

# SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE ) REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES ) First Regular Session )

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## SENATE

# <sub>S. No.</sub> 515

	Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV
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### AN ACT

# CREATING THE GOVERNMENT ASSET MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY, DEFINING ITS POWERS AND FUNCTIONS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

## **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

Proclamation No. 50, issued on 08 December 1986, launched a program for the disposition of non-performing assets of government financial institutions and government corporations that have been found unnecessary and inappropriate for the public sector to maintain. It created the Committee on Privatization (COP) and the Asset Privatization Trust (APT). These were replaced, however, by the Privatization Council (PrC) and the Privatization and Management Office (PMO) by virtue of Executive Order No. 323 issued on 06 December 2001.

Considering that there are still a number of government assets to be subsequently divested to the private sector, a specialized corporate body should therefore be organized.

This bill seeks to create the Government Asset Management Authority (GAMA), which shall pursue a coordinated and efficient program for the disposition and liquidation of non-relevant and non-performing government assets, including surrendered assets of the Presidential Commission on Good Government (PCGG). Consequently, it proposes to abolish the PC, PMO and the Board of Liquidators, and their respective properties, assets and liabilities, fund, and personnel immediately transferred to the GAMA.

The GAMA shall remit to the National Treasury any and all proceeds from the sale and disposition of government assets, in which 60% shall go to the special account of the Agrarian Reform Fund and 40% to the General Fund.

In view of the foregoing, the immediate approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

ANTONIO "SONNY" FI TRILLANES

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## AN ACT

# CREATING THE GOVERNMENT ASSET MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY, DEFINING ITS POWERS AND FUNCTIONS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Government Asset 2 Management Act of 2016." 3 4 SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. - It is hereby declared policy of the State to promote 5 an orderly, coordinated, and efficient program for the prompt disposition and liquidation of 6 non-relevant and non-performing assets of government agencies and government owned or 7 controlled corporations, including surrendered assets and idle properties which have been 8 found unnecessary or inappropriate for the government sector to maintain. 9 10 SEC. 3. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act, the following terms shall mean: 11 12 A) "Disposition" which shall also be known as "Privatization," refers to the transfer 13 of government corporations, activities, or assets of government or its agencies to 14 private ownership. It could also include sale of shares of stock, sale of physical 15 assets, leasing, concession, joint venture schemes, management or maintenance 16 contracts, or securitization. 17 18 B) "Assets" refer to: (1) receivables and other obligations due to the Government or 19 its agencies under credit, lease, indemnity, and other agreements together with all 20 collateral security and other rights (including but not limited to rights in relations 21 to shares of stock in corporation such as voting rights as well as right to appoint 22 directors of a corporation or otherwise engage in the management thereof granted 23 to the Government or its agencies by contract or operation of law to secure or 24 enforce the right of the payment of such obligation; (2) real and personal property 25 of any kind owned or held by the Government, including shares of stock in 26 corporation, obtained by the Government or its agencies, whether directly or 27 indirectly, through foreclosure or other means, in settlement of such obligations 28 and surrendered assets within the purview of Executive Order Nos. 1 and 2, series 29 of 1986; (3) shares of stocks and other investments held by the Government or its 30 agencies; (4) government corporations whether as parent or subsidiary 31 corporations; and (5) such other items as may be identified by law. 32

C) "Surrendered Assets" refer to any asset, property, business enterprise, or material possession of persons ceded to the National Government by virtue of compromise agreements entered into by the Presidential Commission on Good Government (PCGG) pursuant to Executive Order Nos. 1 and 2, series of 1986. It shall also include such similar assets that may be surrendered to the National Government in the future.

D) "Idle Properties" refer to all real properties such as land, buildings, and other improvements located in the Philippines and abroad owned by the National Government through its departments, bureaus, offices, or agencies which have not been substantially developed, improved, or cultivated for a period of more than five (5) years as of the effectivity of this Act or thereafter.

