NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
Second Regular Session)



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SENATE		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	
COMMITTEE REPORT NO.	99	KECEIVED BY	9

Submitted by the Committee on Ways and Means, joint with the Committees on Local Government; and Finance on AUG = 2023

Re: Senate Bill No. 2386

Recommending its approval in substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 314, 693, 897, 1018, and 1473, taking into consideration House Bill No. 6558.

Sponsor: Sen. Win Gatchalian

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committee on Ways and Means, joint with the Committees on Local Government, and Finance, to which were referred **Senate Bill No. 314**, introduced by Sen. Juan Miguel "Migz" F. Zubiri, entitled:

AN ACT

INSTITUTING REFORMS IN REAL PROPERTY VALUATION IN THE PHILIPPINES, ESTABLISHING THE NATIONAL VALUATION AUTHORITY AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Senate Bill No. 693, introduced by Senator Ramon Bong Revilla, Jr., entitled:

AN ACT

INSTITUTING REFORMS IN REAL PROPERTY VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES, REORGANIZING THE BUREAU OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Senate Bill No. 897, introduced by Senator Pia S. Cavetano, entitled:

4.30 W.

AN ACT

INSTITUTING REFORMS IN REAL PROPERTY VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES, REORGANIZING THE BUREAU OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Senate Bill No. 1018, introduced by Senator Jinggoy E. Estrada, entitled:

AN ACT

INSTITUTING REFORMS IN REAL PROPERTY VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES, REORGANIZING THE BUREAU OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Senate Bill No. 1473, introduced by Senator Joel Villanueva, entitled:

AN ACT

INSTITUTING REFORMS IN REAL PROPERTY VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES, REORGANIZING THE BUREAU OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

and taking into consideration **House Bill No. 6558**, introduced by Representatives Salceda, Romualdo, Romero, Villafuerte, L.R., Villafuerte, M.L., *et al.*, entitled:

AN ACT

INSTITUTING REFORMS IN REAL PROPERTY VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES, REORGANIZING THE BUREAU OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

have considered the same and have the honor to report these back to the Senate with the recommendation that the attached bill, Senate Bill No. <u>2386</u>, prepared by the Committees, entitled:

AN ACT

INSTITUTING REFORMS IN REAL PROPERTY VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES, REORGANIZING THE BUREAU OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

be approved in substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 314, 693, 897, 1018, and 1473, taking into consideration House Bill No. 6558 with Senators Zubiri, Revilla, Jr., Cayetano, P., Estrada, Villanueva, and Gatchalian as authors thereof.

Respectfully submitted:

Chairpersons

SEN WINGATCHALIAN

Committee on Ways and Means

Vice Chairperson, Subcommittee E, Committee on Finance

Member, Committee on Local Government

SEN. JOSEPH VICTOR "JV" G. EJERCITO

Committee on Local Government Subcommittee N, Committee on Finance *Member*, Committee on Ways and Means SEN. SONNY ANGARA

Committee on Finance *Vice Chairperson*, Committee on Ways and Means

Member, Committee on Local Government

Vice Chairpersons

SEN, RONALD "BATO" DELA ROSA

Committee on Local Government Subcommittee C, Committee on Finance Member, Committee on Ways and Means

SEN. IMEE R. MARCOS

Subcommittee I, Committee on Finance *Member*, Committee on Ways and Means *Member*, Committee on Local Government

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Ligh VU
SEN. CYNTHIA A. VILLAR

SEN PIA. S. CAYETANO

Pia S. Caylans will interp / amend

Subcommittee D, Committee on Finance

Member, Committee on Ways and Means

Subcommittee B, Committee on Finance Member, Committee on Local Government

SEN. CHRISTOPHER LAWRENCE T. GO

Subcommittee F, Committee on Finance *Member*, Committee on Ways and Means *Member*, Committee on Local Government

GALLE FOL

Subcommittee K, Committee on Finance *Member*, Committee on Ways and Means

SEN. MARIA LOURDES NANCY S. BINAY

Subcommittee J, Committee on Finance *Member*, Committee on Ways and Means *Member*, Committee on Local Government

SEN. FRANCIS "TOL" N. TOLENTINO

Subcommittee L, Committee on Finance *Member*, Committee on Ways and Means *Member*, Committee on Local Government

SEN. MARK A. VILLAR

Subcommittee M, Committee on Finance *Member*, Committee on Ways and Means *Member*, Committee on Local Government

SEN. RISA HONTIVEROS

Subcommittee H, Committee on Finance *Member*, Committee on Ways and Means *Member*, Committee on Local Government

Will interpellate, I may propose amendments.

