'16 NOV 16 P3:40 RET

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

Introduced by: Senator Paolo Benigno "Bam" A. Aquino IV

SENATE

S.B. No. <u>1242</u>

)

)

)

AN ACT TO FURTHER STRENGTHEN THE ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING ACT, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE SECTIONS 3, 3(a), 3(b), 3(g), 3(i), 7, 7(2), 7(5), 7(6), 7(7), 9(a), 9(c), 10, 11, 14(f), 14(g), and 16; AND REPEALING SECTION 20 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9160, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING ACT OF 2001," AS AMENDED

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Philippines has long sought to fight against money laundering with the enactment of RA 10168 and RA 10365. However, we continue to face challenges related to the regulation of financial transactions, particularly in casinos.

In February of this year, the Philippines found itself at the center of an international money laundering case involving three large casinos, amongst other financial and non-financial institutions, that exposed the loopholes in our laws and left our government scrambling to place the missing pieces back together.

As per the recommendation of the Financial Action Task Force (FATF), this bill seeks to strengthen the AMLC mandate to include casinos, real estate brokers, art dealers and motor vehicle dealers as covered persons under the Act. This bill also seeks to designate the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) as the supervising authority for foreign exchange dealers, money changers, and remittance businesses, giving them the authority to monitor such institutions, as well as giving the AMLC authority to supervise any institution that does not have a designated authority.

Oftentimes, the delay between the breach and the investigation could give the persons involved enough time to flee, making it more difficult to recover the evidence and the money. Thus, this measure hastens the process of investigating potential breaches to the AMLA by reducing the evidence requirements needed for AMLC to initiate an investigation.

To further discourage illegal activity related to money laundering in the Philippines, this bill also seeks to raise the penalties for those found to be non-compliant with the AMLA to One Million Pesos per violation or 20% of the value of the instrument laundered or that was intended to be laundered, whichever is higher.

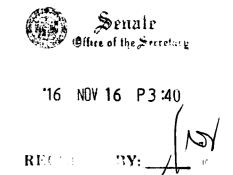
The Philippine government ought to take the necessary steps to protect the integrity of the amusement and gaming industry, which brings much tourism and revenue to the nation. Casinos provide employment for thousands of Filipinos and tax revenues coursed through PAGCOR are a major source of government spending that can support national development projects.

By strengthening the AMLC through this bill, we can ensure that our nation will continue to be regarded as a trustworthy and safe destination for amusement, gaming as well as for other monetary transactions. We can safeguard the bounty that the amusement industry can provide whilst ensuring the legality and integrity of its revenue.

In view of the foregoing, the passing of this bill is earnestly sought.

Ban Aprin

Senator Paolo Benigno "Bam" A. Aquino IV



 γ°

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

> SENATE S.B. No. <u>1242</u>

}

)

)

Introduced by: Senator Paolo Benigno "Bam" A. Aquino IV

AN ACT TO FURTHER STRENGTHEN THE ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING ACT, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE SECTIONS 3, 3(a), 3(b), 3(g), 3(i), 7, 7(2), 7(5), 7(6), 7(7), 9(a), 9(c), 10, 11, 14(f), 14(g), and 16; AND REPEALING SECTION 20 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9160, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING ACT OF 2001," AS AMENDED

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress
- 2 assembled:

6

7

8

- SECTION 1. Section 3(a) of Republic Act No. 9160, as amended, is hereby amended as
 follows:
- 5 "(a) 'Covered persons', natural or juridical, refer to:
 - (1) banks, non-banks, quasi-banks, trust entities, foreign exchange dealers, pawnshops, money changers, remittance and transfer companies and other similar entities and all other persons and their subsidiaries and affiliates supervised or regulated by the *Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP)*;
- 10(2) insurance companies, pre-need companies and all other persons supervised or11regulated by the Insurance Commission (IC);
- (3) (i) securities dealers, brokers, salesmen, investment houses and other similar 12 persons managing securities or rendering services as investment agent, 13 advisor or consultant, (ii) Mutual funds, close-end investment companies, 14 common trust funds and other similar persons, and (iii) other entities 15 administering, or otherwise dealing in currency, commodities or financial 16 derivatives based thereon, valuable objects, cash substitutes and other 17 similar monetary instruments or property supervised or regulated by 18 Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); 19
- (4) [jewelry] dealers in precious metals [, who as a business, trade in precious
 metals, for transactions in excess of One million pesos (P 1,000,000.00)];
- (5) [jewelry] dealers in precious stones [, who as a business, trade in precious
 stones, for transactions in excess of One million pesos (1,000,000.00)];

