## SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC ) OF THE PHILIPPINES )

Third Regular Session

SENATE P. S. Res No. \_\_\_\_\_925

)

18 OCT 24 A11:00

Introduced by Senator Maria Lourdes Nancy S. Binay

### RESOLUTION

DIRECTING THE PROPER SENATE COMMITTEES TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, THE OVERSUPPLY OF TOMATOES THAT RESULTED TO THE DECREASE OF FARM GATE PRICES FROM FIFTY FIVE PESOS (P55) PER KILO TO FIVE PESOS (P5) PER KILO IN KALAYAAN, LAGUNA

WHEREAS, Article XII, Section 1 of the 1987 Philippine Constitution provides the State shall promote industrialization and full employment based on sound agricultural development and agrarian reform, through industries that make full and efficient use of human and natural resources, and which are competitive in both domestic and foreign markets. However, the State shall protect Filipino enterprises against unfair foreign competition and trade practices;

WHEREAS, the Department of Agriculture (DA) is mandated as the primary government agency responsible for the promotion of agricultural development by providing a framework, public investments, and support services needed for domestic and export-oriented business enterprises. It shall be concerned to improve farm income and generate work opportunities for farmers, fishermen and other rural workers. It shall encourage people's participation in agricultural development through sectoral representation in agricultural policy-making bodies so that the policies, plans and programs are formulated and executed to satisfy their needs. It shall also use a bottom-up self-reliant farm system approach that will emphasize social justice, equity, productivity and sustainability in the use of agricultural resources;

WHEREAS, an article from the Philippine Star, dated October 9, 2018, reported that the DA Director De Mesa admitted that there has been an oversupply of tomatoes for the past three months;

20	WHEREAS, the oversupply of tomatoes drove the farm gate prices down from
21	fifty five pesos (P55) per kilo to five pesos (P5) per kilo;
22	WHEREAS, an article from the Daily Tribune, dated October 10, 2018, reported
23	that Manila and Quezon City returned small-sized tomatoes among an oversupply from
24	other towns costing the farmers an estimated loss of 4 million pesos;
25	WHEREAS, traders from Manila refused to buy the tomatoes harvested by a
26	community of around forty (40) tomato farmers from Barangay San Antonio, Kalayaan,
27	Laguna;
28	WHEREAS, about 40 to 50 hectares of land are planted with tomatoes and the
29	production costs approximately two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000) per hectare;
30	WHEREAS, the oversupply forced the price down to only P100 per box of 21
31	kilo grams of tomatoes from P500 until traders had to refuse the excess.
32	WHEREAS, a Senate inquiry on the manner is necessary in order to review the
33	matter and come up with measures that will ease our farmers and ensure their income;
34	BE IT RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, to direct the proper Senate
35	Committees to conduct an inquiry, in aid of legislation, the oversupply of tomatoes
36	that resulted to the decrease of farm gate prices from fifty five pesos (P55) per kilo to

Adopted,

five pesos (P5) per kilo in Kalayaan, Laguna.

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MARIA LOURDES NANCY S. BINAY Senator

## SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Third Regular Session



18 OCT 24 A11:3

SENATE P. S. Res No. \_\_\_\_926

)

Introduced by Senator Maria Lourdes Nancy S. Binay

#### RESOLUTION

# DIRECTING THE PROPER SENATE COMMITTEES TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, ON THE REPORTED PROLIFERATION OF SCHOOL SUPPLIES LADEN WITH HIGH LEVELS OF LEAD IN THE COUNTRY

WHEREAS, school supplies containing lead were reported to be present in the Philippine market<sup>1</sup>;

WHEREAS, according to EcoWaste Coalition, of the eight school bags bought and analyzed, six were found to contain lead in the range of 679 to 3,588 parts per million (ppm)<sup>2</sup>;

WHEREAS, Lead is prohibited in the manufacture of school supplies as per DENR Administrative Order 2013-24, or the Chemical Control Order for Lead and Lead Compounds, which also bans the use of paints with lead content above 90 ppm in the production of toys and a wide array of children's products after December 31, 2016<sup>3</sup>;

WHEREAS, Health experts do agree that children are most susceptible to lead poisoning. Lead exposure early in life can have many and untreatable consequences, including reduced intelligence, shortened attention span, and behavioral issues such as anti-social and violent behavior<sup>4</sup>;

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Manila Bulletin News Website, Safety of school supplies eyed by EcoWaste Coalition, https://news.mb.com.ph/2018/05/21/safety-of-school-supplies-eyed-by-ecowaste-coalition/ <sup>2</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Philstar News Website, Keep children away from toxic lead, https://www.philstar.com/lifestyle/health-and-family/2017/10/23/1751680/keep-children-away-toxic-lead

WHEREAS, according to The World Health Organization (WHO), lead poisoning is preventable, yet the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation has estimated that, based on 2016 data, lead exposure accounted for 540 000 deaths and 13.9 million years lost to disability and death due to long-term health effects, with the highest burden in developing regions<sup>5</sup>;

WHEREAS, a particular concern is the role of lead exposure in the development of intellectual disability in children<sup>6</sup>;

WHEREAS, the Senate and other concerned agencies should ensure that school supplies tainted with lead and other hazardous chemicals do not reach the local market through a more vigilant monitoring of commercial activities and stringent testing of these products;

BE IT RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, to direct the proper Senate committees to conduct an inquiry, in aid of legislation, on the reported proliferation of school supplies laden with high levels of lead in the country.

Adopted,

MARIA LOURDES NANCY S. BINAY
Senator

World Health Organization Website, International lead poisoning prevention week of action, http://www.who.int/ipcs/lead\_campaign/objectives/en/