EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES *First Regular Session*



20 MAR 10 P3:34

SENATE S. 8. No. <u>14</u>08

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Introduced by Senator Francis "Tol" N. Tolentino

AN ACT

STRENGTHENING THE CAPACITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH IN THE DETECTION AND CONTAINMENT OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES, INCLUDING THE QUARANTINE OF INFECTED PERSONS AND LOCKDOWN OF INFECTED AREAS, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9271, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The State has the duty and the obligation to protect and promote the right to health of the people.

As of March 9, 2020, there are 110,098 reported COVID-19 coronavirus cases in 51 countries worldwide, resulting to the death of 3,831 people.

The Philippines has not been spared from this infectious disease, having a total of 35 confirmed COVID-19 coronavirus cases, as of March 10, 2020, including 1 which resulted to death. There currently around 700 patients under observation, of which 48 are admitted and 149 are home quarantined.

On March 7, 2020, the Department of Health confirmed the first case of local transmission in the country. In response and in anticipation of probable sustained community transmission, DOH has raised the COVID-19 Alert System to Code Red sublevel 1, which means that 100% of hospital personnel shall report for duty in the facility to render medical and other services. Furthermore, the DOH has recommended to the Office of the President the declaration of Public Health Emergency which will facilitate mobilization of resources and ease processes, including procurement of critical logistics and supplies and intensifying reporting and quarantine measures.

On March 8, 2020, the President signed Proclamation No. 922 which declared the Philippines under the State of Public Health Emergency which ordered all government agencies and LGUs were enjoined to render full assistance and cooperation and mobilize the necessary resources to undertake critical, urgent, and appropriate response and measures in a timely manner to curtail and eliminate the COVID-19 threat.

Just as how viruses are incessantly changing due to genetic mutation, we, as a nation, must also adapt and change our DNA on how we combat infectious diseases.

Section 6, Article III of the 1987 Constitution provides that the right to travel may be impaired in the interest of national security, public safety, or public health, as may be provided by law.

At present, the Department of Health, through the Bureau of Quarantine, has the regulatory capacity over incoming and outgoing vessels and aircraft, cargoes, passengers, crews, and all personal effects to prevent the introduction, transmission or spread of public health emergencies of international concern.

This measure seeks to expand the power of the Department of Health to include the authority, in times of public health emergencies, to lockdown infected areas, to suspend classes, to designate hospitals as a facility for referral of persons under investigation, so as to contain infectious diseases wherever its incidence may have occurred, and not just limited to those that travelled through vessels and aircraft.

For the protection and promotion of the right to health of the Filipino people, the passage of the bill is earnestly sought.

RANCÌS "TOL" N. TOLENTINO

Senator



EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES *First Regular Session*

MAR 10 P3:34 20

SENATE S. B. No. <u>140</u>8

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Introduced by Senator Francis "Tol" N. Tolentino

AN ACT

STRENGTHENING THE CAPACITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH IN THE DETECTION AND CONTAINMENT OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES, INCLUDING THE QUARANTINE OF INFECTED PERSONS AND LOCKDOWN OF INFECTED AREAS, AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9271, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- 1 Section 1. Title. This Act shall be known as the "Health Emergency Lockdown Act."
- 2 Sec. 2. Section 3 of Republic Act No. 9271 is hereby amended as follows:
- "SEC. 3. Jurisdiction and Functions of the Bureau. The examination at ports 3 of entry and exit in the Philippines of incoming and outgoing vessels and 4 aircraft, the necessary surveillance over their sanitary conditions, as well as 5 over their cargoes, passengers, crews, and all personal effects, [and the] 6 issuance of guarantine certificates, bills of health, or other equivalent 7 documents, LOCKDOWN OF CERTAIN AREAS, AND SUSPENSION OF 8 CLASSES DURING HEALTH EMERGENCIES shall be vested in and be 9 conducted by the Bureau. This Bureau shall have authority over incoming and 10 outgoing vessels both domestic and foreign, including those of the army and 11 navy, their wharfage and anchorage, and over aircraft and airports, AS WELL 12 AS OVER LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS, SCHOOLS AND HOSPITALS 13

- insofar as it is necessary for the proper enforcement of the provisions of this
 Act."
- 3 Sec. 3. Section 4 of Republic Act No. 9271 is hereby amended as follows:

