SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE) REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)

Second Regular Session



SENATE

17 NOV 20 MO:34

s. B. No.1615



Introduced by Senator JOEL VILLANUEVA

AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING SPORTS VARSITY TEAMS IN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Article XIV Section 19 of the 1987 Constitution provides that "[t]he State shall promote physical education and encourage sports programs, league competitions, and amateur sports, including training for international competitions, to foster self-discipline, teamwork, and excellence for the development of a healthy and alert citizenry. All educational institutions shall undertake regular sports activities throughout the country in cooperation with athletic clubs and other sectors."

Republic Act No. 9155 otherwise known as the "Governance of Basic Education Act of 2001" and Republic Act No. 5708 or "The Schools Physical Education and Sports Development Act of 1969" also provide that integrated physical education and school sports and physical fitness program shall remain part of the basic education curriculum and shall be undertaken by the Department of Education.

The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), consistent with its mandate of promoting interdependence among nations, has also identified the practice of sports as an instrument for promoting peace and as a powerful tool to strengthen social ties and networks.¹

Numerous studies in the field of Educational Psychology also pointed out the importance of early experience or exposure in later development suggesting that optimal athletic skills development should commence from

http://www.unesco.org/new/en/social-and-human-sciences/themes/physical-education-and-sport/sport-for-peace-and-development/ (accessed on October 19, 2017)

early childhood to late adulthood. Hence, to optimize the development of Filipino athletes and future champions and to help them acquire positive values such as empathy and respect for others, institutionalizing varsity sports teams in elementary and secondary levels, especially in the public schools, becomes a necessity.

The Department of Education, the agency in charge of the country's basic education cycle or the K-12 system, should ensure greater focus to the formative years of the country's pool of athletes. The institutionalization of varsity sports teams in basic education, along with after-school sports programs (ASSP), will improve the identification, selection and long-term training of athletes in various sporting events.

Through a varsity system, student athletes in K-12 will have better chance to play athletically at a higher level. Furthermore, an institutionalized varsity sports team in basic education can pave the way for the provision of training equipment and upkeep of modern facilities that can help improve the training of young athletes.

However, since long-term training of student athletes is expensive, both public and private elementary and secondary schools are encouraged to network with parent-teachers associations, local governments, business community and other organizations to provide the much needed assistance for varsity sports in all our schools.

In the 2018 proposed budget of the Department of Education, the appropriation for Physical Fitness and School Sports amounts to only Php358,155,000.00 for the conduct of Palarong Pambansa and other sports competition. It's about time for the agency to provide additional funding to support school sports to optimize the development of Filipino athletes.

Helping Filipino athletes to hone their skills at a very early age is a necessity and an urgency. In the 29th South East Asian Games in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, the Philippines missed its projection of 50 gold medals and absorbed its poorest finish in terms of gold medal production in the last 18 years. In the past two editions of SEA Games – in Myanmar and Singapore in 2013 and 2015, respectively, the Philippine contingent won only 29 gold medals ³

Thus, the immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought to develop a pool of Filipino athletes and future champions and to improve the country's performance in international competitions, especially the SEA Games.

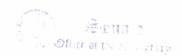
SENATOR JOEL VILLANUEVA

² House Bill No. 6215 or the 2018 General Appropriations Bill

³ "Team PH braces for worst SEA Games output in 18 years" available at http://news.abs-cbn.com/sports/08/28/17/team-ph-braces-for-worst-sea-games-output-in-18-years (accessed October 19, 2017)

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE) REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)

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SENATE

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Introduced by Senator JOEL VILLANUEVA

AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING SPORTS VARSITY TEAMS IN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the "Sports Varsity Teams in Basic Education Act of 2017."

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is hereby declared the policy of the State to promote physical education and encourage sports programs, league competitions, and amateur sports, including training for international competitions, to foster self-discipline, teamwork, and excellence for the development of a healthy and alert citizenry.

