

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE) REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) Second Regular Session)

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SENATE DECLUS	
COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 213	_
Submitted by the Committee on Economic AffairsDEC 1 2 2017 Re: Senate Bill No1636	
Recommending its approval in substitution of Senate Bill No. 1237	

Sponsor: Senator Sherwin T. Gatchalian

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committee on Economic Affairs, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 1237**, introduced by Senator Gatchalian, entitled:

"AN ACT REQUIRING PUBLIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENTITIES TO PROVIDE NATIONWIDE MOBILE NUMBER PORTABILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS"

has considered the same and has the honor to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that the attached bill, Senate Bill No. <u>1636</u> entitled:

"AN ACT REQUIRING PUBLIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENTITIES TO PROVIDE NATIONWIDE MOBILE NUMBER PORTABILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS"

be approved in substitution of Senate Bill No. 1237, with Senator Gatchalian as author thereof.

Respectfully submitted:

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SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE **REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES**

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SENATE BILL No. 1636

(In Substitution of Senate Bill No. 1237)

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Prepared and submitted by the Committee on Economic Affairs, with Senator Gatchalian as author thereof

AN ACT

REQUIRING PUBLIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENTITIES TO PROVIDE NATIONWIDE MOBILE NUMBER PORTABILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION. 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Lifetime 1 2 Cellphone Number Act."

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SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. - It is the declared policy of the State to 4 recognize the primary role of the private sector as engine of economic growth and 5 guarantees the right of individuals and private groups, including corporations, 6 to own, establish and operate economic enterprises. Along with this recognition, 7 the 1987 Constitution under its provisions on National Economy and Patrimony 8 states that the use of property bears a social function where all economic agents 9 shall contribute to the common good. The right of corporations to own, establish 10 and operate economic enterprises is therefore subject to the duty of the State to 11 intervene when the common good so demands - including the duty to regulate 12 the acquisition, ownership, use and disposition of private property through the 13 regulation or prohibition of monopolies and combinations in restraint of trade or 14 unfair competition. 15

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SEC. 3. Guiding Principles for Implementation. - This Act declares the 18 following as guiding principles:

The basic premise behind a nationwide mobile number portability system 19 a. is to promote competition between and among public telecommunications 20 entities by giving consumers the freedom to choose and to respond to quality, 21 price and other relevant considerations without changing their mobile numbers 22 whenever they change service providers. 23

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b. In addition to promoting consumer welfare, mobile number portability will
stimulate public telecommunications entities to provide consumers with the best
overall value that they can offer. It will also foster technological innovation that
will lead to even greater demand for telecommunications products and services
and lead to a virtuous cycle of economic growth.

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SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act:

8 a. *Donor Provider* refers to the public telecommunications entity to whose 9 network the mobile number belongs at the time the subscriber makes an 10 application for porting.

b. Mobile Number refers to the number series assigned by a public
telecommunications entity to its postpaid and/or prepaid subscribers.

Mobile Number Portability or MNP refers to the ability of a postpaid 13 с. subscriber who has no existing financial obligation to the Donor Provider arising 14 from a subscription contract under a postpaid plan, or a prepaid subscriber, to 15 either retain an existing mobile number when moving from one public 16 telecommunications entity to another, or to change subscription from postpaid 17 to prepaid or from prepaid to postpaid, without impairment of the standards of 18 19 quality, reliability or convenience prescribed by the National Telecommunications Commission. 20

d. Mobile Postpaid Subscriber refers to any person, natural or juridical, who
avails of the mobile telecommunications service under a prior arrangement with
a public telecommunications entity. The subscriber is billed after the fact,
according to the use of mobile services at the end of the monthly billing cycle.
e. Mobile Prepaid Subscriber refers to any person and a billing cycle.

Mobile Prepaid Subscriber refers to any person, natural or juridical, who 26 avails of the mobile telecommunications service from а public telecommunications entity by purchasing credit in advance of service use. The 27 purchased credit is used to pay for mobile phone services at the point the service 28 29 is accessed or consumed.

f. Porting Application refers to an application made by a mobile subscriber to
 the Recipient Provider to move a mobile number from the Donor Provider.

g. Porting Process refers to the process by which a subscriber moves a mobile
 number from a Donor Provider to a Recipient Provider. In no case shall the entire
 porting process take more than twenty-four (24) hours.

h. Public Telecommunications Entity or PTE refers to any duly enfranchised
 and authorized public telecommunications entity that offers voice, short

messaging system (SMS or text), mobile data, value added services (VAS) or any
other telecommunications services to the public for a fee.

i. Recipient Provider refers to the public telecommunications entity that will
be providing mobile telecommunications service to the subscriber after porting.
j. Subscriber refers to any person, natural or juridical, who avails of the
mobile telecommunications service from a public telecommunications entity.

