SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
Third Regular Session	j



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SENATE

COMMITTEE REPORT NO
Submitted by the Committees on Social Justice, Welfare and Rural Development; Economic Affairs; and Finance on
Re: Senate Bill No. 2117

Recommending its approval in substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 12, 33, 65, 310, 687, 1806 and 2016, taking into consideration Proposed Senate Resolution Nos. 123, 150, 192, 298, 844, 850 and House Bill No. 7773.

Sponsor: Senator Leila M. de Lima

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committees on Social Justice, Welfare and Rural Development; Economic Affairs; and Finance to which were referred **Senate Bill No. 12**, introduced by Senator Franklin M. Drilon, entitled:

"AN ACT

INSTITUTIONALIZING THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM TO ADDRESS POVERTY AND PROMOTE HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT"

Senate Bill No. 33, introduced by Senator Loren B. Legarda, entitled:

"AN ACT

TO REDUCE CHRONIC POVERTY AND PROMOTE HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE COUNTRY THROUGH THE INSTITUTIONALIZATION OF THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4PS)"

Senate Bill No. 65, introduced by Senators Ralph G. Recto and Joel Villanueva, entitled:

"AN ACT

INSTITUTIONALIZING A CONDITIONAL CASH TRANSFER PROGRAM, PROVIDING FOR THE AUTOMATIC INDEXATION OF CASH GRANTS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES"

Senate Bill No. 310, introduced by Senator Juan Edgardo "Sonny" M. Angara, entitled:

"AN ACT

INSTITUTIONALIZING THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4 PS) TO REDUCE POVERTY AND PROMOTE HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT"

Senate Bill No. 687, introduced by Senator Paolo Benigno "Bam" Aquino IV, entitled:

"AN ACT

INSTITUTIONALIZING THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM"

Senate Bill No. 1806, introduced by Senator Risa Hontiveros, entitled:

"AN ACT

INSTITUTIONALIZING THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4PS) TO REDUCE POVERTY AND PROMOTE HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR"

Senate Bill No. 2016, introduced by Senator Leila M. de Lima, entitled:

"AN ACT

INSTITUTIONALIZING THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4PS) AS A HUMAN CAPITAL INVESTMENT AND POVERTY REDUCTION PROGRAM"

taking into consideration **Proposed Senate Resolution No. 123**, introduced by Senator Joseph Victor G. Ejercito, entitled:

"RESOLUTION

URGING THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL JUSTICE, WELFARE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, ON THE IMPLEMENTATION AND ECONOMIC EFFECTS OF THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4PS) WITH THE END IN VIEW OF REVIEWING, AMENDING OR REVISING THE CURRENTLY POVERTY ALLEVIATION PROGRAMS AND POLICIES OF THE GOVERNMENT"

Proposed Senate Resolution No. 150, introduced by Senator Sherwin T. Gatchalian, entitled:

"RESOLUTION

DIRECTING THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC AFFAIRS TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, INTO THE IMPACT TO THE ECONOMY OF THE CONDITIONAL CASH TRANSFER PROGRAM, THROUGH THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4PS), BY GENERATING EMPIRICAL DATA TO SHOW THAT THE GOVERNMENTS EXPANSIVE INVESTMENTS ON EDUCATION

AND HEALTH HAVE HAD AN IMPACT ON THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND INCOME INEQUALITY, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING DIRECTION TO FUTURE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT POLICY AND APPROPRIATION"

Proposed Senate Resolution No. 192, introduced by Senator Cynthia A. Villar, entitled:

"RESOLUTION

URGING THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL JUSTICE, WELFARE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, ON THE IMPLEMENTATION AND ECONOMIC EFFECTS OF THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4PS) WITH THE END IN VIEW OF REVIEWING, AMENDING AND IMPROVING THE PROGRAM TO EFFECTIVELY BRING ABOUT THE LIFTING OF THE BENEFICIARIES OUT OF POVERTY"

Proposed Senate Resolution No. 298, introduced by Senator Cynthia A. Villar, entitled:

"RESOLUTION

DIRECTING THE APPROPRIATE SENATE COMMITTEE TO INQUIRE AND REVIEW, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, THE 4-PS CASH FOR RICE SUBSIDY PROGRAM OF DSWD"

