CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS Second Regular Session

SENATE

S. No. 1461

PREPARED AND SUBMITTED BY THE COMMITTEE ON ENERGY WITH SENATOR GATCHALIAN AS AUTHOR THEREOF

AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING THE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVES EMERGENCY AND RESILIENCY FUND AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	CHAPTER I
2	TITLE, POLICY, AND DEFINITIONS
3	SECTION 1. Title This Act shall be known as the
4	"Electric Cooperatives Emergency and Resiliency Fund Act
5	of 2017".
6	SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy It is hereby declared
7	the policy of the State to:
8	(a) Support and assist, to the fullest extent, electric
9	cooperatives adversely affected by a fortuitous event or by

- force majeure in order to immediately restore electric
 service, thereby:
- 3 (1) Facilitating the rescue and relief operations,
 4 availability of basic services such as food, water, medicine,
 5 and hospitals, and mitigation of civil unrest:
- 6 (2) Aiding the normal functioning of local government
 7 units (LGUs) and communities, and easing the recovery of
 8 the adversely affected individuals and families; and
- 9 (3) Assisting efforts of the affected LGUs in
 10 expediting the rendering of aid, assistance, and emergency
 11 services, and the reconstruction and rehabilitation of
 12 devastated areas.

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- (b) Provide an orderly and continuing means of financial assistance to electric cooperatives in carrying out their responsibility of providing reliable electric service necessary to alleviate the sufferings and damages brought about by a fortuitous event or *force majeure* by:
- 18 (1) Allocating funds in the form of grants for disaster
 19 mitigation, disaster preparedness, and restoration or

1	rehabilitation of electric cooperatives' damaged facilities
2	that are readily accessible;
3	(2) Providing a streamlined process for the availment
4	of the fund; and
5	(3) Requiring the electric cooperatives to develop and
6	implement comprehensive vulnerability risk assessments
7	which identify disaster preparedness and disaster
8	mitigation measures to protect and strengthen critical
9	infrastructure assets, and emergency response plans to
10	address immediate restoration or rehabilitation efforts.
11	(c) Adopt resiliency planning in transmission and
12	distribution systems to lessen impact of natural calamities

(d) Strengthen operational support to electriccooperatives most vulnerable to natural calamities.

passed-on charges to consumers; and

to such infrastructure facilities thereby avoiding additional

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17 SEC. 3. Scope. – This Act shall be applicable to all electric cooperatives throughout the country.

- 1 SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. As used in this Act, the 2 following shall be defined as:
- (a) Disaster refers to a serious disruption of the 3 functioning of a community or a society involving 4 5 widespread human, material, economic or environmental 6 losses and impacts, which exceeds the ability of the affected community or society to cope using its own 7 8 resources. Disasters are often described as a result of the 9 combination of: the exposure to a hazard: the conditions of 10 vulnerability that are present; and insufficient capacity or 11 measures to reduce or cope with the potential negative consequences. Disaster impacts may include loss of life, 12 13 injury, disease and other negative effects on human, physical, mental and social well-being, together with 14 15 damage to property, destruction of assets, loss of services, social and economic disruption and environmental 16 17 degradation;
 - (b) Disaster Mitigation refers to the lessening or limitation of the adverse impacts of hazards and related disasters. Mitigation measures encompass engineering

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- 1 techniques and hazard-resistant construction as well as
- 2 improved environmental policies and public awareness;
- 3 (c) Disaster Preparedness - refers to the knowledge and capacities developed by governments, professional 4 response and recovery organizations, communities and 5 individuals to effectively anticipate, respond to, and 6 recover from the impacts of likely, imminent, or current 7 hazard events or conditions. Preparedness action is carried 8 out within the context of disaster risk reduction and 9 management and aims to build the capacities needed to 10 efficiently manage all types of emergencies and achieve 11 orderly transitions from response to sustained recovery. 12 Preparedness is based on a sound analysis of disaster risk 13 and good linkages with early warning systems, and 14 such activities contingency planning, 15 includes as stockpiling of equipment and supplies, the development of 16 arrangements for coordination, evacuation and public 17 information, and associated training and field exercises. 18 These must be supported by formal, institutional, legal, 19 and budgetary capacities; 20

- (d) Disaster Prevention refers to the outright 1 avoidance of adverse impacts of hazards and related 2 disasters. It expresses the concept and intention to 3 completely avoid potential adverse impacts through action 4 taken in advance such as construction of dams or 5 embankments that eliminate flood risks, land-use 6 regulations that do not permit any settlement in high-risk 7 zones, and seismic engineering designs that ensure the 8 survival and function of a critical building in any likely 9 10 earthquake;
- 11 (e) Electric Cooperative refers to a distribution 12 utility created and operating pursuant to Presidential 13 Decree No. 269, as amended, and other existing laws;
- 14 (f) Emergency Response Plan refers to the
 15 development and preparation of a written and formal plan
 16 developed based on the results of the Vulnerability and
 17 Risk Assessment. It contains the organizational structure
 18 and steps which will enable the electric cooperative to

