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#### **SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES** First Regular Session

## SENATE

**S.B.** No. 442

#### Introduced by SENATOR LOREN LEGARDA

### AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE SUSTAINABILITY AND COMPETITIVENESS OF THE PHILIPPINE MOTOR VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

#### **Explanatory Note**

With poverty incidence among Filipinos reaching 26.3% in the first semester of 2015 and unemployment and underemployment rates hitting 5.8% and 18.9%, respectively as of January 2016, the quality of growth recorded recently by the economy leaves much to be desired. Policymakers have partly attributed this lack of inclusive growth to the declining share of the industry sector in the overall economy which together with the agricultural sector is expected to generate jobs suitable for low-skilled workers. In its March 2014 report entitled Philippine Economic Update: Pursuing Inclusive Growth Through Sustainable Reconstruction and Job Creation, the World Bank recommends that government enact industrial policies to lend support to the sector.

One sub-sector offering tremendous potential for the industry's rebound is the manufacture of motor vehicle parts. As noted by former National Economic and Development Authority Director-General Cielito Habito, it has "strong backward linkages with local industries, indicating strong multiplier effects for the economy". Further citing a 2010 paper, he explained that every P100 worth of production in industry leads to a rise in total economic output by P367. Apart from its spillover effects to other industries, it provides for technology transfer to local firms thus increasing overall potential of the local economy.

Though the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) has started crafting its motor vehicle industry roadmap, there is a need to enact a specific law to ensure consistency of policy. Apart from the crafting of a National Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Development Plan (NMVMDP), this bill seeks to provide the following fiscal incentives:

- Tax and duty-free importation of capital equipment
- Deduction on training expenses
- Double deduction on research and development
- Option to deduct from taxable income the net operating loss incurred during the first three years of operations for the seven consecutive taxable years

In view of the foregoing, the immediate passage of this bill is sought.

LOREN LEGARDA Senator



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## AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE SUSTAINABILITY AND COMPETITIVENESS OF THE PHILIPPINE MOTOR VEHICLE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Title. - This Act shall be known as "The Philippine Motor Vehicle
 Manufacturing Industry Competitiveness Act."

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. - The national economy shall be geared towards sustainable inclusive economic growth by promoting industrialization through competitive industries and by encouraging enterprise. In recognition of the significant role in economic development and nation building of the Philippine Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Industry, as well as its central function in the country's industrial and manufacturing sectors, the following are the declared policies of the State:

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- a) The State shall develop a comprehensive policy that will fast-track the
   sustainable development and competitiveness of the Philippine Motor
   Vehicle Manufacturing Industry, thereby effectively contributing to
   industrial capital formation and employment generation;
- b) The State shall ensure a balanced transition phase to free trade at a
  minimized risk to the Philippine Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Industry by
  efficiently developing its capacities for competitiveness and promoting
  greater participation in a further globalized economy through increased
  export;
- c) The State shall promote the maximum scale integration of vehicle
   manufacturing and the assembly of its respective parts and components;
- d) The State shall encourage the effective and sustainable implementation of
  research and development activities, including, but not limited to,
  technology transfer, testing facilities and activities, and the promotion of
  automotive skills training and development as a means to enhance the
  competitiveness of the Philippine Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Industry;
  and
- e) The State shall integrate motor vehicle manufacturing into the overall
   transport policies and programs of the national government to optimize the
   sustained growth and competitiveness of the Philippine Motor Vehicle

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Manufacturing Industry and to ensure the development of sustainable
 transportation systems in the country.

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- 4 SECTION 3. Definition of Terms. For purposes of this Act, the following
  5 terms are defined as follows:
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  7 a) "Board of Investments (BOI)" refers to the attached agency of the
  8 Department of Trade and Industry created under Republic Act No. 5186.
- b) "Department of Trade and Industry (DTI)" refers to the government agency
   created pursuant to Executive Order No. 133, series of 1987.
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  13 c) "Investment Priorities Plan (IPP)" refers to the overall plan prepared by the
  BOI in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order No. 226, otherwise
  15 known as the Omnibus Investment Code of 1987, as amended.
- d) "Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Industry" encompasses enterprises that are
   engaged in the manufacture of motor vehicles and its parts and accessories
   or components.
- e) "Manufacture of Motor Vehicles" refers to the activities classified under
  Section D, Division 34, Group 341 of the United Nations (UN) International
  Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) Revision
  (Rev.) 3, which includes the manufacture of passenger cars, commercial
  vehicles, buses, trolley-buses and coaches, motor vehicle engines, chassis
  fitted with engines and other motor vehicles.
- This also refers to the activities classified under Section D, Division 35, Group 359, Class 3591 of UN ISIC Rev. 3, which includes the manufacture of motorcycles (including mopeds) and cycles fitted with an auxiliary engine, whether or not with attached side-car, and "delivery" or "sporting" motorcycles.
- f) "Manufacture of Parts and Accessories of Motor Vehicles" refers to the activities classified under Section D, Division 34, Group 343 of the UN ISIC Rev. 3, which includes the manufacture of parts and accessories for motor vehicles, including their bodies and engines: brakes, gear boxes, axles, road wheels, suspension shock absorbers, radiators, silencers, exhaust pipes, clutches, steering wheels, steering columns and steering boxes and other parts and accessories not elsewhere classified.
- This also refers to the manufacture of bodies (coachwork) for motor vehicles,
  engines for motorcycles, side-cars, and parts and accessories of
  motorcycles.
- g) "Medium Term Philippine Development Plan (MTPDP)" refers to the master
  plan for economic development implemented by the National Economic
  Development Authority (NEDA), which identifies growth sectors for the next
  six (6) years and defines the programs, policies, strategies and action plans
  to the economic development goals of the government.
- h) "Philippine Export Development Plan (PEDP)" refers to the three (3) year
  export development plan prepared by the DTI, which defines the country's
  annual and medium-term export thrusts, strategies, programs and projects
  jointly implemented by the government, export sector and other concerned
  stakeholders.