- E) "Board" refers to the Governing Board of the Government Asset Management Authority constituted under this Act.
- 17 F) "Government-owned or Controlled Corporation (GOCC)" refers to a corporation 18 which is created by special law or incorporated and organized under the 19 Corporation Code and in which the government, directly or indirectly, has 20 ownership of the majority control and which is explicitly intended under that law 21 and government policy for ultimate transfer to private ownership under certain 22 specified conditions shall be considered a GOCC, until it is transferred to private 23 ownership and control: Provided, however, That an acquired asset corporation 24 which is either (1) under private ownership, the voting or outstanding shares of 25 which (i) were conveyed to the government or to a government agency, 26 instrumentality or corporation in satisfaction of debts whether by foreclosure or 27 otherwise, or (ii) were duly acquired by government through final judgment in a 28 sequestration proceeding; or (2) a subsidiary of a government corporation 29 organized exclusively to own and manage, or lease, or operate specific physical 30 assets acquired by a government financial institution in satisfaction of debts 31 incurred therewith, and which in any case by law or by enunciated policy is 32 required to be disposed of to private ownership within a specified period of time 33 shall not be considered as GOCC or government corporation.

35 SEC. 4. Creation of the Government Asset Management Authority. - For the 36 purpose of carrying out the above-stated policy, there is hereby created a body corporate to be 37 known as the "Government Asset Management Authority," hereinafter referred to as the 38 "Authority," which shall have its principal office in Metropolitan Manila. The Authority may 39 establish such branches and offices as it may deem necessary for the attainment of the 40 objectives of this Act. The Authority shall be attached to the Department of Finance.

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42 SEC. 5. *Powers and Functions.* - The Authority, in addition to the regular powers
43 and functions provided under the Corporation Code of the Philippines, shall have the
44 following powers and functions:
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 A) To develop and implement a comprehensive plan in identifying non-relevant and non-performing assets of government agencies and government owned or controlled corporations, government corporations whether parent or subsidiary, surrendered assets, and idle properties for privatization; B) To establish guidelines for the conversion, rehabilitation, and disposition of government assets and corporations;

- C) To approve or disapprove, on behalf of the National Government, the sale or disposition of government assets;
- D) To exercise on behalf of the National Government rights of ownership and/or administration with respect to such assets, including the right to vote, whether directly or through duly authorized nominees, shares of stocks held in the name of the National Government;
- E) To enter into contracts, acquire, purchase, hold, lease, transfer, and dispose of property of any kind or nature necessary to carry out the purpose of this Act;
- F) To establish, operate, manage, control, and supervise all activities connected with the efficient management and disposition of government assets and corporations;
- G) To receive and hold by request, donation, or by any gratuitous title and to manage or administer or dispose any asset, grant, or property, real or personal, from forcign or domestic sources, subject to such limitations as are provided in existing laws and regulations;
- H) To investigate and file cases in relation to conservation, rehabilitation, disposition, and liquidation of non-relevant and non-performing assets of the government;
- 1) To undertake the conservation, rehabilitation, and disposition of non-relevant or nonperforming government assets: *Provided*, That the budget for each rehabilitation project shall be subject to prior approval of the Board;
- J) To seek and secure the assistance of any office, agency, or instrumentality of the government;
- K) To issue such regulations as may be necessary for the proper use by private parties of any or all of the Authority's properties and to impose fees or tolls for the use of such properties;
- L) To issue necessary guidelines to all government agencies to govern activities on the disposal of government corporate assets;
- M) To consult, deputize, or request the assistance of appropriate government agencies or instrumentalities for the purpose of enforcing this Act and its implementing rules and regulations, as well as the orders and decisions of the Authority;
- N) To adopt, prescribe, and promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the proper implementation of this Act;
- O) To exercise the right of eminent domain as may be necessary for the purposes for which the Authority is created; and

