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SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Third Regular Session

15 OCT 27 P6:57

SENATE

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s. _{No.} 2995

RECEIVED BY:

Introduced by Senator Ralph G. Recto

AN ACT

RATIONALIZING THE POWERS, DUTIES AND ACCOUNTABILITIES OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY COMMISSION, FURTHER AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 1161, AS AMENDED, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "SOCIAL SECURITY LAW"

Explanatory Note

In the spirit of social justice, the State is mandated to establish, develop, and promote a suitable, sound and viable social security service that will protect covered employees and their families from the hazards of disability, sickness, old age and death.

Social insurance programs are designed to mitigate income risks by pooling resources and spreading risks across time and groups of individuals¹. Social insurance like the Social Security System (SSS) needs to provide basic economic security for the people while curbing poverty, providing economic stability, redistributing income and preserving important social and individual values². Given these requirements, an effective social security protection will depend significantly on a robust financial capacity, extensive membership, and sustainability of benefits vis-à-vis revenues.

Ycar-on-year financial reports of the SSS indicated an effective management of the social pension funds. Total SSS revenue grew by an average annual rate of 10% from 2010 to 2014. Membership contributions rose by 52% from P79.27 billion in 2010 to P120.65 billion in 2014 when the Commission increased the P15,000 maximum salary credit to P16,000. Investments likewise grew by 23% during the same period, from P27.85 billion to P34.53 billion. Total assets in 2014 have increased by 43.55% from total assets in 2010. The average annual operating cost from 2010-2014 amounted to only about six percent (6%) of the total collected revenues, or roughly 36% lower than the established charter limits³.

Despite the rosy financial statistics, the SSS is still fraught with two crucial concerns. First, constrained capacity to improve collection rate and efficiency deprived the Commission of additional funds that it could use for social security protection and investments. In 2014, SSS collected from 11.17 million paying members which accounts for only 46.7% of the average full-time employed labor force⁴. A Commission on Audit Report also noted the P8.168 billion pesos delinquency in premium contributions and penalties as well as a net receivable of 61.23 billion from its membership loans, of which P20.7 billion has been delinquent for over five years⁵. Second, restricted investment options kept the Commission from maximizing potential market

¹ Manasan, R. G. (2010). "Reforming Social Protection Policy: Responding to the Global Financial Crisis and Beyond." Research Paper Series. Makati: Philippine Institute for Development Studies.

² Social Security System. (2004). Actuarial Study Notes. Quezon City: Social Security System.
³ Social Security System. (2014). Year-ender Report. Quezon City: Social Security System

⁴ Total Average Labor Force Estimate for 2014 is 41.379 million; Total employed labor force is 38.651 million.

Data taken from Philippine Statistics Authority 2015 Current Labor Statistics.

⁵ Commission on Audit. (2014) Annual Audit Report of the Social Security System.

gains and made them more dependent on membership contributions to extend benefits and services. While SSS revenues have been increasing since 2010, the increases came not from investment income but from membership contributions. Increases in contribution collections accounted for 86.1% of the increases recorded from 2010-2014, while investments income comprised the remaining 13.9%. The share of membership contribution to the total revenue increased from 74% in 2010 to 78% in 2014, while the returns on investments decreased from 10.8% to 8.3% during the same period. In the absence of judicious intervention, the Commission would be unable to improve its revenue generation capability and mitigate market risks like inflation, currency fluctuation, and economic downturn. These issues will, in turn, adversely affect the SSS fund life and put the future of the social security at risk.

The most sensible way to secure the future of the SSS and its 32.5 million members is to provide the Social Security Commission powers to ensure prudent fiscal management and sound investment strategies. This bill⁶ seeks to do so by empowering the Commission, bolstering its collection capabilities, and improving its revenue generation. It grants flexibility by allowing the Commission to formulate and implement measures to improve its collection rate and efficiency by expanding membership coverage and encouraging member compliance. The bill also provides the Commission with a broader menu of investment options to increase its non-contribution revenue. Through these interventions, the bill aims to strengthen the revenue generation capability of the SSS and allow it to provide better services and benefits to its active members and pensioners.