**SECTION 4. National Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Development Plan** (NMVMDP). – The DTI, through the BOI, in consultation with the representatives from the private sector, the academe and other pertinent stakeholders, shall prepare and implement a rolling three (3) year National Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Development Plan, hereinafter referred to as the "Plan". This Plan shall be validated and updated annually by the BOI.

8 The Plan, which shall be integrated into the PEDP and the MTPDP, will define 9 the Philippine Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Industry's annual and medium-10 term manufacturing and export targets, as well as its programs and strategies 11 to support the country's manufacturing and export thrusts. The Plan shall also 12 identify priority development products, which shall be characterized by high 13 manufacturing value-added and with high potential for economic efficiency, as 14 primary focus of incentives.

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16 SECTION 5. Fiscal Incentives for Manufacturers of Motor Vehicles, Parts 17 and Accessories. – Enterprises engaged in the manufacture of motor vehicles, 18 parts and accessories duly registered with the BOI as participant under the 19 National Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Development Plan (NMVMDP), shall be 20 entitled to the following incentives:

- a) Income tax-based A manufacturer may choose any of the following options
  as its income tax-based incentive, subject to the condition that its choice
  shall be final and cannot be changed:
- i. 7% Gross Income Earned A manufacturer may avail of the seven percent (7%) tax on GIE in lieu of all national and local taxes, except Value Added Tax (VAT) and Real Property Tax on land owned by private developers; or
  - ii. 15% Reduced Income Tax A manufacturer may be entitled to a reduced income tax rate of fifteen percent (15%) instead of the regular income tax rate provided for in the National Income Revenue Code, as amended.
- b) Net Operating Loss Carry-Over (NOLCO). A net operating loss incurred 35 during the first three (3) years of operations shall be carried over as a 36 deduction from taxable income for the seven (7) consecutive taxable years 37 38 immediately following the year of such loss. Provided, however, That the net operating loss shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of the 39 40 National Internal Revenue Code and its Implementing Revenue Regulations. any provision of this Act to the contrary notwithstanding, except that income 41 42 not taxable either in whole or in part under thus or other laws shall be 43 included in gross income.
- 45 C) Accelerated Depreciation. - At the option of the taxpayer and in accordance with the procedure established by the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR), 46 fixed assets may be (1) depreciated to the extent of not more than twice as 47 48 fast as normal rate of depreciation or depreciated at normal rate of depreciation if expected life is ten (10) years or less; or (2) depreciated over 49 any number of years between five (5) years and expected life if the latter is 50 51 more than ten (10) years; and the depreciation thereon allowed as a 52 deduction from taxable income Provided, That the taxpayer notifies the BIR at the beginning of the depreciation period which depreciation rate allowed 53 54 by thus section will be used by it. 55
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- d) Deduction on Training Expenses. In addition to the allowable ordinary and
  necessary expenses on training which are fully deductible under the
  provisions of the National Internal Revenue Code, expenses incurred in
  training schemes approved by the appropriate agency shall be eligible for
  deduction during the financial year the expenses were incurred:
- i. Expenses incurred in providing employees training shall be eligible for
   single deduction; and

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- 9 ii. Expenses incurred in providing training to Small and Medium
   10 Enterprise (SME) parts manufacturers shall be eligible for double
   11 deduction;
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- e) Double Deduction on Research and Development. Expenses incurred for
   research and development activities shall be eligible for double deduction
   from taxable income.
- 17 f) Tax and Duty Free Importation of Capital Equipment. The importation of machinery, equipment and its accompanying spare parts imported in the name of the manufacturer as consignee shall be exempt to the extent of one hundred percent (100%) of the duties and taxes payable thereon, Provided, That the importation complies with the following conditions:
  - i. These are not manufactured domestically in sufficient quantity, of comparable quality and at reasonable prices;
  - ii. These are reasonably needed and will be used exclusively in the manufacture of motor vehicles; and
- iii. Prior approval of the BOI was obtained for the importation of such
   machinery, equipment and its accompanying spare parts.

