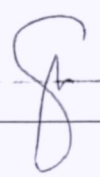


EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC )  
OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
First Regular Session )

RECEIVED  
NOV 27 1979

SENATE  
S.B. NO. 1210

NOV 27 P4:58

RECEIVED  


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Introduced by SENATOR LACSON

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AN ACT  
STRENGTHENING THE PRACTICE OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING IN  
THE PHILIPPINES AND INSTITUTING HIGHER STANDARDS OF  
REGULATION IN THE LICENSING AND REGISTRATION OF ELECTRICAL  
ENGINEERING PRACTITIONERS

EXPLANATORY NOTE

For many Filipinos, life would grind to a halt without lights, charged gadgets, TV sets, refrigerators, and microwave ovens. Homes, hospitals, and offices are reliant on electricity and, on a grand scale, our country's macroeconomic growth and development is dependent on the effective and safe transmission of energy throughout industries and our communities.

It is apparent that the chain from power generation to electrical installation needs to be supported, monitored, and held up to rigorous standards of quality and reliability. While a current regulatory framework is in place for electrical practitioners in the country, elevating the standards of the profession and ensuring that our Filipino electrical practitioners can build a promising career in the Philippines.

With the Philippine Electric Engineering Bill, we hope to enhance learning, licensing, testing, and practicing in the field of electrical engineering.

This proposal also endeavors to bridge the gap between education and employment by strengthening the relationship between the academe and the industry to make certain that our graduates are well equipped for the jobs available in the market.

This Bill intends to reaffirm the value of our Filipino electrical practitioners by empowering them with education and skills development at par with global standards and assuring them of a fulfilling career.

This proposal introduces the following improvements:

1. A Declaration of Policy

2. Wider Definition of Terms Used as Reference in Regulating the Practice of the Electrical Profession, the proposed new law manifests more comprehensive definition of terms surrounding the profession.
3. More Substantive Provisions on the Field of Practice of Responsible Character, which refers to the high level of experience, confidence and a sound understanding of accountability over the practitioner's work whether design, execution or implementation of projects or operation and maintenance, as guaranteed safe to lives and the preservation of properties to include the responsibility over the safety and well-being of the personnel under the practitioner's supervision.
4. Clear Mandate on "Who are Authorized to Practice" the Electrical Profession.
5. Clear Mandate on 'Who Are Authorized to Teach' Electrical Engineering Courses in Colleges & Universities.
6. The Much Wider Employability of Registered Master Electricians (RME) and Registered Electrical Engineers (REE) as embodied in the Provision for 'Minimum Complement of Licensed Practitioners' in Power Plants, Industrial Plants, Transmission/ Distribution Systems, Commercial Complexes & Construction Projects.
7. The Institutionalization of the Philippine Electrical Code (PEC) & Philippine-Recognized International Standards as Foundations for Quality Electrical Practices that are Committed to Public Safety, Preservation of Lives & Properties.
8. The Institutionalization of Employing Registered Master Electricians (RME) and Registered Electrical Engineers (REE) in Government Units for the enforcement of the law considering that it will ultimately redound to the safety of lives and preservation of properties.
9. The Institutionalization of Continuing Professional Development (CPD) amongst Electrical Practitioners to Ensure Lifelong Technology Advancement & Personal Capabilities.
10. The Institutionalization of a 'Culture of Quality Services' amongst Electrical Practitioners in the Fields of Design, Installation, Operation & Maintenance.
11. New Provisions for Foreigner – Practitioners Authorized to Practice in the Country.
12. More Substance in the Licensure Examinations to Ensure a Pool of Quality Licensed Electrical Professionals.
13. New Provisions on the Responsibility & Accountability of Electrical Practitioners over their Work, and the Imposition of Penal Provisions to Violators of this Law to Include Violations by Impostors of the Profession.
14. Provision to give opportunity to TESDA graduates to take the Registered Master Electricians (RME) licensure examination.

15. Provision that is aligned with the K-12 program of the Government wherein graduates have the opportunity to become a Registered Master Electricians (RME).

16. The level of License Grades is Intended for Filipino Electrical Practitioners to become comparable globally.

In view of the foregoing, the approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

  
**Panfilo M. Lacson**  
Senator



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ENGINEERING PRACTITIONERS

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:*

ARTICLE I

TITLE AND DEFINITION OF TERMS

1           **SECTION 1. *Short Title.*** — This Act shall be known as the “Electrical Engineering  
2 Act.”

3  
4           **SEC. 2. *Declaration of Policy.*** — The State recognizes the importance of electrical  
5 practitioners in nation-building. Towards this end, the State fosters, develops and nurtures  
6 a pool of proficient and quality electrical engineering practitioners whose standards of  
7 practice shall be outstanding, honorable and globally competitive. The State shall provide  
8 rational regulatory measures that are responsive to the growing needs of the electrical  
9 engineering profession considering the advances in technology and globalization.

10  
11           **SEC. 3. *Definition of Terms.*** — As used in this Act:

12           a) *Electrical Engineering* refers to the profession of the art and science of  
13 conceptualizing, planning, designing and creating *Electrical Systems* to include but not  
14 limited to the operation and maintenance of equipment and machinery, electrical processes  
15 of all types of buildings, commercial complexes, factories or industrial plants, electric  
16 plants, electric locomotives, watercrafts; construction and commissioning of electrical  
17 projects, manufacturing and distribution of electrical products, teaching electrical subjects;



1 and other related facilities or processes, in accordance with the principles of safety and  
2 reliability.

3 *b) Practice of Electrical Engineering* refers to the professional act in responsible  
4 character of performing electrical engineering services in the form of:

5 *1) Electrical Consultancy Service* in the form of authoritative assessments,  
6 investigation, examination, appraisal of electrical system designs or existing systems,  
7 specifications and construction processes; providing oral or written advice and direction  
8 on technical issues; decisions and recommendation or evaluation on technical audits,  
9 in-depth system analyses; and other services requiring expert electrical engineering  
10 knowledge, engineering calculations, and application of engineering data and  
11 principles;

12 *2) Professional Design Service* refers to the preparation of electrical plans,  
13 calculations, designs, studies, specifications and estimates for electrical systems as:  
14 generating plants including conventional and renewable, transmission and distribution  
15 systems, power substations, electrical equipment and machinery, network system  
16 protection, switchboards and switchgears; electrical systems of dwellings or residences,  
17 buildings, facilities, industrial plants and factories, industrial parks, commercial  
18 complexes, mining operations, airports, seaports, economic zones, watercrafts, electric  
19 locomotives, and other related electrical works, processes or projects;

20 *Professional Design Service* encompasses the performance of the processes in  
21 the creation or production of:

- 22 (i) schematic or conceptual design phase,
- 23 (ii) design development phase,
- 24 (iii) procurement specifications and tender documents,
- 25 (iv) construction planning details,
- 26 (v) consultancy services in actual construction as owner's representative;

27 to include the preparation of preliminary, technical, economic and financial studies of  
28 a project; preparation of electrical work performance parameters, materials and  
29 equipment specifications, scopes of work, technical terms of reference, bill of  
30 materials, cost estimates, bidding and tender documents; construction and project  
31 management, providing responsible direction or management over the construction,  
32 erection, expansion, demolition, renovation, remodeling, alteration, restoration of all  
33 *electrical systems* as defined in this Act;

34 *3) Management, supervision or taking charge of the construction, erection,*  
35 *installation, alteration, testing and commissioning of projects involving all kinds of*  
36 *electrical systems.*

1           4) Management, supervision or taking charge of the tending, operation,  
2 maintenance and control of electrical systems of electric power plants, grid systems,  
3 switchyards, transmission and distribution systems, network protection and  
4 monitoring systems, electric utilities, watercrafts, electric locomotives, factories and  
5 industrial complexes, commercial buildings, government buildings, institutional  
6 buildings, health care facilities, airports and seaports and all other facilities involving  
7 electrical processes;

8           5) Management, supervision or taking charge of the manufacture, fabrication,  
9 repair, testing and commissioning of electrical components, equipment and devices  
10 including switchgears, switchboards, control-gears, transformers, generators, electric  
11 motors, controllers, appliances, lighting fixtures, apparatuses and other related  
12 processes;

13           6) Management, supervision or taking charge of the sale, supply and  
14 distribution of electrical equipment including industrial equipment and its control  
15 systems, controllers and devices, power electronics, industrial robotics,  
16 instrumentation and automation; and other related equipment or components  
17 requiring application of electrical engineering data and principles, interpretation of  
18 technical specifications of electrical products;

19           7) Teaching of basic and professional electrical engineering subjects in  
20 government-recognized engineering schools including allied sciences, the Electrical  
21 Engineering Law, the Philippine Electrical Code and International Electrical  
22 Standards and their applications into the electrical industry;

23           8) Employment in national, provincial or local government units/agencies or in  
24 government-owned and controlled corporations, government financial institutions as  
25 a Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer or Registered  
26 Master Electrician if the nature and character of his work is in line with the profession  
27 requiring knowledge and expertise of electrical engineering.

28           c) *Electrical Practice of Responsible Character* – refers to the high level of experience,  
29 confidence and a sound understanding of accountability over the practitioner’s work  
30 whether design, execution or implementation of projects or operation and maintenance, as  
31 guaranteed safe to lives and the preservation of properties to include the responsibility over  
32 the safety and well-being of the personnel under the practitioner’s supervision.

33           d) *Authorized Electrical Engineering Practitioner* refers to a person professionally and  
34 academically qualified, registered and licensed to practice electrical engineering as defined  
35 in this Act, with a Certificate of Registration by the Professional Regulatory Board of  
36 Electrical Engineering and a valid professional identification card issued by the



1 Professional Regulations Commission as Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered  
2 Electrical Engineer or Registered Master Electrician.

3 e) *Consulting Electrical Engineer* refers to a highly-experienced, academically  
4 qualified, recognized by a professional organization, licensed and authorized Professional  
5 Electrical Engineer, with outstanding proficiency in specialized fields of Electrical  
6 Engineering, provides expert Consultancy services as defined in this Act;

7 f) *Electrical System Designer* refers to the authorized Professional Electrical Engineer  
8 having a Service Agreement with a Client as defined in this Act, who is directly responsible  
9 for the authorship of plans and designs of the Electrical System of a Project-on-Record  
10 with the Office of the Building Official and who shall assume the civil liability for the  
11 plans, specifications and contract documents bearing his signature and seal;

12 g) *Electrical Practitioner-In-Charge* refers to the authorized Electrical Engineering  
13 Practitioner registered and licensed to practice Electrical Engineering, who is directly  
14 responsible for the supervision or taking charge of the operation, tending and maintenance  
15 of electric plants, electric power transmission and distribution systems, substations and  
16 switching stations, industrial plants and complexes, commercial buildings and complexes,  
17 electric locomotives and watercrafts, and other facilities involving electrical systems  
18 subject to limitations as defined in this Act;

19 h) *Electrical Project-In-Charge* refers to the authorized Electrical Engineering  
20 Practitioner registered and licensed to practice Electrical Engineering, who is directly and  
21 professionally responsible in the supervision of electrical construction in faithful  
22 compliance of the design plans-on-record of a Project-on-Record with the Office of the  
23 Building Official (OBO), and who shall be liable and accountable for the civil liability over  
24 the quality workmanship of the installation process;

25 i) *Electrical System* refers to a facility or structure or process composing of an  
26 arrangement of sets, arrays or assemblage of electrical machinery, equipment, devices;  
27 interconnected, interdependent and integrated in combination with each other that are  
28 configured to carry out an electrical function or operation such as generating, supplying,  
29 transmitting, distributing, conveying, or transforming power in providing or utilizing  
30 electric energy services.