- 1 (6) JEWELRY DEALERS;
- 2 (7) ART DEALERS;
- 3 (8) MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS;
- 4 (9) [(6)] TRUST AND company service providers [which, as a business, provide any 5 of the following services to third parties]- WHEN THEY PREPARE FOR OR 6 CARRY OUT TRANSACTIONS FOR A CLIENT CONCERNING THE FOLLOWING 7 ACTIVITIES: (i) acting as a formation agent of juridical persons; (ii) acting as (or 8 arranging for another person to act as) a director or corporate secretary of a 9 company, a partner of a partnership, or a similar position in relation to other 10 juridical persons; (iii) providing a registered office, business address or 11 accommodation correspondence or administrative address for a company, a 12 partnership or any other legal persons or arrangement; (iv) acting as (or 13 arranging for another person to act as) a nominee shareholder for another 14 person; and (v) acting as (or arranging for another person to act as) a trustee of an express trust or performing the equivalent function for another form of 15 16 legal arrangement;
- 17(10) [(7)] LAWYERS, NOTARIES, OTHER INDEPENDENT LEGAL PROFESSIONALS AND18ACCOUNTANTS WHEN THEY PREPARE FOR OR CARRY OUT FOR THEIR19CLIENT CONCERNING THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES [persons who provide any20of the following services]:
- 21 (I) BUYING AND SELLING OF REAL ESTATE;
- 22 [(i)] (II) managing of client money, securities or other assets;
- 23 [(ii)] (III) management of bank, savings or securities accounts;
- 24[(iii)] (IV) organization of contributions for the creation, operation or25management of companies; and
- 26[(iv)] (V) creation, operation or management of juridical persons27arrangements, and buying and selling business entities.
- 28 (11) CASINO OPERATORS, WITH RESPECT TO THEIR GAMING OPERATIONS; AND
- 29 (12) REAL ESTATE BROKERS."
- 30 **SECTION 2**. Section 3(b) of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:
- "(b) "Covered transaction" [is a transaction in cash or other equivalent monetary
 instrument involving a total amount in excess of Five Hundred Thousand Pesos
 (P500,000.00) within one (1) banking day] REFERS TO:
- 34(1) A TRANSACTION IN CASH OR OTHER EQUIVALENT MONETARY INSTRUMENT35EXCEEDING FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P500,000.00);

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 (2) FOR COVERED PERSONS UNDER PARAGRAPHS (4), (5) AND (6) OF SECTION 3 (A) HEREOF, ANY SINGLE TRANSACTION EXCEEDING ONE MILLION PESOS (P1,000,000.00); (3) FOR COVERED PERSONS UNDER PARAGRAPH 11 OF SECTION 3(A) HEREOF, ANY SINGLE OR AGGREGATE OF TRANSACTIONS EXCEEDING ONE HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND PESOS (P150,000.00) IN ONE GAMING DAY; (4) FOR COVERED PERSONS UNDER PARAGRAPH 12 OF SECTION 3 (A) HEREOF, ANY SINGLE TRANSACTION EXCEEDING THREE MILLION PESOS (P3,000.000.00).
10 11	(b-1) "Suspicious Transactions" are transactions with covered institutions, regardless of the amounts involved, where any of the following circumstances exist:
12	XXX
13 14	 (6) the transaction is in any way related to an unlawful activity or offense under this Act that is about to be, is being or has been committed; [or] (7) any transaction that is similar or analogous to any of the foregoing[.]; OR (8) ANY OTHER ANALOGOUS CIRCUMSTANCES THAT MAY BE DETERMINED TO BE SUSPICIOUS BY THE ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING COUNCIL (AMLC)."
15	SECTION 3. Section 3(g) of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:
16 17 18	"(g) "Supervising Authority" refers to the appropriate [supervisory or regulatory] agency, department or office REGISTERING, MONITORING, supervising AND /or regulating the covered [institutions] PERSONS enumerated in Section 3(a).
19 20 21	FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ACT, THE BSP IS DESIGNATED AS THE SUPERVISING AUTHORITY OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEALERS, MONEY CHANGERS, AND REMITTANCE AND TRANSFER BUSINESSES UNDER SECTION 3 (A) (1)."
22	SECTION 4. Section 3(i) of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:
23 24	"(i) "Unlawful activity" refers to any act or omission or series or combination thereof involving or having direct relation to the following:
25	x x x
26 27	(19) Violations of Section S 4 to 6 of Republic Act No. 9208, otherwise known as the Trafficking in Persons Act of 2003, AS AMENDED BY REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10364;
28 29 30	(20) Violations of Sections [78] 68 and [79] 69 of Chapter VI of Presidential Decree No. 705, as amended, otherwise known as the Revised Forestry Code of the Philippines, as amended.
31	x x x