Members

SEN. MANUEL LITO" M. LAPID

Committee on Ways and Means Committee on Finance

SEN. RAFFY TULFO

Committee on Ways and Means Committee on Local Government

Committee on Finance

SEN. ALAN PETER "COMPAÑERO" S. CAYETANO

Committee on Finance

SEN. FRANCIS "CHIZ" G. **ESCUDERO**

Committee on Ways and Means Committee on Finance

SEN. JINGGOY EJERCITO ESTRADA

Committee on Local Government Committee on Finance

SEN. ROBINHOOD C. PADILLA

Committee on Local Government Committee on Finance

SEN. RAMON BONG REVILLA, JR.

Committee on Local Government Committee on Finance

Ex Officio Members

SEN. LOREN LEGARDA

President Pro Tempore

SEN. JOEL VILLANUEVA

Majority Leader

SEN. AQUILINO "KOKO" PIMENTEL III Minority Leader

HON. JUAN MIGUEL "MIGZ" F. ZUBIRI

Senate President

Members

SEN. MANUEL "LITO" M. LAPID

Committee on Ways and Means Committee on Finance **SEN. RAFFY TULFO**

Committee on Ways and Means Committee on Local Government Committee on Finance

SEN. ALAN PETER "COMPAÑERO" S. CAYETANO

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Committee on Local Government Committee on Finance

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President Pro Tempore

"will interpellate"

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Committee on Local Government
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SEN. AQUILINO "KOKO" PIMENTEL III

Minority Leader

HON. JUAN MIGUEL "MIGZ" F. ZUBIRI

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Senate President

NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE	3
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Second Regular Session	3



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SENATE

S. No. <u>2386</u>



(In substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 314, 693, 897, 1018 and 1473, taking into consideration House Bill No. 6558)

Prepared by the Committee on Ways and Means, joint with the Committees on Local Government and Finance with Senators Zubiri, Revilla Jr., Cayetano (P.), Estrada, Villanueva, and Gatchalian as authors

AN ACT

INSTITUTING REFORMS IN REAL PROPERTY VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES, REORGANIZING THE BUREAU OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- SECTION 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as the "Real Property Valuation and
- 2 Assessment Reform Act."

3 ARTICLE I

DECLARATION OF POLICY AND OBJECTIVES, AND DEFINITION OF TERMS

- SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy and Objectives. It is the policy of the State to
- 6 promote the development and maintenance of a just, equitable, impartial, and
- 7 nationally consistent real property valuation based on internationally accepted
- 8 valuation standards, concepts, principles, and practices. Towards this end, the State
- 9 shall:

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- (a) Establish and maintain standards based on the Philippine Valuation Standards
 (PVS) to govern the valuation of real property in the country;
- 3 (b) Adopt market value as the single real property valuation base for the assessment
 4 of real property-related taxes in the country, and for the valuation of real
 5 property for various transactions by all government agencies;
- 6 (c) Promote the fiscal autonomy of local government units (LGUs) to provide basic
 7 services to their constituency by enhancing their capacity to generate local
 8 revenues from real property;
- 9 (d) Separate the function of valuation of real properties from the functions of tax policy formulation and administration of the taxes due thereon;
- 11 (e) Provide a comprehensive and up-to-date electronic database of all real property

 12 transactions;
- 13 (f) Support the development of an information database on valuation through
 14 continuing research and monitoring of new developments in the discipline to
 15 upgrade the country's valuation system and be at par with global standards;
 - (g) Subject to the provisions of Republic Act No. 10173, otherwise known as the "Data Privacy Act of 2012", ensure transparency in real property transactions to protect public interest, and develop confidence in the valuation system; and
- 19 (h) Promote the use of digital technology in local and real property tax administration,
 20 real property transactions, and other business processes to improve the LGUs'
 21 revenue generation capacity.

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- SEC. 3. *Definition of Terms.* As used in this Act:
- 2 (a) Appraiser, also known as valuer, refers to a person who conducts valuation;
- specifically, one who possesses the necessary qualifications, license, ability, and
- 4 experience to execute or direct the valuation of real property;
- 5 (b) Assessed Value, also known as taxable value, refers to the market value of the
- 6 property multiplied by the corresponding assessment level;
- 7 (c) Assessment refers to the act or process of determining the value of a property,
- or proportion thereof subject to taxation, including the discovery, listing,
- 9 classification, and appraisal of properties;
- 10 (d) Assessment Level refers to the percentage applied to the market value to
- determine the taxable value of the property based on property classifications as
- prescribed in Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the "Local Government"
- 13 Code of 1991", as amended;
- 14 (e) Assessor refers to the official or employee in the LGU who is a duly licensed
- appraiser, and performs appraisal and assessment of real properties, including
- plant, machinery, and equipment, for taxation and other purposes. This definition
- 17 also includes assistant assessor;
- 18 (f) Building refers to a man-made structure permanently attached to land for
- residential, commercial, industrial, recreational, or other purposes;
- 20 (g) Depreciation refers to reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear
- 21 (including reasonable allowance for obsolescence) of property.
- 22 (h) *Improvement* refers to a valuable addition made to a property or an amelioration
- in its condition, amounting to more than a mere repair or replacement of parts,

