SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session



16 JUL 19 P6:14

SENATE

)

)

 $S. No. \underline{622}$

RECEIVED BY.

Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV

AN ACT

PROVIDING FOR A HIGHWAY SAFETY PROGRAM IN THE PHILIPPINES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

One adverse reality that is tied with development is increase in traffic accidents connected to increased motorization and infrastructure. Every year, worldwide, about 1.3 million people get killed on roads. Vehicular accidents are likely to become the fifth leading cause of death in all age groups by 2030.

The state of road safety of a country is normally gauged by the frequency of accidents. The Manila-based Asian Development Bank (ADB) reported that road accidents were now the leading cause of premature death globally for children and young people aged 5 to 29 years. It also cited a report from the World Health Organization, which noted that 90% of the deaths caused by road accidents are in low- and middle-income countries even if these countries only account for 50% of the world's total vehicles.

In the Philippines, 567 people were killed and 5,220 others were injured in the 11,285 accidents recorded by the Philippine National Police-Highway Patrol Group during the first six (6) months of 2015.

Since the Philippines signed the Vienna Convention in 1968, traffic control devices, such as traffic signs and markings, have generally followed international standards. Nevertheless, there are still many signs installed that do not conform to standard colors or shapes. The number of traffic signs installed is generally insufficient and in highly urbanized areas, these signs can hardly be recognized as they compete with giant billboards in visibility and craftsmanship.

As the importance of road safety is realized, as well as how tremendous losses - in which the estimated cost of these losses from accidents amount to approximately Php 150 billion per year - from preventable phenomenon such as traffic accidents could be, this bill recognizes that road safety problem is significant.

In view of the foregoing, the immediate approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

ANTONIO "SONNY" F. TRILLANES IV

Senator

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session



16 JUL 19 P6:14

SENATE

S. No. 622

RECEIVED BY:

Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV

AN ACT

PROVIDING FOR A HIGHWAY SAFETY PROGRAM IN THE PHILIPPINES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Highway Safety Program of 2016."

3 4 5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12 13

14

15 16

17 18

19 20 21

22 23

24

25 26

27 28 29

30

31 32

33

1 2

SEC. 2. Definition of Terms. - For purposes of this Act, the words and phrases used herein shall mean and understood to mean as follows:

- 1) Strategic Highway Safety Program The term "Strategic Highway Safety Program" means a program developed by the Department of Transportation and Communication (DOTC) after consultation with:
 - (i) regional transportation planning organizations and metropolitan planning organizations, if any;
 - (ii) representatives of major modes of transportation;
 - (iii)National Government and local traffic enforcement officials;
 - (iv)motor vehicle administration agencies; and
 - (v) other major National Government and local safety stakeholders.

The program should accomplish the following:

- (a) analyzes and makes effective use of National Government, regional, or local crash data;
- (b) addresses engineering, management, operation, education, enforcement, and emergency services elements (including integrated, interoperable emergency communications) of highway safety as key factors in evaluating highway projects;
- (c) considers safety needs of, and high-fatality segments of public roads;
- (d) considers the results of state, regional, or local transportation and highway safety planning processes; and

1

1 2	(e) describes a program of projects or strategies to reduce or eliminate safety hazards.
3	2) Highway safety improvement project. –
4	(a) In general. – The term "highway safety improvement project" means a project
5	described in the Government strategic highway safety program that –
6	(i) corrects or improves a hazardous road location or feature; or
7	(1) contests of improves a nazardous road location of readure, of
8	(ii) addresses a highway safety problem.
9	,
10	(b) Inclusions The term "highway safety improvement project" includes a projec
11	for one or more of the following:
12	(i) An intersection safety improvement.
13	() mprovement.
14	(ii) Pavement and shoulder widening (including addition of a passing lane to
15	remedy an unsafe condition).
16	, and the contained of
17	(iii) Installation of rumble strips of another warning device, if the rumble
18	strips or other warning devices do not adversely affect the safety or
19	mobility of bicyclists, pedestrians, and the disabled.
20	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
21	(iv)Installation of a skid-resistant surface at an intersection or other location
22	with a high frequency of accidents.
23	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
24	(v) Improvement for pedestrian or bicyclist safety or safety of the disabled.
25	
26	(vi)Construction of a railway-highway crossing safety feature, including
27	installation of protective devices.
28	
29	(vii) The conduct of a model traffic enforcement activity at a railway-highway
30	crossing.
31	
32	(viii) Construction of a traffic calming feature.
33	
34	(ix) Elimination of a roadside obstacle.
35	
36	(x) Improvement of highway signage and pavement markings.
37	
38	(xi) Installation of a priority control system for emergency vehicles at
39	signalized intersections.
40	
41	(xii) Installation of a traffic control or other warning device at a location with
42	high accident potential.
43	
44	(xiii) Safety-conscious planning.
45	
46	(xiv) Improvement in the collection and analysis of crash data.
47	
48	(xv) Planning integrated interoperable emergency communications equipment,
49	operational activities, or traffic enforcement activities (including police
50	assistance) relating to work zone safety