To this end, the state shall provide opportunities for optimal and long-term development of Filipino athletes by expanding the base of student athletes, increasing the time and frequency for their early exposure, training and competition through the institutionalization of sports varsity teams in the basic education cycle.

SECTION 3. Institutionalization of Sports Varsity Teams. – To ensure the optimal and long term development of Filipino athletes, elementary and secondary schools, both public and private, shall institutionalize sports varsity teams.

There shall at least be a varsity team for athletics for every school as athletics forms the base for other sports. The school shall expand the number of sport events to cover gradually according to the school's after-school sports program, interests of students, coaches and the community.

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2	Sports events that shall be considered in the establishment of varsity
3	teams in elementary and secondary levels shall include, but not limited to, the
4	following:
5	4. Analysis
6	1. Archery
7	2. Arnis
8	3. Badminton
9	4. Baseball
10	5. Basketball
11	6. Boxing
12	7. Chess
13	8. Football
14	9. Gymnastics
15	10. Sepak Takraw
16	11. Soft Ball
17	12. Swimming
18	13. Table Tennis
19	14. Taekwondo
20	15. Tennis
21	16. Volleyball
22	17. Billards
23	18. Futsal
24	19. Wrestling
25	20. Wushu
26	21. Aerobics Gymnastics
27	
	22. Dance Sports 23. Pencak Silat
28	
29	24. Basketball 3X3
30	
31	The establishment of varsity teams in traditional and indigenous
32	games, dances and sports shall also be encouraged.
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34	SECTION 4. Organization of Sports Varsity Team The
35 36	organization of sports varsity teams shall consider the following:
37	a Presence of competent and committed to show assolute
38	 a. Presence of competent and committed teacher-coaches;
39	b. Availability of facilities and equipment;
40	2. Wallashiy of Idolliloo and equipment,
41	c. Administrative support; and
42	
43	d. Support of the community.
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SECTION 5. Identification of Athletes. – The Department of Education (DepEd) shall provide a sports varsity selection and admission system.

All K-12 learners who are officially enrolled in Elementary, Junior High School, Senior High School, Open High School and Alternative Learning Systems, especially those who participate in the after school sports program (ASSP) and who can meet the following requirements can join their school's sports varsity teams:

- a. Must have passed the physical fitness tests and skill tests;
- b. With parental consent; and
- c. In good academic standing.

SECTION 6. Selection and Deployment of Competent Coaches. – It shall be the responsibility of the school administration to secure the services, of competent coaches. Teachers, including sports coordinator, trained in sports coaching are the priority in the selection of coaches.

Former outstanding athletes from among the parents or community residents may be tapped to serve as volunteer coaches in the sports where they excel and gained national or international recognition. Likewise, students and graduates of the Sports Track in the Senior High School (SHS) shall be tapped to provide assistance in the training of Sports Varsity Teams.

The Sports Varsity Teams may also serve as a venue for the practicum and/or immersion of students in the Sports Track.

SECTION 7. Recognition and Training of Coaches. – DepEd shall create a mechanism to provide incentives and/or recognition to volunteer coaches.

DepEd, in consultation with the Philippine Sports Commission, National Sports Associations, Philippine Olympic Committee and the private sector shall develop programs to train varsity coaches to become certified trainers based on international standards.

SECTION 8. Time and Frequency of Training. – The implementing school has the discretion to determine the time and frequency of training of the varsity teams, provided that the trainings are conducted after the regular class hours and shall not interfere with instructionally relevant activities pursuant to engaging students in learning the lessons of the curriculum.

SECTION 9. More Competition. – Aside from the calendar of regular sports competitions conducted by the DepED, private and public schools shall organize varsity match with neighboring schools. A league may be composed of public and private schools.

Furthermore, elementary and secondary school may partner with existing stadiums and sports centers in the community to host varsity matches.

