EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES )
Second Regular Session )

**SENATE** 

S. No. 1846



Introduced by Senator Manuel "Lito" M. Lapid

## AN ACT ESTABLISHING AN ELECTRONICS DONATION AND RECYCLING PROGRAM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY

## **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

With the launching of new models of mobile phones, laptops, tablets and other electronic gadgets almost occurring every year, it is expected that thousands, if not millions, of new gadgets flood the market on an annual basis. Users then frequently discard or dispose of their old gadgets for brand-new units, which in turn, contributes to the escalating electronic waste problem in our country. A study conducted by engineers from the University of the Philippines yielded an estimate that by 2021 the number of discarded phones will hit over 24.9 Million, with respondents saying that they were replacing phones at a rate of once every one to two years. This means that Filipinos are throwing out their gadgets despite not being totally unusable and not being beyond their estimated useful life. Some of this electronic waste may not even be "waste" at all.

This wastage is oblivious of the fact that access to an electronic gadget is severely skewed against or even almost inexistent for lower income households. A 2020 study by the Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) revealed that only 69% of poor households have mobile phones, while only 1% and 6% of poor and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://onenews.ph/phl-s-e-waste-problem-over-24-m-phones-discarded-yearly-by-2021

low-income families have computers, respectively.<sup>2</sup> With the shift to remote learning modalities for 2020-2021 school year due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this digital divide is rendered more evident. In the National Capital Region (NCR) alone, around 648,405 public school students lack gadgets.<sup>3</sup> On the side of our teachers, 13% of them have no laptops or computers at their home based on a recent Department of Education (DepEd) survey.<sup>4</sup> This lack of access to gadgets to be used for distance learning, coupled with the problem concerning internet connectivity, may have forced some of our youth to skip school and not enroll for the current school year, or at least until they have procured the necessary tools and equipment.

The juxtaposition of the apparent wastage in the disposal of still-usable gadgets, on one hand and the lack of electronic gadgets among our students from poor and low-income households, on the other, serves as the primary motivation for this proposed measure. Under this bill, an Electronics Donation and Recycling Program shall be established nationwide through which all manufacturers and retailers of electronic gadgets will be mandated to establish and set up donation and recycling booths within the premises of their sales outlets, stores, service centers and similar locations. This is for the purpose of processing and accepting electronic gadgets intended by their respective owners for donation and/or recycling. For collected gadgets which are intended for donation, the recipient shall be the Department of Education (DepEd) for distribution to poor students, subject to appropriate guidelines to be issued by the said agency. For collected gadgets which are intended for recycling, the same shall be disposed of or turned over to Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR)-accredited facilities capable of recycling electronic gadgets and components.

Thus, this bill will serve two noble purposes at the same time – protecting the environment by controlling the unnecessary wastage of electronic devices and at the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.pids.gov.ph/publications/7022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://newsinfo.inquirer.net/1317951/deped-laments-dearth-of-devices

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://news.abs-cbn.com/news/06/16/20/thousands-of-teachers-lack-gadgets-internet-to-cope-with-pandemic-deped

same time, bridging the digital divide that had hampered our poor students from participating fully in a modern educational system.

In view of this, early passage of this bill is sought.

MANUEL "LITO" M. LAPID Senator EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
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## AN ACT . ESTABLISHING AN ELECTRONICS DONATION AND RECYCLING PROGRAM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as "Electronics Donation and Recycling Act."

Section 2. *Declaration of Policy*. – It is hereby declared the policy of the State to promote and protect the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature. In consonance with this objective, the proliferation of electronic waste must be addressed through a program that encourages the proper recycling of electronic gadgets that will channel electronic waste to the appropriate disposal facilities and the donation of still fit-for-use gadgets to poor students.

Section 3. *Electronics Donation and Recycling Program.* – All manufacturers and retailers of electronic gadgets shall be required to establish and set up donation and recycling booths within the premises of their sales outlets, stores, service centers and similar locations all over the country for the purpose of processing and accepting

electronic gadgets intended by their respective owners for donation and/or recycling.

The Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), in coordination with the Department of

Information and Communications Technology (DICT), shall issue the specific

4 guidelines regarding the layout, contents, sorting and recycling processes, simple

repairs required for donated Items and other relevant details for the operation and

6 maintenance of these booths.

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DTI shall maintain a publicly-accessible website containing the following: (1) detailed and updated list of sales outlets, stores, services centers, etc. which have donation and recycling booths within their premises; (2) contact information of those listed in no. 1; (3) basic information on electronics donation and recycling; and (4) hotline/s for inquiries, feedbacks and reporting of problems and issues.

Section 4. *Destination of Collected Electronic Gadgets.* – For collected gadgets which are intended for donation, the recipient shall be the Department of Education (DepEd) for distribution to poor students, subject to appropriate guidelines to be issued by the said agency. For collected gadgets which are intended for recycling, the same shall be disposed of or turned over to Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR)-accredited facilities capable of recycling electronic gadgets and components.

Section 5. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Act, the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), in coordination with the Department of Information and Communications Technology (DICT), and other relevant government agencies and stakeholders, shall issue the necessary rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this Act.

Section 6. *Repealing Clause.*— All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, proclamations, rules and regulations, or any part thereof, which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Section 7. Separability Clause. – If any provision or part of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held unconstitutional or invalid, the remainder of this Act shall not be affected thereby.

Section 8. *Effectivity Clause.*—This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days from its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,