- 1 restore its system in a safe and timely manner after a
- 2 fortuitous event or force majeure;
- 3 (g) Force Majeure refers to an event that is a result
- 4 of elements of nature that cannot be reasonably
- 5 anticipated or controlled, such as, but not limited to,
- 6 typhoon, storm, tropical depression, flood, drought,
- 7 volcanic eruption, earthquake, tidal wave, or landslide;
- 8 (h) Fortuitous Event refers to an act of war
- 9 (declared or undeclared), sabotage, blockade, revolution,
- 10 riot, insurrection, civil commotion, or any violent or
- 11 threatening action;
- 12 (i) Joint Congressional Power Commission refers to
- 13 the Commission created under Republic Act No. 9136;
- 14 (j) National Electrification Administration refers to
- 15 the government agency created under Presidential Decree
- 16 No. 269, as amended;
- 17 (k) National Disaster Risk Reduction and
- 18 Management Fund refers to the calamity fund
- 19 appropriated under the Annual General Appropriations

- 1 Act which is used for disaster risk reduction or mitigation,
- 2 prevention and preparedness activities as provided under
- 3 Republic Act No. 10121;

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- (1) Resiliency Compliance Plan refers to a list of 4 including the financial 5 and programs, projects and timeline of6 requirements. funding sources. 7 implementation, necessary to protect and mitigate the disaster vulnerability of all its infrastructure while taking 8 into account the results of the Vulnerability and Risk 9 10 Assessment:
 - (m) Restoration or Rehabilitation refers to the actions or activities undertaken by the electric cooperatives to rebuild, replace, or repair the necessary facilities to provide reliable electric service to member-consumers after a fortuitous event or force majeure, taking into consideration designs, materials, or equipment that will make the infrastructure more resilient; and
- 18 (n) Vulnerability and Risk Assessment refers to the
 19 electric cooperative's identification of critical assets and

1	the development of disaster preparedness, and disaster
2	prevention and mitigation measures to protect, restore, or
3	strengthen critical assets prior to the onset of a fortuitous
4	event or force majeure.
5	CHAPTER II
6	CREATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ELECTRIC
7	COOPERATIVES EMERGENCY AND RESILIENCY FUND
8	SEC. 5. Creation of the Electric Cooperatives
9	Emergency and Resiliency Fund (ECERF) There is
10	hereby created an ECERF, which shall be managed and
11	administered by the National Electrification
12	Administration (NEA).
13	SEC. 6. Powers and Functions of the NEA The NEA
14	shall have the following additional powers and functions:
15	(a) Formulate policies and coordinate the
16	implementation of all activities of the electric cooperatives
17	relative to emergency and resiliency management, ir
18	consultation with the National Disaster Risk Reduction
19	and Management Council (NDRRMC);

1	(b) Mandate electric cooperatives to submit their
2	respective comprehensive and integrated disaster
3	management programs such as, but not limited to,
4	Vulnerability and Risk Assessments and Emergency
5	Response Plans, and thereafter establish, administer, and
6	monitor the implementation of the same;

- (c) Review, approve, and certify, in consultation with 7 including financial 8 the NDRRMC, all activities, requirements, of the electric cooperatives relative to 9 disaster mitigation, disaster preparedness, and disaster 10 11 prevention plans as a result of the Vulnerability and Risk 12 Assessment;
- (d) Develop reasonable guidelines and rational 13 14 documentary requirements for electric cooperatives to avail 15 of the ECERF;
- (e) Formulate an efficient procedure for program 16 17 participation and criteria for fund allocation;
- (f) Determine the annual budget of the ECERF and 18 submit the same for approval by Congress; 19

1	(g) Receive donations, in the form of funds, materials,
2	or equipment, which are intended for the purpose of
3	addressing the restoration of electric cooperatives'
4	infrastructure damaged by a fortuitous event or force
5	majeure, subject to existing auditing rules and regulations;
6	(h) Provide necessary assistance to electric
7	cooperatives, including the preparation of individual
8	Resiliency Compliance Plans for incorporation in their
9	respective Distribution Development Plans submitted to
10	NEA;
11	(i) Ensure that the electric cooperatives' resiliency
12	programs are feasible in accordance with sound
13	management, economic, and engineering standards; and
14	(j) Promulgate such rules and regulations as may be
15	necessary to implement the objectives and provisions of
16	this Act.
17	SEC. 7. Responsibilities of the Electric Cooperatives. –
18	In addition to their primary mandate to implement the
19	rural electrification program of the country under existing