31 For purposes of this Act, electrical systems cover the following:

32 (i) Electrical System for Dwellings and Residences – includes service entrance  
33 conductors, service equipment, feeders and sub-feeders, distribution panelboards,  
34 circuit conductors, grounding conductors, utilization devices, appliances, lighting  
35 fixtures, wirings and accessories, branch circuit protection, back-up generating



1 facilities and control system; and other related system components within a dwelling or  
2 residence;

3 (ii) Electrical Systems of Buildings and Commercial Complexes – includes the  
4 customer-owned and operated primary substations, vaults, power centers or secondary  
5 substations, on-site generation facilities, distribution switchgears, switchboards,  
6 distribution boards; interconnections with other buildings within a complex; feeders,  
7 sub-feeders, system protection, motor control centers, control centers, power factor  
8 compensation equipment, metering and sub-metering, grounding systems, lightning  
9 protection, indoor and outdoor lighting and illumination; uninterrupted power supplies,  
10 programmable logic controllers, building electronic/electrical control systems;  
11 electrical processes for: ventilating and air-conditioning systems, personnel  
12 conveyance systems, materials conveying systems; power supply, distribution boards,  
13 power panels and branch circuits for communication, telecommunications, telephone,  
14 fire alarms, building management systems, in-building direct current (DC) systems and  
15 other facilities involving electrical processes;

16 (iii) Electrical Systems of Factories and Industrial Complexes – includes the  
17 customer-owned and operated primary substations, vaults, secondary substations or  
18 power centers, on-site generation facilities, control and data acquisition centers,  
19 distribution switchgears, switchboards, distribution centers, control centers, feeders,  
20 sub-feeders, system protection, lighting and illumination, electrical sub-systems for  
21 ventilating and air-conditioning, personnel conveyance systems, materials handling and  
22 conveying systems; interconnections with other buildings or plants within a complex,  
23 grounding systems, lightning protection systems; electrical sub-systems for process  
24 equipment and machineries to include but not limited to: uninterrupted power supplies,  
25 programmable controllers, industrial electronic/electrical control systems,  
26 instrumentation and automation systems, power electronics and industrial robotics;  
27 distribution boards, power panels, panelboards and branch circuits for communication,  
28 telecommunications, telephone, fire alarm, inter-building management systems, and  
29 other facilities involving electrical processes;

30 (iv) Electrical Systems of Power Plants – includes the array or assemblage of  
31 power generators (conventional and renewable), their control systems and protection,  
32 take-off substations, power centers, supervisory control and data acquisition centers,  
33 distribution switchgears, switchboards, in-plant direct current (DC) systems, power  
34 circuit breakers, motors and motor control centers, interconnections with other power  
35 plants, or with the grid, short circuit abatement systems, system protection,  
36 interconnection to auxiliaries, grounding systems, lightning protection systems;



1 industrial electronics control systems, instrumentation and automation systems,  
2 distribution boards, sub-systems for lighting and illumination, ventilating and air-  
3 conditioning, materials handling and conveying systems; distribution boards and  
4 branch circuits for communication, telephone, fire alarm, building management  
5 systems, and other facilities involving electrical systems;

6 (v) Power Transmission System – refers to an electrical process so arranged,  
7 schemed and functioning to carry out the conveyance and delivery of bulk power over  
8 short, medium or long spans of distances through a series of structure arrangement of  
9 towers, or steel poles with assemblages of high voltage (HV), extra high voltage (EHV),  
10 and high voltage direct current transmission (HVDC), electrical equipment that include  
11 but not limited to power substations, switching, or power factor compensating stations;  
12 all containing power switches, disconnects, circuit breakers, transformers, regulators,  
13 power capacitors, short-circuit current abatement equipment, direct current (DC)  
14 systems, switchgears, switchboards, control systems, supervisory control and data  
15 acquisition centers; with power lines installed whether overhead, underground or  
16 underwater; in alternating or direct current form, auxiliaries and accessories inter-  
17 connected, interdependent and in combination with each other;

18 (vi) Power Distribution System - refers to an electrical process so arranged,  
19 schemed and functioning to carry out delivery of power over short or medium spans of  
20 distances near or at the load centers through a series of structure arrangement of steel,  
21 concrete or wooden poles, with assemblages of medium (MV) or low voltage (LV)  
22 equipment and components that include but not limited to power substations all  
23 containing power switches, disconnects, power centers, circuit breakers, power  
24 transformers, regulators, power factor compensation equipment, direct current (DC)  
25 systems, short-circuit current abatement equipment, control systems, supervisory  
26 control and data acquisition centers, feeders, sub-feeders, distribution centers; with  
27 power lines whether installed overhead, underground or underwater; auxiliaries and  
28 accessories inter-connected, interdependent and in combination with each other;

29 (vii) Electrical Systems for Watercrafts - includes electric propulsion system,  
30 power generators and their control systems and protection, supervisory control and data  
31 acquisition centers, distribution switchgears, switchboards, direct current (DC)  
32 systems, power circuit breakers, motors and motor control centers, system protection,  
33 interconnection to auxiliaries, grounding systems, lightning protection systems,  
34 instrumentation and automation systems, distribution boards, sub-systems for lighting  
35 and illumination, ventilating and air-conditioning, electric cranes, materials handling  
36 and conveying systems; panelboards and branch circuits for communication, telephone,



1 fire alarm, building management systems, and other facilities involving electrical  
2 systems within the watercraft;

3 (viii) Electrical Systems for Electric Locomotives - includes power generators and  
4 their control systems and protection, supervisory control and data acquisition centers,  
5 distribution switchgears, switchboards, direct current (DC) systems, power circuit  
6 breakers, motors and motor control centers, system protection, interconnection to  
7 auxiliaries, grounding systems, lightning protection systems, instrumentation and  
8 automation systems, distribution boards, sub-systems for lighting and illumination,  
9 ventilating and air-conditioning, electric cranes, materials handling and conveying  
10 systems; panelboards and branch circuits for communication, telephone, fire alarm,  
11 building management systems, and other facilities involving electrical systems within  
12 the electric locomotive;

13 j) *Electrical System Design* refers to the professional design service of  
14 conceptualizing, creating and developing plans and designs for electrical systems involving  
15 engineering calculations to include the choice of system configurations: fault and load flow  
16 analysis, sizing, arc flash, harmonics and voltage drop. It includes selection and  
17 specifications of equipment, system protection and grounding systems, detailing of the  
18 requirements for control systems, protective device discrimination and other related  
19 processes in accordance with Philippine-recognized Codes and Standards applied into the  
20 design of *Electrical Systems*.

21 k) *Service Agreement* means a duly notarized written contract or equivalent public  
22 instrument stipulating the scope of services of an electrical work or project to be rendered  
23 by the authorized electrical engineering practitioner for a client, guaranteeing  
24 compensation of such services.

25 l) *Electrical Works or Projects* refers to the development of engineering plans,  
26 drawings and designs or the actual construction, installation, erection and execution of  
27 electrical projects in progress, testing and commissioning to include alteration and  
28 expansion of power and electrical systems and other electrical structures.

29 m) *Electrical Equipment or Machinery* includes all power equipment and  
30 components such as electric generators (conventional and renewable), power substations,  
31 transmission and distribution system equipment and accessories, control centers, electric  
32 drive motors and control systems, power electronics, industrial robotics and automation  
33 systems to include industrial programmable controllers, as accessories for generators,  
34 furnaces, heat exchangers, manufacturing processes, materials handling processes, heating,  
35 air-conditioning, ventilating, and refrigeration systems, pollution abatement and  
36 environmental control system, pressure vessels, printing machines, electrical equipment of



1 all kinds of mills, mining operations, shops, factories, shipyards, drydocks, electric  
2 locomotives and other systems or processes utilizing electrical power whether installed on  
3 land, underground, or on board watercrafts;

4 n) *Electric supply equipment* refers to any equipment which produces, modifies,  
5 regulates, or controls the supply of electric power to include but not limited to generators,  
6 transformers, voltage regulators, uninterruptible power supply equipment, and the like;

7 o) *Utilization Equipment* refers to power-consuming equipment as motors, heaters,  
8 furnaces, light sources and other devices which use electric power for any productive  
9 purposes;

10 p) *Electric Power Plant* refers to an industrial facility or establishment for the  
11 production of electric power comprised of a system of generators, ancillary and auxiliary  
12 equipment and machines altogether interconnected, interdependent and in combination  
13 with each other for generation, conversion or modification of energy derived from steam,  
14 internal combustion engines, pumping stations, compressed gas, hydraulic, geothermal,  
15 dendro-thermal, nuclear, ocean thermal energy, biomass, waste heat, wind, gas, water, solar  
16 heat, ocean waves and tides, and other energy sources. An electric power plant is also  
17 referred to as power station, generating station, power plant, electric plant, powerhouse or  
18 generating plant;

19 q) *Industrial Plant or Factory or Manufacturing Plant* refers to an industrial building,  
20 facility or establishment containing production-processing equipment and machines where  
21 discrete and continuous goods or products are manufactured to include but not limited to  
22 mineral processing plants, machine shops, shipyards, drydocks and other related industries;

23 r) *Industrial Complex* refers to a cluster of several inter-connected industrial plants or  
24 factories producing several different goods or products under common ownership, control  
25 or general management;

26 s) *Electrical Equipment Manufacturing Plant* refers to an industrial plant engaged in  
27 designing, fabrication, manufacturing and production of electrical products as  
28 transformers, motors, generator, switchgears, switchboards, control-gears, control panels,  
29 power panels, panelboards other related engineered products;

30 t) *Commercial Establishment* refers to a an edifice or building or structure that is used  
31 for business or commercial purposes that includes office buildings, hotels, condominiums,  
32 restaurants, resorts, entertainment centers, parking buildings, warehouses, retail stores,  
33 department stores, specialty shops, shopping malls, markets, supermarkets, theaters,  
34 stadiums, convention centers, airports, seaports and the like;

1 u) *Commercial Complex* refers to a cluster of several inter-related commercial  
2 establishments for business or commercial use under common ownership or general  
3 management;

4 v) *Institutional Buildings* refer to school buildings, libraries, hospitals, churches,  
5 religious buildings, museums, cultural centers, government buildings and the like;

6 w) *Capacity of Industrial Plant, Commercial Establishment, Process Work or*  
7 *Project* refers to the rated capacity in Kilovolt-Amperes (kVA) or Megavolt-Amperes  
8 (MVA) of electrical works or projects, or industrial or commercial establishments for the  
9 purpose of this Act shall be the Total Kilovolt-Ampere (kVA) or Total Megavolt-Ampere  
10 (MVA) rating of all generators and transformers installed for use as electric supply  
11 equipment in such works, projects or plants, or establishments whether in operation or not,  
12 and without regard to the connected loads requiring power from power sources;

13 x) *Capacity of Electric Power Plant* refers to the aggregate or total rated capacity in  
14 Kilovolt-Amperes (kVA) or Megavolt-Amperes (MVA) of all generators within the plant  
15 to include the capacities of transformer tie-ups with other power sources that are owned,  
16 operated and controlled by the plant which are installed whether in operation or not;

17 y) *Power Grid or Grid* refers to the interconnected network of synchronized power  
18 plants or power providers through a maze of transmission, sub-transmission, distribution  
19 systems, manned or unmanned switching stations and substations carrying power from near  
20 or distant sources to wholesale demand load centers and is controlled and operated by one  
21 or more system operation control centers;

22 z) *Grid System Operation and Control* refers to the round-the-clock management,  
23 supervision, monitoring, data acquisition and operational control over the processes of  
24 power grids, substations, generator control stations and load dispatch centers ensuring real  
25 time moment-to-moment power balance, load flow transactions, load scheduling and  
26 dispatching in facilitating inter-player transactions, while maintaining the security and  
27 stability of the interconnected systems therein;

28 aa) *Distribution System Operation and Control* refers to the round-the-clock  
29 supervision, data acquisition, monitoring and operational control over the distribution  
30 processes of a distribution utility involving manned or unmanned substations and load  
31 dispatch centers ensuring real time moment-to-moment power balance, load flow  
32 transactions, load scheduling and power delivery;

33 bb) *Substation* refers to a room, or a building, or an outdoor structure containing  
34 a combination of power switches, disconnects, circuit breakers, power transformers, power  
35 rectifiers and inverters, voltage regulators, system protection devices, power factor  
36 compensation equipment, short-circuit current abatement equipment, switchgears, control-



1 gears, metering equipment and other related equipment interconnected with each other to  
2 alternating or direct current power lines so arranged, schemed and functioning to transform,  
3 modify, regulate and/or control the supply of electric energy;

4 cc) *System Nominal Voltage* or *Voltage* is the highest effective potential  
5 difference between any two conductors of the circuit concerned expressed in volts. For the  
6 purpose of this Act, "System Nominal Voltage" shall refer to the Philippine-recognized  
7 standard voltage levels.