Proposed Senate Resolution No. 844, introduced by Senator Maria Lourdes Nancy S. Binay, entitled:

"RESOLUTION

DIRECTING THE PROPER SENATE COMMITTEES TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, ON THE UNCLAIMED P1.3
BILLION CASH GRANTS UNDER THE CONDITIONAL CASH TRANSFER PROGRAM"

Proposed Senate Resolution No. 850, introduced by Senator Leila M. de Lima, entitled:

"RESOLUTION

URGING THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL JUSTICE, WELFARE
AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF
LEGISLATION, ON THE P 1.323 BILLION
UNUTILIZED/UNWITHDRAWN AMOUNT OF THE PANTAWID
PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4PS) REVEALED IN THE 2017
COMMISSION ON AUDIT (COA) REPORT"

House Bill No. 7773, introduced by Representatives Rozzano Rufino B. Biazon, Romero Quimbo, Emmeline Aglipay-Villar, Linabelle Ruth R. Villarica, Rosenda Ann Ocampo, et. al, entitled:

"AN ACT

INSTITUTIONALIZING THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4PS) TO REDUCE POVERTY AND PROMOTE HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR"

have considered the same and have the honor to report it back to the Senate with recommendation that the attached Senate Bill No. 2117 prepared by the Committee, entitled:

"AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4Ps)"

be approved in substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 12, 33, 65, 310, 687, 1806 and 2016, taking into consideration Proposed Senate Resolution Nos. 123, 150, 192, 298, 844, 850 and House Bill No. 7773 with Senators Drilon, Legarda, Recto, Villanueva, Angara, Aquino, Hontiveros, De Lima, Ejercito, Gatchalian, Villar, and Binay as authors thereof.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED:

Chairpersons

LOREN B. LEGARDA

Chairperson, Committee on Finance

Chairperson, Committee on Social Justice, Welfare and Rural

Development

SHERWIN GATCHALIAN

Chairperson, Committee on Economic **Affairs**

Member, Committee on Social Justice. Welfare and Rural Development Member, Committee on Finance

Vice-Chairpersons

SONNY M. ANGARA

Vice-Chairperson, Committee on

Finance

BINAY

Vice-Chairperson, Committee on Social

Justice, Welfare and Rural

Development

Member, Committee on Finance

Member, Committee on Economic

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Vice-Chairperson, Committee on

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TRILLANES IV

Vice Chairperson, Committee on Social

Justice, Welfare and Rural

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JOSEPH VICTOR G. EJERCITO

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PANFILO "PING" M. LACSON Vice-Chairperson, Committee on Finance

CYNTHIA A. VILLAR

Vice-Chairperson, Committee on Finance Member, Committee on Social Justice, Welfare and Rural Development

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Vice-Chairperson, Committee on
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Members

FRANCIS "CHIZ" G. ESCUDERO

Member, Committee on Finance Member, Committee on Economic Affairs AQUILINO "KOKO" PIMENTEL III

Member, Committee on Social Justice,
Welfare and Rural Development

Member, Committee on Finance

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Affairs

RICHARD J. GORDON

Member, Committee on Finance Member, Committee on Economic Affairs GREGORIO B. HONASAN II

RISA HONTIVEROS

Member, Committee on Finance

Member, Committee on Finance

day propose amendments.

FRANCIS "KIKO" PANGILINAN

Member, Committee on Finance Member, Committee on Economic Affairs

GRACE L. POE

Member, Committee on Finance

Ex-Officio Members

JUAN MIGUEL "MIGZ" F. ZUBIRI

Majority Leader

FRANKLIN M. DRILON

Minority Leader

RAIPH G RECTO President Pro-Tempore

HON. VICENTE C. SOTTO III

President

Senate of the Philippines

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
Third Regular Session)

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SENATE

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s. No. 2117

(In substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 12, 33, 65, 310, 687, 1806 and 2016, taking into consideration Proposed Senate Resolution Nos. 123, 150, 192, 298, 844, 850 and House Bill No. 7773)

Prepared by the Committees on Social Justice, Welfare and Rural Development; Economic Affairs; and Finance with Senators Drilon, Legarda, Recto, Villanueva, Angara, Aquino, Hontiveros, De Lima, Ejercito, Gatchalian, Villar, and Binay as authors

AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING THE PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM (4Ps)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- SECTION. 1. **Short Title.** This Act shall be known as the "Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps) Act".
 - Sec. 2. **Declaration of Policies.** The State shall promote a just and dynamic social order thereby uplifting its citizens and marginalized sectors from poverty through policies that provide adequate social services, promote full employment, a rising standard of living, and an improved quality of life for all.
 - The State recognizes the need to foster social justice as provided for in Article XIII of the 1987 Constitution, as follows:
 - (a) The Congress shall give highest priority to the enactment of measures that protect and enhance the right of all the people to human dignity, reduce social, economic, and political inequalities, and remove cultural inequities by equitably diffusing wealth and political power for the common good;

(b) The promotion of social justice shall include the commitment to create economic opportunities based on freedom of initiative and self-reliance.

Towards this end, the State shall establish programs that invest and harness our country's human capital and improvement of delivery of basic services to the poor, particularly education, health and nutrition, which is an intervention anticipated to break the intergenerational cycle of poverty.

- (c) Break the intergenerational cycle of poverty through investment in human capital and improved delivery of basic services to the poor, particularly education, health, nutrition, and early childhood care and development;
 - (d) Promote gender equality and empowerment of women and children's rights;
- (e) Achieve universal primary education;
 - (f) Reduce child mortality and malnutrition;
- (g) Improve maternal health; and

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- (h) Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all.
- Sec. 3. **Definition of Terms.** As used in this Act, the following terms are defined, as follows:
 - a) Authorized Government Depository Banks refers to banking institutions accredited and managed by government which is also categorized as Government-Owned and Controlled Corporation (GOCC) or Government Financial Institution:
 - b) Case Management refers to a process used by the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) to enable the household-beneficiaries to improve their functioning by dealing with their difficulties specifically in complying with the terms of the program;
 - c) Compliance Verification refers to the checking and monitoring undertaken to ensure that the qualified household-beneficiaries comply with conditions for entitlement set forth by the Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps);
 - d) Conditional Cash Grant refers to the amount received by the qualified household-beneficiaries who comply with the conditions for entitlement;
 - e) *Grantee* refers to the most responsible adult member of the qualified household-beneficiary authorized to receive the conditional cash transfer;

f) Grievance Redress System refers to the mechanism of the DSWD which addresses and resolves issues and concerns related to the implementation of the Program;

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- g) Health Facility refers to a barangay health station, rural health unit, barangay health center, infirmary or hospital;
- h) Institutionalization refers to making the Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps) an added function of the DSWD and a regular program funded from its annual appropriation;
 - i) Poor refers to households whose income falls below the poverty threshold as defined by the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) and cannot afford in a sustained manner to provide their minimum basic needs of food, health, education, housing and other essential amenities of life;
 - j) Preventive Health Check Up refers to health and nutrition services comprising of complete immunization, deworming, growth and development monitoring, management of childhood diseases; malnutrition, and services for pregnant, lactating and post-partum women;
 - k) Qualified Household-Beneficiaries refers to household identified by the DSWD for entitlement of the monthly conditional cash grant;
 - Responsible Person refers to the parent or guardian in the qualified householdbeneficiary;
 - m) Standardized Targeting System refers to a system for identifying who and where the poor households are through the generation of socio-economic database of poor households that is adopted by national government agencies and implemented by the DSWD; and
 - n) Sustainable Livelihood Program is a livelihood and capability building program managed by the DSWD for the poor, vulnerable and marginalized families and individuals to help improve their socio-economic conditions. The one-time livelihood assistance is in the form of microenterprise development (MD) and employment facilitation (EF). The MD track provides microenterprise interventions to the poor or savings generation. On the other hand, the EF track provides interventions that facilitates employment.
- Sec. 4. *The Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps)*. The Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps) is the national poverty reduction strategy

and a human capital investment program that provides conditional cash transfer to poor households for a maximum period of seven (7) years, to improve the health, nutrition and education aspect of their lives. The National Advisory Council may recommend a longer period under exceptional circumstances.