- involving capital expenditures and labor intended to enhance its value, beauty,

 or utility or to adapt it for new or further purposes;
- (i) Land is part of the earth's surface that is not covered by water, and also anything
 that is attached to the earth's surface;
- 5 (j) Internationally accepted valuation standards refer to generally accepted 6 standards for the valuation for all types of assets including real estate plant and 7 equipment, intangible assets and businesses which shall include the international 8 valuation standards;
- 9 (k) *International Valuation Standards* refer to standards for undertaking valuation
 10 assessments using generally recognized concepts and principles that promote
 11 transparency and consistency evaluation practice as determined by the
 12 International Valuation Standards Council;
- 13 (I) *Philippine Valuation Standards* refer to the latest national standards designed 14 and for use in the Philippines, but which are based upon International Valuation 15 Standards duly approved by the Secretary of Finance;
- (m) Machinery refers to machines, equipment, mechanical contrivances, instruments, 16 appliances, or apparatus which may or may not be attached, permanently or 17 temporarily, to the real property. It includes the physical facilities for production, 18 the installations and appurtenant service facilities, those which are mobile, self-19 powered or self-propelled, and those not permanently attached to the real 20 property which are actually, directly, and exclusively used to meet the needs of 21 the particular industry, business or activity, and which by their very nature, and 22 purpose are designed for or necessary to its manufacturing, mining, logging, 23 commercial, industrial or agricultural purposes; 24

- 1 (n) *Market value* refers to the estimated amount for which a property shall exchange
 2 on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's
 3 length transaction which is a transaction between independent, unrelated parties
 4 involving no irregularity, after proper marketing, wherein the parties had each
 5 acted knowledgeably, prudently, and without compulsion;
- (o) Private appraisal sector refers to licensed non-governmental real estate service
 practitioners;
- 8 **(p)** Real Estate refers to the land and all those items which are attached to the land.
 9 It is the physical, tangible entity, together with all the additions or improvements
 10 on, above or below the ground;
- 11 (q) Real Property refers to all the rights, interests and benefits related to the 12 ownership of real estate;
- 13 (r) Schedule of Market Values, hereinafter referred to as SMV, refers to a table of
 14 base unit market values for all kinds of real property, except machinery within
 15 an LGU prepared by assessors pursuant to existing laws, rules and regulations.
 16 For real property not specified in the SMV, the same shall be appraised at its
 17 current market value, and shall be assessed for taxation purposes by applying
 18 the prescribed assessment level based on its actual use;
 - (s) Special purpose property refers to a property that is designed, constructed and developed for a specific use or purpose. By its very nature, this type of property is rarely offered for sale in the open market except as part of a going concern since its special design and function renders conversion to other types of development or application not economically feasible; and

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(t) *Valuation*, also known as appraisal, refers to the systematic, analytic and logical analysis of the recording of property facts, circumstances, investments and other relevant data resulting in a supportable estimate or professional opinion of the value of the property as of a specific date and for a specific purpose.

ARTICLE II

BUREAU OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE (BLGF)

Chapter 1

BLGF Central Operations

- SEC. 4. Powers and Functions of the Bureau of Local Government Finance (BLGF).

 The Bureau of Local Government Finance (BLGF) of the Department of Finance (DOF), shall be the primary agency to lead the implementation of the provisions of this Act. In addition to the powers vested upon it by Executive Order No. 292, otherwise known as the "Administrative Code of 1987", it shall exercise the following powers and functions:
- (a) Develop, adopt, and maintain the Philippine Valuation Standards, regulations, and specifications for real property appraisal used for taxation and other purposes, and ensure compliance therewith by LGUs and other concerned parties;
 (b) Review and ensure that the SMVs as prepared by the provincial assessors together with municipal assessors, and city assessors, including the lone municipal assessor in the Metropolitan Manila Area, and the assessor of the PHIVIDEC Industrial Authority, is compliant with real property valuation policies
 - and national taxation, and for other purposes;

and standards, and recommend its approval to the Secretary of Finance for local

- 1 (c) Interpret and decide on matters relating to real property valuation policies and standards, and implementation of SMVs;
- (d) Provide technical assistance on real property appraisal matters to government
 agencies and instrumentalities, and coordinate or conduct valuation, when
 requested;
- 6 (e) Provide leadership and policy direction to LGUs on real property valuation for
 7 taxation and other purposes, including the development and maintenance of
 8 internationally-accepted valuation standards, the regulation of valuation
 9 activities and other related matters, and the promotion of valuation training and
 10 seminars;
- 11 **(f)** Maintain a roster of licensed local government appraisers and assessors in consultation and coordination with the Professional Regulation Commission;
- 13 (g) Develop and maintain a comprehensive and up-to-date electronic database of 14 real property transactions and prices of materials for buildings, machinery, and 15 other structures;
- (h) Conduct continuing study and research on valuation, and maintain information
 on current global and country trends and developments in real property valuation;
- 18 (i) Formulate and provide for uniform procedures on the different transactions in 19 the assessor's office, including the transfer, annotation, and issuance of tax 20 declarations;
- 21 (j) Exercise technical supervision over all assessors through a system of compliance 22 reporting and capacity building, and education and training procedures;
- 23 **(k)** Determine, fix, and collect a reasonable amount to be charged as administration 24 fees, fines, and penalties relative to the implementation of the Real Property