1 2 3 4 5	P) To do any and all acts and things and to exercise all powers which may be necessary or convenient to the accomplishment or furtherance of its purposes and objectives, or which a natural person can do and exercise and which may now be or hereafter be authorized by law.
6	SEC. 6. Governing Board The affairs and business of the Authority shall be
7	directed and its properties managed and preserved by a Governing Board, hereinafter referred
8	to as the "Board", which shall be composed of the Secretary of the Department of Finance as
9	the ex-officio Chairman, and the following as members:
10	the ex-officio charman, and the following as members.
11	A) the Secretary of the Department of Justice;
12	A) the Secretary of the Department of Justice,
13	B) the Director General of the National Economic and Development Authority;
13	b) the Director General of the National Economic and Development Authority;
15	C) the Secretary of the Department of Trade and Industry;
16	c) the secretary of the Department of Trade and Industry,
17	D) the Secretary of the Department of Budget and Management; and
18	b) the secretary of the Department of Budget and Management, and
19	E) two (2) representatives from the private sector to be appointed by the President of
20	the Philippines for a term of three (3) years: <i>Provided</i> , That the person appointed
20	shall be of good moral character, of unquestionable integrity, of known probity
22	and patriotism, and with experience of at least ten (10) years in business or
23	finance: <i>Provided, further</i> , That in the event of a vacancy, the successor appointed
24	to fill the same shall serve only the unexpired portion of the term of the member
25	he succeeds to.
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27	SEC. 7. Meetings The Board shall meet as frequently as is necessary to discharge
28	its responsibilities: <i>Provided</i> , That it shall meet at least once every month. The presence of a
29	majority of the members present at a meeting at which a quorum exists shall be adequate for
30	any decision by the Board. Whenever any member of the Board is unable to attend a
31	particular meeting, he may designate any of his immediate subordinate with the rank of
32	undersecretary or its equivalent to attend in his stead.
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34	SEC. 8. Per Diems The members of the Board shall be entitled to receive per diem
35	for every meeting actually attended at rates to be approved by the President of the Philippines
36	upon the recommendation of the Department of Budget and Management.
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38	SEC. 9. Powers and Functions of the Board The Board shall have the following
39	powers and functions:
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41	A) To adopt the by-laws of the Authority and to revise the same as may be
42	expedient;
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44	B) To direct the management, operations, and administration of the Authority;
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46	C) To approve the annual budget to cover the operations of the Authority based
47	on the following: (1) fees and charges imposed by the Authority; (2) payment
48	for the utilization of the projects of the Authority; and (3) annual
49	appropriations and other funds which Congress may approve for the
50	Authority;

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2	D) To formulate, revise, or adjust periodically all policies, plans and programs,
3	and to promulgate the necessary rules and regulations to carry out the purposes
4	and objectives of this Act;
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6	E) To create the organizational structure and staffing pattern necessary for the
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	efficient management, operation, and administration of the Authority, subject
8	to the Civil Service laws, rules and regulations;
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10	F) To fix the compensation, emoluments and allowances of the officers and
11	employees of the Authority, subject to existing laws, rules and regulations;
12	and
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14	G) To perform such other functions as may be necessary and proper for the
15	effective enforcement of this Act and to accomplish the purposes for which the
16	Authority was organized.
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18	SEC. 10. Administrator The Authority shall have an Administrator to be appointed
19	by the President of the Philippines for a term of five (5) years unless sooner removed for
20	cause He shall be a norman of good moral character of unguastionable integrity. of human
20	cause. He shall be a person of good moral character, of unquestionable integrity, of known
	probity and patriotism, and with expertise and experience of at least ten (10) years in
22	professional management with a strong background in the legal profession, business, or
23	finance. He shall receive such compensation, allowances, and other emoluments as may be
24	approved by the President of the Philippines upon the recommendation of the Board.
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26	SEC. 11. Powers and Duties of the Administrator The Administrator shall have the
27	following powers, duties, and responsibilities:
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29	A) To submit to the Board, through the Chairman, policies and measures which,
30	in his judgment, are necessary to carry out the purposes and provisions of this
31	Act;
31 32	
33	B) To implement and execute the policies and measure approved by the Board;
34	2) To implement and execute the periods and measure approved by the board,
35	C) To prepare the budget of the Authority for approval by the Board;
36	c) To propare the budget of the radionty for approval by the board,
37	D) To appoint all employees of the Authority execut the local of the total
38	D) To appoint all employees of the Authority, except the heads of departments
39	and divisions whose appointments shall be made by the Board upon his
	recommendation, and to remove, dismiss or otherwise discipline for cause
40	such employees in accordance with the Civil Service laws, rules, and
41	regulations;
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43	E) To represent the Authority in all dealings with other offices, agencies, and
44	instrumentalities of the Government and with all persons and entities, public
45	or private, domestic or foreign; and
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47	F) To exercise such other powers as may be granted to him by the Board.
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49	SEC. 12. Legal Counsel The Office of the Government Corporate Counsel shall be
50	the General Counsel of the Authority.
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2 SEC. 13. Utilization of Proceeds from Sale of Assets. - Any or all proceeds from the 3 sale or any disposition of assets net of fees, related liabilities, and other reimbursable 4 expenses related to custodianship, marketing, selling, and disposition of assets of the 5 Authority as defined in the implementing rules and regulations to be issued by the 6 Department of Finance pursuant to Section 24 hereof, shall be remitted immediately to the 7 National Treasury in the following proportion: sixty percent (60%) to the special account to 8 the Agrarian Reform Fund and forty percent (40%) to the general fund. Provided, That in the 9 case of proceeds from sale of transferred assets recorded in the books of the Bureau of the 10 Treasury, the check shall be made payable in the name of the Treasurer of the Philippines and shall be remitted immediately to the National Treasury in the same proportion as mentioned 11 12 above.

