SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Third Regular Session



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SENATE

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Committee Report No. 427

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Submitted by the Committees on Public Services; and Women, Children, Family Relations and Gender Equality on $\underline{AUG~3~0~2018}$

Re: Senate Bill No. $\underline{1971}$ Prepared by the Committee upon recommendation of the Subcommittee on Special Protection for Child Passengers

Recommending its approval in substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 1447 and 1818, taking into consideration House Bill No. 6938.

Sponsor: Senator Joseph Victor G. Ejercito

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committees on Public Services; and Women, Children, Family Relations and Gender Equality, to which were referred **Senate Bill No. 1447**, introduced by Senators Joseph Victor Ejercito, Ralph Recto, Grace Poe, Joel Villanueva, Sherwin Gatchalian, Risa Hontiveros and Juan Edgardo Angara, entitled:

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE SPECIAL PROTECTION OF CHILD PASSENGERS IN MOTOR VEHICLES AND PROVIDING APPROPRIATIONS THEREOF

and

Senate Bill No. 1818, introduced by Maria Lourdes Nancy S. Binay, entitled:

AN ACT ENSURING THE SAFETY MEASURES FOR CHILDREN RIDING IN MOTOR VEHICLES taking into consideration **House Bill No. 6938** introduced by Reps. Velarde, Sarmiento, Robes, et. al., entitled:

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE SPECIAL PROTECTION OF CHILD PASSENGERS IN MOTOR VEHICLES

have considered the same and have the honor to report them back to the Senate with the recommendation that the attached Senate Bill No. $\underline{1971}$, prepared by the Committees entitled:

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE SPECIAL PROTECTION OF CHILD PASSENGERS IN MOTOR VEHICLES AND PROVIDING APPROPRIATIONS THEROF

be approved in substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 1447 and 1818, taking into consideration House Bill No. 6938, with Senators Ejercito, Recto, Poe, Villanueva, Gatchalian, Hontiveros, Angara, and Binay as authors thereof.

Respectfully submitted:

Chairpersons:

JOSEPH VICTOR G. EJERCITO

Chairperson, Subcommittee on Special Protection for Child Passengers Vice Chairperson, Committee on Public Services GRACE POE

thairperson, Committee on Public Services

RISA HONTIVEROS

Chairperson, Committee on Women, Children, Family Relations and Gender Equality

Members:

FRANCIS G. ESCUDERO

Vice Chairperson, Committee on Public Services LOREN B. LEGARDA

Committee on Public Services Committee on Women, Children, Family Relations and Gender Equality

PAOLO BENIGNO "BAM" AQUINO IV

Committee on Public Services

Committee on Women, Children,
Family Relations and Gender Equality

NTONÌO "SONNY" F. TRILLANES IV

Committee on Public Services

AQUILINO "KOKO" PIMENTEL III

Committee on Public Services

PANFILO M. LACSON

Committee on Public Services

RICHARD J. GORDON Committee on Public Services JOEL VILLANUEVA
Committee on Public Services

CYNTHIA A. VILLAR

Committee on Women, Children, Family Relations and Gender Equality **SONNY ANGARA**

Committee on Women, Children, Family Relations and Gender Equality

MARIA LOURDES NANCY S. BINAY

Committee on Women, Children, Family Relations and Gender Equality

Ex-Officio Members:

RAVPH'G RECTO President Pro-Tempore

JUAN MIGUEL F. ZUBIRI

Majority Floor Leader

FRANKLIN M. DRILON

Minority Floor Leader

HON. VICENTE C. SOTTO III Senate President Senate of the Philippines

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SENATE

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S.B. No. <u>1971</u>

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(In substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 1447 and 1818 taking into consideration House Bill No. 6938)

Prepared by the Committees on Public Services; and Women, Children, Family Relations and Gender Equality with Senators Ejercito, Recto, Poe, Villanueva, Gatchalian, Hontiveros, Angara, and Binay as authors thereof

AN ACT

PROVIDING FOR THE SPECIAL PROTECTION OF CHILD PASSENGERS IN MOTOR VEHICLES AND PROVIDING APPROPRIATIONS THEREOF

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled.

