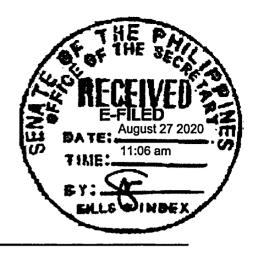
EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE) **REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES**) Second Regular Session



SENATE

)

1797 S.B. No.

Introduced by Senator Richard J. Gordon

AN ACT

FACILITATING THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE BY STRENGTHENING THE FRAUD DETECTION, PREVENTION AND ELIMINATION CAPABILITY OF THE GOVERNMENT BY CREATING A PHILIPPINE DEATH CHECK (PDC) REGISTER AND ONLINE DEATH VERIFICATION (ODV) SYSTEM UNDER THE PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY, AMENDING SECTION 6 OF ACT NO. 3753, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This bill is a product of the various hearings and investigation of the Senate Committee on Accountability of Public Officers and Investigations or the Blue Ribbon Committee in aid of legislation on the alleged malfeasance, misfeasance and nonfeasance arising out of the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth) payments for fraudulent claims.

The investigation unearthed controversies, such as the WellMed anomaly, wherein some patients who availed of dialysis procedures are reportedly dead at the time of the availment of the procedure. Identity theft or the use of someone else's identity or name to obtain financial advantage or benefits is not unique in the Philippines, nor is it limited to Philhealth. Identity theft can also be used to perpetrate electoral fraud or to unlawfully avail of social benefits provided by the government through its agencies, such as, Social Security System (SSS), Government Service Insurance System (GSIS), Home Development Mutual Fund (HDMF) and the Philippine Veterans Affairs Office (PVAO).

The bill seeks to create a centralized source of information to verify the death of any person in the Philippines to detect fraud and act quickly to help reduce

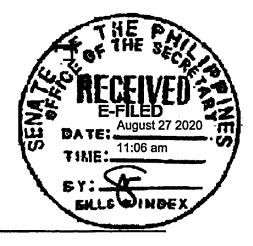
fraudulent events. This centralized information system shall consist of (1) an electronic database will be called the Philippine Death Check (PDC) Register and (2) an Online Death Verification (ODV) System to be managed by the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA). Once the death certificate is registered with the Local Civil Registry, the mortality data recorded thereon shall be uploaded to the PDC Register. After which, death verification request may be processed by PSA through the death verification system. The PDC Register and the ODV System will help protect anyone, especially the government, against identity fraud.

Recognizing susceptibility of identity fraud in health care, insurance and social benefit systems, as well as in our electoral processes, the Online Death Verification System that will be developed and utilized shall be readily accessible to Philhealth, SSS, GSIS, HDMF and the Commission on Elections.

In line with the foregoing, the passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

ED J. GORDON

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AN ACT

FACILITATING THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE BY STRENGTHENING THE FRAUD DETECTION, PREVENTION AND ELIMINATION CAPABILITY OF THE GOVERNMENT BY CREATING A PHILIPPINE DEATH CHECK (PDC) REGISTER AND ONLINE DEATH VERIFICATION (ODV) SYSTEM UNDER THE PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY, AMENDING SECTION 6 OF ACT NO. 3753, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short title. - This Act shall be known as the "PSA Online
 Death Verification System Act".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. - The State acknowledges that lack of 3 immediate access to death data is being exploited by criminals and syndicates in 4 perpetrating fraudulent activities and corrupt practices. The State recognizes the 5 vital role of information and communication technology in protecting the 6 government and Filipinos against identity fraud. Therefore, it is hereby declared 7 the policy of the State to establish an efficient, integrated and centralized online 8 death verification system that allows immediate access to death data by 9 government instrumentalities, such as Commission on Elections (COMELEC), 10 Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PHIC), Government Service Insurance 11 System (GSIS), Social Security System (SSS), Home Development Mutual Fund 12 (HDMF) and Philippine Veterans Affairs Office (PVAO) in order to ensure early 13 detection and prevention of identity fraud perpetrated against the Government 14 and its instrumentalities and agencies. 15