1	(xvi) Installation of guardrails, barriers (including barriers between
2	construction work zones and traffic lanes for the safety of motorists and
3	workers), and crash attenuators.
4	
5	(xvii)The addition or retrofitting of structures or other measures to eliminate or
6	reduce accidents involving vehicles and wildlife.
7	
8	(xviii) Installation and maintenance of signs (including fluorescent, yellow-
9	green signs) at pedestrian-bicycle crossings and in school zones.
10	
11	(xix) Construction and yellow-green signs at pedestrian-bicycle crossings and
12	in school zones.
13	
14	(xx) Construction and operational improvements on high risk rural roads.
15	
16	(xxi) Information drive concerning highway safety matters (including
17	motorcyclist safety).
18 19	
20	(xxii) Enforcement of highway safety laws.
21	
22	SEC 2 Dec
23	SEC. 3. Program. —
24	(1) In general The DOTC Secretary shall carry out a highway safety improvement
25	program.
26	(2) Purnasa. The number of the high-
27	(2) Purpose. - The purpose of the highway safety improvement program shall be to achieve a
28	significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on public roads.
29	
30	SEC. 4. Eligibility. –
31	In general - To obligate funds apportional to severe the
32	In general To obligate funds apportioned to carry out this section, a city or a province shall have in effect a highway safety improvement are grown and the little in the city of the
33	have in effect a highway safety improvement program under which the city/municipality –
34	(a) develops and implements a city/municipality strategic highway safety plan that identifies and analyzes highway safety problems and opportunities;
35	radiantes and analyzes ingliway safety problems and opportunities;
36	(b) produces a program of projects or strategies to reduce identified safety problems;
37	(1) Produces a program of projects of strategies to feduce identified safety problems;
38	(c) evaluates the plan on a regular basis to ensure the accuracy of the data and priority
39	of proposed improvements; and
40	pp
41	(d) submits to the Secretary of Transportation and Communications an annual report
42	that:
43	(i) describes, in a clear understandable fashion not less than five (5) percent of
44	locations determined by the city or the province as exhibiting the most severe
45	safety needs; and
	- y may with
46	(ii) contains an assessment of –
47	(I) potential remedies to hazardous locations identified;
48	CALL TOTAL STREET TO HAZARGOUS ROCARIORS RUERRINGU;
49	(II) estimated costs associated with those remedies; and