- Information System (RPIS): *Provided*, that no fees or fines shall be imposed on
- 2 LGUs with respect to the use of the RPIS; and
- 3 (I) Perform such other functions as are necessary, proper, and incidental to
- 4 implement the provisions of this Act.
- 5 SEC. 5. Establishment of the Real Property Valuation Service. To achieve the
- 6 policies and objectives declared in this Act, the Real Property Valuation Service,
- 7 hereinafter referred to as the RPVS is hereby established within the BLGF and shall
- 8 have counterpart personnel in the BLGF Regional Offices. The organizational structure
- and staffing pattern of the RPVS shall be subject to the evaluation and approval of the
- 10 DBM in accordance with civil service laws, rules and regulations.
- SEC. 6. Establishment of a Real Property Valuation Unit. To achieve the policies
- and objectives declared in this Act, there shall be created a Real Property Valuation
- 13 Unit (RPVU) under the Office of the Local Assessor in every LGU. The organizational
- structure and staffing pattern shall be included in the annual budget of the Office of
- the Assessor duly approved by the Sanggunian concerned.
- SEC. 7. Supervisory Role of The BLGF Executive Director over the RPVS. The
- BLGF Executive Director shall be responsible for the efficient and effective day-to-day
- performance of the responsibilities set forth in this Act, and for the overall internal
- management and governance of the RPVS.
- 20 SEC. 8. Creation of Central Consultative Committee. –
- (a) A Central Consultative Committee shall be created and shall serve as the forum
- on matters pertaining to the setting and adoption of internationally-accepted
- valuation standards and other related concerns on real property valuation;

- 1 (b) It shall be chaired by the BLGF Executive Director and shall be composed of a
- 2 representative each from the:
- 1) Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR);
- 4 2) Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR);
- 5 3) Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP);
- 6 4) National organization of government assessors;
- 5) Union of Local Authorities of the Philippines (ULAP);
- 8 6) Land Registration Authority (LRA); and
- 9 **7) Private appraisal sector.**
- 10 Provided, That the representative from the private appraisal sector has been
- active in the practice of real estate appraisal for at least five (5) years as certified
- by the Professional Regulatory Board of Real Estate Service (PRBRES).
- 13 (c) The representatives of the BIR, DENR and BSP must be performing valuation-
- related functions. The national organization of government assessors, and the
- private appraisal sector shall be represented by their respective heads of
- organizations or their duly qualified representatives;
- 17 d) The Chairperson and members of the Committee shall not receive additional
- salary for the performance of their functions. Members of the consultative
- committee who are not incumbent government officials or employees shall be
- 20 entitled to honoraria, pursuant to existing laws, regulations and other issuances;
- 21 (e) The Committee shall meet at the initiation of the Chairperson at least once every
- semester and shall have as many meetings as the Chairperson may deem
- 23 necessary for the adoption of valuation standards. The Chairperson may invite
- resource persons on issues concerning real property valuation; and

1	(†)	The secretariat of the Central Consultative Committee shall be handled by the
2		existing organic personnel or units of the BLGF.
3		Chapter 2
4		BLGF Regional Operations
5		SEC. 9. Role of the BLGF Regional Offices. – The BLGF Regional Offices shall,
6	thro	ugh the Regional Director, be responsible for all matters relating to valuation and
7	the	supervision of the SMVs in the region. They shall:
8	(a)	Implement policies, plans, programs, rules and regulations on real property
9		valuation of LGUs in the region;
10	(b)	Review and endorse to the RPVS the proposed SMVs prepared by the assessors
11		of the LGUs in the region;
12	(c)	Provide for economical, efficient and effective valuation services in the region;
13	(d)	Coordinate and consult with other government departments, bureaus and
14		agencies within the region dealing with real property valuation;
15	(e)	Adopt and maintain a comprehensive and up-to-date electronic database of all
16		regional real property-related transactions, and have custody of all transaction
17		records submitted by local government assessors; and
18	(f)	Perform other functions as may be assigned by the BLGF Executive Director.
19		SEC. 10. The Regional Consultative Committee. –
20	(a)	There shall be a Regional Consultative Committee that shall be chaired by the
21		BLGF Regional Director and shall be composed of representatives from the:
22		1. BIR – Regional Office;
23		2. DENR – Regional Office;