8 dd) *kVA* or *MVA* refers to the capacity of an electric plant or ratings of supply  
9 equipment expressed in kilovolt-amperes or megavolt-amperes. *kVA* or *MVA* is also  
10 referred to as the connected load of industrial plants, commercial edifices and other  
11 establishments expressed in kilovolt-amperes or megavolt-amperes;

12 ee) *kW* or *MW* refers to the capacity of an electric plant or ratings of supply  
13 equipment expressed in kilowatts or mega watts. *kW* or *MW* is also referred to as the  
14 connected load of industrial plants, commercial edifices, institutional buildings, watercrafts  
15 and other establishments expressed in kilowatts or megawatts;

16 ff) *Watercraft* refers to any waterborne units which is designed and built to have  
17 an electric propulsion, electric generating plant and a distribution system;

18 gg) *Electric Locomotive* refers to the power plant and distribution system  
19 mounted on wheels as used in rail transportation industry and industrial locomotive  
20 operation;

21 hh) *Unsafe Installation* refers to all new and existing installations which are in  
22 violation or non-compliant with the provisions of the latest edition of the Philippine  
23 Electrical Code and other Philippine recognized International Standards;

24 ii) *Unsafe Design* refers to all new and existing plans and designs which are in  
25 violation or non-compliant with the provisions of the latest edition of the Philippine  
26 Electrical Code and other Philippine recognized International Standards;

27 jj) *Philippine Electrical Code* - As recognized by this Act, the Philippine  
28 Electrical Code sets forth the minimum requirements and standards that constitute the  
29 framework as a legal criteria of safe electrical design, trustworthy installations and the  
30 appropriate equipment installed within industrial and commercial establishments, public  
31 and private buildings, including mobile homes and recreational vehicles, floating  
32 buildings, watercrafts, locomotives and other structures aimed at safeguarding persons and  
33 buildings and their contents from the hazards arising from the use of electricity for light,  
34 heat, power, and for other purposes;

35 kk) *Electrical Plans* refers to the documents illustrating the interpretation of the  
36 electrical system as designed, through a structure of symbols, drawings and diagrams that



1 gives a clear description of sizes, ratings, configurations and other relevant identification  
2 to every part and components of the system according to the norms set forth by the  
3 Philippine Electrical Code and other Philippine-recognized Standards in a form of hard  
4 prints used for reference in construction, operation and maintenance;

5 *Electrical plans* duly signed, stamped or sealed, as instruments of service, are the  
6 intellectual properties and documents of the author who is the Electrical Design  
7 Engineer-of-Record with the Office of the Building Official, whether the purpose for  
8 which they are made is executed or not.

9 ll) *As-built Plans or As-built Drawings* refers to a revised set or sets of plans or  
10 drawings that are documented during or upon completion of a project or a particular job.  
11 As final set of documents, they reflect all the changes that had been made to the original  
12 construction drawings including notes, modifications, and any other information in the  
13 specifications and working drawings during the construction process, and where the exact  
14 dimensions, geometry, and location of all elements of the works completed are shown as  
15 of the specific date of the update;

16 mm) *Office of the Building Official (OBO)* refers to the office forming part of the  
17 local government unit (LGU) but under the administrative control of the appropriate  
18 government agency whose primarily role is to oversee the full implementation of the  
19 National Building Code and its Revised Implementing Rules and Regulations, to include  
20 various Referral Codes and all other relevant laws;

21 nn) *Certified Electrical System Inspector* refers to a Registered Master  
22 Electrician, or Registered Electrical Engineer or a Professional Electrical Engineer  
23 authorized to practice in this Act, who is officially employed by a Local Government Unit  
24 or under Service-Contract such as: city, municipality, province or of any government office  
25 in-charge of the enforcement of laws, ordinances or regulations on public safety relating to  
26 the construction, approval of electrical permits for buildings or for any other purposes who  
27 is trained, qualified and certified to conduct inspection, checking, assessment, identify fire  
28 hazards arising from the installations and physical review over the electrical system or  
29 process as it proceeds under different stages of construction, to make sure that the  
30 materials, methods, workmanships and implementation are in compliance with approved  
31 plans and designs and to make sure that the Philippine Electrical Code requirements and  
32 other Philippine-recognized International Standards are complied with;

33 oo) *Certified Electrical Plans Examiner* refers to a Registered Electrical  
34 Engineer or a Professional Electrical Engineer authorized to practice in this Act, officially  
35 employed by a Local Government Unit or under Service-Contract such as: city,  
36 municipality, province or of any government offices in-charge of the enforcement of laws,

1 ordinances or regulations on public safety relating to the construction, approval of electrical  
2 permits for buildings or for any other purposes; and who is trained, qualified and certified  
3 to assess and corroborate electrical plans, verify calculations, identify violations to  
4 standards, identify alteration needs, organize comments lists for plans and specifications  
5 identified as potential safety failures; processes and recommends approval of electrical  
6 permits, and to make sure that the Philippine Electrical Code and other related standards  
7 whether local, national or other Philippine-recognized International Standards are  
8 complied with;

9 pp) *Distribution Utility* or *DU* refers to an electric cooperative, or a private  
10 corporation, or government-owned utility or a local government unit that has a franchise  
11 to operate an electric distribution system;

12 qq) *Electric Cooperative or EC* refers to a cooperative or corporation authorized  
13 to provide electric services pursuant to Presidential Decree No. 269;

14 rr) *Electrical Firm* refers to a partnership or corporation composed of authorized  
15 Electrical Engineering Practitioners duly registered with proper government agencies with  
16 business permits as professional services providers and who are authorized to collectively  
17 render electrical engineering services;

18 ss) *Continuing Professional Development (CPD)* refers to a sustaining and  
19 progressive Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) driven learning program or  
20 process that maintains, enhances, or increases the knowledge and continuing ability of  
21 electrical engineers;

## 22 23 **ARTICLE II**

### 24 **BOARD OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

25  
26 **SEC. 4. *Composition of the Board.*** – The Board of Electrical Engineering, hereinafter  
27 referred to as the Board, shall be created as a collegial body under the general supervision  
28 and administrative control of the Professional Regulations Commission (PRC). The Board  
29 shall be composed of a chairperson and two (2) members to be appointed by the President  
30 of the Philippines from among the recommendees of the Commissioner of the PRC,  
31 hereinafter referred to as the Commissioner. The recommendees of the PRC shall be  
32 chosen from the nominees of the integrated and accredited association of electrical  
33 engineers.

34  
35 **SEC. 5. *Powers and Duties of the Board.*** – The Board shall exercise executive,  
36 administrative, quasi-legislative, or quasi-judicial powers in carrying out the provisions of



1 this Act. It shall be vested with the following specific powers, functions, duties and  
2 responsibilities:

3 a) Supervise and regulate the practice of electrical engineering in the  
4 Philippines;

5 b) Determine and evaluate the qualifications of the applicants for registration  
6 with or without licensure examinations and for special permits;

7 c) Prepare the examination questions in accordance with the Scope of  
8 Examinations under this Act; prescribe the syllabi of the subjects and their relative weights  
9 for the licensure examinations; formulate or adopt test questions and deposit them in a test  
10 question bank; draw the test questions at random through process of computerization;  
11 conduct the examination; correct and rate the examination papers manually or through  
12 process of computerization; and submit the examination results to the Professional  
13 Regulations Commission (PRC) within the period provided for by the rules of the  
14 Commission;

15 d) Prescribe, amend or revise the requirements for professional electrical  
16 engineers and subjects in the licensure examination for registered electrical engineers,  
17 registered master electricians and their relative weights, subject to the approval of the PRC;

18 e) Register successful applicants for professional electrical engineers and  
19 applicants who have passed the licensure examinations for registered electrical engineers  
20 or registered master electricians and issue the corresponding certificates of registration and  
21 professional licenses;

22 f) Issue special permits to individual foreign electrical engineers for specific  
23 projects and for a specific duration of time;

24 g) Establish guidelines, qualification or examination requirements, processes or  
25 procedures in collaboration and consultation with the PRC accredited electrical  
26 professional organization in the issuance of special certifications to Electrical Plans  
27 Examiners, Electrical Systems Inspectors and conferment to other fields of specialization  
28 as embodied in this Act;

29 h) Look into the conditions affecting the practice of the electrical engineering  
30 profession, adopt measures for the enhancement of the profession and the maintenance of  
31 high professional, technical, and ethical standards and conduct ocular inspection of places  
32 where registrants practice their profession, such as, but not limited to: electric plants,  
33 substations, switching stations, industrial plants or factories, commercial establishments,  
34 airports, seaports, institutional buildings, watercrafts, electric locomotives, engineering  
35 offices, Office of the Building Officials (OBO), repair shops, electrical projects undergoing  
36 construction and similar places to determine and enforce compliance with this Act. The



- 1 Board shall authorize the duly integrated and accredited electrical engineering association  
2 to render assistance in this function;
- 3 i) Promulgate rules and regulations including a code of ethics, administrative  
4 policies, orders and issuances to carry out the provisions of this Act;
- 5 j) Investigate violations of the Act and the rules and regulations, code of ethics,  
6 administrative policies, orders and issuances promulgated by the Board. The rules on  
7 administrative investigation promulgated by the PRC shall govern in such investigation
- 8 k) Issue *subpoena* or *subpoena duces tecum*, to secure the attendance of  
9 respondents or witnesses or the production of documents at and relative to the investigation  
10 conducted by the Board;
- 11 l) Delegate the investigation of the case to the chairperson, a member of the  
12 Board or a PRC attorney. If the case concerns strictly the practice of the profession, the  
13 investigation shall be presided by the chairman or a member of the Board with the  
14 assistance of a PRC attorney;
- 15 m) Render decision, order or resolution on preliminary investigation or inquiry,  
16 on undocketed cases and on docketed administrative cases against examinees or registrants  
17 which shall become final and executory unless appealed with the PRC within fifteen (15)  
18 days from receipt of the copy thereof. The decision of the PRC may be appealed to the  
19 Court of Appeals in accordance with the procedure provided in the Rules of Court;
- 20 n) After due notice and hearing, cancel examination papers and bar any  
21 examinee from future examination; refuse or defer his registration; reprimand the registrant  
22 with stern warning; suspend him from the practice of his profession; revoke his certificate  
23 of registration; delist his name from the roll of professional electrical engineers, registered  
24 electrical engineers and registered master electricians for continuous non-payment of  
25 annual registration fees and non-compliance with the Continuing Professional  
26 Development (CPD) requirements; reinstate or reenroll his name in the said roll, reissue or  
27 return his certificate of registration. A decision of suspension, revocation of the certificate  
28 of registration, or delisting from the roll by the Board as provided herein, may be appealed  
29 initially to the PRC within fifteen (15) days from receipt thereof. The decision of the PRC  
30 may be appealed to the Court of Appeals in accordance with the procedure provided in the  
31 Rules of Court;
- 32 o) Administer oaths in connection with the administration, implementation, or  
33 enforcement of this Act;
- 34 p) Submit an annual report on the proceedings and accomplishments during  
35 the year and on recommendations of the Board to the PRC after the close of each fiscal  
36 year;