Social security protection is one of the keystones in protecting the right of all the people to human dignity, reduction of social, economic, and political inequalities, and the removal of cultural inequities. As such, it is imperative to ensure that social security protection would be enjoyed by the generations to come. In view of the foregoing, the swift passage of the proposed measure is earnestly sought.

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⁶ This is a counterpart measure of House Bill No. 6112.

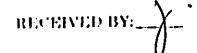
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AN ACT

RATIONALIZING THE POWERS, DUTIES AND ACCOUNTABILITIES OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY COMMISSION, FURTHER AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 1161, AS AMENDED, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "SOCIAL SECURITY LAW"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Section 4(a) of the Republic Act No. 1161, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 4. Powers and Duties of the Commission and SSS. – (a) The Commission. – For the attainment of its main objectives as set forth in Section 2 hereof, the Commission shall have the following powers and duties:

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"(2) To establish a provident fund for the members which will consist of voluntary contributions of employers and/or employees, self-employed and voluntary members and their earnings, for the payment of benefits to such members or their beneficiaries, subject to such rules and regulations as it may promulgate [and approved by the President of the Philippines];

"x x x"

"(6) To compromise or release, in whole or in part, any interest, penalty or any civil liability to SSS in connection with the investments authorized under Section 26 hereof, under such terms and conditions as it may prescribe [and approved by the President of the Philippines];

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"(7) ANY LAW TO THE CONTRARY NOTWITHSTANDING, TO CONDONE, ENTER INTO COMPROMISE OR RELEASE, IN WIIOLE OR IN PART, PENALTIES IMPOSED UPON DELINQUENT SOCIAL SECURITY CONTRIBUTIONS REGARDLESS OF THE AMOUNT INVOLVED UNDER SUCII VALID TERMS AND CONDITIONS IT MAY PRESCRIBE WHEN THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE EMPLOYER DEMONSTRATES A CLEAR INABILITY TO PAY THE ASSESSED DELINOUENCY.

"THE COMMISSION SHALL SUBMIT TO BOTH THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PHILIPPINES AN ANNUAL REPORT ON THE EXERCISE OF THE POWERS UNDER THIS PROVISION, STATING THEREIN THE FOLLOWING FACTS AND INFORMATION, AMONG OTHERS: NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF EMPLOYERS WHOSE PENALTY DELINQUENCIES HAVE BEEN THE SUBJECT OF COMPROMISE OR CONDONATION; AMOUNT INVOLVED; AMOUNT COMPROMISED OR CONDONED; AND THE JUSTIFICATIONS THEREON TO DETERMINE THAT SAID POWERS ARE REASONABLY EXERCISED AND THAT THE SSS IS NOT UNDULY DEPRIVED OF REVENUES.

"(8) TO DETERMINE AND FIX FROM TIME TO TIME THROUGH THE ISSUANCE OF RULES AND REGULATIONS, THE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM MONTHLY SALARY CREDITS OF MEMBER-EMPLOYEES, THE SCHEDULE AND THE RATE OF CONTRIBUTIONS OF EMPLOYERS AND MEMBER EMPLOYEES, THE RATE OF PENALTY ON DUE BUT

UNREMITTED CONTRIBUTIONS OF EMPLOYERS AND MEMBER EMPLOYEES AND UNPAID LOAN AMORTIZATIONS OF ITS MEMBERS, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION ACTUARIAL CALCULATIONS, RATE OF BENEFITS, INFLATION AND OTHER RELEVANT SOCIO-ECONOMIC DATA: *Provided*, That the adjustment of the maximum salary credit shall be done gradually, taking into account the economic and financial exigencies of all stakeholders: *Provided*, *further*, That the adjustment of the monthly salary credit exceeding one hundred and twenty thousand pesos (P120,000) and modification of the schedule and the rate of contributions are subject to approval of the President of the Phillippines; and

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"[(7)] (9) To approve, confirm, pass upon or review any and all actions of the SSS in the proper and necessary exercise of its powers and duties hereinafter enumerated."

