EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
Second Regular Session)



SENATE

S. No. **1995**

Introduced by Senator Manuel "Lito" M. Lapid

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 78, 79, 81, 84, 85 AND 86 OF PRESIDENTIAL DECREE NO. 705, AS AMENDED, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "REVISED FORESTRY CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES", THEREBY IMPOSING STIFFER PENALTIES ON CRIMES COMMITTED IN RELATION TO FOREST LANDS, GRAZING LANDS AND THE NATIONAL PARKS SYSTEM

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The connection between deforestation and severe, more destructive flooding has been sufficiently established and supported by evidence. Less trees and thinning forests equate to higher and unexpected floods. The "triple hit" of typhoons Quinta, Rolly and Ulysses that the Philippines experienced last November 2020 is a stark reminder of this.

Some of the key drivers of deforestation and forest degradation are illegal logging, forest products extraction, uncontrolled conversion of forestlands into other land uses and *kaingin*¹. Fortunately, our laws, specifically the Revised Forestry Code of the Philippines (Presidential Decree No 705, as amended) already address and seek to stamp out these illegal practices. However, given that it is a 45-year old law (enacted in 1975), some of its provisions need updating and further strengthening.

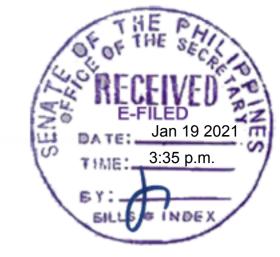
¹ Antonio P. Carandang, et al., *Analysis of Key Drivers of Deforestation and Forest Degradation in the Philippines*, (April 2013) https://forestry.denr.gov.ph/redd-plus-philippines/publications/Analysis%20of%20key%20drivers%20of%20deforestation%20and%20forest%20degradation%20in%20the%20Philippines.pdf

This bill seeks to amend the penal sections in the said law in order to impose stiffer penalties in the form of longer prison terms and higher fines for violations of its provisions. Notably, under this amendment, unauthorized or illegal cutting, gathering, and/or collecting of timber, or other forest products will be punished as qualified theft in accordance with the Revised Penal Code. Furthermore, prison terms for unlawful occupation or destruction of forest lands and grazing lands, kaingin, illegal occupation of areas under the National Parks Systems, and misclassification/mis-declaration and survey of forest lands will be increased in order to make these offences as non-probationable crimes. Their corresponding fines will also be pegged based on the value of the forest products or forest land destroyed or illegally occupied and used, or the value of the economic gain that the offenders will receive from such activities, whichever is higher.

This proposed measure, once passed, will serve as a stronger deterrent against illegal logging and other unlawful activities done to our forest areas.

In view of this, early passage of this bill is sought.

MANUEL "LITO" M. LAPID Senator EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
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Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. The first paragraph of Section 78 of Presidential Decree No. 705, as amended, otherwise known as the "Revised Forestry Code of the Philippines", is hereby amended to read as follows:

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"Section 78

Cutting, Gathering and/or Collecting Timber, or Other Forest Products

Without License

Any person who shall cut, gather, collect, remove timber or other forest products from any forestland, or timber from alienable or disposable public land, or from private land, without any authority, or possess timber or other forest products without the legal documents as required under existing forest laws and regulations, shall be punished with the penalties imposed under [Articles 309 and] **ARTICLE** 310 of the

Revised Penal Code: Provided, That in the case of partnership, associations, or corporations, the officers who ordered the cutting, gathering, collection or possession shall be liable, and if such officers are aliens, they shall, in addition to the penalty, be deported without further proceedings on the part of the Commission on Immigration and Deportation."

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Section 2. Section 79 of Presidential Decree No. 705, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

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"Section 79

Unlawful Occupation or Destruction of Forest Lands and Grazing Lands Any person who enters and occupies or possesses, or makes kaingin for his own private use or for others, any forest land or grazing land without authority under a license agreement, lease, license or permit, or in any manner destroys such forest land or grazing land or part thereof, or causes any damage to the timber stand and other products and forest growth found therein, or who assists, aids or abets any other person to do so, or sets a fire, or negligently permits a fire to be set in any forest land or grazing land, or refuses to vacate the area when ordered to do so, pursuant to the provisions of Section 53 hereof shall, upon conviction, be fined in an amount [of not less than five hundred pesos (P500.00), nor more than twenty thousand pesos (P20,000.00)1 **EQUIVALENT TO ONE HUNDRED (100) TO ONE HUNDRED** FIFTY (150) PER CENTUM OF VALUE OF THE FOREST OR GRAZING LAND OR PART THEREOF THAT HE ILLEGALLY **ENTERED AND OCCUPIED OR POSSESSED, OR DESTROYED OR** CAUSED DAMAGE TO, OR THE GAIN HE DERIVED FROM SUCH ILLEGAL ACTIVITIES, WHICHEVER IS HIGHER and imprisoned for not less than [six (6) months] SIX (6) YEARS nor more than [two (2) years] EIGHT (8) YEARS for each such offense, and be liable to the payment of ten (10) times to the rental fees and other charges

which would have accrued had the occupation and use of the land been authorized under a license agreement, lease, license or permit: Provided, That in the case of an offender found guilty of making kaingin, the penalty shall be imprisonment for not less than [two (2)] **EIGHT (8)** nor more than [four (4)] **TEN (10)** years and a fine equal to [eight (8)] **TEN (10)** times the regular forest charges due on the forest products destroyed, without prejudice to the payment of the full cost of production of the occupied area as determined by the Bureau: Provided, further, That the maximum of the penalty prescribed herein shall be imposed upon the offender who repeats the same offense and double the maximum of the penalty upon the offender who commits the same offense for the third time.