1           q)       Prosecute or institute criminal action against any violator of the Act or the  
2 rules and regulations of the Board;

3           r)       Adopt an official seal;

4           s)       Coordinate with the PRC and the Commission on Higher Education  
5 (CHED) in prescribing, amending or revising the courses;

6           t)       Prescribe programs, guidelines and criteria on the Continuing Professional  
7 Development program (CPD) for professional electrical engineers, registered electrical  
8 engineers and registered master electricians and renew their professional licenses after  
9 compliance with the CPD requirement;

10          u)       Perform such other functions and duties as may be necessary to implement  
11 effectively this Act. The policies, resolutions, rules and regulations, orders or decisions  
12 issued or promulgated by the Board shall be subject to the review and approval by the PRC;  
13 however, the Board's decisions, resolutions or orders which are not interlocutory, rendered  
14 in an administrative case, shall be subject to review only if on appeal.

15  
16           **SEC. 6. *Qualifications of Board Members.*** - Each Board member must, at the time  
17 of his appointment:

18          a)       Be a natural-born Filipino citizen and a resident of the Philippines for at least  
19 ten (10) consecutive years;

20          b)       Be at least forty (40) years of age, of proven integrity with high moral values  
21 in his personal as well as his professional conduct;

22          c)       Be a person with no final conviction by the court of an offense involving  
23 moral turpitude;

24          d)       Be a holder of the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering  
25 (BSEE) from a university, school, college, academy or institute duly constituted,  
26 recognized and accredited by the Philippine government;

27          e)       Be a professional electrical engineer for ten (10) years prior to his  
28 appointment with a valid certificate of registration and a valid PRC identification card;

29          f)       Have practiced electrical engineering for a period of not less than fifteen (15)  
30 years prior to his appointment, with a sworn statement as such;

31          g)       Not be an official nor a member of the faculty of, nor have a pecuniary  
32 interest in, any university, college, school or institution conferring a bachelor's degree in  
33 electrical engineering for at least three (3) years prior to his appointment, and is not  
34 connected with a review center or with any group or association where review classes or  
35 lectures in preparation for the licensure examinations are offered or conducted at the time  
36 of his appointment.



1           h)    Have an expertise in any two (2) or more of the following major electrical  
2 engineering fields as:

- 3                   1) Operation and Maintenance of Power Plants
- 4                   2) Operation and Maintenance of Utility Electrical Systems
- 5                   3) Operation and Maintenance of Industrial Plants
- 6                   4) Electrical Engineering Technical Services
- 7                   5) Planning, Designing and Construction of Electrical Systems
- 8                   6) Power Systems Consultancy Services
- 9                   7) Teaching of Professional Electrical Engineering Subjects

10           i)    Have a record of service with the accredited and recognized electrical  
11 engineering association as an officer for a period of at least five (5) years.

12  
13           **SEC. 7. *Term of Office.*** – The members of the Board shall hold office for a term of  
14 three (3) years from the date of appointment or until their successors shall have been  
15 qualified and appointed. They may, however, be reappointed for a second term and shall  
16 serve in the Board for a maximum of six (6) years. Each member shall qualify by taking  
17 an oath of office before entering upon the performance of his duties.

18           The Board shall function as a collegial body of three members at any given time.  
19 Any vacancies shall be filled immediately from the pool of pre-qualified list of  
20 recommendees provided by the Commissioner of the PRC: *Provided*, that vacancy for the  
21 Chairmanship of the Board shall be filled in and appointed from among the most senior  
22 members of the Board.-*Provided, further*, that vacancies in the Board shall be filled by the  
23 President of the Philippines from the list of pre-qualified recommendees selected by the  
24 Commissioner who were chosen from the list of nominees submitted by the integrated and  
25 accredited association and shall serve for a fresh three-year term of office.

26  
27           **SEC. 8. *Removal of Board Members.*** – Any member of the Board may be removed  
28 by the President of the Philippines, upon the recommendation of the Commissioners en  
29 banc for graft and corruption, neglect of duty, incompetence, malpractice, commission or  
30 tolerance of irregularities in the examinations, or for unprofessional, unethical, or  
31 dishonorable conduct such as facilitating examinees to pass the examinations by preparing,  
32 training, teaching related board subjects through seminars or sessions among other ignoble  
33 acts; after having been given the opportunity to defend himself in a proper administrative  
34 investigation.





1           **SEC. 14.**           *Registration Fees, License Fees and Fines.* – All applicants for  
2 registration and license to practice as professional electrical engineer, registered electrical  
3 engineer and registered master electrician shall be subject to the payment of registration  
4 fees, license fees, and fines in case of violation of the pertinent rules and regulations for  
5 the amounts prescribed by the Board and approved by the PRC: *Provided,* That fifty  
6 percent (50%) from these collections is to be treated as a special fund for programs, projects  
7 and activities of the PRC and the other fifty percent (50%) shall be set up in a separate  
8 special fund for the supervisory and regulatory functions of the Board.

9  
10           **SEC. 15.**           *Exemption from Examination.* –

11           a) Examination shall not be required of foreign electrical engineers, erection,  
12 commissioning or guarantee engineers employed as technical consultants by the Philippine  
13 government or by private firms, or of foreign electrical installers for the erection and  
14 installation of a special project or for any other specialized work, subject to the following  
15 conditions:

16           1. That the abovementioned foreign professionals are legally qualified to  
17 practice their profession in their own country in which the requirements and  
18 qualifications for obtaining a license or certificate of registration are not lower than  
19 those specified in this Act;

20           2. That the scope of work to be performed by said foreign professionals shall  
21 be limited only to the particular work for which they were contracted;

22           3. That prior to commencing work, the foreign professional shall secure a  
23 special permit from the PRC;

24           4. That said foreign professional shall not engage in private practice on their  
25 own account;

26           5. That for every foreign professional contracted pursuant to this section, one  
27 Filipino understudy who is registered under the provisions of this Act shall be  
28 employed by the private firm utilizing the services of such foreign professional for at  
29 least the duration of the alien expert's tenure with said firm;

30           6. That the exemption herein granted shall be good only for six (6) months,  
31 renewable for another six (6) months at the discretion of the Board; and

32           7. That the special authorization herein granted shall only cover special projects  
33 and does not apply to holding and/or performing line functions in operation and  
34 maintenance: *Provided,* That in case the foreign professional ceases to be employed  
35 in accordance with this section and engages in an occupation requiring registration as

1 electrical engineer, such professionals have to be registered under the provisions of  
2 this Act.

3 b) Examination and registration shall not be required of foreign electrical engineers  
4 from signatory countries under the charters or frameworks of International Integration or  
5 Mutual Recognition Arrangements or of any other similar international accords of which  
6 the Philippine government is a party of, subject to the following conditions:

7 1. That such engineers are on valid record in the Registry of recognized  
8 international engineers and are bound to the limitations of practice as defined by such  
9 Charter or Accord or Mutual Arrangement;

10 2. That prior to commencing work, the foreign professional shall secure a  
11 special permit or authorization from the PRC;

12 3. That the special authorization herein granted shall be good only for a specific  
13 period of time, bound by a specific project, renewable thereafter at the discretion of  
14 the Board as approved by the Commissioner;

15 4. That the practice of such foreign professional shall be subject to the  
16 prevailing laws as well as the provisions of this Act, and shall be bound by local codes  
17 of professional ethics or conduct in accordance with the provisions as specified in this  
18 Act;

19 5. That the authorization granted to these foreign professionals under the  
20 framework mutual accord or agreement shall not be a scope as an independent practice,  
21 but in collaboration with the designated local professional engineers subject to the  
22 domestic laws and regulations governing the practice of electrical engineering.

23  
24 **SEC. 16. *Holding of Examinations.*** – Examinations for the practice of  
25 electrical engineering in the Philippines should be given twice a year in the City of Manila  
26 and other places on dates that the Board may recommend for determination of scheduling.  
27 The Board shall schedule the interview or oral examination of every applicant for  
28 registration as professional electrical engineer at the office of the PRC or other government  
29 facilities that may be approved by the Commission.

30  
31 **SEC. 17. *Qualifications of Applicant for Registration as Professional***  
32 ***Electrical Engineer.*** – Any person applying for registration as professional electrical  
33 engineer shall establish to the satisfaction of the Board that, on or before the date of  
34 registration, the applicant:

35 a) Is a citizen of the Philippines;

36 b) Is of legal age;



1 c) Is of good reputation with high moral values;

2 d) Has not been finally convicted by the court of an offense involving moral  
3 turpitude;

4 e) Is a holder of the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering (BSEE)  
5 from a university, school, college, academy or institute duly constituted, recognized  
6 and accredited by the Philippine government;

7 f) Is a Registered Electrical Engineer with certificate of registration and valid  
8 professional identification card and with five (5) years or more of active practice  
9 beginning from the date of his registration as a Registered Electrical Engineer.

10 g) Is a member of good standing of the PRC accredited professional organization  
11 for at least five (5) years.

12  
13 **SEC. 18. *Qualifications of Applicants for Registered Electrical Engineer***  
14 ***Examination.*** – Any person applying for admission to the registered electrical engineering  
15 examination, as herein provided shall establish to the satisfaction of the Board that, on or  
16 before the date of the examination, the applicant:

17 a) Is a citizen of the Philippines;

18 b) Is of legal age;

19 c) Is of good reputation with high moral values;

20 d) Has not been finally convicted by the court of an offense involving moral  
21 turpitude; and

22 e) Is a holder of the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering (BSEE)  
23 from a university, school, college, academy or institute duly constituted, recognized  
24 and accredited by the Philippine government.