(26) [Violations of Sections 1, 3, and 5 of Presidential Decree No. 1866, as
 amended, otherwise known as the decree codifying the Laws on Illegal/Unlawful
 Possessions, Manufacturing, Dealing in Acquisition of Disposition of Firearms,
 Ammunition or Explosives;] VIOLATIONS OF SECTIONS 28, 32, 33, AND 34 OF
 REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10591, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE COMPREHENSIVE
 FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION REGULATION ACT.

7

8

9

10

(33) Fraudulent practices and other violations under Republic Act No. 8799, otherwise known as the Securities Regulation Code of 2000; [and]

ххх

11(34) VIOLATIONS OF SECTIONS 19 AND 20 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10175,12OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE CYBERCRIME PREVENTION ACT OF 2012;

- 13(35) VIOLATIONS OF CHAPTER II, TITLE X OF THE NATIONAL INTERNAL REVENUE14CODE, AS AMENDED; AND
- 15 [(34)] (36) Felonies or offenses of a similar nature that are punishable under the 16 penal laws of other countries."
- 17 **SECTION 5.** Section 3 of the same Act shall have new paragraphs as follows:

"(L) "JEWELRY" REFERS TO FINISHED GOODS DERIVING FIFTY PERCENT (50%) OR
 MORE OF THEIR VALUE FROM JEWELS, PRECIOUS METALS OR PRECIOUS STONES
 CONSTITUTING, FORMING PART OF, OR ATTACHED TO SAID FINISHED GOODS.

(M) "DEALER" REFERS TO ANY PERSON WHO BUYS AND/OR SELLS PRECIOUS
 METALS, PRECIOUS STONES, AND/OR JEWELRY IN THE COURSE OF ITS BUSINESS
 ACTIVITIES. THE PURCHASES OR SALE OF PREVIOUS METALS, PRECIOUS STONES,
 AND/OR JEWELRY AS REFERRED HEREIN EXCLUDE THOSE CARRIED OUT FOR,
 CONNECTED WITH, OR FOR THE PURPOSE OF EXTRACTING PRECIOUS METALS OR
 PRECIOUS STONES FROM A MINE, OR CUTTING OR POLISHING PRECIOUS STONES.

27 (N) "CASINO" SHALL REFER TO GAMBLING CASINOS WHERE THE BUILDING. ROOM OR SPACE IS USED FOR SOCIAL AMUSEMENTS; SPECIFICALLY, ONE USED FOR 28 29 GAMBLING THROUGH GAMES OF CHANCE, GAMES OF CARDS AND GAMES OF NUMBERS AND ARE BEING REGULATED AND SUPERVISED BY THE PHILIPPINE 30 31 AMUSEMENT AND GAMING CORPORATION (PAGCOR), THE CAGAYAN ECONOMIC ZONE AUTHORITY (CEZA) OR ANY OTHER APPROPRIATE SUPERVISING AUTHORITY. 32 FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ACT, IT ALSO INCLUDES INTERNET AND SHIP-BASED 33 34 CASINOS.