- 3. Head of the respective regional organizations of government assessors or their
 duly authorized representative;
- 4. Head of the private appraisal sector within the region or their duly authorized representative;
- 6. Head of the bankers' association within the region or their duly authorized representative;
- 7. Head of the regional chapter of the league of cities or their duly authorized representative; and
- 8. Head of the regional chapter of the league of provinces or their duly authorized representative.
- 13 (b) Preferably, majority of the members of the Regional Consultative Committee 14 must be performing valuation-related functions in their respective agencies or 15 sectors; and
- 16 (c) The Committee shall meet at the initiation of the BLGF Regional Director at least
 17 once every quarter and shall hold as many meetings as the BLGF Regional
 18 Director may deem necessary for the performance of its functions. The BLGF
 19 Regional Director may invite resource persons on issues concerning real property
 20 valuation.

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SEC. 11. Function of the Regional Consultative Committee. — The Regional Consultative Committee shall serve as a body in the region for discussion on developments in the local real property market; concerns of taxpayers, civil society, and other stakeholders; outcome of compliance reporting in the region; data on

complaints and appeals filed before the Local Board of Assessment Appeals (LBAA) or the Central Board of Assessment Appeals (CBAA), as the case may be; training of local government assessors in the region; appraisal and assessment concerns in general; and other matters as may be determined by the Committee. Any report thereof shall be submitted to the Central Consultative Committee, either electronically or manually.

6 ARTICLE III

VALUATION OF REAL PROPERTIES

Chapter 1

Valuation Standards and Market Values

SEC. 12. Development of Valuation Standards. —The BLGF shall develop, adopt, maintain, and implement uniform valuation standards, which shall be used by all appraisers and assessors in the LGUs, and other concerned parties or agencies that conduct valuation in the appraisal or valuation of lands, buildings, machinery and other real properties for taxation and other purposes. The valuation standards shall conform with the internationally-accepted valuation standards and principles. The BLGF, through the RPVS, shall review the PVS every three (3) years to ensure that the same is aligned with globally accepted principles and definitions in real property valuation.

SEC. 13. *Valuation of Real Property.* — For valuation purposes, all real properties, whether taxable or exempt, shall be valued or appraised based on prevailing market values in the locality where the property is situated, in conformity with the valuation standards adopted pursuant to this Act. In all instances, depreciation shall be taken into consideration in the valuation of depreciable assets. The Secretary of Finance shall promulgate the rules and regulations for the valuation of real property pursuant to the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 14. *Preparation of the Schedule of Market Values.* — The provincial assessors, together with the municipal assessor, and the city assessors, including the lone municipal assessor in the Metropolitan Manila Area and the assessor of the PHIVIDEC Industrial Authority, shall prepare the SMVs for the different classes of real property situated within their respective LGUs, pursuant to the valuation standards, rules, regulations and other specifications set by the DOF.

The preparation of the SMVs shall be completed within twelve (12) months following the notice from the BLGF to all local assessors to submit their revised SMVs.

Two (2) mandatory public consultations shall be conducted within sixty (60) days before the submission by the local assessor of the SMV.

Upon the completion of the proposed SMV, the local assessor shall submit the proposed SMV to the BLGF Regional Office, and within sixty (60) days from receipt thereof, the BLGF Regional Office shall review and endorse the proposed SMV to the BLGF Executive Director: *Provided*, That, in the case of cities and municipality within Metro Manila Area, the proposed SMV shall be submitted to, and reviewed by the BLGF Central Office: *Provided, further*, That the BLGF Executive Director shall review and endorse the proposed SMV within thirty (30) days of receipt thereof to the Secretary of Finance.

SEC. 15. Approval or Disapproval of the Schedule of Market Values. – The Secretary of Finance shall approve the SMV in accordance with the latest Philippine Valuation Standards, within thirty (30) days from receipt of the endorsement of the BLGF Executive Director; otherwise, said schedule shall be deemed approved: *Provided,* That if the Secretary of Finance finds that the endorsed SMV of a particular LGU was not prepared in accordance with the latest Philippine Valuation Standards,

the Secretary of Finance shall order that the said SMV be remanded to the assessor of the concerned LGU for revision together with a written explanation of the disapproval of the SMV. Upon receipt by the assessor of such letter of disapproval, it shall conduct at least one (1) public consultation prior to the submission of the SMV to the concerned BLGF.

The approved SMV shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication by the DOF in the Official Gazette or in its official website, and in the official website of the LGU concerned as well as in two (2) other conspicuous public places within its territorial jurisdiction.