- Section 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as the "Child Safety in Motor Vehicles Act".
 - Sec. 2. Declaration of Policy. The State recognizes the right of children to assistance, including proper care, and special protection from all forms of neglect, abuse and other conditions prejudicial to their development. Pursuant to this, the State shall ensure the safety of children while being transported in any form of motor vehicle.
 - Toward this end, the State shall adopt measures to promote and protect the child's health and welfare, including access to safe, appropriate, quality and affordable child restraint system and other safety measures in preventing traffic-related deaths and injuries among infants and children.
 - Sec. 3. Definition of Terms. For purposes of this Act, the term:
 - a) Child refers to any person twelve (12) years old and below;
 - b) "Covered vehicle" refers to any private motor vehicle and public motor vehicles upon the determination of the Department of Transportation (DOTr) in accordance with Section 12 of this Act;

- c) "Motor vehicle" shall refer to both private and public motor vehicles. The term shall not include the tricycle and motorcycle;
- d) "Private motor vehicle" shall refer to any of the following:
 - Any motor vehicle owned by individuals and juridical persons for private use;
 - Any motor vehicle owned by the National Government or any of its agencies, instrumentalities or political subdivisions, including government-owned or controlled corporations or their subsidiaries for official use; and
 - 3) Any diplomatic vehicle.
- e) "Public motor vehicle" shall refer to public utility vehicle or vehicle for hire;
- f) "Driver" refers to the individual operating a motor vehicle;
- g) "Child Restraint System" refers to a device, approved in accordance with Section 6 of this Act, capable of accommodating a child occupant in a sitting or supine position. It is so designed as to diminish the risk of injury to the wearer, in the event of a collision or of abrupt deceleration of the vehicle, by limiting the mobility of the child's body.
- Sec. 4. Mandatory Use of Child Restraint System in privately-owned motor vehicles. It shall be unlawful for the driver of a covered vehicle not to properly secure at all times a child, in a child restraint system while transporting such child on any road, street or highway. The child restraint system shall be appropriate to the child's age, height and weight, and approved in accordance with Section 6 of this Act.

The requirements of this section shall not apply to circumstances where the child restraint system would put such child in a greater danger, such as:

- (1) During medical emergencies;
- (2) When the child transported has a medical or developmental condition; or
- (3) Other analogous circumstances prescribed in the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR).

Notwithstanding the child being secured in a child restraint system, at no instance shall such child be left unaccompanied by an adult in a motor vehicle.

Sec. 5. Children in Rear Seats. – No child twelve (12) years and below of age shall be allowed to sit in a front seat of a motor vehicle, unless the child is at least 150 centimeters or 59 inches in height and capable to properly fit in the regular seat belt in the front seat.

Sec. 6. Safety Standards for Child Restraint Systems. – The Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) shall use standards set forth in United Nations Regulation 44, and United Nations Regulation 129 in the approval or disapproval of child restraint systems that will be manufactured, sold, distributed and used in the Philippines. Such standards shall be periodically updated based on current United Nations Regulations concerning Child Restraint Systems.

All manufacturers, importers, distributors and sellers of child restraints systems are required to secure from the Bureau of Product Standards (BPS) a Philippine Standards (PS) mark license or Import Clearance Certificate (ICC) license prior to the marketing, sale and distribution of their products. The BPS shall issue periodically a list of child restraint systems manufacturers, importers and distributors, and the brands which pass its standards to be published in a newspaper of general circulation or in its website.

Sec. 7. Prohibition on the Marketing of substandard or expired Child Restraint Systems. It shall be unlawful for any person, company, partnership, sole proprietorship, manufacturer, distributor, and/or importer to manufacture, use, import, sell, distribute, donate, lease, advertise, promote, or otherwise market the use of substandard or expired child restraint system.

Sec. 8. *Penalties* – (a) Any driver in violation of Sections 4 and 5 of this Act shall be fined One Thousand Pesos (P1, 000.00) for first offense, Two Thousand Pesos (P2,000.00) for the second offense, Five Thousand Pesos (P5,000.00) and the suspension of the driver's license for a period of one (1) year for the third and succeeding offenses.

(b) Any manufacturer, distributor, importer, retailer, and seller who violates Section 6 of this Act shall be punished with a fine of not less than Ten thousand pesos (Php10,000.00) but not more than Twenty thousand pesos (Php20,000.00) for each and every child restraint system product manufactured, distributed, imported and/or sold without prejudice to other penalties imposed in Republic Act No. 7394 or the "Consumer Act of the Philippines.