35(1) "INTERNET-BASED CASINO" SHALL REFER TO GAMBLING CASINOS IN WHICH36PERSONS PARTICIPATE BY THE USE OF REMOTE COMMUNICATION FACILITIES37SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, INTERNET, TELEPHONE, TELEVISION, RADIO OR

- 1ANY OTHER KIND OF ELECTRONIC OR OTHER TECHNOLOGY FOR FACILITATING2COMMUNICATION.
- 3 (2) "SHIP-BASED CASINO" SHALL REFER TO GAMBLING CASINOS, THE OPERATION
 4 OF WHICH IS UNDERTAKEN ON BOARD A VESSEL, SHIP, BOAT OR ANY OTHER
 5 WATER-BASED CRAFT WHOLLY OR PARTLY INTENDED FOR GAMBLING.
- 6 (O) "ART" REFERS TO ALL ORIGINAL WORKS OF ART LIKE PAINTINGS, SCULPTURE,
 7 DRAWINGS AND ART WORK PRODUCED IN MULTIPLES SUCH AS GRAPHIC AND
 8 PHOTOGRAPHIC WORKS AND SCULPTURE CASTS, BUT SHALL NOT INCLUDE WORKS
 9 INTENDED TO BE MASS-PRODUCED FOR COMMERCIAL USE;
- 10(P) "ART DEALER" REFERS TO ANY PERSON OR ENTITY WHO SELLS OR OTHERWISE11DEALS IN WORKS OF FINE ART FOR PROFIT OR GAIN, SUCH AS GALLERIES, ART12BROKERS AND AGENTS;
- (Q) "MOTOR VEHICLE" REFERS TO ANY SELF-PROPELLED ROAD VEHICLE DESIGNED
 TO CARRY PASSENGERS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, SEDANS, COUPES,
 STATION WAGONS, CONVERTIBLES, PICK-UPS, VANS, SPORTS UTILITY VEHICLES
 (SUVS) AND ASIAN UTILITY VEHICLES (AUVS) AND MOTORCYCLES;
- 17 (R) "MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER" REFERS TO ANY PERSON, ASSOCIATION,
 18 PARTNERSHIP, CORPORATION ON ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS OF BUYING AND
 19 SELLING OR EXCHANGING MOTOR VEHICLE OR OTHERWISE ENGAGING IN
 20 BUSINESS AS A DEALER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, INCLUDING BY CONSIGNMENT;
 21 AND

(S) "RELATED ACCOUNT" REFERS TO AN ACCOUNT, THE FUNDS AND SOURCES OF
 WHICH ORIGINATED FROM AND/OR MATERIALLY LINKED TO THE MONETARY
 INSTRUMENT OR PROPERTY SUBJECT OF THE INVESTIGATION OR FREEZE ORDER."

25 **SECTION 6.** Section 7 of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:

"SEC. 7. Creation of the Anti-Money Laundering Council (AMLC). – The Anti-Money
Laundering Council is hereby created and shall be composed of the Governor of the
Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas as Chairman, the Commissioner of the Insurance Commission
and the Chairman of the Securities and Exchange Commission as members. The AMLC
shall act unanimously in the discharge of its functions as defined hereunder:

31

ххх

32 (2) to issue orders addressed to the appropriate supervising authority or the covered 33 [institution] **PERSON** to determine the true identity of the owner of any monetary 34 instrument or property subject of a covered transaction or suspicious transaction 35 report or request for assistance from a foreign state, or believed by the council [,on 36 the basis of substantial evidence,] to be, in whole or in part, wherever located, 37 representing, involving, or related to, directly or indirectly, in any manner or by any means, [the proceeds of] an unlawful activity[.] NOTWITHSTANDING THE
 PROVISIONS OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 1405, AS AMENDED, REPUBLIC ACT NO. 6426, AS
 AMENDED; REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8791; REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10173 AND OTHER LAWS;"

4

ххх

(5) to investigate, THROUGH THE AMLC SECRETARIAT, suspicious transactions and
 covered transactions deemed suspicious [after an investigation by the AMLC],
 POSSIBLE money laundering activities, and other violations of this Act MOTU PROPRIO
 OR UPON COMPLAINT OR REQUEST OF AN APPROPRIATE DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OR
 AGENCY, OR BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT, OR FOREIGN STATE OR AUTHORITY;"

10 (6) to [apply] CAUSE THE FILING OF AN EX-PARTE PETITION FOR THE ISSUANCE OF
11 FREEZE ORDER before the Court of Appeals, [ex parte, for the freezing of] OR, IN
12 CASES SPECIFIED UNDER SECTION HEREOF, TO ISSUE EX-PARTE FREEZE ORDER,
13 AGAINST any monetary instrument or property alleged to be laundered, proceeds
14 from [or], instrumentalities used in, [or] intended for use in OR IN ANY WAY RELATED
15 TO any unlawful activity as defined in Section 3(i) hereof."