In all cases, the Court shall further order the eviction of the offender from the land the forfeiture to the government of all improvements made and all vehicles, domestic animals and equipment of any kind used in the commission of the offense. If not suitable for use by the Bureau, said vehicles, domestic animals, equipment and improvements shall be sold at public auction, the proceeds of which shall accrue to the Development Fund of the Bureau.

In case the offender is a government official or employee, he shall, in addition to the above penalties be deemed automatically dismissed from office and permanently disqualified from holding any elective or appointive position. [As amended by PD No. 1559]"

Section 3. Section 81 of Presidential Decree No. 705, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

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"Section 81

Illegal Occupation of National Parks System and Recreation Areas and Vandalism Therein

Any person who, shall, without permit, occupy for any length of time any portion of the national parks system or shall, in any manner cut, destroy, damage or remove timber or any species of vegetation or forest cover and other natural resources found therein, or shall mutilate, deface or destroy objects of natural beauty or of scenic value within areas in the national parks system, shall be fined [not less than five hundred pesos (P500.00) pesos or more than twenty thousand (P20,000.00) pesos exclusive of the value of the thing damaged **FOR** AN AMOUNT EQUIVALENT TO ONE HUNDRED (100) TO ONE HUNDRED FIFTY (150) PER CENTUM OF VALUE OF THE PROPERTY THAT HE ILLEGALLY ENTERED AND OCCUPIED OR POSSESSED, OR DESTROYED OR CAUSED DAMAGE TO, OR THE GAIN HE DERIVED FROM SUCH ILLEGAL ACTIVITIES, WHICHEVER IS HIGHER, AND IMPRISONED FOR NOT LESS THAN EIGHT (8) YEARS NOR MORE THAN TEN (10) YEARS; Provided, That if the area requires rehabilitation or restoration as determined by the Director, the offender shall also be required to restore or compensate for the restoration of the damage: Provided, further, That any person who, without proper permit shall hurt, capture or kill any kind of bird, fish or wild animal life within the area in the national parks system shall be subject to the same penalty: Provided, finally, That the Court shall order eviction of the offender from the land and the forfeiture in favor of the government of all timber or any species or vegetation and other natural resources collected or removed, and any construction or improvement made thereon by the offender. If the offender is an association or corporation, the president or manager

shall be directly responsible and liable for the act of his employees or laborers.

In the event that an official or employee of a city or municipal government is primarily responsible for detecting and convicting the violator of the provisions of this section, fifty per centum (50%) of fine collected shall accrue to such municipality or city for the development of local parks. [As amended by PD No. 1559]"

Section 4. Section 84 of Presidential Decree No. 705, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 84

Misclassification and Survey by Government Official or Employee Any public officer of employee who knowingly surveys, classifies, or recommends the release of forestlands as alienable and disposable lands contrary to the criteria and standards established in this Code, or the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder, shall, after an appropriate administrative proceeding, be dismissed from the service with prejudice to re-employment, and upon conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction, suffer an imprisonment of not less than [one (1) year] SIX (6) YEARS NOR MORE THAN EIGHT (8) YEARS and a fine of not less than [one thousand (P1,000.00) pesos] ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000.00). The survey, classification or release of forestlands shall be null and void."

Section 5. Section 85 of Presidential Decree No. 705, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 85

Tax Declaration on Real Property

Imprisonment for a period of not less than [two (2)] **SIX** nor more than [four (4)] **EIGHT (8)** years and perpetual disqualification from holding an elective or appointive office, shall be imposed upon any public officer or employee who shall issue a tax declaration on real property without a certification from the Director of Forest Development and the Director of Lands or their duly designated representatives that the area declared for taxation is alienable and disposable lands, unless the property is titled or has been occupied and possessed by members of the national cultural minorities prior to July 4, 1955."

Section 6. Section 86 of Presidential Decree No. 705, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 86

Coercion and Influence

Any person who coerces, influences, abets or persuades the public officer or employee referred to in Sections [74] 84 and [75] 85 commit any of the acts mentioned therein shall suffer imprisonment of not less than [one (1) year] SIX (6) YEARS NOR MORE THAN EIGHT (8) YEARS and pay a fine [of five hundred (P500.00) pesos for every hectare or a fraction thereof] EQUIVALENT TO ONE HUNDRED (100) TO ONE HUNDRED FIFTY (150) PER CENTUM OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF THE AREA OF THE LAND so improperly surveyed, classified or released.

In all other cases, any person who coerces, influences, abets or persuades the public officer or employee by using power and influence in deciding any pending case or matter in his favor shall be punished by a fine of [not more than five thousand pesos (P5,000.00)] NOT LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000.00) NOR MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS

1	(P200,000.00) and imprisonment of not less than [one (1) year]
2	FOUR (4) YEARS NOR MORE THAN SIX (6) YEARS. [As amended
3	by PD No. 1559]"
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5	Section 7. Repealing Clause. — All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders,
6	proclamations, rules and regulations, or any part thereof, which are inconsistent with
7	the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
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9	Section 8. Separability Clause If any provision or part of this Act, or the
10	application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held unconstitutional or invalid,
11	the remainder of this Act shall not be affected thereby.
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13	Section 9. Effectivity Clause. — This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days from
14	its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general
15	circulation.
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17	Approved,