- 1 laws, the electric cooperatives shall be vested with all the
- 2 powers necessary to ensure the protection, preparedness,
- 3 and mitigation of the adverse impact of any fortuitous
- 4 event or force majeure to its infrastructure. Electric
- 5 cooperatives shall also ascertain the ability of their
- 6 manpower to undertake emergency response for the
- 7 immediate restoration or rehabilitation of their damaged
- 8 infrastructure after a fortuitous event or force majeure.
- 9 The electric cooperatives shall likewise have the
- 10 following additional responsibilities:
- 11 (a) Submit to NEA a Vulnerability Risk Assessment
- 12 of all their infrastructure in accordance with the NEA-
- 13 approved template;
- 14 (b) Prepare and submit to NEA a Resiliency
- 15 Compliance Plan, to include, a list of projects and
- 16 programs, including the financial requirements, funding
- 17 sources, and timeline of implementation, necessary to
- 18 protect and mitigate the disaster vulnerability of all its
- 19 infrastructure:

1	(c) Institutionalize	and submit	to NEA	an Emergency

- 2 Response Plan to be activated immediately after the
- 3 occurrence of a fortuitous event or force majeure;
- 4 (d) Comply with NEA's policies and procedural
 5 requirements for program participation and fund
 6 allocation;
- 7 (e) Submit reports as may be required by the NEA; 8 and
- 9 (f) Undertake all other activities necessary to 10 implement the objectives and provisions of this Act.
- 11 SEC. 8. The National Electric Cooperatives Emergency 12 and Resiliency Plan (NECERP). - All electric cooperatives 13 shall submit to NEA and/or update their respective 14 Vulnerability Risk Assessments, and Resiliency Compliance Plans, and Emergency Response Plans every 15 year. Failure to submit said assessment and plans shall 16 act as a bar to accessing the ECERF. The NEA shall 17 18 monitor and evaluate the use and disbursement of the 19 ECERF based on the Vulnerability and Risk Assessment,

1	Emergency	Response	Plan,	and	Resiliency	Compliance
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- 2 Plan of each electric cooperative.
- 3 On the basis of said assessment and plans submitted
- 4 by the electric cooperatives, the NEA shall produce a
- 5 comprehensive NECERP which shall be integrated in the
- 6 National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Plan
- 7 provided for under Republic Act No. 10121. The NECERP
- 8 shall be updated and submitted to the Joint Congressional
- 9 Power Commission (JCPC) not later than March 15 of
- 10 every year.

11 CHAPTER III

12 FUND SOURCES AND ALLOCATION

- 13 SEC. 9. Donations. Donations in the form of funds,
- 14 materials, or equipment, whether local or international,
- 15 intended for the express purpose of restoring or
- 16 rehabilitating the electric cooperatives infrastructure
- 17 damaged by a fortuitous event or force majeure, shall be
- 18 received directly by the NEA, subject to existing auditing
- 19 rules and regulations and shall be exempt from all duties,
- 20 fees, taxes, and other charges.

-	SEC. 10. Appropriations. – The sum of Seven hundred
2	fifty million pesos (P750,000,000.00) for the initial
3	implementation of this Act shall be taken from the
4	National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Fund.
5	Thereafter, such amounts necessary for the sustainable
6	implementation of this Act shall be included in the annual
7	General Appropriations Act.
8	SEC. 11. Allocation of the Electric Cooperatives
9	Emergency and Resiliency Fund (ECERF) The ECERF
10	shall be allocated exclusively for the restoration or
11	rehabilitation of the electric cooperatives' damaged
12	infrastructures after a fortuitous event or force majeure:
13	Provided, That the amount shall not be used for conversion
14	of a calamity loan into grant.
15	In case of a deficiency of the fund, the NEA shall seek
16	for the allocation of a supplementary budget from the
17	National Disaster Risk Reduction Management Fund,
18	subject to the approval of the President.

1	CHAPTER IV
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	SEC. 12. Reportorial Requirements The NEA shall
4	take the necessary measures to ensure that the provisions
5	of this Act are properly implemented and submit quarterly
6	reports on the program implementation and fund
7	utilization to the Department of Energy (DOE), the JCPC,
8	and the Office of the President.
9	SEC. 13. Congressional Oversight Upon the
10	effectivity of this Act, the JCPC shall exercise oversight
11	functions over the implementation of this Act.
12	SEC. 14. Evaluation Within five (5) years after the
13	effectivity of this Act, the JCPC shall conduct a systematic
14	evaluation of the accomplishments and impact of this Act
15	for purposes of determining remedial legislation.
16	SEC. 15. Implementing Rules and Regulations The
17	NEA shall, in consultation with relevant government
18	agencies, electric cooperatives, and end-users, promulgate
19	the implementing rules and regulations within six (6)
20	months from the effectivity of this Act

SEC. 16. Separability Clause. - If for any reason, any 1 2 provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, 3 the other parts or provisions hereof which are not affected 4 thereby shall continue to be in full force and in effect. 5 SEC. 17. Repealing Clause. - Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, 6 7 administrative rule orregulation contrary 8 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly. 9 SEC. 18. Effectivity. - This Act shall take effect on the 10 11 fifteenth day following its publication in at least two (2) 12 national papers of general circulation.

Approved,