16 (7) to implement such measures as may be necessary and justified under this Act to
 17 counteract OR PREVENT money laundering, AND ENSURE EFFECTIVE
 18 IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS ACT;"

19

ххх

(13) TO SUBPOENA WITNESSES AND COMPEL THEIR ATTENDANCE, THE
 PRODUCTION OF BOOKS, PAPERS AND DOCUMENTS, FOR PURPOSES OF
 VERIFICATION, INVESTIGATION, OR CHECKING COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS
 OF THIS ACT. ANY MEMBER OF THE AMLC SECRETARIAT INVESTIGATING THE CASE
 MAY ADMINISTER OATHS OR AFFIRMATIONS TO WITNESS APPEARING BEFORE IT;
 AND

26 (14) TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ACT BY COVERED PERSONS NOT UNDER ANY 27 SUPERVISING AUTHORITY."

28 **SECTION 7.** Section 9(a) of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:

29 "(a) Customer [Identification] DUE DILIGENCE.- Covered [institutions] PERSONS shall 30 establish and record the true identity of its customers based on official documents. 31 They shall maintain a system of verifying the true identity of their clients and, in case 32 of corporate clients, require a system of verifying their legal existence and 33 organizational structure, as well as the authority and identification of all persons 34 purporting to act on their behalf. THEY SHALL ALSO ASSESS AND, IF APPROPRIATE, 35 OBTAIN INFORMATION, ON THE PURPOSE AND NATURE OF THE TRANSACTION. 36 COVERED PERSONS SHALL, LIKEWISE, CONDUCT ON-GOING MONITORING ON THEIR CUSTOMERS, DEPENDING ON THEIR TYPE, THE PRODUCT, OR TRANSACTION. 37

1 The provisions of existing laws to the contrary notwithstanding, anonymous accounts, 2 accounts under fictitious names, and all other similar accounts shall be absolutely 3 prohibited. Peso and foreign currency non-checking numbered accounts shall be 4 allowed. The BSP may conduct annual testing solely limited to the determination of 5 the existence and true identity of the owners of such accounts."

- 6 **SECTION 8.** Section 9 (c) of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:
- 7 "(c) Reporting of Covered and Suspicious Transactions. Covered persons shall report
 8 to the AMLC all covered transactions and suspicious transactions within five (5)
 9 working days from occurrence thereof, unless the AMLC prescribes a different period
 10 not exceeding fifteen (15) working days.
- Lawyers and accountants acting as independent legal professionals are not required to report covered and suspicious transactions if the relevant information was obtained in circumstances where they are subject to professional secrecy or legal professional privilege.
- Should a transaction be determined to be both a covered transaction and a suspicious
 transaction, the covered institution shall be required to report the same as a
 suspicious transaction.
- 18 When reporting covered or suspicious transactions to the AMLC, covered persons and 19 their officers and employees shall not be deemed to have violated Republic Act No. 20 1405, as amended, Republic Act No. 6426, as amended, Republic Act No. 8791 and 21 other similar laws, but are prohibited from communicating, directly or indirectly, in 22 any manner or by any means, to any person, the fact that a covered or suspicious 23 transaction report was made, the contents thereof, or any other information in 24 relation thereto, EXCEPT WHEN DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IS IN ACCORDANCE 25 WITH BSP'S EXERCISE OF SUPERVISORY POWERS AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 11 HEREOF. In case of violation thereof, the concerned officer and employee of the 26 27 covered person shall be criminally liable. However, no administrative, criminal or civil 28 proceedings, shall lie against any person for having made a covered or suspicious 29 transaction report in the regular performance of his duties in good faith, whether or 30 not such reporting results in any criminal prosecution under this Act or any other law.
- 31 When reporting covered or suspicious transactions to the AMLC, covered persons and 32 their officers and employees are prohibited from communicating directly or indirectly, 33 in any manner or by any means, to any person or entity, the media, the fact that a 34 covered or suspicious transaction has been reported or is about to be reported, the 35 contents of the report, or any other information in relation thereto, EXCEPT WHEN 36 DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IS ACCORDANCE WITH BSP'S EXERCISE OF 37 SUPERVISORY POWERS AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 11 HEREOF. Neither may such 38 reporting be published or aired in any manner or form by the mass media, electronic 39 mail, or other similar devices. In case of violation thereof, the concerned officer and 40 employee of the covered person and media shall be held criminally liable.