- Sec. 5. **Selection of Qualified Household-Beneficiaries.** On a nation-wide basis, the DSWD shall select qualified household-beneficiaries of the 4Ps using a standardized targeting system. It shall conduct a regular revalidation of beneficiary targeting every three (3) years.
- Sec. 6. *Eligible Beneficiaries*. To be eligible for the cash grants, households or families must meet the following criteria:
- a) Those classified as poor and near-poor based on the Standardized Targeting System and the poverty threshold issued by the PSA at the time of selection; or those vulnerable households or families living under the circumstance associated with poverty such as those in the informal settler sector, homeless families, indigenous peoples, and those in geographically isolated and disadvantaged areas;
- b) Those household or families which, at the time of registration into the program, have members who are aged 0 to 18 years old or have members who are pregnant; and
 - c) Those who are willing to comply with the conditions specified by this Act.
- Sec. 7. **Local Verification Committee.** A Local Verification Committee shall be created in every municipality or city composed of two (2) local government unit representatives, a health worker from the barangay, a representative of a DSWD-accredited civil society organization, and a representative designated by the Department of Education (DepEd).
- The Committee shall be tasked to ensure that the initial list of beneficiaries satisfies the eligibility requirements set forth under this Act.
- Sec. 8. **Conditional Cash Transfer to Beneficiaries.** The Advisory Council shall determine the amount of Conditional Cash Transfer to Beneficiaries with the following schemes:
 - a) Conditional Cash transfer grant per child enrolled in Day care and elementary programs shall not be lower than Three Hundred Pesos (₱300) per month per child for a maximum of ten (10) months per year;

b) Conditional Cash transfer grant per child enrolled in junior high school shall not be lower than Five Hundred Pesos (₱500) per month per child for a maximum of ten (10) months per year;

- c) Conditional Cash transfer grant per child enrolled in Senior high school shall not be lower than Seven Hundred Pesos (₱700) per month per child for a maximum of ten (10) months per year; and
- d) Health and nutrition grant shall not be lower than Seven Hundred Fifty Pesos (\$\P\$750) per month for a maximum of twelve (12) months per year.

The education grant is given to a maximum of three (3) children per household/family, aged 3 to 18 years old, per month within the school year.

The health/nutrition grant component aims to promote healthy practices and family development, improve the health nutritional status of pregnant and post-partum mothers, infants and young children, and increase the use of health services by the household beneficiary. The health grant is a fixed amount and does not depend on the number of members in the household.

Sec. 9. Coverage in the National Health Insurance Program (NHIP).

- All beneficiaries of 4Ps as identified by the standardized targeting system to be qualified household-beneficiaries of the 4Ps shall automatically be covered in the NHIP. The necessary funding for their coverage shall be sourced from revenue generated pursuant to Republic Act. No. 10351, otherwise known as the "Sin Tax Reform Act of 2012".
- Sec. 10. *Mode of Cash Transfer*. The DSWD shall provide beneficiaries with direct and secured access to cash grants through any number of Authorized Government Depository Banks (AGDBs). For localities not adequately served by an AGDB, the DSWD may, by itself or through an AGDB, contract the services of rural banks, thrift banks, cooperative banks, and institutions engaged in money remittances duly accredited by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP).
- Sec. 11. **Periodic Assessment.** The amounts indicated in Sec. 8 shall be made available to the qualified household-beneficiaries during the first three (3) years of the implementation of this Act. Reasonable adjustments may thereafter be made by the President, if necessary, upon recommendation by the National Advisory Council (NAC). The NAC shall ensure that the grant rates are sufficient to make a positive

impact on the health, nutrition and education of the beneficiaries and are timely received and spent by the beneficiaries.

Sec. 12. *Conditions for Entitlement.* – All qualified household-beneficiaries shall comply with all of the following conditions as a requirement for continued program eligibility:

- a) Pregnant women must avail of pre-natal services, give birth in a health facility attended by a skilled health professional, and receive post-partum care and post-natal care for her new born;
- b) Children zero (o) to five (5) years old must receive regular preventive health and nutrition services including check-ups and vaccinations;
- c) Children one (1) to fourteen (14) years old must avail of de-worming pills at least twice a year;
- d) Children three (3) to four (4) years old must attend day care or preschool classes at least eighty-five percent (85%) of the time;
- e) Children five (5) to eighteen (18) years old must attend elementary or secondary classes at least eighty-five percent (85%) of the time; and
- f) At least one (1) responsible person must attend family development sessions conducted by the DSWD, at least once a month;

Sec. 13. *Non-Compliance with Conditions*. – The responsible person of a reported qualified household-beneficiary who fails to comply with conditions set forth in Sec. 13 of this Act shall at first be notified in writing and the payment of cash grants will immediately be terminated. After four (4) months of non-compliance, the household-beneficiary shall be subject to case management process of DSWD.