SEC. 16. Setting Assessment Levels and Tax Rates. – The approved SMV shall be transmitted to the concerned local chief executive and the Sanggunian, through their respective provincial, city, and municipal assessor. The concerned assessor, in coordination with the local treasurer, shall estimate the revenue and tax impact of the new SMV on taxpayers based on existing assessment levels and tax rates, and recommend amendments thereon based on three (3) different proposed options. The assessor shall thereafter prepare and submit the revenue and tax impact report to the local chief executive and Sanggunian for consideration.

The local chief executive shall transmit the three (3) different options, and the revenue and tax impact report, within thirty (30) days from receipt of the same to the Sanggunian for the enactment of an ordinance setting the appropriate assessment levels and tax rate based on the approved SMV by the Secretary of Finance. During the Sanggunian's deliberations prior to the enactment of the tax ordinance, it may call upon the assessor to provide technical assistance and calculate the revenue and tax impact of additional options in order to arrive at a desired level of revenue and tax

goals that the Sanggunian will adopt. The concerned Sanggunian shall enact the tax ordinance not later than one hundred twenty (120) days prior to the end of the taxable calendar year from receipt thereof, upon conduct of public hearings and proper consultations.

Upon the enactment by the Sanggunian of an ordinance for the assessment levels and tax rates, the said ordinance shall be presented to the provincial governor or city mayor, as the case may be, within fifteen (15) days. If the said ordinance is approved, the signature of the concerned local chief executive shall be affixed on each and every page thereof. Failure of the concerned local chief executive to act on the ordinance within the prescribed period shall render the same approved: *Provided, however,* That this law shall not be construed to abridge the power of LGUs to lower and adjust assessment levels and tax rates in accordance with the provisions of Republic Act No. 7160 otherwise known as the "Local Government Code of 1991", as amended, particularly on the ceilings and limitations imposed therein.

SEC. 17. Publication of Assessment Levels and Tax Rates. - The approved ordinance for the assessment levels and tax rates shall be published by the concerned LGU in a newspaper of local or general circulation once a week for two (2) consecutive weeks, or in the official website of the LGU: *Provided*, That in provinces, and cities, including the municipality where there are no newspapers of local circulation, the same shall be posted in the provincial capitol buildings, city halls, municipal halls, and in two (2) other conspicuous public places therein.

SEC. 18. *Use of Schedule of Market Values.* — The approved SMV shall be used as basis for the determination of real property-related taxes of national and local governments, as follows:

- 1 (a) In the conduct of general revision of assessment and property classification, the
 2 approved SMV shall, in no case, be adopted by the LGU less than six (6) months
 3 prior to the effectivity of the new assessment rates to ensure the proper
 4 cleansing and updating of records, and notification of property owners. However,
 5 if no ordinance will be enacted within a period of one hundred twenty (120) days,
 6 the local assessor shall conduct the general revision.
- 7 (b) Upon effectivity of SMVs, in computing any internal revenue tax and local transfer
 8 tax, the BIR Commissioner shall use the SMV, or the actual gross selling price in
 9 consideration, as stated in real property transaction documents, whichever is
 10 higher.
- 11 (c) For other purposes, such as local transfer tax, tax on sand and gravel, community
 12 tax, fees and charges, or as baseline for real property appraisal of all government
 13 agencies, the approved SMV shall be used upon its effectivity.

- LGU compliance to the mandated rule on SMV revision shall be a ground for eligibility to the grant of The Seal of Good Local Governance under Republic Act No. 11292.
- SEC. 19. *Updating of the Schedule of Market Values.* All provincial assessors, together with the municipal assessors and the city assessors, including the lone municipal assessor within the Metropolitan Manila Area and the assessor of the PHIVIDEC Industrial Authority, shall update their respective SMVs within two (2) years from the effectivity of this Act. Thereafter, they shall update the SMVs and conduct general revision of property assessments and classifications not earlier than three (3) years. The BLGF shall prepare the schedule for the updating of the SMVs in all

provinces and cities, including the municipality within the Metropolitan Manila Area and areas under the PHIVIDEC Industrial Authority.

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In case of any significant change in market value where the property is located after the SMV has been approved and prior to the next revision, such as introduction of road right of way or similar infrastructure, in times of calamities, disasters, whether man-made or natural, during a pandemic or a declared public health emergency, whether national or localized, and other analogous adverse circumstances, or where corrections of errors and inequalities in the SMV is deemed necessary, the provincial and city assessors shall recommend revisions to their existing SMVs to the BLGF Regional Office, through the BLGF Regional Director exercising jurisdiction over the LGU concerned: Provided, That the city assessors, the lone municipal assessor within the Metropolitan Manila Area, and the assessor of the PHIVIDEC Industrial Authority, shall recommend revisions to their existing SMVs to the BLGF Central Office; Provided, however, That in times of national emergency declared by the President or a local state of calamity declared by the local chief executive, the assessor may suspend the conduct of general revision. In the case of a national state of emergency, the suspension shall take effect until the declaration of national emergency has been lifted by the President. In the case of a local state of calamity, the suspension shall be for thirty (30) days from such declaration: *Provided*, That if the said local state of calamity continue to exist after the expiration of the thirty (30) day-period, the BLGF may recommend further extension to the said suspension to the Secretary of Finance for a period of another thirty (30) days or during the continued existence of calamity, whichever is shorter.