"(b) The Social Security System – Subject to the provision of Section [Four (4), paragraph seven (7)] 4, SUBSECTION (a9) hereof, the SSS shall have the following powers and duties:

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"(2) To require the actuary to submit a valuation report on the SSS benefit program every four (4) years, or more frequently as may be necessary, and to undertake the necessary actuarial studies and calculations concerning increases in benefits taking into account inflation and the financial stability of the SSS and to provide feasible increases in benefits every four (4) years, including the addition of new ones, under such rules and regulations as the Commission may adopt, [subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines]: *Provided*, That the actuarial soundness of the reserve fund shall be guaranteed[: *Provided further*, That such increases in benefits shall not require any increase in the rate of contribution];

"x x x"

SEC. 2. Section 18(a) of the Republic Act No. 1161, as amended, is hereby deleted and a new paragraph shall be introduced to read as follows:

"SEC. 18. Employee's Contribution. — Beginning as of the last day of the calendar month when an employee's compulsory coverage takes effect and every month thereafter during his employment, the employer shall deduct and withhold from such employee's monthly salary, wage, compensation or earnings, the employee's contribution in an amount corresponding to his salary, wage, compensation or earnings during the month in accordance with [the following schedule:

| Range of | Monthly | Employer – Employee | | | | | | SE/VM/OFW | | |
|--------------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|-------|-----------------------|----------|--------|-----------|--------------|--|
| Compensation | Salary | Social Security | | | EC Total Contribution | | | Total | | |
| - | Credit | ER | EE | Total | ER | ER | EE | Total | Contribution | |
| 1,000 - 1,249.99 | 1,000 | 73.70 | 36.30 | 110 | 10 | 83.70 | 36.30 | 120 | 110 | |
| 1,250 - 1,749.99 | 1,500 | 110.50 | 54.50 | 165 | 10 | 120.50 | 54.50 | 175 | 165 | |
| 1,750 - 2,249.99 | 2,000 | 147.30 | 72.70 | 220 | 10 | 157.30 | 72.70 | 230 | 220 | |
| 2,250 - 2,749.99 | 2,500 | 184.20 | 90.80 | 275 | 10 | 194.20 | 90.80 | 285 | 275 | |
| 2,750 - 3,249.99 | 3,000 | 221.00 | 109.00 | 330 | 10 | 231.00 | 109.00 | 340 | 330 | |
| 3,250 - 3,749.99 | 3,500 | 257.80 | 127.20 | 385 | 10 | 267.80 | 127.20 | 395 | 385 | |
| 3,750 - 4,249.99 | 4,000 | 294.70 | 145.30 | 440 | 10 | 304.70 | 145.30 | 450 | 440 | |
| 4,250 - 4,749.99 | 4,500 | 331.50 | 163.50 | 495 | 10 | 341.50 | 163.50 | 505 | 495 | |
| 4,750 - 5,249.99 | 5,000 | 368.30 | 181.70 | 550 | 10 | 378.30 | 181.70 | 560 | 550 | |
| 5,250 - 5,749.99 | 5,500 | 405.20 | 199.80 | 605 | 10 | 415.20 | 199.80 | 615 | 605 | |
| 5,7 50 - 6,249.99 | 6,000 | 442.00 | 218.00 | 660 | 10 | 452.00 | 218.00 | 670 | 660 | |
| 6,250 - 6,749.99 | 6,500 | 478.80 | 236.20 | 715 | 10 | 488.80 | 236.20 | 725 | 715 | |
| 6,750 - 7,2 49.99 | 7,000 | 515.70 | 254.30 | 770 | 10 | 525.70 | 254.30 | 780 | 770 | |
| 7,250 - 7,749.99 | 7,500 | 552.50 | 272.50 | 825 | 10 | 562.50 | 272.50 | 835 | 825 | |
| 7,750 – 8,249.99 | 8,000 | 589.30 | 290.70 | 880 | 10 | 599.30 | 290.70 | 890 | 880 | |
| 8,250 - 8,749.99 | 8,500 | 626.20 | 308.80 | 935 | 10 | 636.20 | 308.80 | 945 | 935 | |
| 8,750 - 9,249.99 | 9,000 | 663.00 | 327.00 | 990 | 10 | 673.00 | 327.00 | 1,000 | 990 | |
| 9,250 - 9,749.99 | 9,500 | 699.80 | 345.20 | 1,045 | 10 | 709.80 | 345.20 | 1,055 | 1,045 | |
| 9,750 - 10,249.99 | 10,000 | 736.70 | 363.30 | 1,100 | 10 | 746.70 | 363.30 | 1,110 | 1,100 | |
| 10,250 - 10,749.99 | 10,500 | 773.50 | 381.50 | 1,155 | 10 | 783.50 | 381.50 | 1,165 | 1,155 | |
| 10,750 - 11,249.99 | 11,000 | 810.30 | 399.70 | 1,210 | 10 | 820.30 | 399.70 | 1,220 | 1,210 | |
| 11,250 - 11,749.99 | 11,500 | 847.20 | 417.80 | 1,265 | 10 | 857.20 | 417.80 | 1,275 | 1,265 | |
| 11,750 - 12,249.99 | 12,000 | 884.00 | 436.00 | 1,320 | 10 | 894.00 | 436.00 | 1,330 | 1,320 | |
| 12,250 - 12,749.99 | 12,500 | 920.80 | 454.20 | 1,375 | 10 | 930.80 | 454.20 | 1,385 | 1,375 | |
| 12,750 - 13,249.99 | 13,000 | 957.70 | 472.30 | 1,430 | | 967.70 | 472.30 | 1,440 | 1,430 | |
| 13,250 – 13,749.99 | 13,500 | 994.50 | 490.50 | 1,485 | | 1,004.50 | 490.50 | 1,495 | 1,485 | |