25  
26 **SEC. 19. *Qualifications of Applicants for Registered Master Electricians***  
27 ***Examination*** – Any person applying for examinations for Registered Master Electrician  
28 as herein provided shall establish, to the satisfaction of the Board, that on or before the date  
29 of the examination, the applicant:

30 a) Is a citizen of the Philippines;

31 b) Is of legal age;

32 c) Is of good reputation with high moral values;

33 d) Has not been finally convicted by the court of an offense involving moral  
34 turpitude;

35 e) Has satisfied any of the following conditions:

1           1) Has completed a four-year course in Bachelor of Science in Engineering  
2           Technology or Industrial Technology Major in Electrical Technology from a school  
3           recognized by the Philippine government and, in addition has a subsequent specific  
4           track record of one (1) year experience in electrical wiring and equipment installation,  
5           operation and maintenance of power, utilization devices and equipment; or power line  
6           installation and maintenance, or substation installation, operation and maintenance;

7           2) Has completed at least four (4) years of a five-year Bachelor of Science in  
8           Electrical Engineering (BSEE) program from an engineering school recognized by  
9           the Philippine government and, in addition has a subsequent specific track record of  
10          one (1) year experience in electrical wiring and equipment installation, operation and  
11          maintenance of power, utilization devices and equipment; or power line installation  
12          and maintenance, or substation installation, operation and maintenance;

13          3) Has completed a three-year Certificate Course in Electrical Technology from a  
14          school recognized by the Philippine government and, in addition, has a subsequent  
15          specific track record of two (2) years experience in electrical wiring and equipment  
16          installation, operation and maintenance of power, utilization devices and equipment;  
17          or power line installation and maintenance, or substation installation, operation and  
18          maintenance;

19          4) Has completed a Senior High School under the K-12 Program majoring in  
20          Electrical Technology from a school recognized by the Philippine government and,  
21          in addition has a subsequent specific track record of five (5) years experience in  
22          electrical wiring and equipment installation, operation and maintenance of power,  
23          utilization devices and equipment; or power line installation and maintenance, or  
24          substation installation, operation and maintenance;

25          5) Has completed secondary education and has completed a separate but relevant  
26          technical education and skills training program with corresponding certificate of  
27          competency.

28          *Provided, however,* that the applicant has a specific track record of at least seven  
29          (7) years of experience in electrical wiring and equipment installation, operation  
30          and maintenance of power, utilization devices and equipment, or power line  
31          installation and maintenance, or substation installation, operation and  
32          maintenance.

33  
34          **SEC. 20. Scope of Examination.** – As a prerequisite for registration as Professional  
35          Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer, Registered Master Electrician, the  
36          applicant shall pass the examinations and shall comply with the requirements thereto:



1 a) *Professional Electrical Engineer* –

2 (i) An itemized list or any other relevant references deemed appropriate by the  
3 Board of the specific works experienced on a particular equipment, machines, systems  
4 or processes citing background and surrounding facts, lessons learned and the impact to  
5 his practice as a professional;

6 (ii) Submittal of a Technical Report or Dissertation covering an evaluation, an  
7 analysis, a study or a critical discussion of an electrical engineering project or subject,  
8 on one or several technical aspects such as: design, construction, installation, testing,  
9 commissioning, operation, maintenance, research and the like. The technical paper shall  
10 be supported by engineering principles and data. Published or unpublished scientific  
11 paper or treatise on electrical engineering theories and applications may be considered  
12 as complying with the requirement; Provided further, That three (3) duly notarized  
13 certifications signed by three (3) professional electrical engineers to the effect that the  
14 technical paper submitted was actually prepared by the applicant;

15 (iii) The applicant must pass the oral examination or interview conducted by the  
16 Board,

17 (iv) The applicant must obtain passing marks on the following factors: Technical  
18 Report [forty percent (40%)], Interview or Oral Examinations [thirty percent (30%)]  
19 and, Relevant Experience [thirty percent (30%)].

20 (v) The passing general weighted average rating shall be seventy percent (70%)  
21 with no grade below sixty percent (60%) in any group of subjects listed above.

22 b) *Registered Electrical Engineer* – The applicant shall pass a written examination on  
23 different subjects or group of subjects as follows:

24 1. Mathematics including algebra, trigonometry, analytic geometry, differential  
25 calculus, integral calculus, differential equations, engineering mechanics, strength  
26 of materials, complex numbers, probability and statistics, advanced engineering  
27 mathematics including matrices, power series, Fourier analysis, Laplace transforms,  
28 and others. The weight is twenty five percent (25%).

29 2. Engineering sciences and allied subjects, including general chemistry, college  
30 physics, computer fundamentals, engineering materials, fluid mechanics,  
31 thermodynamics, equipment foundations, power line construction, electrical system  
32 automation, computer applications, electrical engineering law, engineering  
33 economics, engineering management, contracts and specifications, code of  
34 professional ethics, Philippine Electrical Code and International Standards, and  
35 others. The weight is thirty percent (30%).

1 3. Electrical engineering professional subjects, including electric circuits, electronic  
2 theory and circuits, energy conversion, power plants, substations, power  
3 transmission and distribution, power system analysis, fault analysis, instrumentation  
4 and measurements, circuit and line protection, control systems, electrical machines  
5 and electrical equipment, components and devices, electric systems, electronic  
6 power equipment and others. The weight is forty five percent (45%).

7 4. The examination questions on the foregoing subjects shall cover theories and  
8 principles, and shall include questions on applications. The number of questions  
9 shall be such that the examinations can be finished in two (2) consecutive eight-  
10 hour days.

11 5. The passing general weighted average rating shall be seventy percent (70%) with  
12 no grade below sixty percent (60%) in any group of subjects listed above.

13 c) *Registered Master Electrician* – the applicant for Registered Master electrician shall  
14 pass the examinations and shall comply with the requirements thereto:

15 1) An itemized list or any other relevant references deemed appropriate by the  
16 Board of the specific works experienced on a particular equipment, machines, systems  
17 or processes citing background or surrounding facts, lessons learned and the impact  
18 to his practice as an industrial or line electrician.

19 2) The applicant shall pass a written examination on the different subjects or  
20 group of subjects as follows:

21 (i) Technical Subject: Ohm's Law, basic calculations on direct and alternating  
22 current circuits, single phase and three-phase circuits, basic transmission and  
23 distribution circuits; basic theories in electrical equipment, machines and  
24 apparatuses such as: motors, generators, transformers, wires and cables, fuses,  
25 circuit breakers and safety switches; knowledge in motor controllers as: basic  
26 magnetic starters, reversing controllers, star-delta, reduced voltage controllers,  
27 programmable logic controllers, soft starters and variable frequency drives;  
28 control circuits, and schematic diagrams.

29 (ii) Philippine Electrical Code and Trade Practice: General requirements for  
30 installation of wirings for lighting and power; approved wiring methods,  
31 approved types of wiring materials and devices; installation of switchboards and  
32 panel boards, installation principles for hazardous locations; methods in creating  
33 electrical diagrams, reading and interpretation of drawing symbols and plans;  
34 installation principles of power and distribution transformers, substation  
35 components; application of standard structures, power line construction, line  
36 hardwares and devices; principles in banking single phase transformers;



1 installation practices of poles, towers and other structures; principles and  
2 practices in operation and maintenance of electrical equipment such as power  
3 circuit breakers, switchgears and outdoor power switching equipment; safety  
4 practices and involving low, medium, high voltages; and general knowledge in  
5 the Philippine Electrical Engineering Law.

6 (iii) The number of test questions shall be such that the examinations can be  
7 finished in two (2) consecutive eight-hour days. The relative weights shall be  
8 forty percent (40%) for Technical Subjects and forty percent (40%) for Philippine  
9 Electrical Codes and Trade Practices, and 20% for Experience. The passing  
10 general average rating shall be seventy percent (70%) with no grade below sixty  
11 percent (60%) in any subject.

12  
13 **SEC. 21. *Report of Ratings.*** – The Board of Electrical Engineering shall, within  
14 thirty (30) days after the date of completion of the examinations, report the ratings obtained  
15 by each candidate to the PRC.

16  
17 **SEC. 22. *Reexamination of Failed Subjects.*** – An applicant shall be allowed  
18 to retake, any number of times, only on the subject/s in which the applicant has obtained a  
19 grade below sixty percent (60%). When the applicant has obtained an average grade of  
20 seventy percent (70%) in the subject or subjects repeated, the applicant shall be considered  
21 to have passed the licensure examination.

22  
23 **SEC. 23. *Professional Oath.*** – All successful candidates in the examination shall be  
24 required to take a professional oath before the Board or any government official authorized  
25 to administer oaths prior to entering upon the practice of professional electrical  
26 engineering, registered electrical engineering, registered master electrician.

27  
28 **SEC. 24. *Issuance of Certificates of Registration and Professional Identifications.***  
29 – The registration of a professional electrical engineer, registered electrical engineer and  
30 registered master electrician commences from the date the name of the professional is  
31 entered in the roll of registrants or licensees for the profession. Every registrant who has  
32 satisfactorily met all the requirements specified in this Act, upon payment of the  
33 registration fee, shall be issued a certificate of registration and a professional identification  
34 card as a Professional Electrical Engineer, a Registered Electrical Engineer or a Registered  
35 Master Electrician that shows the full name of the registrant and with serial number, signed  
36 by the Commissioner and by the Chairman and members of the Board, stamped with the

1 official seal, as evidence that the person named therein is entitled to practice the profession  
2 with all the rights and privileges appurtenant thereto. The certificate shall remain in full  
3 force and effect until withdrawn, suspended, or revoked in accordance with law.

4 A professional identification card signed by the Commissioner and bearing the  
5 registration number and date of issuance thereof and the month of expiry or renewability  
6 shall likewise be issued to every registrant who has paid the annual registration fees for  
7 three (3) consecutive years and has complied with the requirements of the Continuing  
8 Professional Development (CPD), unless exempted therefrom. This professional  
9 identification card will serve as evidence that the licensee can lawfully practice his  
10 profession until the expiration of its validity. Non-renewal of the professional identification  
11 card will render the electrical engineering practitioner not authorized to practice electrical  
12 engineering as prescribed in this Act.

13  
14 **SEC. 25. *Continuing Professional Development Program (CPD).*** – The CPD  
15 guidelines shall be prescribed and promulgated by the Professional Regulation  
16 Commission through the Board of Electrical Engineering, in collaboration with the  
17 accredited electrical engineering association. The PRC shall incorporate in the said  
18 guidelines the creation of a CPD council that shall be composed of officers coming from  
19 the Board, the PRC, the integrated and accredited electrical associations and other parties  
20 as maybe provided for by law.

21  
22 **SEC. 26. *Organization of Electrical Engineering Practitioners.*** – There shall only  
23 be one national organization of electrical engineering practitioners, which shall be  
24 recognized and accredited by the PRC. Every grade of electrical engineering practitioners  
25 under this Act upon registration with the PRC as such, shall *ipso facto*, become a member  
26 of the accredited national organization. Those who have been registered with the Board but  
27 are not members of the said organization at the time of the effectivity of this Act shall be  
28 allowed to register as members of the said accredited organization within three (3) years  
29 after the effectivity of this Act.

30 The Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer and the  
31 Registered Master Electrician shall receive the benefits and privileges appurtenant to this  
32 listed membership in the duly accredited electrical engineering association only upon  
33 payment of the required membership fees and dues.

34  
35 **SEC. 27. *Seal of Professional Electrical Engineer.*** – All licensed professional  
36 electrical engineers may obtain a seal of a design prescribed by the Board bearing the



1 registrant's name, the certificate number and the legend "Professional Electrical Engineer."  
2 Plans, specifications, reports and other professional documents prepared by or executed  
3 under the immediate supervision of, and issued by a licensee, shall be stamped on every  
4 sheet with said seal when filed with government authorities or when submitted or used  
5 professionally; *Provided, however,* That it is unlawful for anyone to stamp or seal any  
6 document with said seal after the registrant's name has been delisted from the roster of  
7 professional electrical engineers or after the validity of his professional identification card  
8 which bear the evidence that he is authorized to practice as mandated in this Act, has  
9 expired.

10 The registrant shall be allowed again to use his seal or stamp in the documents he prepares,  
11 signs or issues only after he is reinstated to the practice of his profession and reissued a  
12 new professional identification card.

13

14 **SEC. 28. *Indication of Registration and Professional License Number.*** – The  
15 Professional Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer and Registered Master  
16 Electrician shall be required to indicate the registration and professional license number,  
17 the date registered, and the date of its expiry in the documents the engineer signs, uses or  
18 issues in connection with the practice of profession.

