

NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE ) REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES ) *First Regular Session* )

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#### SENATE

S.B. No. 1160

# Introduced by SENATOR IMEE R. MARCOS

#### **AN ACT**

## PROVIDING ALTERNATIVE MODES OF VOTING FOR HIGHLY VULNERABLE SECTORS TO EXERCISE THEIR RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10366, PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

Article V, Section 2 of the Constitution states that the "Congress shall provide a system for securing the secrecy and sanctity of the ballot as well as a system for absentee voting by qualified Filipinos abroad." Furthermore, the Constitution provides that "No literacy, property, or other substantive requirement shall be imposed on the exercise of suffrage." Corollary to the said mandate is the duty to design a system and a set of procedures that shall encourage and ensure a wide participation in electoral exercises, plebiscites, or referenda by those belonging to the vulnerable sectors, particularly senior citizens, pregnant women, persons with disabilities (PWDs) and indigenous peoples.

The need for aforesaid system and procedures has become even more pronounced in light of the ongoing pandemic. According to the World Health Organization (WHO), COVID-19 is the infectious disease caused by the most recently discovered coronavirus. COVID-19 is a global pandemic and the Philippines alone has well more than three million recorded cases which in turn caused more than sixty thousand deaths.

The United States Center for Disease Control (CDC) has reported that one's risk of getting severely ill from COVID-19 increases as one gets older. As with the case of senior citizens, the CDC also mentioned that pregnancy might increase the risk for severe illness from COVID-19.

Aside from the ongoing pandemic, notice may be taken of the fact that senior citizens, PWDs, and pregnant women oftentimes have reduced mobility and may thus require special assistance to simply get to and from the voting centers. This reduced mobility is aggravated by conditions prevailing during the day of the elections when thousands flock into voting centers to cast their votes. For many of these individuals, braving the crowded voting centers on election day entails physical and health hazards which may, in turn, effectively dissuade them from casting their votes. Although the Commission has exerted effort in ensuring access to the polls for these individuals, more can be done.

In addition and even prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, numerous public hearings and technical working group meetings conducted by the Senate Committee on Electoral Reforms and People's Participation have already discussed and recognized the plight of PWDs and the indigenous peoples (IPs) in remote areas during election day due to inaccessibility of polling places.

Hence, there is a need to provide alternative modes of voting for the members of the vulnerable sectors in order to ensure that they have sufficient access and opportunity to effectively and safely participate in the democratic process of this nation.

In view of the foregoing, the passage of this measure is earnestly sought.

IMEE R. MARCOS



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Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

**SECTION 1.** *Declaration of Policy.* – The State shall ensure that senior citizens, persons with disabilities (PWDs), pregnant women, indigenous peoples (IPs), internally displaced persons (IDPs), persons deprived of liberty (PDLs), and in special circumstances, health workers, quarantined and hospitalized persons, and repatriated overseas voters are able to exercise their right to political participation without restrictions The State shall devise systems and procedures that will enhance accessibility in their voting process.

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**SEC. 2.** Definition of Terms. – As used in this Act, the term:

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(a) "Commission" refers to the Commission on Elections.

- (b) "Senior citizens" refer to qualified voters who are sixty (60) years or older.
- (c) "*Persons with disabilities"* or "*PWDs*" refer to qualified voters who have long term physical, mental, intellectual, or sensory impairments which, in interaction with various barriers, may hinder their full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with others.
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(d) "Pregnant women" refer to qualified voters who are pregnant during election day regardless of the number of trimesters. For purposes of local absentee voting, the term shall refer to qualified voters who are pregnant at the time of registration to avail of absentee voting and who, in the natural course of events, are expected to remain pregnant during the period of absentee voting.