Should the qualified household-beneficiary so notified persist in not complying with the conditions within a period of one (1) year since the day of receipt of the written notification, the household beneficiary shall be removed from the program.

Sec. 14. *Livelihood interventions*. – Qualified household beneficiaries may avail of the modalities and interventions under DSWD's Sustainable Livelihood program or other appropriate or similar programs offered by other government agencies or accredited private institutions.

The	household	beneficiary	may	also	opt	to	also	avail	the	employment
facilitation	provided b	y the SLP	or oth	ner e	mplo	yme	ent p	rogran	ns of	f appropriate
government agencies implementing the same.										

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Sec. 15. *Lead Agency*. – The DSWD shall serve as the central planning, coordinating, implementing and monitoring body of the program.

In the implementation of this Act, the DSWD shall perform the following functions:

- a) Select and use an appropriate, effective and cost-efficient method to identify and select qualified household-beneficiaries;
- b) Identify and select the target household-beneficiaries on the basis of a uniform, objective and transparent selection process as indicated in Section 5 of this Act;
- c) Coordinate with different national and local government agencies, including organizations from the private sector to ensure full implementation of statutory commitments herein;
- d) Set up participatory monitoring and evaluation systems and methodologies on compliance of conditions, implementation of operations, and output and impact assessments. It shall also coordinate with the NAC and with the Independent Monitoring Committee at the national and local levels, to verify compliance on a monthly basis, using the monitoring and evaluation systems designed for the purpose;
- e) Recommend to the NAC measures and policies for the responsive delivery of the commitments under this Act;
- f) Identify the coverage of the 4Ps program based on the standardized Targeting System;
- g) Provide the seminar-workshops and training programs to educate qualified household-beneficiaries about the conditions and other actions pertinent to this Act;
- h) Organize a session on Entrepreneurship and Disaster preparedness and risk reduction or arrange a community development activity in the qualified household-beneficiaries' respective barangay or municipality or city whichever is available annually;

 Submit an annual report to Congress on all aspects of its operations, financial status and other relevant data;

- j) Formulate implementing rules and guidelines for the enforcement of this Act; and
- k) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or incidental to the proper implementation of the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 16. *Advisory Council*. – An Advisory Council shall be created at the city or municipal, provincial, regional and national levels to be headed by the DSWD.

All advisory councils, from the level of city or municipal and provincial advisory council to the NAC, shall have representatives from the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Department of Health (DOH), Department of Education (DepEd). The city, municipal, and provincial advisory councils shall have, as an additional member, a local government representative.

The regional advisory councils and NAC shall have, as additional members, representatives from the Department of Budget and Management (DBM), Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG). Department of Agriculture (DA), Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE), Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), Department of Finance (DOF), National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA), Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth), Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA). The regional advisory councils shall also have, as additional members, two (2) representatives from accredited NGOs working or monitoring social welfare service programs.

The NAC shall have, as additional members, representatives from the National Anti-Poverty Commission (NAPC), National Commission on Indigenous Peoples (NCIP), Philippine Commission on Women (PCW), Council for the Welfare of Children (CWC), National Nutrition Council (NNC), Population Commission (PopCom), Presidential Commission for the Urban Poor (PCUP) and two (2) representatives from accredited NGOs working or monitoring social welfare service programs.

The Advisory Councils shall have the following functions:

 a) Meet regularly to promote coordination across agencies to enhance the implementation of the program and jointly address and resolve program implementation issues;