19

20 **SEC. 29. *Refusal to Issue Certificates.*** – The Board of Electrical Engineering shall  
21 not issue a certificate of registration to any person convicted by the court of any criminal  
22 offense involving moral turpitude or to any person guilty of immoral or dishonorable  
23 conduct or to any person of unsound mind. In the event of refusal to issue certificates for  
24 any reason, the Board shall give the applicant a written statement setting forth the reasons  
25 for such action, which statement shall be incorporated in the records of the Board.

26 After no less than a year from the finality of the Board's decision, the Board, out of  
27 equity and justice, may recommend to the PRC the issuance of the certificate of registration  
28 to the applicant.

29

30 **SEC. 30. *Revocation of Certificates of Registration and Suspension from the***  
31 ***Practice of the Profession.*** – The Board shall have the power, upon proper notice and  
32 hearing, to revoke any certificate of registration of any registrant, to suspend the registrant  
33 from the practice of profession or to reprimand the registrant for any cause specified in the  
34 preceding section, or for the use of, perpetration of any fraud or deceit in obtaining a  
35 certificate of registration, or for gross negligence or incompetence or for unprofessional or

1 dishonorable conduct; for violation of this Act, the rules and regulations and other policies  
2 of the Board and the Code of Professional Ethics.

3 It shall be sufficient ground for the revocation of a certificate issued to a person under this  
4 Act, and suspension from the practice of profession for unprofessional or dishonorable  
5 conduct, if:

6 a) Being a Professional Electrical Engineer, the registrant has signed and  
7 affixed the registrants' seal on any plan, design, technical report, valuation, estimate,  
8 specification or other similar document or work not prepared by him or not executed  
9 under his immediate supervision;

10 b) The registrant has represented himself as having taken charge of or  
11 supervised: any electrical construction or installation; operation, tending and  
12 maintenance of any electric plant; manufacture or repair of electrical equipment,  
13 teaching of electrical engineering subjects; sale or distribution of any electric supply  
14 or utilization equipment requiring engineering calculations or application of  
15 engineering principles and data, without actually having done so,

16 c) The registrant has violated any of the applicable provisions of this act.

17 d) Any person, firm, association or corporation may file charges in accordance  
18 with the provisions of this section against any licensee, or the Board may, on its own  
19 initiative (*motu proprio*) investigate and take cognizance of acts and practices  
20 constituting cause for suspension or revocation of the certificate of registration by  
21 proper resolution or order, such charges shall be in writing and shall be sworn to by  
22 the person making them and shall be filed with the Board.

23 e) The rules and regulations of the PRC on administrative investigation shall  
24 govern the procedure and conduct of administrative investigation before the Board.  
25 Further, that the respondent shall have the right to a speedy and public hearing and to  
26 confront and cross-examine witnesses against him.

27 f) The decision of the Board shall be final and executory unless it is appealed  
28 by the respondent to the PRC within fifteen (15) days from the receipt of such decision.  
29 The decision of the Board or PRC is appealable by the respondent to the Court of  
30 Appeals in accordance with the procedure provided under the Rules of Court.

31  
32 **SEC. 31. *Re-issuance of Revoked Certificates or Replacement of Lost***  
33 ***Certificates.***

34 a. Subject to the approval of the PRC, the Board may re-issue a certificate, for  
35 reasons it may deem sufficient, entertain an application for a new certificate in



1 the same manner as application for an original one. It may exempt the applicant  
2 from the necessity of undergoing an examination.

- 3 b. A new certificate of registration to replace any certificate that has been lost,  
4 destroyed or mutilated may be issued, subject to the rules of the Board.

5  
6 **ARTICLE IV**

7 **SUNDRY PROVISIONS RELATIVE TO THE PRACTICE OF THE**  
8 **ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PROFESSION**

9  
10 **SEC. 32. *Field of Practice.*** – The field of practice of responsible character for  
11 Professional Electrical Engineers, Registered Electrical Engineers, and Registered Master  
12 Electricians shall be as follows:

13 a) The Professional Electrical Engineer's field covers the practice of the  
14 electrical engineering profession in its full scope without limits as to voltage levels or MVA  
15 capacities to include the sole authority to design electrical systems, provided that such  
16 designs, plans and specifications related therein shall bear his signature and seal as author  
17 of official documents appurtenant thereto the responsibilities and accountabilities, as  
18 defined in this Act.

19 Further, that the Professional Electrical Engineer-of-Record with the Office of the  
20 Building Official and Author of Electrical Documents submitted bearing his seal and  
21 signature shall have full liability over these said documents for a period of fifteen (15)  
22 years; unless his responsibility is assumed by another Professional Electrical Engineer who  
23 made modification to the electrical system under the new employ of the establishment  
24 owner or management.

25 Further, that a Professional Electrical Engineer shall be eligible for any position that  
26 requires a Master's Degree holder in a government or private institution, including teaching  
27 professional subjects in electrical engineering course whether in public or private schools.

28 b) Subject to the limitations as defined in this Act, a Registered Electrical  
29 Engineer's field of practice includes the taking charge and supervision of projects execution  
30 and installation works; operation and maintenance of electrical systems in power plants,  
31 industrial plants, commercial buildings or complexes, watercrafts, electric locomotives,  
32 and other electric systems; to include manufacture and repair of electrical equipment and  
33 machines, switchboards, transformers, generators, motors, electrical apparatuses; teaching  
34 of electrical engineering subjects and allied sciences; and the sale and distribution of  
35 electrical equipment requiring engineering calculations or application of engineering data.

1 Further, that the Registered Electrical Engineer-of-Record with the Office of the  
2 Building Official on documents issued bearing his name and signature over the supervision  
3 of an electrical installation shall have full civil liability over these said installations for a  
4 period of fifteen (15) years; unless his responsibility is assumed by another Registered  
5 Electrical Engineer who made modification to the electrical system under new employ of  
6 the establishment owner or management.

7 c) Subject to the limitations as defined by this Act, a Registered Master  
8 Electrician's field of practice includes the installation, erection, wiring of electrical  
9 projects; operation, teach basic electrical technology subjects maintenance and repair of  
10 electrical machinery, equipment and devices in an electric system of residential,  
11 institutional, commercial and industrial plants, in power plants, industrial substations,  
12 watercrafts, electric locomotives, to include installation of transmission, distribution and  
13 substation system equipment; erection and installation of electric poles, towers and other  
14 related structures, installation of line hardwares, stringing of power lines, switching  
15 equipment and devices; banking of transformers; to include but not limited to operation,  
16 maintenance and repair thereat. *Provided*, That if the scope of work, or the machinery,  
17 equipment or the electrical system involved is rated in excess of seven hundred fifty  
18 kilovolt-amperes (750 kVA), or in excess of six hundred volts (600 V), the Registered  
19 Master Electrician shall be under the supervision of a Professional Electrical Engineer or a  
20 Registered Electrical Engineer.

21  
22 **SEC. 33. *Prohibitions in the Practice of Electrical Engineering.*** – It shall be  
23 unlawful for any person to:

24 a) Practice or offer to practice electrical engineering in the Philippines without  
25 having previously obtained a certificate of registration, professional license and a valid ID  
26 issued by the PRC qualifying him as an Authorized Electrical Engineering Practitioner as  
27 defined in this Act, except as provided for in Section 15 hereof;

28 b) Use, or attempt to use as his own, any certificate of registration or the seal of  
29 another;

30 c) Give false or forged evidence of any kind to the Board of Electrical  
31 Engineering in obtaining a Certificate of Registration or Professional License;

32 d) Falsely impersonate any registrant of like or different name;

33 e) Attempt to use a revoked or suspended Certificate of Registration or an expired  
34 professional identification card;

35 f) Use, in connection with the registrant's name or otherwise assume, use or  
36 advertise any title or description tending to convey the impression that he is a Professional



- 1 Electrical Engineer, Registered Electrical Engineer or Registered Master Electrician  
2 without holding a valid Certificate of Registration and a valid PRC identification card;
- 3 g) Sign a document involving electrical design, plan, technical specification,  
4 valuation and the like on behalf of a professional electrical engineer;
- 5 h) Take responsible charge or supervise the preparation of plans, designs,  
6 investigations, valuation, technical reports, specifications, project studies, estimates or  
7 consultancy services or to be in the performance of other electrical engineering services  
8 unless he is a duly authorized electrical engineering practitioner as defined in this Act;
- 9 i) Make offers, proposals, quotations, or enter or sign into a contract to render  
10 Professional Design Services, installation works, execution of projects, maintenance  
11 services or for the supply or fabrication of electrical equipment, and other electrical  
12 services unless he is an authorized Professional Electrical Engineer as defined in this Act:  
13 *Provided, however,* That if the electrical work or project does not involve professional  
14 design services, signing and sealing of electrical plans and does not exceed 5,000 kVA and  
15 25,000 volts, the authorized Registered Electrical Engineer may enter into a contract for  
16 installation works, project execution or maintenance scope;
- 17 j) Make use of electrical plans, designs, specifications, drawings and electrical  
18 documents relative to the construction of a building or of any other purposes without  
19 bearing the seal and signature of a Professional Electrical Engineer duly authorized to  
20 practice electrical engineering under this Act;
- 21 k) To duplicate or to make copies without the expressed written consent of the  
22 author of an electrical document for use in the repetition of and for other projects or  
23 buildings, whether executed partly or in whole;
- 24 l) Take direct charge or responsible supervision of the construction, erection,  
25 installation, alteration, testing, commissioning, operation, tending, and maintenance of any  
26 electrical system, equipment, machinery or process; or the performance of electrical  
27 engineering services in connection with the manufacture, sale, supply, distribution,  
28 application of electrical equipment and systems or of any electrical works for projects,  
29 either for himself or for others, unless he is a duly authorized electrical engineering  
30 practitioner as defined in this Act;
- 31 m) Order or otherwise cause the fabrication, manufacture, construction, erection,  
32 installation or alteration of any electrical equipment, machinery or process for any  
33 electrical works, projects, or plants, unless the designs, plans, layouts or specifications have  
34 been prepared by or under the direct responsible charge of an authorized electrical  
35 engineering practitioner, and duly signed and sealed by a Professional Electrical Engineer;

1 n) Teach basic electrical engineering subjects and allied sciences unless the  
2 person is a duly Registered Electrical Engineer or Professional Electrical Engineer  
3 authorized to practice as defined by this Act; and

4 o) Teach professional subjects in electrical engineering course unless the person  
5 is an authorized Professional Electrical Engineer; or an authorized Registered Electrical  
6 Engineer with a Masteral or Doctorate Degree related to electrical engineering.

7 p) To render, make offers or proposals, or enter into a contract to provide  
8 electrical engineering services for any private persons, entities, clients or projects, whether  
9 in personal capacities for any registered electrical engineering practitioner who is an officer  
10 or employee of any local government unit or agency charged with the enforcement of laws,  
11 ordinances or regulations relating to the construction, inspection and approval of electrical  
12 permits.

13 q) To render, make offers or proposals, or enter into a contract to provide  
14 electrical engineering services for any private persons, entities, clients or projects, whether  
15 in personal capacities for any electrical engineering practitioner who is an officer or  
16 employee of the Grid Operator and Distribution Utilities (DU's) or any other practitioners  
17 similarly situated.