1 IN THE COURSE OF VERIFYING WHETHER A TRANSACTION IS SUSPICIOUS OR NOT. 2 COVERED PERSONS MAY TEMPORARILY WITHHOLD SAID TRANSACTION AND/OR 3 SUBSEQUENT TRANSACTIONS FOR A PERIOD NO LONGER THAN TWO (2) BANKING DAYS FROM OCCURRENCE OF THE TRANSACTION. COVERED PERSONS SHALL 4 5 IMMEDIATELY REPORT TO THE AMLC THAT IT HAD TEMPORARILY WITHHELD A 6 TRANSACTION AND/OR SUBSEQUENT TRANSACTIONS AND THAT IT IS CONDUCTING 7 VERIFICATION THEREOF. UPON REASONABLE BELIEF THAT THERE IS POSSIBLE 8 VIOLATION OF THIS ACT, COVERED PERSONS MAY TERMINATE THE TRANSACTION OR ACCOUNT CONNECTED THERETO. THE AUTHORITY TO TEMPORARILY WITHHOLD 9 10 A TRANSACTION SHALL BE MADE PART OF THE COVERED PERSON'S INTERNAL 11 POLICY AND IT SHALL INCLUDE GUIDELINES AND EFFECTIVE CONTROLS TO PREVENT 12 ABUSE.

COVERED PERSONS, THEIR OFFICERS, DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES SHALL NOT BE
 SUBJECT TO ANY ACTION, CLAIM OR DEMAND IN CONNECTION WITH THE EXERCISE
 OF THEIR AUTHORITY IN GOOD FAITH UNDER THIS PROVISION."

16 **SECTION 9.** Section 10 of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:

17 "Section 10. Freezing of Monetary Instrument or Property. - Upon a verified ex parte petition by the AMLC and after determination that probable cause exists that any 18 19 monetary instrument or property is in any way related to an unlawful activity as defined 20 in Section 3(i) hereof OR MONEY LAUNDERING, the Court of Appeals may issue a freeze 21 order which shall be effective immediately, and which shall not exceed six (6) months 22 depending upon the circumstances of the case: Provided, That IN CASES INVOLVING 23 UNLAWFUL ACTIVITIES UNDER SECTION 3(i), (1), (2), (3), (4), (9), (12), (13), (14), (15), 24 (17), (19), (28), (31), (32) AND (33) HEREOF, AND FELONIES OR OFFENSES OF SIMILAR NATURE PUNISHABLE UNDER THE PENAL LAWS OF OTHER COUNTRIES THE AMLC MAY 25 26 **ISSUE EX PARTE FREEZE ORDER WHICH SHALL BE EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY, AND WHICH** 27 SHALL NOT EXCEED THIRTY (30) DAYS.

28 BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE 30-DAY PERIOD, THE AMLC MAY FILE BEFORE THE 29 COURT OF APPEALS A PETITION TO EXTEND THE FREEZE ORDER. THE EXTENSION SHALL 30 NOT EXCEED FIVE (5) MONTHS DEPENDING UPON THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE CASE. 31 THE COURT SHALL ACT ON THE PETITION FOR EXTENSION WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR (24) 32 HOURS FROM FILING OF THE PETITION. *PROVIDED*, THAT THE 30-DAY FREEZE ORDER 33 SHALL REMAIN EFFECTIVE PENDING RESOLUTION OF THE PETITION FOR EXTENSION.

THE MEMBERS OF THE AMLC AND ITS SECRETARIAT SHALL BE IMMUNE FROM ANY CIVIL, CRIMINAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE LIABILITY IN THE EXERCISE OF THE FOREGOING FUNCTIONS.

A PERSON WHOSE ACCOUNT HAS BEEN FROZEN BY THE AMLC OR COURT OF APPEALS
 MAY FILE A PETITION OR MOTION, AS THE CASE MAY BE, TO LIFT THE FREEZE ORDER
 BEFORE THE COURT OF APPEALS.