Such revision or revisions shall be subject to review by the concerned BLGF Regional Office which shall review and submit their recommendations to the BLGF Executive Director, in accordance with Sections 13 and 14 of this Act.

SEC. 20. Conduct of Capacity Building Interventions. – The BLGF shall, in coordination with the Philippine Tax Academy created under RA No. 10143, develop and conduct the necessary trainings for all local assessors, local officials, and staff, and other concerned personnel on the preparation of the SMVs in accordance with internationally-accepted valuation standards, concepts, principles and practices, conduct of impact studies; preparation of compliance reports, and other subject areas.

10 Chapter 2

Development and Maintenance of Real Property Market Database

SEC. 21. *Development of Real Property Information System.* — The BLGF shall develop and maintain an up-to-date electronic database of the sale, exchange, lease, mortgage, donation, transfer and all other real property transactions and declarations in the country and on the cost of construction or renovation of buildings and other structure, and on prices of plant, machinery, and equipment.

For this purpose, the BLGF shall require the mandatory submission of necessary documents from the concerned officials or employees of national government offices or instrumentalities, and LGUs: *Provided*, That in the case of government agencies and instrumentalities, the mandatory submission of documents and information shall be subject to the prohibition of disclosure, and security of certain information under the Data Privacy Act, particularly Sections 20 and 21 thereof, and other existing laws. The updated database shall be made available at no cost to all LGUs, and other national government agencies, without need of prior approval, including the

Commissioner of Internal Revenue or their duly authorized representative subject to
the provisions of Section 270 of the NIRC, and Sections 12 and 13 of the Data Privacy
Act of 2012: *Provided, further*, That the private sector may access the database
subject to the guidelines of the BLGF: *Provided, furthermore*, That non-submission of
the required documents to the BLGF will subject the concerned official or employee to
administrative penalties pursuant to the provisions of Section 26 of this Act.

The BLGF shall establish mechanisms for the electronic submission of the required documents in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2, Article II of this Act.

All provinces, cities and municipalities shall automate their real property tax administration operations, such as, but not limited to, tax mapping technology, maintain software-enabled valuation systems, undertake regular data cleansing, and computerize records management, with the guidance of the BLGF, in coordination with the Department of Information and Communications Technology (DICT). DICT, shall provide, free of charge, the appropriate equipment, connectivity and inter-operable information and communications technology platform, including their corresponding maintenance, and the appropriate training and capability building programs to all LGUs. The DICT shall prioritize provinces, cities or municipalities belonging to the lower income class levels such as third, fourth, fifth, sixth class LGUs that do not have an existing information communication technology platform in place, to ensure compliance with this section. The BLGF, together with the DICT, shall ensure the full automation by all LGUs of their real property systems within two (2) years from effectivity of this Act.

SEC. 22. Duty of Register of Deeds to Supply Assessors with Real Property Transactions Data. — The Register of Deeds shall prepare and submit to the provincial assessors, together with the municipal assessors, and city assessors, including the lone municipal assessor in the Metropolitan Manila Area and the assessor of the PHIVIDEC Industrial Authority, an abstract of the entire registry every three (3) months and copies of all contracts selling, transferring or otherwise converting, leasing, or mortgaging real property registered every end of the month free from any fees and charges. The abstract shall include brief but sufficient descriptions of the real properties entered therein, their present owners, and the dates of their most recent transfer or alienation accompanied by copies of corresponding deeds of sale, donation, or partition, or other forms of alienation.

SEC. 23. *Duty of Official Issuing Building Permits or Certificates of Registration* of Machinery to Transmit Copy of Permit to the Assessor. – Section 210 of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the Local Government Code, is hereby adopted.

SEC. 24. *Duty of Geodetic Engineers to Furnish Copy of Plans to the Assessor.*– Section 211 of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the Local Government Code, is hereby adopted.

SEC. 25. *Transmission of Real Property Transactions Data to the BLGF*. – Upon operationalization of the real property transactions database, as provided in Section 21 of this Act, it shall be the duty of the registers of deeds, BIR, notaries public, officials issuing building permits, and the geodetic engineers conducting surveys within a locality to electronically transmit to the BLGF, free of charge, relevant real property transactions data, every quarter in accordance with the rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Secretary of Finance.