18  
19 **SEC. 34. *Prohibitions Relative to the Practice of Electrical Engineering.* –**

20 a) It shall be unlawful for any local government unit or agency charged with the  
21 enforcement of laws, ordinances or regulations on public safety relating to the construction,  
22 inspection and approval of electrical permits for buildings, or for any other purposes unless,  
23 same office or agency has in its employ a complement of permanent and regular authorized  
24 electrical engineering practitioners assigned in any Electrical Section or Division of said  
25 offices;

26 Further, that these authorized electrical engineering practitioners under the employ  
27 of these government offices shall be Certified Electrical System Inspectors, and Certified  
28 Electrical Plans Examiners with official conferment by the Board of Electrical Engineering  
29 in consultation with the PRC accredited professional organization after having passed the  
30 examinations and other qualification requirements for specialization as recognized under  
31 this Act.

32 b) It shall be unlawful and conflict of interest as an entity for any Distribution  
33 Utilities (DU's) that has a franchise to operate an electric distribution system to render,  
34 make offers, proposals, or enter into a contract to provide electrical engineering services  
35 for any private persons, companies, entities, clients or projects;



1 c) It shall be unlawful for any owner-employer or management of power plant,  
2 industrial or commercial establishment, watercraft, seaport, airport, whether public or  
3 privately-owned, including but not limited to any government-owned and controlled  
4 corporation, electrical grid operator, distribution utility and other entities to operate  
5 business or for any other purpose unless, the entity has in its employ the complement of  
6 permanent and regular authorized electrical engineering practitioners as defined under this  
7 Act;

8 d) It shall be unlawful for any owner-employer or management of power plant,  
9 industrial or commercial establishment, watercraft, seaport, airport, whether public or  
10 privately-owned, and other related entities operating businesses who have in its employ  
11 Professional Electrical Engineers for operation and maintenance management purposes  
12 under the scopes under this Act, to have these professional electrical engineers affix their  
13 signatures and seals on company plans, designs and documents carrying civil liabilities for  
14 fifteen (15) years unless he is compensated separately;

15 e) It shall be jointly unlawful for any electrical contractor and owner of buildings,  
16 edifices, industrial plants, commercial establishments, or any electrical works or projects  
17 under construction to proceed the implementation of said construction unless, the project  
18 has in its employ complement of authorized electrical engineering practitioners as defined  
19 under this Act;

20 f) It shall be unlawful for any electrical manufacturing plant to fabricate,  
21 manufacture and market electrical products of dubious quality for and in the interest of  
22 public use, and where safety risks to lives and properties are involved; unless such products  
23 are certified to be safe and fit for use by a government approving agency or by government  
24 accredited testing laboratories: *Provided, further*, That it is unlawful for any vendor, store  
25 or commercial establishments to sell, market and endorse electrical products of dubious  
26 origin, fake products, products of questionable and/or substandard quality unless, such  
27 products are stamped approved by a government approving bureau or by government  
28 accredited testing laboratories or by Philippine recognized international standardization  
29 body.

30  
31 **SEC. 35. *Minimum Personnel Required for Industrial and Commercial***  
32 ***Complexes.*** – Except as otherwise provided in this Act, every building or commercial  
33 complex, industrial plant, factory, manufacturing plant in an industrial complex or any  
34 electrical system or process in operation, shall have not less than the following complement  
35 of authorized electrical engineering practitioners:

1 a) For capacities of 150 kVA up to 300 kVA – one (1) resident Registered  
2 Master Electrician;

3 *Provided*, That every factory or manufacturing plant in this category operating in  
4 more than one shift in every twenty-four hours, shall have one (1) Registered Master  
5 Electrician per shift;

6 b) For capacities above 300 kVA up to 750 kVA – one (1) resident Registered  
7 Master Electrician;

8 *Provided*, That every factory, building or commercial complex in this category  
9 operating in more than one shift in every twenty-four hours, shall have at least one (1)  
10 Registered Master Electrician per shift, and one (1) Registered Master Electrician or  
11 Registered Electrical Engineer as Head whose scope of responsibility includes operation  
12 and maintenance;

13 c) For capacities above 750 kVA up to 5,000 kVA – Two (2) resident  
14 Registered Master Electricians, and one (1) resident Registered Electrical Engineer or  
15 Professional Electrical Engineer:

16 *Provided*, That every factory, building or commercial complex in this category  
17 operating in more than one shift every twenty-four (24) hours shall have at least two (2)  
18 Registered Master Electricians per shift, and one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer or  
19 Professional Electrical Engineer in-Charge as Managing Electrical Engineer whose  
20 scope of responsibility includes over-all operation and maintenance;

21 d) For capacities above 5,000 kVA to 20,000 kVA – three (3) Registered Master  
22 Electricians, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer and one (1) Professional Electrical  
23 Engineer as resident complement:

24 *Provided*, That every factory, building or commercial complex in this category  
25 operating in more than one shift every twenty-four (24) hours shall have at least three  
26 (3) Registered Master Electricians, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer per shift; and  
27 one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope  
28 of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance;

29 e) For capacities above 20,000 kVA to 60,000 kVA – four (4) Registered  
30 Master Electricians, two (2) Registered Electrical Engineers, and one (1) Professional  
31 Electrical Engineer, as resident complement:

32 *Provided*, That every factory, building or commercial complex in this category  
33 operating in more than one shift every twenty-four (24) hours shall have at least four (4)  
34 Registered Master Electricians, two (2) Registered Electrical Engineers per shift, and  
35 one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope  
36 of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance; and



1 f) For capacities above 60,000 kVA – five (5) Registered Master Electricians,  
2 three (3) Registered Electrical Engineers, and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer,  
3 as resident complement:

4 *Provided*, That every factory, building or commercial complex in this category  
5 operating in more than one shift every twenty-four (24) hours shall have at least five (5)  
6 Registered Master Electricians, three (3) Registered Electrical Engineers per shift, and  
7 one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope  
8 of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance.

9  
10 **SEC. 36. *Minimum Personnel Required for Electric Power Plants.*** – Except as  
11 otherwise provided in this Act, any Electric Power Plant in operation shall have not less  
12 than the following complement of resident authorized electrical engineering practitioners:

13 a) For every Power Plant capacities of up to 20,000 kVA in this category  
14 operating in more than one shift every twenty-four (24) hours: at least one (1) Registered  
15 Master Electrician, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer as Shift Electrical Engineer  
16 per shift; and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer, as Head or Managing Electrical  
17 Engineer whose scope of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance;

18 b) For Power Plant capacities of above 20,000 kVA up to 60,000 kVA in this  
19 category operating in more than one shift every twenty-four (24) hours: at least two (2)  
20 Registered Master Electricians, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer as Shift Electrical  
21 Engineer per shift; and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer, as Head or Managing  
22 Electrical Engineer whose scope of responsibility includes overall operation and  
23 maintenance;

24 c) For Power Plant capacities above 60,000 kVA up to 200,000 kVA in this  
25 category operating in more than one shift every twenty-four (24) hours: at least four (4)  
26 Registered Master Electricians, two (2) Registered Electrical Engineers as Shift  
27 Electrical Engineers, one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Head of Shift  
28 Operations per shift; and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Managing Electrical  
29 Engineer whose scope of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance; and

30 d) For Power Plant capacities above 200,000 kVA in this category operating in  
31 more than one shift every twenty-four (24) hours: at least six (6) Registered Master  
32 Electricians, three (3) Registered Electrical Engineers as Shift Electrical Engineers, one  
33 (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Head of Shift Operations per shift; and one (1)  
34 Professional Electrical Engineer as Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope of  
35 responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance.



1           **SEC. 37. *Minimum Personnel Required for Power Substation of Grid and***  
2 ***Distribution Utilities.*** – Except as otherwise provided in this Act, Power Substations of  
3 Grid and Distribution Utilities shall have not less than the following complement of  
4 resident authorized electrical engineering practitioners:

5           a) For single or cluster capacities of Manned Substations of Grid or Distribution  
6 Utilities (DU's) up to 75 MVA in specific inclusive area or location: one (1) Registered  
7 Master Electrician, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer per shift, and one (1)  
8 Professional Electrical Engineer as Head or Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope  
9 of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance;

10           b) For single or cluster capacities of Manned Substations of Grid or Distribution  
11 Utilities (DU's) above 75 MVA up to 200 MVA in an inclusive area or location: two (2)  
12 Registered Master Electricians, one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer per shift, and one  
13 (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Head or Managing Electrical Engineer whose  
14 scope of responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance.

15           c) For single or cluster capacities of Manned Substations of Grid or Distribution  
16 Utilities (DU's) above 200 MVA in an inclusive area or location in this category: three  
17 (3) Registered Master Electricians, two (2) Registered Electrical Engineers per shift, one  
18 (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as Head of Shift Operations, and one (1)  
19 Professional Electrical Engineer as Managing Electrical Engineer whose scope of  
20 responsibility includes overall operation and maintenance.

21  
22           **SEC. 38. *Minimum Personnel Required for Grid System Operation.*** – Except as  
23 otherwise provided in this Act, all resident authorized electrical practitioners in Grid  
24 System Operations shall have minimum requirements of at least Registered Electrical  
25 Engineers or Professional Electrical Engineers during shift operations and one Professional  
26 Electrical Engineer as Head or Managing Electrical Engineer for every department,  
27 division or section, as the case may be.

28           Further, that additional qualified personnel shall be employed to ensure safe operation  
29 and safeguard public welfare, commensurate to the size and complexity of operation.  
30

31           **SEC. 39. *Minimum Personnel Required for Distribution System Operation.*** –  
32 Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all resident electrical practitioners in Distribution  
33 System Operations shall have minimum requirements of at least Registered Electrical  
34 Engineers or Professional Electrical Engineers during shift operations, and one  
35 Professional Electrical Engineer as Head or Managing Electrical Engineer for every  
36 department, division or section as the case may be.



1 Further, that additional qualified personnel shall be employed to ensure safe operation  
2 and safeguard public welfare, commensurate to the size and complexity of operation.  
3

4 **SEC. 40. *Minimum Personnel Required in Electrical Construction Works or***  
5 ***Projects.*** – For electrical works or projects under construction the installation, erection,  
6 wiring, in an electric system in residential, institutional, commercial and industrial  
7 buildings, power plants, substations, shipbuilding and other electrical projects shall have  
8 the following complement of authorized electrical engineering practitioners:

9 a) For electrical works or projects of 150 kVA up to 750 kVA capacity: One (1)  
10 Registered Master Electrician as Project Electrician-In-Charge, and one (1) Registered  
11 Electrical Engineer as Project Engineer-In-Charge, and one (1) Professional Electrical  
12 Engineer as Project Manager or Consultant.

13 b) For electrical works or projects of over 750 kVA up to 5,000 kVA capacity:  
14 Two (2) Registered Master Electricians as Project Electricians-In-Charge, and one (1)  
15 Registered Electrical Engineer as Project Engineer-In-Charge, and one (1) Professional  
16 Electrical Engineer as Project Manager or Consultant.