Provided further, That such machinery, equipment and accompanying spare parts shall not be sold, transferred or disposed without the prior approval of the BOI within five (5) years from date of acquisition, in which case the manufacturer as consignee and the vendee, transferee, or assignee shall be solely liable to pay twice the amount of the duty and tax exemption given it.

- 36 g) Tax and Duty Free Importation of Training Equipment. The importation of
  37 equipment, tools and implements for in-house training projects and imported
  38 in the name of the manufacturer as consignee shall be exempt to the extent
  39 of one hundred percent (100%) of the duties and taxes payable thereon,
  40 Provided, That the importation complies with the following conditions:
- 42 i. These are not manufactured domestically in sufficient quantity, of
   43 comparable quality and at reasonable prices;
- 44 ii. These are reasonably needed and will be used exclusively for training45 projects; and
- 46 iii. Prior approval of the BOI was obtained for the importation of such
   47 equipment, tools and implements.
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- Provided further, That such equipment, tools and implements shall not be
  sold, transferred or disposed without the prior approval of the BOI within five
  (5) years from date of acquisition, in which case the manufacturer as
  consignee and the vendee, transferee, or assignee shall be solely liable to pay
  twice the amount of the duty and tax exemption given it.
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- 1 h) Qualified enterprises availing of incentives provided under this Act and its
  2 Implementing Rules and Regulations shall be eligible to incentives and
  3 privileges provided for by other special laws:
  - i. Executive Order No. 226, otherwise known as the Omnibus Investment Code of 1987, Provided, That the manufacture of motor vehicles shall regularly form part of the IPP as a preferred area for investments, unless otherwise declared by law;
- 9 ii. Republic Act No. 7844, otherwise known as the Export Development
   10 Act of 1994;
- iii. Republic Act No. 7916, otherwise known as the Special Economic Zone
   Act of 1995, as amended; and
- iv. Issuances related to the implementation of the NMVMDP.
- Provided, That the enterprise shall register under the aforementioned lawsand that there is no double availment of the same incentives.
- 18 SECTION 6. Period of Availment of Incentives. The total period of
   19 availment of all tax incentives enjoyed by a manufacturer provided herein shall
   20 in no case exceed twenty (20) years.
- SECTION 7. Rationalization Measures. In general, the Government shall formulate and implement rationalization measures in specific areas in need of adjustment, or where existing policies are challenged, rendered inefficient or obsolete by varying business climate with the end view of promoting economies of scale, efficiency, productivity and competitiveness.
- SECTION 8. Harmonization with Non-Fiscal Support Measures. The 28 Government shall formulate and implement industry-wide non-fiscal support 29 measures that will harmonize the goals of the Philippine Motor Vehicle 30 Manufacturing Industry towards effective 31 and consistent regulation, transparency in its rules, and sustaining efficiency, productivity, cost-32 33 reduction and competitiveness. These aforementioned measures should address the strengthening of supporting and complementing industries such 34 as, but not limited to, steel, plastic and electrical in order to establish a strong 35 36 and sustained foundation for the aforementioned industry. 37
- 38 SECTION 9. Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR). - The Secretary of the DTI, within ninety (90) working days after the effectivity of this Act, in 39 consultation with the Department of Finance (DOF), the National Economic 40 and Development Authority (NEDA) and other agencies concerned, the private 41 sector and other concerned stakeholders, and in coordination with the Joint 42 Congressional Oversight Committee on the Competitiveness of the Motor 43 Vehicle Manufacturing Industry, shall promulgate the rules and regulations for 44 the effective implementation of this Act. The Secretary of the DTI shall submit 45 46 to the Committee on Trade of both Houses of Congress copies of the IRR within thirty (30) days after their promulgation. 47
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- Any violation of this section shall render the official/s concerned liable under
  Republic Act No. 6713 otherwise known as the "Code of Conduct and Ethical
  Standards for Public Officials and Employees" and other existing administrative
  and/or criminal laws.
- 54 **SECTION 10. Repealing Clause.** All laws, decrees, executive issuance, rules 55 and regulations inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified 56 accordingly.

SECTION 11. Separability Clause. - The provisions of this Act are hereby
 declared to be separable, and in the event one or more of such provisions are
 held unconstitutional, the validity of the other provisions shall not be affected
 thereby.

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6 **SECTION 12. Effectivity.** – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days from the

- 7 date of its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of
- 8 general circulation.

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10 Approved,