CIVILIANS

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Constitution, Article 2 provides:

SEC. 4. The prime duty of the Government is to serve and protect the people....

SEC. 5. The maintenance of peace and order, the protection of life, liberty, and property, and the promotion of the general welfare are essential for the enjoyment by all the people of the blessings of democracy.

In the Philippines, military-grade or enhanced body armor is increasingly being used by criminals to commit robberies and other crimes, and in gun battles with the police. Militarygrade body armor emboldens criminals to commit crimes and attack civilians, as the armor protects them from law enforcement ammunitions.

This bill will prohibit the purchase, ownership, or possession of enhanced body armor by civilians; and ensure that only law enforcement, firefighters, and other public officers authorized by the State will have access to enhance body armor in carrying out their duties.

MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGO



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SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Second Regular Session

SENATE 2640 S. No.

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KU EN OF BY:

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress Assembled:

AN ACT

1 2 TO PROHIBIT THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP, OR POSSESSION OF ENHANCED BODY 3 ARMOR BY CIVILIANS

4 SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act may be cited as the "Responsible Body Armor 5 Possession Act."

6 SECTION 2. Definition. - The term "enhanced body armor" means body armor, 7 including a helmet or shield, the ballistic resistance of which meets or exceeds the ballistic performance of military-grade armor, determined using standards specified by the Secretary of 8 9 National Defense.

10 SECTION 3. Ban on Purchase, Ownership, or Possession of Enhanced Body Armor by *Civilians: Exception.* - (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), it shall be unlawful for any 11 12 person to purchase, own, or possess enhanced body armor.

- Subsection (a) shall not apply to purchase, ownership, or possession by or under 13 (b) 14 the authority of the Philippine government, or any department, agency, or political subdivision of the Philippine government. 15
- Body armor that was lawfully possessed by any civilian prior to the effectivity of 16 (c) this Act shall be turned over to the Department of National Defense pursuant to guidelines issued 17 18 by the Secretary of National Defense.

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SECTION 4. *Penalties.* - Whoever violates this Act shall be fined not less than Twenty
 Thousand Pesos (#20,000.00) but not more than One Hundred Thousand Pesos (#100,000.00), or
 imprisoned for not less than five (5) but not more than ten (10) years, or both.

4 SECTION 5. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within sixty (60) days from 5 effectivity of this Act, and after public consultations, the Secretary of National Defense shall 6 promulgate the necessary rules and regulations to implement this Act.

SECTION 6. Separability Clause. – If any provision, or part hereof, is held invalid or
unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain
valid and subsisting.

10 SECTION 7. *Repealing Clause.* – Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive 11 order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule, or regulation contrary to or inconsistent 12 with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended accordingly.

SECTION 8. *Effectivity.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication
in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

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