- b) Recommend to the President measures and policies for the responsive delivery of the commitments under this Act and integration with the general poverty reduction strategy of Government;
- c) Promulgate a grievance redress system and the necessary rules to be observed by the grievance committee established by this Act; and
- d) Review the monitoring and assessment reports of the independent monitoring committee and submit necessary policy recommendations to congress to improve and strengthen the program, if necessary.
- Sec. 17. *Grievance Committee*. A Grievance Committee shall be constituted at the local, regional, and national levels. This committee is tasked to accept complaints and grievances pertaining to the features of 4Ps program that may arise within their respective territorial jurisdictions. The DSWD shall designate focal persons in the city or municipality, provincial and national levels to investigate any complaints related to the implementation of this Act.
- Sec. 18. *Independent Monitoring Committee*. An Independent Monitoring Committee shall be created at the regional, and national levels, composed of representatives from the private sector and civil society organizations (CSOs) to complement the monitoring activities of the DSWD and provide feedback for appropriate action. It shall submit a report on the results of its monitoring activities relative to the implementation of the program to the respective regional advisory councils and the NAC.
- Sec. 19. **Regular Monitoring.** The DSWD shall monitor the implementation of the program and report its status at least once every three (3) years in order to ensure the attainment of the goals enumerated in Section 2 of this Act to the House of Representatives and the Senate of the Philippines.
- Sec. 20. *Report of the Program.* The DSWD shall annually publish a full report of the 4Ps covering the implementation of the previous fiscal year. The said report shall include financial disclosures, number of households included in the 4Ps, and recommendations to the Advisory Council, the President and to both chambers of

Congress on how to further enhance it. This report shall be submitted to Congress before the submission of the President's Budget Message.

Sec. 21 Convergence of Programs and Services. – Within the framework of a national poverty alleviation strategy and a holistic social protection program, the various agencies of government implementing multi-stakeholder programs and services for the poor shall guarantee that the same complement and converge seamlessly with the aim of ensuring that the targeted household-beneficiaries are alleviated from poverty and remain non-poor even after the prescribed maximum period for the conditional cash grant. Further, such convergence shall focus on the enhancement of operational efficiency and strengthening of inter-agency partnership. The government shall monitor the performance of these agencies to ensure the sustainability and positive impact of its pro-poor programs.

Sec. 22. **Program Transparency**. – The DSWD shall regularly and timely post and update on its website a report of financial disclosures and information about beneficiaries based on geographical area, social, economic and cultural circumstances.

Sec. 23. **Joint Congressional Oversight Committee**. – Upon the effectivity of this Act, a Congressional Oversight Committee, hereafter referred to as the 4Ps Oversight Committee is hereby constituted. This Committee shall set the overall framework to review the implementation of this Act. It shall likewise determine inherent weaknesses in the law and recommend necessary remedial legislation or executive measures.

The 4Ps Oversight Committee shall be composed of fourteen (14) members with the chairpersons of the Committee on Poverty Alleviation of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Social Justice, Welfare and Rural Development of the Senate as Co-Chairpersons; and six (6) members from each House, to be designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Senate President, respectively.

For purposes of determining remedial legislation, the 4Ps Oversight Committee shall, within three (3) years after the effectively of this Act, conduct a sunset review which shall include a systematic evaluation of the impact of this Act, accomplishments of the program, and the performance of its implementing agencies.

Sec. 24. *Appropriations*. – The amount necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act shall be charged against those authorized in the current and subsequent General Appropriations Act.

Sec. 25. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within six (6) months from the effectivity of this Act, the Secretary of the DSWD shall, in coordination with appropriate government departments and agencies with the participation of the local government units, promulgate the necessary rules and regulations to carry out provisions of this Act.

Sec. 26. **Penalties.** – Any person, whether or not acting in conspiracy with public officials, who, by act or omission, inserts or allows the insertion of data or false information, or who diverts from what ought to be contained in the registry, with the view of altering the fact, or aiding in the grant of the money to persons other that the qualified household-beneficiaries, shall be penalized with imprisonment of not less than one (1) month but not more one (1) year, or a fine of not less than Ten thousand pesos (\$\P\$10,000) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos (\$\P\$100,000) or both imprisonment and fine, at the discretion of the court. If the offender is a public official, he or she shall be penalized with temporary disqualification. Administrative sanctions shall be imposed without prejudice to prosecution in the proper courts.

Sec. 27. **Separability Clause.** – Should any provision of this Act be found unconstitutional by a court of law, such provision shall be severed from the remainder of this Act, and such action shall not affect the enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Act.

Sec. 28. **Repealing Clause.** – All laws, decrees, letters of instruction, resolutions, orders or parts thereof which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.

Sec. 29. *Effectivity Clause*. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) newspapers of general circulation in the Philippines.

Approved,