4 "SEC. 4. Authority to Promulgate and Enforce Rules and Regulations and 5 Provide Penalties for Their Violations. - (a) The Director of the Bureau with 6 the approval of the Secretary of Health, AND IN COORDINATION WITH 7 THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, is 8 authorized to promulgate and enforce rules and regulations as in his judgment are necessary to prevent the introduction, transmission or spread of 9 "public health emergencies of international concern" from foreign countries 10 into the Philippines or [from one (1) domestic seaport/airport to another] 11 FROM ONE LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNIT TO ANOTHER. For purposes of 12 implementing these regulations, the Director of the Bureau may provide 13 intervention strategies such as health education and advisories, inspections, 14 fumigation, disinfection, pest extermination, vaccination for international 15 travel, medical examination of aliens/foreigners for immigration purposes and 16 destruction of animals or articles found to be infected or contaminated as to 17 be sources of infection to human beings in coordination with other concerned 18 quarantine agencies such as veterinary quarantine, plant quarantine, etc., 19 QUARANTINE/LOCKDOWN OF CERTAIN AREAS/LGUs, SUSPENSION 20 OF DEDICATED HOSPITALS, 21 DESIGNATION OF CLASSES, ENCOURAGE TELECOMMUTING PROGRAMS and other measures as in 22 23 his judgment may be necessary.

"(b) Regulations prescribed under this section shall provide for the 24 apprehension, detention or surveillance for the purpose of preventing the 25 introduction, transmission or spread of such public health emergencies of 26 international concern as may be specified from time to time in Department 27 Orders by the Secretary of Health upon the recommendation of the 28 THE ACCORD WITH surveillance, IN international health 29

1INTERNATIONAL HEALTH REGULATIONS OF THE WORLD HEALTH2ORGANIZATION.

3 "(c) Whenever it is deemed necessary for the protection of the public health 4 of the nation from public health emergencies of international concern, 5 immunization and other preventable measures against these diseases shall be 6 mandatory on all persons arriving at any seaport/airport of entry in the 7 Philippines, **AND ON ALL PERSONS IN INFECTED AREAS**.

"(d) The Secretary of Health upon the recommendation of the Director of the 8 9 Bureau may prescribe examination of any individual believed to be infected 10 with a disease of international concern on board vessels and aircraft entering any seaport or airport in the Philippines, AND IN INFECTED AREAS. Such 11 rules and regulations may provide that if upon examination, any such 12 individual is found to be infected or has been exposed to infection considered 13 as dangerous contact, he may be isolated aboard a vessel, in a **DEDICATED** 14 hospital with facilities for infectious diseases, at a quarantine station, A 15 **OUARANTINE CENTER ESTABLISHED BY THE DOH** or at any isolation 16 facility, and in such a manner as may be proscribed by the said regulations." 17

18 Sec. 4. Section 6 of Republic Act No. 9271 is hereby amended as follows:

"SEC. 6. Quarantine CENTERS AND Stations. - The Director of the Bureau 19 shall control, direct and manage all quarantine CENTERS, stations, grounds 20 and anchorages, and designate their boundaries. With the approval of 21 Secretary of Health, he shall establish such additional quarantine CENTERS, 22 station, grounds and anchorages if, in his judgment, these are necessary to 23 prevent the introduction of diseases of international concern into the country. 24 The Director, in the same manner may also order the closure of non-25 functional quarantine stations, grounds and anchorages." 26

27 Sec. 5. Detection of Infectious Diseases. – The Research Institute for Tropical 28 Medicine (RITM) shall develop and build the capacity of the nation to detect and

identify emerging infectious diseases, as well as the capacity to confirm infection of
 suspected persons.

Sec. 6. Implementing Rules and Regulations. - The DOH and the DILG shall
promulgate the implementing rules and regulations of this Act within sixty (60) days
after the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 7. Separability Clause. - In the event any provision of this Act or the application
of such provision to any person or circumstances is declared invalid, the remainder
of this Act or the application of said provisions to other persons or circumstances
shall not be affected by such declaration.

Sec. 8. Repealing Clause. – All acts and regulations not consistent with this Act are
hereby amended or repealed.

12 Sec. 9. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in

13 at least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,