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- (e) "Indigenous peoples" refer to qualified voters who belong to a group of people or homogenous societies identified by self-ascription and ascription by others, who have continuously lived as organized community on communally bounded and defined territory, and who have, under claims of ownership since time immemorial, occupied, possessed and utilized such territories, sharing common bonds of language, customs, traditions and other distinctive cultural traits, or who have, through resistance to political, social and cultural inroads of colonization, non-indigenous religions and cultures, became historically differentiated from the majority of Filipinos. IPs shall likewise include peoples who are regarded as indigenous on account of their descent from the populations which inhabited the country, at the time of conquest or colonization, or at the time of inroads of non-indigenous religions and cultures, or the establishment of present state boundaries, who retain some or all of their own social, economic, cultural and political institutions, but who may have been displaced from their traditional domains or who may have resettled outside their ancestral domains.
- (f) "*Internally Displaced Person*" refers to a person who has been forced or obliged
  to flee or to leave home or place of habitual residence within the national borders
  as a result of, or in order to avoid or minimize, the effects of armed conflict,
  situations of generalized and/or organized violence, violations of human rights,
  implementation of development projects, or natural and human-induced or
  human-made hazards or disasters.
  - (g) "Person Deprived of Liberty" refers to a detainee, inmate, or prisoner, or other person under confinement or custody in any other manner.
- (h) "*Health Workers"* shall mean all persons who are engaged in health and health related work, and all persons employed in all hospitals, sanitaria, health
   infirmaries, health centers, rural health units, barangay health stations, clinics,
   and other health-related establishments owned and operated by the government
   or its political subdivisions with original charters and shall include medical, allied

- health professional, administrative and support personnel employed regardless of their employment status.
  - (i) "*Quarantined and Hospitalized Persons*" shall refer to persons who are quarantined or receiving medical treatment in quarantine facilities and hospitals accredited by the Commission due to the existing public health emergency.
- (j) "*Repatriated Overseas Voter*" refers to a citizen of the Philippines registered and allowed to vote under Republic Act No. 9189, as amended, but was repatriated due to special circumstances such as armed conflict, issues in international relations, state of emergency or calamity, or any other analogous circumstances beyond the control or fault of the voter.
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**SEC. 3.** *Local Absentee Voting.* – The Commission shall extend the right to vote under the Local Absentee Voting System provided under existing laws and executive orders to senior citizens, PWDs, pregnant women, and IDPs qualified to vote. They may cast their ballot for a period of not less than two (2) days within seven (7) calendar days before election at accessible establishments designated by the Commission.

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In the event of a public health emergency, health workers and quarantined and hospitalized persons qualified to vote may avail of the right to Local Absentee Voting: *provided*, that duty on the day of election is an additional qualification for a health worker to avail of this right.

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A repatriated overseas voter may avail of the right to Local Absentee Voting only if such voter's repatriation was due to special circumstances such as armed conflict, issues in international relations, state of emergency or calamity, or any other analogous circumstances beyond the control or fault of the voter.

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The Commission shall designate accessible polling places, as defined under Section 2 (j) of Republic Act 10366, as amended, for senior citizens, PWDs, and Pregnant Women.

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There shall be nationwide registration of senior citizens, PWDs, pregnant women, IDPs, and in special circumstances, health workers, quarantined and hospitalized persons, and repatriated overseas voters, who may wish to avail of the local absentee voting. Only those who are not registered under this system shall be allowed to vote on election day.

SEC. 4. Emergency Accessible Polling Places (EAPP). - During election day, the 2 Commission shall designate rooms or makeshift or temporary polling places at 3 residences for senior citizens, jails, prison facilities or detention centers, quarantine 4 facilities, hospital facilities, areas with a substantial number of IDPs, remote areas, and 5 in such other places as may be necessary to ensure an efficient and expeditious voting 6 process for senior citizens, PWDs, pregnant women, IDPs, PDLs, IPs, hospitalized or 7 guarantined persons, healthcare workers on duty, and gualified repatriated overseas 8 voters. 9

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The Commission shall ensure that, as far as practicable, and insofar as may be 11 necessary, the EAPPs shall have the same features and shall offer the same assistive 12 services as those found in Accessible Polling Places, as defined under Section 2 (j) of 13 Republic Act 10366, as amended, and that the voting procedure in the EAPPs, including 14 the facilities and materials, is adequate, appropriate, accessible, and easy to 15 understand and use, and that reasonable accommodation shall be granted to the 16 persons mentioned in the preceding paragraph so that they may fully exercise their 17 right of suffrage. 18

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**SEC. 5.** Section 2 (j) of Republic Act No. 10366 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 2. Definition of Terms. – xxx

- (a) xxx.
- 27 xxx.