| 13,750 - 14,249,99 | 14,000 | 1,031.30 | 508.70 | 1,540 | 10 | 1,041.30 | 508.70 | 1,550 | 1.540 |
|--------------------|--------|----------|--------|-------|----|----------|--------|-------|-------|
| 14,250 - 14,749.99 | 14,500 | 1,068.20 | 526.80 | 1,595 | 10 | 1,078.20 | 526.80 | 1,605 | 1.595 |
| 14,750 - 15,249.99 | 15,000 | 1,105.00 | 545.00 | 1,650 | 30 | 1,135.00 | 545.00 | 1,680 | 1,650 |
| 15,250 - 15,749.99 | 15,500 | 1,141.80 | 563.20 | 1,705 | 30 | 1,171.80 | 563.20 | 1,735 | 1,705 |
| 15,750 - OVER | 16,000 | 1,178.70 | 581.30 | 1,760 | 30 | 1,208.70 | 581.30 | 1,790 | 1,760 |

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The foregoing schedule of contribution shall also apply to self-employed and voluntary members.

"The maximum monthly salary credit shall be nine thousand pesos (P9,000.00) effective January nineteen hundred and ninety six (1996): Provided, That it shall be increased by One thousand pesos (P1,000.00) every year thereafter until it shall have reached Twelve thousand pesos (P12,000.00) by nineteen hundred and ninety nine (1999): Provided, further, That the minimum and maximum monthly salary credits as well as the rate of contributions may be fixed from time to time by the Commission through rules and regulations taking into consideration actuarial calculations and rate of benefits, subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines.] THE MONTHLY SALARY CREDITS, THE SCHEDULE AND THE RATE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AS MAYBE DETERMINED AND FIXED BY THE COMMISSION: PROVIDED, THAT THE ADJUSTMENT OF THE MONTHLY SALARY CREDIT AND MODIFICATION OF THE SCHEDULE AND THE RATE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ARE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 4, SUBSECTION (a8) HEREOF.

"THE MONTHLY SALARY CREDITS, SCHEDULE AND RATE OF CONTRIBUTION SHALL ALSO APPLY TO THE SELF-EMPLOYED AND VOLUNTARY MEMBERS."

SEC. 3. Section 22(a) of Republic Act No. 1161, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 22. Remittance of Contributions. - (a) The contribution imposed in the preceding section shall be remitted to the SSS within the first ten (10) days of each calendar month following the month for which they are applicable or within such time as the commission may prescribe. Every employer required to deduct and to remit such contributions shall be liable for their payment and if any contribution is not paid to the SSS as herein prescribed, [he] THE DELINQUENT EMPLOYER shall pay besides the contribution a penalty thereon [of three percent (3%) per month] from the date the contribution falls due until paid. THE RATE OF THE PENALTY ON DELINQUENT CONTRIBUTIONS PER MONTH SHALL BE DETERMINED AND FIXED BY THE COMMISSION THROUGH THE ISSUANCE OF RULES AND REGULATIONS, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE CURRENT INFLATION RATE AND OTHER RELEVANT SOCIOECONOMIC DATA. If deemed expedient and advisable by the Commission, the collection and remittance of contributions shall be made quarterly or semi-annually in advance, the contributions payable by the employees to be advanced by their respective employers: Provided, That upon separation of an employee, any contribution so paid in advance but not due shall be credited or refunded to his employer.