1 2	(III) impediments to implementation other than cost associated with those remedies.
3	remedies.
4	(1) Identification and analysis of highway safety problems and opportunities As part of
5	the Government strategic highway safety plan, a city or a province shall –
6	(a) have in place a crash data system with the ability to perform safety problem
7	identification and counter-measure analysis;
8 9	(h) based on the analysis required by a 1
10	(b) based on the analysis required by subparagraph (a)-
11	(i) identify hazardous locations, sections, and elements (including roadside obstacles, railway-highway crossing needs, and unmarked or poorly marked
12	roads) that constitute a danger to motorists (including motorcyclists),
13	bicyclists, pedestrians, and other highway users; and
14	
15	(ii) using such criteria as the city or the province determine to be
16 17	appropriate, establish the relative severity of those locations, in tenus of
18	accidents, injuries, deaths, traffic volume levels, and other relevant data;
19	(c) adopt strategic and performance-based goals that-
20	(i) address traffic safety, including behavioral and infrastructure problems and
21	opportunities on all public roads;
22	
23	(ii) focus resources on areas of greatest need; and
24 25	(iii)ara acomimated with all 1:1
26	(iii)are coordinated with other highway safety programs;
27	(d) advance the capabilities of the Government for traffic records data collection,
28	analysis, and integration with other sources of safety data (such as road
29	inventories) in a manner that-
30	(i) includes all public roads;
31 32	
33	(ii) identifies hazardous locations, sections, and elements on public roads that
34	constitute a danger to motorists (including motorcyclists), bicyclists, pedestrians, the disabled, and other highway users; and
35	pedestrians, the disabled, and other highway users; and
36	(iii)includes a means of identifying the relative severity of hazardous locations in
37	terms of accidents, injuries, deaths, and traffic volume levels;
38	
39	(e) -
40 41	(i) determine priorities for the correction of hazardous road locations, sections,
42	and elements (including railway- highway crossing. improvements), as
43	identified through crash data analysis;
44	(ii) identify opportunities for the development of such hazardous conditions; and
45	(iii)establish and implement a schedule of highway safety improvement projects
46	for hazard correction and hazard prevention; and
47	
48	(f) -

1	(i) establish an evaluation process to analyze and assess results achieved by
2	ingriway safety improvement projects carried out in accordance with
3 4	procedures and criteria established by this section; and
5	(ii) use the information obtained under almost (i)
6	(ii) use the information obtained under clause (i) in setting priorities for highway safety improvement projects.
7	- mpro venient projects.
8	
9	SEC. 5. Eligible Projects. – A city or provincial government may obligate funds
10	apportioned to the city or provincial government to carry out any highway actains
11	improvement project on any public road or publicly owned bicycle or nedestrian nathway or
12 13	trail.
14	Nothing in this section well it is at
15	Nothing in this section prohibits the use of funds made available under other provisions of this Act for highway safety improvement projects.
16	provisions of this rect for highway safety improvement projects.
17	The city and provincial governments are encouraged to address the full scope of their
18	safety needs and opportunities by using finds rriade available under other provisions of a
19	Act (except a provision that specifically prohibits that use).
20	
21	
22 23	SEC. 6. Reports. –
23 24	(1) In ganaral A situ on was ' 1
25	(1) In general A city or provincial government shall submit to the DOTC Secretary a report that-
26	(a) describes progress being made to implement highway safety improvement projects
27	under this section;
28	
29	(b) assesses the effectiveness of those improvements; and
30	
31 32	(c) describes the extent to which the improvements funded under this section contribute
33	to the goals of -
34	(i) reducing the number of fatalities on roadways;
35	(ii) reducing the number of roadway-related injuries;
36	the name of roadway-related injuries;
37	(iii)reducing the occurrences ofroadway-related crashes;
38	
39	(iv)mitigating the consequences of roadway-related crashes; and (v) reducing the
40	occurrences of crashes at railway-highway crossings.
41 42	
42 43	(2) Contents; schedule The Secretary of Transportation and Communications shall
44	establish the content and schedule for a report under Section (6)(I) of this Act.
45	(3) Transparency - The Secretory of Transparents
46	(3) <i>Transparency.</i> - The Secretary of Transportation and Communications shall make reports submitted to him available to the public through –
47	(a) the Website of the Department; and
48	
49	(b) such other means as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
	my determined to be appropriate.

<i>_</i>	SEC. 7. Appropriations. – The amount necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act shall be provided out of the savings from the appropriations of the DOTC for the current year. Thereafter, the sum necessary for the implementation of this Act shall be appropriated in the annual appropriations of the DOTC.
6	
7	SEC. 8. Separability Clause. – Should any part or provision of this Act is declared
8	invalid or unconstitutional for any purpose, none of the other parts or provisions hereof s be affected.
9	

SEC. 9. Repealing Clause. – All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or amended accordingly.

SEC. 10. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days upon its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,