IF THE 30-DAY FREEZE ORDER WAS NOT EXTENDED BY THE COURT OF APPEALS, OR if 1 2 there is no case filed against a person whose account has been frozen within the period 3 determined by the Court OF APPEALS, the freeze order shall be deemed ipso facto lifted. Provided, that this new rule shall not apply to pending cases in the courts. [In any case, 4 the court should act on the petition to freeze within twenty-four (24) hours from filing of 5 the petition. If the application is filed a day before a nonworking day, the computation of 6 the twenty-four (24) hour period shall exclude the non-working days. A person whose 7 8 account has been frozen may file a motion to lift the freeze order and the court must 9 resolve this motion before the expiration of the freeze order.]

- No court shall issue a temporary restraining order or a writ of injunction against any
 freeze order, except the Supreme Court."
- 12 **SECTION 10.** Section 11 of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:

13 "SEC. 11. Authority to Inquire into Bank Deposits. - Notwithstanding the provisions of Republic Act No. 1405, as amended; Republic Act No. 8791; REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10173; 14 15 and other laws, the AMLC may inquire into or examine any particular deposit or 16 investment, including related accounts, with any banking institution or non-bank 17 financial institution upon order of [any competent court] THE COURT OF APPEALS based on an ex-parte application in cases of violations of this Act, when it has been established 18 19 that there is [probable cause] REASONABLE GROUND TO SUSPECT that the deposits or 20 investments, including related accounts involved are related to unlawful activity as 21 defined in Section 3(i) hereof or a money laundering offense under Section 4 hereof, 22 except that no court order shall be required in cases involving activities defined in 23 Section 3(i), (1), (2), [and] (3), (4), (9), (12), (13), (14), (15), (17), (19), (28), (31), (32) AND 24 (33) hereof, and felonies or offenses of a nature similar to those mentioned in Section 3(i), (1), (2), [and] (3), (4), (9), (12), (13), (14), (15), (17), (19), (28), (31), (32) AND (33) 25 26 HEREOF, which are punishable under the penal laws of other countries [,and terrorism and conspiracy to commit terrorism as defined and penalized under Republic Act No. 27 28 9372]."

- The Court of Appeals shall act on the application to inquire into or examine any deposit or investment with any banking financial institution or non-bank financial institution within twenty-four (24) hours from filing of the application.
- 32 To [ensure] CHECK compliance with this Act AND ITS IMPLEMENTING RULES AND 33 REGULATIONS, the Bangko Central ng Pilipinas may, [in the course of a periodic or 34 special examination, check the compliance of a covered institution with the requirements 35 of the AMLA and its implementing rules and regulations.] IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS 36 SUPERVISORY POWERS UNDER SECTION 4 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8791, LIKEWISE 37 INQUIRE INTO OR EXAMINE ANY DEPOSIT, INVESTMENT, TRUST OR OTHER ACCOUNTS, 38 AND ACCESS COVERED AND SUSPICIOUS TRANSACTION DATABASES WITH ANY 39 BANKING INSTITUTIONS OR NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.

["For purposes if this section, 'related accounts' shall refer to accounts, the funds and
 sources of which originated from and/or materially linked to the monetary instrument(s)
 or property(ies) subject of the freeze order(s)."]

A court order *ex-parte* must first be obtained before the AMLC can inquire into these related accounts: Provided, That the procedure for the *ex-parte* application [of the ex parte court order] for the [principal] **RELATED** account**S** shall be the same with that of the [related] **PRINCIPAL** account[s].