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With respect to the sale or other disposition of government owned or controlled corporations, all government owned or controlled corporations except for the Government Service Insurance System and the Social Security System, shall remit to the National Treasury at least fifty percent (50%) of the net proceeds derived from the sale or disposition of assets. For this purpose, net proceeds shall mean gross proceeds less related liabilities and selling expenses.

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The preceding paragraphs, however, shall not apply to assets surrendered to or otherwise recovered by Presidential Commission on Good Government. Any and all proceeds from the sale or disposition of assets recovered by the PCGG shall be remitted to the National Treasury in a special account for Agrarian Reform in accordance with the Comprehensive Agrarian Reform Law: *Provided*, That recoveries relating to the coconut levy shall be deposited in a special account in trust for coconut farmers.

28 SEC. 14. Exemption from Taxes, Fees and Other Charges. - The Authority, as well 29 as the corporations and assets held by it, shall be exempt from all taxes, fees, charges, 30 imposts, and assessments arising from or occasioned by the passing of title over such 31 corporations or assets from the government institutions to the Authority and/or from the 32 Authority to a private acquisitor or buyer imposed by the National Government or any subdivision thereof including but not limited to stock transfer taxes, capital gains tax, 33 34 documentary stamps, registration fees and the like: Provided, That in case the said 35 government institutions acquired the said assets by foreclosure, non-payment of similar taxes, fces, charges, imposts, and assessments shall not be a bar to the consolidation of title in the 36 37 foreclosing institutions and the subsequent passing of title to the Authority or the 38 corporations held by the Authority.

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40 SEC. 15. *Publication*. - The sale or disposition of assets shall be published in at least 41 three (3) newspapers of general circulation for three (3) consecutive days: *Provided*, That the 42 last publication shall occur at least ten (10) days prior to the scheduled bidding or date of 43 negotiation.

45 **SEC. 16.** *Restraining Order.* - No court or administrative agency in the Philippines, 46 except the Court of Appeals, shall issue any restraining order or writ of preliminary 47 injunction against the Authority in connection with the acquisition, sale, or disposition of 48 assets in accordance with this Act, nor shall such order or writ be issued against the purchaser 49 of assets sold or disposed of by the Authority to prevent such purchaser from taking 50 possession of such assets. SEC. 17. *Public Accountability*. - To ensure public accountability, the Authority shall
be subject to the audit of the Commission on Audit and shall comply with all accounting and
auditing rules and regulations and those which it may hereafter promulgate of its
constitutional mandate.

SEC. 18. *Merit System.* - All officials and employees of the Authority shall be
selected and appointed on the basis of merit and fitness. The recruitment, transfer, promotion,
and dismissal of all its employees including temporary personnel shall be in accordance with
Civil Service law, rules, and regulations.