SEC. 4. Section 26, paragraphs (b) and (i) of Republic Act No. 1161, as amended, are hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 26. Investment of Reserve Funds. — All revenues of the SSS that are not needed to meet the current administrative and operational expenses incidental to the carrying out of this Act shall be accumulated in a fund to be known as the "Reserve Fund". Such portions of the Reserve Fund as are not needed to meet the current benefit obligations thereof shall be known as the "Investment Reserve Fund" which the Commission shall manage and invest with the skill, care, prudence and diligence necessary [under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent man acting in like capacity and familiar with such matters would exercise in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with similar aims. Pursuant thereto, and in line with the basic principles of safety, good yield and liquidity, the Commission shall invest the funds] to earn an annual income not less than the average rates of treasury bills or any acceptable market yield indicator in any of the following UNDERTAKING, UNDER SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSION: PROVIDED, THAT INVESTMENTS SHALL SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF LIQUIDITY, SAFETY/SECURITY AND YIELD IN ORDER TO ENSURE THE ACTUARIAL SOLVENCY OF THE FUNDS OF THE

SSS: *Provided*, *Further*, that the SSS shall submit an annual report on all investments made to both houses of Congress of the Philippines:

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"(b) In bonds, securities, promissory notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the Government of the Philippines or any of its agencies or instrumentalities [to finance domestic infrastructure projects such as roads, bridges, ports, telecommunications, and other similar projects: Provided, That the instrument issued by an agency or instrumentality of the government shall be guaranteed by the Government of the Philippines or any government financial institution or acceptable multilateral agency: Provided, further, That the SSS shall have priority over the revenues of the projects: Provided, finally, That such investments shall not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the Investment Reserve Fund;] OR EQUITY INVESTMENTS IN PRIVATE SECTOR INFRASTRUCTURE OR DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS NORMALLY FINANCED. CONSTRUCTED, OPERATED AND MAINTAINED BY THE PUBLIC SECTOR BUT WHICH WILL BE WHOLLY OR PARTLY IMPLEMENTED BY THE PRIVATE SECTOR, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, POWER PLANTS, HYDROPOWER PROJECTS, HIGHWAYS, TOLL WAYS, RAILROADS AND RAILWAYS, TRANSPORT SYSTEMS, PORTS, AIRPORTS, CANALS, DAMS, WATER SUPPLY, IRRIGATION, LAND RECLAMATION PROJECTS, INDUSTRIAL ESTATES OR TOWNSHIPS, HOUSING, GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, TOURISM PROJECTS, MARKETS, SLAUGHTERHOUSES, WAREHOUSES, SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT, SEWERAGE, DRAINAGE, DREDGING, TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY NETWORKS AND DATABASE INFRASTRUCTURE, AND OTHER INFRASTRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS UNDERTAKEN THROUGH CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS AS DEFINED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT No. 6957 ENTITLED, "AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE FINANCING, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS BY THE PRIVATE SECTOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES," AS AMENDED, AND SUCH OTHER VARIATIONS AS MAY BE APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES.

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"(i) In preferred or common shares of stocks listed or [about] to be listed in the stock exchange or options or warrants to such stocks [or] AND, subject to prior approval of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, in such other risk management instruments of any prime or solvent corporation or financial institution created or existing under the laws of the Philippines with proven track record of profitability over the last three (3) years and payment of dividends at least once over the same period: *Provided*, That such investments shall not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the Investment Reserve Fund;

"x x x"

- SEC. 5. Implementing Rules and Regulations. Within ninety (90) days from effectivity of this Act, the Commission shall promulgate the rules and regulations to effectively implement the provisions of this Act.
- SEC. 6. Separability Clause. If any provision, section or part of this Act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, such judgment shall not affect, invalidate or impair any other provisions, sections or parts hereof.
- SEC. 7. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
- SEC. 8. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation or the Official Gazette.

Approved,