- 8 The authority to inquire into or examine the main account and the related accounts shall 9 comply with the requirements of Article III, Sections 2 and 3 of the 1987 Constitution 10 which are hereby incorporated by reference."
- **SECTION 11.** Section 14 (f-g) of the same Act is hereby amended as follows:
- "(f) Imposition of Administrative Sanctions. The imposition of administrative
 sanctions shall be without prejudice to the filing of criminal charges against the
 persons responsible for the violation of this Act.
- 15 After due notice and hearing, the AMLC, shall, at its discretion, impose sanctions, 16 including, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, monetary penalties, warning or reprimand, upon any 17 covered person, its directors, officers, employees or any other person for the violation 18 of this Act, [its implementing rules and regulations] or for failure or refusal to comply 19 with AMLC orders, resolutions and other issuances. Such monetary penalties shall be 20 in amounts as may be determined by the AMLC to be appropriate, which shall not be 21 more than [Five Hundred Thousand Philippine Pesos] ONE MILLION PHILIPPINE PESOS 22 (P1,000,000.00) per violation OR TWENTY PERCENT (20%) OF THE VALUE OF THE 23 MONETARY INSTRUMENT OR PROPERTY LAUNDERED OR SOUGHT TO BE LAUNDERED, WHICHEVER IS HIGHER. A VIOLATION IS COMMITTED WHETHER ON A 24 25 **ONE-TIME, PER ACCOUNT, PER TRANSACTION, OR PER CUSTOMER BASIS.**
- WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO THE AMLC'S ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS, SUPERVISING
 AUTHORITIES MAY, AT ITS DISCRETION, AND AFTER DUE NOTICE AND HEARING,
 ALSO IMPOSE MONETARY PENALTIES EQUIVALENT TO TWICE THE MAXIMUM
 PENALTY IMPOSABLE ACCORDING TO THEIR RESPECTIVE CHARTERS.
- 30The AMLC AND SUPERVISING AUTHORITIES may promulgate rules on fines and31penalties taking into consideration the attendant circumstances, such as the nature32and gravity of the violation or irregularity."
- (g) NON-DISCRIMINATION AGAINST CERTAIN TYPES OF CUSTOMERS. The provisions
 of this law shall not be construed or implemented in a manner that will discriminate
 against certain customer types, such as politically-exposed persons, as well as their
 relatives, or against a certain religion, race or ethnic origin, or such other attributes or
 profiles when used as the only basis to deny these persons access to the services
 provided by the covered persons. Whenever a bank, or quasi-bank, financial
 institution or whenever any person or entity commits said discriminatory act, the

person or persons responsible for such violation shall be subject to the sanctions as
 may be deemed appropriate by their respective [regulators] SUPERVISING
 AUTHORITIES."

- 4 **SECTION 12.** Section 16 of the same Act is hereby amended, as follows:
- 5 "Section 16. Prohibitions [Against Political Harassment]. -
- 6 (A) PROHIBITIONS AGAINST POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC HARRASSMENT. This Act
 7 shall not be used for political persecution or harassment, or as an instrument to
 8 hamper competition and commerce.
- 9 No case for money laundering may be filed against and no assets shall be frozen,
 10 attached or forfeited to the prejudice of a candidate for an electoral office during an
 11 election period.
- 12(B) PROHIBITED TRANSACTIONS FOR CASINOS. CASINO OPERATORS SHALL BE13PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN THE FOLLOWING TRANSACTIONS OR ACTIVITIES:
- 14(1) ANY OF THE FOLLOWING TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE CONVERSION OF15MONEY FROM ONE FORM TO ANOTHER WITHOUT BEING USED FOR GAMING:
- 16A. THE RECEIPT OF CASH FOR TRANSMITTAL OF ALL OR PART THEREOF17THROUGH WIRE OR TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER FOR OR ON BEHALF OF A18CUSTOMER;
- 19B. PAYMENTS IN CASH OF FUNDS RECEIVED THROUGH WIRE OR TELEGRAPHIC20TRANSFER;
- 21 C. THE CASHING OF CHECKS OR OTHER NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS;
- 22 D. OTHER SIMILAR TRANSACTIONS; AND
- (2) RECEIVING MONEY, THE PURPOSE OF OWNERHIP OF WHICH CANNOT BE
 ASCERTAINED WITHIN A PERIOD OF SEVEN (7) DAYS, UNLESS THE AMLC
 PRESCRIBES A DIFFERENT PERIOD, FROM THE DATE OF THE RECEIPT."
- SECTION 13. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional,
 the same shall not affect the validity and effectivity of other provisions thereof.

SECTION 14. *Repealing Clause.* - Section 20 of Republic Act No. 9160, as amended by Republic Act No. 10365, is hereby repealed. All laws, decrees, orders, and issuances or portions thereof, which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly; Provided, that all provisions of Republic Act No. 9160, as amended, which are not inconsistent with this Act are hereby adopted.

- 33 SECTION 15. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its publication
 34 in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.
- 35 Approved,