17 c) For electrical works or projects under construction of over 5,000 kVA  
18 capacity: Three (3) Registered Master Electricians as Project Electricians-In-Charge;  
19 and two (2) Registered Electrical Engineers as Project Engineers-In-Charge; and one (1)  
20 Professional Electrical Engineer as Project Manager; and one (1) Professional Electrical  
21 Engineer as Consultant.  
22

23 **SEC. 41. *Minimum Personnel Required for an Electrical Equipment***  
24 ***Manufacturing Plant.*** –

25 a) The minimum personnel requirement for this type of plant shall be covered  
26 under Section 35 of this Act;

27 b) *Provided, however,* That full-time Professional Electrical Engineers shall be  
28 mandatory for the designing section of the plant overseeing, supervising and  
29 ensuring over the design of special equipment as transformers, motors, switchgears,  
30 switchboards, control-gears, motor control centers, power panels and panelboards,  
31 and the like.  
32

33 **SEC. 42. *Minimum Personnel Required in Watercrafts and Electric Locomotives.***  
34 – Watercrafts or electric locomotives operating with installed generating capacity up to the  
35 maximum size and voltage available for these units - shall have the following complement  
36 of authorized electrical engineering practitioners:

1 a) For capacities up to 750 kVA with voltages not exceeding 600 volts – one  
2 (1) Registered Master Electrician;

3 b) For capacities above 750 kVA up to 5,000 kVA – one (1) Registered Master  
4 Electrician and one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer;

5 c) For capacities above 5,000 kVA – two (2) Registered Master Electricians and  
6 one (1) Registered Electrical Engineer and one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer as  
7 Head or Managing Electrical Engineer.

8  
9 **SEC. 43. Other Provisions for Complement of Electrical Practitioners. –**

10 a) The case of clusters of buildings, factories or facilities, Grid or Distribution  
11 Utilities substations or switching stations where physical presence and supervision of  
12 the minimum personnel required is impossible for reasons of geography, distance or  
13 density of electrical equipment, additional qualified personnel shall be employed to  
14 ensure safe operation and maintenance of the electrical system and to safeguard public  
15 welfare, lives and properties;

16 b) *Provided, further,* That in the case of operation, maintenance or construction  
17 projects:

18 1) A Registered Master Electrician can technically supervise the activities of  
19 fellow Registered Master Electrician or non-licensed personnel but assumes the  
20 full responsibilities and accountabilities as to the scope and limitations mandated  
21 in this Act,

22 2) A Registered Electrical Engineer can technically supervise fellow Registered  
23 Electrical Engineers, Registered Master Electricians or non-licensed personnel but  
24 assumes the full responsibilities and accountabilities as to the scope and  
25 limitations mandated in this Act,

26 3) A Professional Electrical Engineer can technically supervise fellow  
27 Professional Electrical Engineers, Registered Electrical Engineers, Registered  
28 Master Electricians or non-licensed personnel but assumes the full responsibilities  
29 and accountabilities as to the scope and limitations mandated in this Act.

30 c) This section on required minimum personnel, shall not apply to any  
31 installation which has a connected capacity of less than 150 kVA and employs voltages  
32 of not more than two hundred fifty volts (250 V) and for installations that do not require  
33 resident personnel for their safe operation: *Provided, however,* That for every change,  
34 alteration, revision, addition, and ‘as-built plans’ of any parts of the electrical system,  
35 the plans and designs shall bear the signature and seal of an authorized Professional  
36 Electrical Engineer: *Provided, further,* that a yearly assessment will be conducted and



1 certified to be in a safe operating condition by a Professional Electrical Engineer, a  
2 Registered Electrical Engineer or a Registered Master Electrician.

3  
4 **SEC. 44. *Preparation of Plans, Supervision of Projects and Application of the***  
5 ***Philippine Electrical Code.*** – It shall be unlawful for any person not authorized under this  
6 Act to prepare plans, designs, valuations or specifications for any electrical wiring,  
7 equipment or system; and no installation thereof shall be undertaken unless the plans,  
8 designs, valuations and specifications have been prepared by or under the responsible  
9 charge of, and signed and sealed by a Professional Electrical Engineer; and a construction  
10 permit for the execution thereof is first secured; and unless the work is done in accordance  
11 with the Philippine Electrical Code and other Philippine-recognized International  
12 Standards and is executed under the responsible charge or supervision of a Professional  
13 Electrical Engineer, a Registered Electrical Engineer, or a Registered Master Electrician as  
14 the case may be, and the routinary fiscal, ministerial and technical requirements of the  
15 government agency, if any, exercising jurisdiction over the particular installation have been  
16 complied with.

17  
18 **SEC. 45. *Practice Not Allowed for Firms and Corporations.*** – The practice of  
19 electrical engineering is a professional service admission to which is based on individual  
20 and personal qualifications. Hence, no firm or corporation shall be registered or licensed  
21 as such for the practice of electrical engineering.

22 However, persons properly authorized in this Act as electrical engineering  
23 practitioners may, among themselves, form a partnership or corporation and collectively  
24 render electrical engineering service. Individual members of such partnerships or  
25 corporations responsible for specific projects or activities shall be responsible for their own  
26 respective acts as practicing electrical engineers as provided in this Act.

27 *Provided*, that the Board of Directors or Officers of such partnership or corporation  
28 shall be consisting of at least sixty percent (60%) authorized electrical engineering  
29 practitioners of any grade and shall have at least one (1) Professional Electrical Engineer  
30 among the firm's officers as active and full-time managing partner or director of the firm.

31 *Provided, further*, that for multi-disciplinary corporations, wherein part of the scope  
32 is electrical engineering, this Act requires at least one (1) authorized Professional Electrical  
33 Engineer sitting as director and as active and full-time managing partner of the firm  
34 responsible for the over-all electrical engineering scope.

35 *Provided, finally*, that in cases involving professional liability of an electrical  
36 engineer employed within and representing the firm in present or past jobs, and whether

1 still or no longer working within the firm; the firm and the engineer involved are jointly  
2 and severally liable to all obligations arising from business transactions of the firm.

3  
4 **SEC. 46. *Posting of Certificate of Compliance*** – The owner, manager or the person  
5 in charge of an electric plant, industrial plant or factory, electrical fabrication or  
6 manufacturing plant, commercial establishment, institutional building, or structure  
7 building under construction, watercraft, or electric locomotive and others shall post or  
8 cause to be posted in a conspicuous place within such plant, establishment, buildings, and  
9 construction areas the certificate of compliance issued by PRC in a frame protected by  
10 transparent glass or equivalent suited for the purpose.

11  
12 **SEC. 47. *Certificate of Specialty***. –

- 13 a) The PRC, through the Board of Electrical Engineering, shall institute the creation  
14 of an Electrical Specialty Council that shall be composed of a member coming  
15 from the Board of Electrical Engineering and four (4) members from the PRC-  
16 accredited electrical organization who as a collegial body establishes the specific  
17 fields of specialization and issue guidelines for the issuance of these Specialty  
18 Certificates.
- 19 b) The Electrical Specialty Council shall endorse to PRC the issuance of certificate  
20 of specialty to Professional Electrical Engineers who have been screened,  
21 selected and recommended for having demonstrated their training, competence,  
22 specialized knowledge and outstanding experience in specific fields of expertise.
- 23 c) The PRC shall issue the certificate of Specialty upon recommendation from  
24 the Electrical Specialty Council to Licensed Electrical Practitioners who have been  
25 trained, screened, have passed the written and oral examinations by the PRC accredited  
26 electrical engineering organization, and who have been declared as qualified for  
27 conferment as:

- 28 1. Certified Electrical System Inspector; and  
29 2. Certified Electrical Plans Examiner.
- 30

31 **SEC. 48. *Enforcement of the Act by Officers of the Law***. – The Professional  
32 Regulation Commission shall be the enforcement agency of the Board. As such, the  
33 Commission shall implement the concerned provisions of this Act, enforce its  
34 implementing rules and regulations as adopted by the Board, conduct investigations on  
35 complaints including violations of the Code of Conduct of the profession and prosecute  
36 when so warranted. It shall be the duty of all duly constituted authorities through the



1 officers of the law of the national government, or any provincial, city, or municipal  
2 government or any political subdivision thereof, to enforce the provisions of this Act and  
3 to prosecute any person violating the same.

4  
5 **SEC. 49. *Penalty Clause.*** – In addition to the administrative sanctions imposed under  
6 this Act:

7 a) Any person whether private or public, Filipino or foreigner, who shall violate  
8 any of the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of misdemeanor and shall, upon  
9 conviction, be sentenced to a fine of not less than Fifty Thousand Pesos (P 50,000.00)  
10 nor more than Three Hundred Thousand Pesos (P 300,000.00) or imprisonment for a  
11 period not less than three (3) years nor more than six (6) years or both at the discretion  
12 of the court.

13 b) Any person in the roster of licensed electrical practitioners of the PRC who  
14 shall violate any of the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of misdemeanor and shall  
15 upon conviction, be removed from the Registry, the license revoked and shall be  
16 sentenced to a fine of not less than Five Thousand Pesos (P 5,000.00) nor more than  
17 Thirty Thousand Pesos (P 30,000.00) or imprisonment for a period not less than six (6)  
18 months nor more than three (3) years or both at the discretion of the court.

19 c) Any government agency or private firm or institution who violates under this  
20 Act shall be punished by a fine of not less than Fifty Thousand Pesos (P50,000.00) nor  
21 more than Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (P500,000.00) at the discretion of the court.

22 d) The PRC through the Board, shall impose a minimum fine of One Hundred  
23 Thousand Pesos (P 100,000.00) annually to any government office or agency, private  
24 company, establishment, operator who deliberately and repetitively violates the  
25 provisions of this Act until such time that the Act have been complied with: *Provided,*  
26 That for purposes of the application of the fines, the Board shall prepare a system of  
27 penalties based on the violator's ability to pay, degree of willfulness, degree of  
28 negligence, history of non-compliance and degree of recalcitrance: *Provided, further,*  
29 That in the case of negligence with mitigating circumstances, the first time offender, to  
30 the discretion of the Board, may only be imposed a stern warning.

31  
32 **ARTICLE V**

33 **TRANSITORY PROVISIONS**

34  
35 **SEC. 50. *Terms of Office of Board Members.*** – Upon approval of this Act, the  
36 incumbent chairperson and two (2) members of the Board shall continue to serve until their

1 terms of office expire or until their replacements have been appointed by the President of  
2 the Republic.

3  
4 **SEC. 51. *Transitory Provision for Complement of Electrical Engineers.*** – The  
5 Board may allow retainership under rules and limitations the Board may establish as a  
6 response to any shortage of authorized electrical practitioners in compliance to the  
7 provisions on the required minimum engineering complement for establishments under this  
8 Act, until such proper time, at the discretion of the Board, that this transitory provision may  
9 be lifted.

10  
11 **SEC. 52. *Deletion from the Rosters of Electrical Engineers under the Old Law.*** –  
12 Associate Electrical Engineers, Assistant Electrical Engineers and Master Electricians with  
13 certificates of registration under Republic Act No. 184 who have not renewed their  
14 certificates of registration under Republic Act No. 7920 shall be deleted from the roster of  
15 electrical engineers and master electricians and shall be barred from practicing any form  
16 of electrical engineering.

17  
18 **ARTICLE VI**  
19 **FINAL PROVISIONS**  
20

21 **SEC. 53. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.*** – The Board shall formulate and  
22 issue the implementing rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act.

23  
24 **SEC. 53. *Funding Provisions.*** – Such sums as may be necessary to carry out  
25 provisions of this Act shall be included in the General Appropriations Act of the year  
26 following its enactment into law and thereafter.

27  
28 **SEC. 55. *Repealing Clause.*** – Republic Act No. 7920 is hereby repealed. All other  
29 laws, decrees, executive orders, proclamations, rules and regulations, or parts thereof  
30 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby amended, repealed or modified  
31 accordingly.

32  
33 **SEC. 56. *Separability Clause.*** – If any provision or part of this Act is declared invalid  
34 or unconstitutional, the remaining parts or provisions not affected shall remain in full force  
35 and effect.



1           **SEC. 57. Effectivity Clause.** – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its  
2 publication in the *Official Gazette* or in a national newspaper of general circulation.

3

4 Approved,