SECTION 10. Equipment for Sports Varsity. – It shall be the responsibility of the school administration to secure the equipment necessary to sustain the training of sports varsity teams. Such equipment may be sourced from regular budget and extra-budgetary means such as donations from the community.

 The DepEd, in consultation with the Philippine Sports Commission, shall be responsible for maintaining a databank of standard facilities and equipment, their technical specifications, suppliers and indicative prices for every sport covered in international competitions.

SECTION 11. Performance Profiling of Student Athletes. – There shall be a school-based profiling of student athletes. In case of a student athlete's transfer to another school, it is the responsibility of his/her former coaches to transmit his/her athletic profile to the new school to ensure proper recognition and continuous training and development. The student athlete's profile shall show results of his/her previous competition/s and improvement in clocking in the case of measurable sports.

All elementary and secondary schools shall register and update their student athletes' profile from time to time.

SECTION 12. Registry of Student Athletes. – DepEd shall maintain a registry of student athletes and shall make this accessible to colleges and universities, Philippine Sports Commission, National Sports Associations, Philippine Olympic Committee and other private sport groups and organizations and shall be used solely for identification of potential inclusion to varsity teams in college and universities or in the case of the Philippine Sports Commission, selection of national athletes who can represent the Philippines in international sporting events.

SECTION 13. Incentives. – Recognitions and incentives shall be awarded to school coaches and school heads for their support to the organization/registration of their school varsity teams.

Teacher-coaches shall be given service credits and/or additional compensation or overtime pay for work performed in excess of eight (8) hours in accordance with law.

SECTION 14. Appropriation. – The funds necessary for the institutionalization of sports varsity teams, especially the provision of equipment, in elementary and secondary schools, shall come from the regular appropriation of DepEd.

1	SECTION 15. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – Within ninety
2	(90) days after the effectivity of this Act, the DepEd Secretary and the
3	Chairman of the Philippine Sports Commission, upon consultation with
4	relevant stakeholders, shall promulgate the rules and regulations needed for
5	the implementation of this Act.
6	
7	SECTION 16. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, executive orders,
8	rules, regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Act
9	are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
0	
.1	SECTION 17. Separability Clause. If, for any reason, any section or
2	provision of this bill is declared unconstitutional or invalid, other sections or
.3	provisions hereof shall remain in force.
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5	SECTION 18. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen days after
16	publication in a newspaper of general circulation.
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19	Adopted.
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SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Second Regular Session



SENATE

17 NOV 20 A10:31

P. S. RES. NO.545

RECEIVANDER

Introduced by Senator JOEL VILLANUEVA

RESOLUTION RECOGNIZING AND COMMENDING TERESITA SSEN "WINWYN" MARQUEZ FOR BEING CROWNED AS THE REINA HISPANOAMERICANA 2017

WHEREAS, Winwyn Marquez became the first Asian winner of Reina Hispanoamericana pageant last November 4, after she bested 26 candidates, during the coronation night in Sta. Cruz, Bolivia;

WHEREAS, The Reina Hispanoamericana pageant celebrates Hispanic heritage and culture. The Philippines is the first Asian country to join the pageant, having been a colony of Spain for more than three centuries;

WHEREAS, the 25-year old charmed her way to the crown despite having difficulty with the language and beautifully explained that "[I]anguage can be learned but the will and determination to contribute to the organization cannot. It has to come from the heart;"

WHEREAS, the Filipina beauty queen's positive and strong determination to fulfill her dream of winning the title is indeed a positive example and great inspiration to her countrymen, particularly the youth, that no dream is impossible as long as she puts her heart and mind to it;

RESOLVE BY THE SENATE, that the Senate of the Philippines recognizes and commends Teresita Ssen "Winwyn" Marquez on her victory at the 2017 Reina Hispanoamericana, and extends its warmest gratitude for bringing pride and glory to all Filipino citizens.

Adopted,

SENATOR OEL VILLANUEVA