(c) Any driver who allows the use of substandard and/or expired a child restraint system or permits the use of child restraint system that does not bear the PS mark or the ICC sticker and certificate shall be fined with One Thousand Pesos (P1,000.00) for the first offense, three thousand pesos (Php3,000.00) for the second offense, and Five thousand pesos (Php5,000.00) and the suspension of the driver's license for a period of one (1) year for the third and succeeding offenses.

(d) Tampering, alteration, forgery and imitation of the PS mark or the ICC stickers in the child restraint system shall be punished with a fine of not less than Ten thousand pesos (Php10,000.00) but not more than Twenty thousand pesos (Php20,000.00), for each and every child restraint system product, without prejudice to other penalties imposed in Republic Act No. 7394 or the "Consumer Act of the Philippines".

 Provided, That the DOTr is hereby empowered to increase or adjust the amounts of fines prescribed in this Section during the periodic review of this Act.

Sec. 9. Nationwide Public Information Campaign. — (a) The Department of Transportation (DOTr), the Philippine Information Agency (PIA), the Department of Health (DOH), the Department of Education (DepEd), and private agencies and organizations, shall undertake a regular nationwide Information, Education and Communication (IEC) campaign within six (6) months from the passage of this Act. The IEC campaign shall include information on the proper installation, use and maintenance of the child restraint system.

(b) The DOTr, may call upon the assistance of any government agency, including the Philippine National Police, and non-governmental organizations (NGOs) to extend their full support and cooperation for the implementation of this Act.

Sec. 10. *Certification Training Program*. The DOTr is hereby mandated to formulate and implement a certification training program for product inspectors, law enforcers, manufacturers, distributors, and sellers on the regulation, installation, use, maintenance, and inspection of child safety systems, as prescribed by the Implementing Rules and Regulations.

Sec. 11. Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) and Guidelines. The DOTr, in consultation with the DTI, DOH, Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG), Philippine National Police, Metro Manila Development Authority (MMDA), Council for Welfare of Children (CWC), and other concerned agencies, and stakeholders, shall promulgate the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) on child restraint systems within six (6) months from the effectivity date of this Act.

The implementing rules and regulations shall cover the following, but not limited to:

a. Motor vehicles covered under this Act;

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b. Standards and kinds of child restraint systems based on UN Regulation 44, UN Regulation 129 and/or subsequent UN Regulations;
c. Proper installation and positioning of the child restraint system in the

 vehicle;
d. Certification training program referred to in Section 10 for law enforcers, product inspectors, employees and agents of manufacturers, distributors, sellers and importers;

 Regulation of the manufacture, importation, and distribution of child restraint systems;

 f. Authorities responsible for the monitoring and evaluation of the implementation and compliance to the provisions of this Act; and

 g. Phases of implementation of this Act;

Sec. 12. Child Safety in Public Utility Vehicles. Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the DOTr from issuing rules and regulations requiring the use of child restraint systems in public motor vehicles such as, but not limited to jeepneys, buses, including school buses, taxis, vans, coasters, accredited/affiliated service vehicles of Transportation Network Companies, and all other motor vehicles used for public transport. The DOTr, after study, is mandated to adopt safety measures

and issue regulations for the safe and secure transportation of children in such vehicles in accordance with standards set forth in this Act. Provided, That the study shall be conducted within one (1) year from the effectivity of this Act.

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Sec. 13. *Review*. The DOTr shall conduct and submit to Congress a periodic review on the implementation of this Act at the end of the third year from the date of its effectivity and every year thereafter.

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Sec. 14. Appropriations. The initial amount necessary for the implementation of 9 this Act shall be charged against the current appropriation of the DOTr; 10 Provided, that fines and fees collected from the implementation of the Seatbelt 11 Law may be used to augment the initial funding requirement of this Act. 12 Provided further, That the fines and fees that may be collected in the 13 enforcement of this Act shall be used exclusively for its implementation. 14 Provided finally, that such sums as may be necessary for the continued 15 implementation of this Act shall be included in the annual General Appropriations 16

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Act.

Sec. 15. *Transitory clause.* – Mandatory compliance with the requirements of this Act shall be enforced only one (1) year after the effectivity of the Implementing Rules and Regulations of this Act.

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Sec. 16. *Separability Clause.* — If any provision, or part hereof, is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or provision is not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.

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Sec. 17. Repealing Clause. - Section 5 of Republic Act Number 8750, and all other laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations, issuances or parts thereof inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or amended accordingly.

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Sec. 18. *Effectivity.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

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35 Approved,