28 (j) Accessible polling place refers to the venue where the Board of Election 29 Inspectors (BEIs) conducts election-related proceedings and where the 30 voters cast their votes. The accessible polling place shall be located at the 31 ground floor, preferably near the entrance of the building, [and is] 32 SHALL BE READILY ACCESSIBLE TO PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION, 33 SHALL BE free of any physical barriers, and provided with [necessary 34 services, including assistive devices.] THE NECESSARY 35 INCLUDING ASSISTIVE **DEVICES**, INFRASTRUCTURE 36 TRANSPORT WHEELCHAIRS, RAMPS, RAILINGS, SIDEWALKS, 37 ADEQUATE LIGHTING, VENTILATION, SUFFICIENT SIGNAGE 38

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LISTS OF **CANDIDATES** DIRECTIONAL SIGNS, AND 1 TRANSCRIBED IN BRAILLE, AND OTHER FEATURES FOR PWDS, 2 PREGNANT WOMEN, AND SENIOR CITIZENS, AS WELL AS 3 SUPPORT SERVICES OF EXPERTS IN ASSISTING PERSONS WITH 4 DISABILITIES SUCH AS SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETERS. 5 ACCESSIBLE POLLING PLACES SHALL BE LOCATED IN PUBLIC 6 SCHOOLS, TOWN HALLS OR PLAZAS, CIVIC CENTERS, 7 COMMUNITY CENTERS, OR OTHER SIMILARLY DESIGNATED 8 **VENUES. IN DESIGNATING THE ACCESSIBLE POLLING PLACES,** 9 THE COMMISSION SHALL GIVE PREFERENCE TO VENUES 10 DESIGNED WITH SPECIAL FEATURES TO ENSURE THE SAFETY 11 AND COMFORT OF SENIOR CITIZENS, PREGNANT WOMEN, AND 12 **PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES.**" 13

SEC. 6. Section 9 of Republic Act No. 10366 is hereby deleted and a new Section
 9 shall be inserted which shall read as follows:

17 "SEC.9. DESIGNATION OF ACCESSIBLE POLLING PLACES FOR 18 PERSONS WITH **DISABILITIES, AND** SENIOR CITIZENS, 19 PREGNANT WOMEN. - IN EVERY VOTING CENTER, THE 20 COMMISSION SHALL DESIGNATE AND ESTABLISH ACCESSIBLE 21 POLLING PLACES, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 2 (J) OF THIS ACT, 22 FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF PWDS, SENIOR CITIZENS, AND 23 PREGNANT WOMEN IN SUCH NUMBER AS MAY BE SUFFICIENT 24 TO ENSURE AN EXPEDIENT, SAFE, AND COMFORTABLE VOTING 25 PROCESS. NO PRIOR MANIFESTATION SHALL BE REQUIRED IN 26 ORDER THAT THE PERSONS MENTIONED HEREIN MAY AVAIL OF 27 THEIR RIGHT TO VOTE IN ACCESSIBLE POLLING PLACES." 28

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**SEC. 7.** *Provision for Transportation/Shuttle Services.* – The Commission shall provide a system of transportation/shuttle services for the senior citizens, PWDs, pregnant women, IPs, and IDPs during the period of local absentee voting under this act and during election day to ensure that these sectors have means of transportation to and from the polling places.

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36 **SEC. 8.** *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within ninety (90) days from 37 the approval of this Act, the Commission shall, in consultation with other relevant government agencies, non-governmental organizations, and civil society organizations,
 promulgate the rules and regulations necessary to implement this Act.

SEC. 9. Appropriations. – The initial appropriation to carry out the provisions of
 this Act shall be charged against the current appropriations of the Commission.
 Thereafter, the amount necessary for the continued implementation of this Act shall be
 included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

9 **SEC. 10.** *Separability Clause.* – Should any provision of this Act or part hereof 10 be declared unconstitutional, the other provisions or parts not affected thereby shall 11 remain valid and effective.

13 **SEC. 11.** *Repealing Clause.* – All laws, decrees, orders, and issuances, or 14 portions thereof, which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby 15 repealed, amended, or modified accordingly.

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 17 SEC. 12. *Effectivity.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
 18 publication in two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

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