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SEC. 5. Obligation of Public Telecommunications Entities to Provide 8 Mobile Number Portability; Limitation. - It shall be the obligation of every PTE 9 to provide nationwide MNP to all mobile subscribers, whether postpaid or 10 prepaid. In no case, under penalty of law as provided hereunder, shall the 11 benefits of MNP to a mobile subscriber who has decided to either switch from 12 one PTE to another, or to change subscription from postpaid to prepaid or from 13 prepaid to postpaid, be delayed, withheld, refused or otherwise not delivered by 14 more than twenty-four (24) hours from the time such mobile subscriber 15 completes his or her porting application. Provided, that a subscriber shall be 16 allowed to port the same number from one PTE to another only after the lapse of 17 sixty (60) days from the completion of the last porting process. 18

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SEC. 6. Obligation of Public Telecommunications Entities to Set Up 20 a Mechanism for Mobile Number Portability. - Every PTE shall, within six (6) 21 months from the promulgation of the implementing rules and regulations of this 22 Act, set up a mechanism for the purpose of implementing MNP. It shall 23 interconnect directly or indirectly with the infrastructure, facilities, systems or 24 equipment of other PTEs and not install network features, functions or 25 capabilities that will impede the implementation of a nationwide MNP system. It 26 shall also provide subscribers sufficient and relevant information on MNP 27 including, but not limited to, its features, the porting application requirements, 28 29 and the porting process.

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SEC. 7. *Obligation of the Recipient Provider.* – The Recipient Provider shall complete the porting process within a period of twenty-four (24) hours from the time of receipt of the mobile number porting application from the subscriber. Within such 24-hour period, it must transmit the mobile number porting application to the Donor Provider for the purpose of clearing the mobile number for porting. Upon notification that the mobile number has been cleared for porting, it shall immediately activate the subscriber's ported number under its
 network.

SEC. 8. *Obligation of the Donor Provider.* – The Donor Provider shall, within the same 24-hour period provided under Section 7 of this Act, clear the mobile number for porting. It shall however continue to provide all subscribed telecommunications services to the subscriber until the mobile number has been completely ported to the Recipient Provider. The porting process shall be deemed complete upon the subsequent activation of the mobile number under the network of the Recipient Provider.

If the mobile number sought to be ported has any pre-existing obligation arising from a subscription contract with the Donor Provider, such provider shall give the subscriber a period of not more than three (3) days from the time of receipt of the mobile number porting application to settle the outstanding obligation. Upon full payment, the Donor Provider shall immediately notify the Recipient Provider that the mobile number is cleared for porting.

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SEC. 9. Cost of Mobile Number Portability. – Every PTE shall provide
 mobile number portability to subscribers completely free of charge.

SEC. 10. *Privacy of Data.* – PTEs and other third party entities to whom mobile numbers, or other classes of personal information have been disclosed, shall maintain the confidentiality of the information obtained, and shall not monitor or disclose the contents of any usage transaction contained within the databases under its control, except to the extent necessary for the purpose of maintaining compliance with the provisions of this Act and its implementing rules and regulations.

The information gathered by PTEs and other third party entities under the provisions of this Act shall be subject to the provisions of Republic Act No. 10173, otherwise known as the Data Privacy Act of 2012, and its implementing rules and regulations.

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SEC. 11. Penalties. – For every failure to comply with, or for every
 instance of violation of any provision of this Act, the PTE shall pay a fine of not
 less than One Hundred Thousand Pesos (₽100,000.00) up to Three Hundred
 Thousand Pesos (₽300,000.00) for the first offense, and a fine of not less than
 Four Hundred Thousand Pesos (₽400,000.00) up to Six Hundred Thousand

Pesos (₽600,000.00) for the second offense. In case of a subsequent offense, the
 penalty shall be a fine of not less than Seven Hundred Thousand Pesos
 (₽700,000.00) up to One Million Pesos (₽1,000,000.00) and revocation of the
 PTE's franchise to operate.

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SEC. 12. Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR). - Within ninety 6 (90) days from the effectivity of this Act, the National Telecommunications 7 Commission, as the government entity mandated to implement nationwide MNP, 8 shall coordinate with the Department of Information and Communications 9 Technology, the National Privacy Commission, the Philippine Competition 10 Commission, and other concerned agencies, and promulgate rules and 11 regulations and other issuances as may be necessary to ensure the effective 12 13 implementation of this Act.

Within six (6) months from the promulgation of the rules and regulations,
the PTEs shall comply with the provisions of this Act and set up a mechanism
for the purpose of implementing nationwide MNP.

The rules and regulations shall provide an expeditious framework to 17 govern all relevant aspects of MNP including, but not limited to, the following 18 factors: 1) the most appropriate, efficient and cost-effective porting scheme to be 19 adopted; 2) the specific rights and obligations of mobile subscribers, the Donor 20 and Recipient Providers, and other parties to the porting process; 3) the 21 coordinated procedure to be followed by each party in processing a mobile 22 number porting application, including the specific time limits given to every party 23 to complete the required steps in the entire porting process which process shall, 24 in no case, exceed twenty-four (24) hours; and, 4) the measures to ensure the 25 least amount of disruption of service to the consumer when implementing mobile 26 27 number portability.

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SEC. 13. Separability Clause. – If any provision of this Act is held invalid
 or unconstitutional, the other provisions not affected thereby shall remain in full
 force and effect.

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33 SEC. 14. *Repealing Clause.* – All laws, decrees, executive orders, 34 proclamations, rules and regulations, and issuances, or parts thereof which are 35 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed, amended or 36 modified accordingly.

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1 **SEC. 15.** *Effectivity Clause.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days 2 after its publication in the *Official Gazette* or in at least two (2) newspapers of 3 general circulation.

Approved,

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