1	SEC. 3. Definition of Terms. – As used in this Act:	
2 3 4	(a)	Authentication – refers to the process of verifying the death of any person with the Philippine Death Check Register through the Online Death Verification System.
5	(b)	COMELEC – refers to the Commission on Election of the Philippines.
6	(c)	Data subject – refers to an individual whose death is being verified.
7 8	(d)	GSIS – refers to the Government Service Insurances System created by Commonwealth Act No. 186, as amended.
9 10	(e)	HDMF - refers to the Home Development and Mutual Fund created under President Decree No. Republic Act No. 9679.
11 12 13	(f)	Mortality Data – refers to the information indicated in the Death Certificate duly registered with the Local Civil Registrar in accordance with Act No. 3753.
14 15 16 17 18	(g)	Personal Information – refers to any information whether recorded in a material form or not, from which the identity of an individual is apparent or can be reasonably and directly ascertained by the entity holding the information, or when put together with other information would directly and certainly identify an individual.
19 20	(h)	PHIC - refers to the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation created under Republic Act No. 7875, as amended.
21 22	(i)	SSS - refers to the Social Security System established under Republic Act No. 1161, as amended.
23 24 25 26 27	Sec. 4. <i>Philippine Death Check Register.</i> – There shall be established a Philippine Death Check (PDC) Register to be maintained by the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA). The PDC is a centralized and electronic database containing mortality data registered with the Local Civil Registrar. PSA shall ensure the security and integrity of the PDC by safeguarding these from data	

Once death is registered with the Local Civil Registry, the information shall in be immediately uploaded to the Philippine Death Check Registrar Electronic System.

breach and any other mode of tampering data to perpetrate fraud;

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The PSA, in coordination with the Department of Information and Communication Technology (DICT) and the National Privacy Commission (NPC)

shall implement such programs to facilitate immediate access by PSA to mortality
 data registered with the Local Civil Registrars.

3 **SEC. 5.** *Online Death Verification System.* – The PSA shall establish an 4 Online Death Verification System, which shall be a centralized and online system 5 for death verification that shall ensure timely detection and prevention of 6 identity theft of deceased persons.

7 The PSA, through the Online Death Verification System shall verify the 8 death of the data subject upon receipt of information necessary to verify the 9 identity of the data subject, as may be required in the Implementing Rules and 10 Regulations, and shall immediately notify COMELEC, PHIC, GSIS, SSS, HDMF, 11 PVAO of the death verification result.

Except for COMELEC, PHIC, SSS, GSIS, HDMF, and PVAO, an Information Sharing Agreement between PSA and other Government Instrumentalities or Government Agencies shall be required prior to being granted access to the Online Death Verification System.

SEC. 6. Information Sharing. — The PSA shall immediately make available to the COMELEC Philhealth, GSIS, SSS, HDMF, and PVAO, without cost, such other data in the PDC Registrar as may be necessary for the validation of any member or beneficiary claim made with said agencies.

SEC. 7. Data Privacy and Confidentiality – Government instrumentalities and agencies granted access under Section 5 of this Act shall ensure at all times the confidentiality of any personal information that comes to its knowledge and possession, and the same shall be used solely for verification and authentication purposes.

SEC. 8. Death Reporting and Registration. – To ensure an up-to-date death
 information system, Section 6 of Act No. 3753 or otherwise known as the Law
 on Registry of Civil Status is hereby amended as follows:

SECTION 6. Death certificate and register. - No human body shall 28 be buried unless the proper death certificate has been presented and 29 recorded in the office of the local civil registrar. The following 30 physician who attended the deceased or, in his default the health 31 officer concerned, or in default of the latter, any member of the 32 family of the deceased or any person having knowledge of the death, 33 shall report the same to the local health authorities, who shall issue a 34 death certificate and shall order the same to be recorded in the office 35 of the local civil registrar (LCR) WITHIN 48 HOURS FROM THE 36 **DEATH OF THE DECEDENT.** The death certificate, which shall be 37

issued by the attending physician of the deceased or, in his default,
by the proper health officer, shall contain the following Mortality Data
be furnished by the person reporting the death; (a) date and place of
death; (b) full name, (c) age, (d) sex, (e) occupation or profession,
(f)residence; (g) status as regards marriage, (h) nationality of the
deceased, and (i) probable cause of death.

During epidemics, bodies may be buried provided the proper death
certificates have been secured, which shall be registered not later
than five days after the burial of the body.

10THE LCR SHALL REGISTER THE MORTALITY DATA IN PDC11REGISTRAR IMMEDIATELY WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR (24)12HOURS FROM THE TIME OF RECEIPT.

SEC. 9. Implementing Rules and Regulation – The Philippine Statistics
 Authority shall issue rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this Act
 within one hundred twenty (120) days from the effectivity of this Act,

16 **SEC. 10.** *Appropriation.* – The amount necessary to carry out the initial 17 implementation of this Act shall be sourced from any available funds of the 18 National Treasurer, and is hereby appropriated and authorized to be released for 19 its initial operations.

SEC. 11. Separability Clause. – If any provision of this Act is declared
 unconstitutional, such sections or parts not affected thereby shall remain in full
 force and effect.

SEC. 12. *Repealing Clause.* — All other laws, decrees, executive orders,
 proclamations and administrative regulations or parts thereof inconsistent
 herewith are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC.13. *Effectivity Clause.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) national newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,