12 SEC. 19. Transitory Provisions. - The Privatization Council, the Privatization and 13 Management Office, and the Board of Liquidators are hereby abolished, and their powers and 14 functions, including their applicable funds and appropriations, records, equipment, facilities, 15 rights, other assets, and personnel shall thereafter immediately be transferred to the 16 Authority. All contracts and liabilities, if any, are hereby also transferred to and assumed by 17 the Authority and shall be acted upon in accordance with the Auditing and shall be acted 18 upon in accordance with the Auditing Code and other pertinent laws, rules, and regulations: 19 Provided, That the officers and employees of said agencies who will be needed for the continuity of the programs shall continue in a holdover capacity until such time as the new 20 21 officers and employees of the Authority shall have been duly appointed pursuant to the 22 provisions of this Act.

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The management and disposition of surrendered assets as well as assets already recovered by final judgment of the Presidential Commission on Good Government are hereby transferred to the Authority.

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Upon approval of this Act, the Commission on Audit shall undertake an examination
of all assets and liabilities remaining with the Privatization Council, the Privatization and
Management Office, and the Board of Liquidators. The Commission on Audit shall complete
such examination within one hundred eighty (180) days from the effectivity of this Act.

Lawsuits initiated by the Privatization Council, the Privatization and Management Office, the Board of Liquidators, and the Presidential Commission on Good Government in so far as surrendered assets are concerned, which are still pending before appropriate courts upon the abolition of the said agencies, shall be pursued by the Office of the Government Corporate Counsel until their proper termination in the name of or on behalf of the Government.

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40 **SEC. 20.** *Structure and Staffing Pattern*. - Within thirty (30) days from the 41 effectivity of this Act, the Board of Directors, pursuant to Section 9(e) hereof shall create the 42 organizational structure and staffing patter of the Authority, subject to the approval by the 43 Department of Budget and Management within ninety (90) days from submission thereof.

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45 SEC. 21. Separation and Retirement Benefits. - The personnel of the herein 46 abolished agencies who are not absorbed in the new staffing pattern of the Authority shall be 47 deemed separated from the service and shall receive separation benefits in accordance with 48 existing laws. Those who are eligible and/or opt to retire shall be entitled to receive such 49 benefits as authorized under existing laws, rules, and regulations. 50

**SEC. 22.** *Appropriations.* - The amount necessary for the initial implementation of this Act shall be taken from the existing appropriations under the current year's General Appropriations Act of Privatization Council, the Privatization and Management Office, and the approved budget of the Board of Liquidators for the current year by the Office of the President. Thereafter, such sums as may be necessary for the continued operation of the Authority shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

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8 SEC. 23. Congressional Review. - Every three (3) years after the effectivity of this 9 Act. Congress shall conduct a systematic evaluation of the Authority to determine whether or 10 not its performance, impact or accomplishment with respect to its mandates merits its 11 continued existence. Such evaluation shall be undertaken by the Committee on Government 12 Corporations and Public Enterprises of the Senate and the Committee on Government 13 Enterprises and Privatization of the House of Representatives which have legislative 14 jurisdiction over the Authority.

16 **SEC. 24.** *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* - Within sixty (60) days from the 17 approval of this Act, the Authority, with the Department of Finance, shall promulgate the 18 necessary rules and regulations for the efficient implementation of this Act: *Provided*, That 19 the rules and regulations shall be published in two (2) newspapers of general circulation. 20

SEC. 25. Separability Clause. - If for any reason, any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining provisions not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.

SEC. 26. *Repealing Clause.* - Executive Order No. 372 (s. 1950), Executive Order No. 323 (s. 2000), Republic Act No. 8758, Executive Order No. 12 (s. 1998), Republic Act No. 7886, Republic Act No. 7661, Executive Order No. 37 (s. 1992), Executive Order No. 11 (s. 1992), Republic Act No. 7181, Administrative Order No. 14 (s. 1987), Proclamation No. 50, and Proclamation 50-A are hereby repealed. All other laws, decrees, orders, proclamations, rules and regulations, or parts thereof, inconsistent with or contrary to the provision of this Act or its purposes are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

33 SEC.27. *Effectivity*. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication
34 in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,