ARTICLE IV

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real property; and

	SEC. 26. Failure to Comply with the Required Submission of Documents,
١	Valuation Standards, and Preparation of Schedule of Market Values. — Any official or
E	employee of the BLGF, or any other government official or employee who fails, without
j	justifiable reason, to do any of the required acts provided herein shall be penalized in
ā	accordance with the Rules on Administrative Cases in the Civil Service (RACCS), or by
f	fines or penalties imposed by a competent court. The penalized acts are as follows:
	(a) Failure to provide or furnish data or information required pursuant to
	Sections 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 of this Act;
	(b) Failure of the assessor or assistant assessor to comply with the valuation
	standards developed and adopted pursuant to this Act, or deliberately
	conceals any deviation or departure from such standards in the valuation of

(c) Failure or refusal of an assessor, either intentionally or deliberately, to prepare the SMVs within the period set forth in this Act.

Assessors who will be found liable to acts under paragraph (c) herein may also be charged with administrative and criminal liability in accordance with the provisions of Republic Act No. 9646, otherwise known as the "Real Estate Service Act of the Philippines".

Any government official who delays, without justifiable cause, the review, approval and implementation of the SMVs, the conduct of general revisions, or causes the improper use thereof, shall be punished by a fine equivalent to one (1) month to six (6) months basic salary of the official or employee, or suspension from the service

for a period not exceeding one (1) year, or both, at the discretion of the competent authority.

SEC. 27. *Violations by Private Individuals*. – Geodetic engineers and notaries public who violate any provision of this Act shall, when warranted, be dealt with under applicable existing laws.

6 ARTICLE V

TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

SEC. 28. *Transitory Guidelines.* – LGUs, which are in the process of updating their SMVs, upon the effectivity of this Act, shall continue with such revisions in accordance with Sections 15, 16, 17, and 18 of this Act: *Provided*, That proper notification and coordination with the BLGF shall be undertaken.

In case the SMVs are not yet available or updated, the BIR Commissioner shall adopt the existing SMVs, zonal values or the actual price in consideration as stated in real property transaction documents, whichever is higher, for purposes of computing any internal revenue tax.

SEC. 29. Saving Clause. — The zonal values, as determined by the BIR and approved by the Secretary of Finance for internal revenue tax purposes, and the SMVs prepared by the provincial assessors, together with the municipal assessors and the city assessors, including the municipal assessor in Metro Manila and the assessor of the PHIVIDEC Industrial Authority, that have been approved by their respective Sanggunians for real property taxation purposes shall continue to be in force and effect until repealed, superseded, modified, revised, set aside, or replaced by the values provided under the new SMVs as approved in accordance with Section 16 of this Act, which shall be within two (2) years upon the effectivity of this Act: *Provided*,

That the PHIVIDEC Industrial Authority, pursuant to Section 4(h) of Presidential

Decree No. 538, shall continue to levy, assess, and collect real property taxes on real

properties within its jurisdiction: *Provided, further,* That the PHIVIDEC Industrial

Authority shall be governed by the provisions of this Act insofar as the valuation and

preparation of the SMV is concerned.

6 ARTICLE VI

FUNDING REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 30. Budgetary Requirements for the Updating of Schedule of Market Values and General Revision. — The Secretary of Finance, through the BLGF, and each local Sanggunian shall appropriate the necessary funds from locally generated revenues, the national tax allotment or such other sources every fiscal year to constitute the Real Property Tax Administration Fund (RPTAF), which shall be established and used for the proper implementation of the updating of the SMVs, and general revision of real property assessments, and the administration of real property taxes in all LGUs.

ARTICLE VII

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 31. *Appropriations*. — The initial amount for the implementation of this Act shall be charged against the available funds of the national government agencies, and LGUs concerned. Thereafter, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act and in the respective local budgets of the LGUs concerned.

SEC. 32. *Reportorial Requirement.* – The BLGF shall submit to the Joint Congressional Oversight Committee on the Comprehensive Tax Reform Program

- 1 (COCCTRP) created under Republic Act No. 8424, a detailed report on the 2 implementation of this Act during the first quarter of every year.
- SEC. 33. Suppletory Application of Existing Laws. The provisions of Republic
- 4 Act No. 7160, as amended, and other laws consistent with this Act shall have suppletory
- 5 **effect.**
- SEC. 34. Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR). Within six (6) months
- 7 after the effectivity of this Act, the DOF shall, in consultation with concerned
- 8 stakeholders and the private sector, issue the rules and regulations for the effective
- 9 implementation of this Act.
- SEC. 35. Separability Clause. If any section or provision of this Act shall be
- declared unconstitutional or invalid, other sections or provisions not affected thereby
- shall continue to be in full force and effect.
- SEC. 36. *Repealing Clause.* The following provisions are hereby repealed:
- 14 (a) Sections 199 (e), (g), and (o), 212, 214, 215, 217, 218, 219, 472 (a) paragraph
- 15 1, and 472(b)(8) of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the "Local
- Government Code of 1991" are hereby repealed;
- 17 (b) Section 9 of Presidential Decree No. 921, entitled "Providing for the
- Administration of Local Financial Services in Metropolitan Manila, Creating Local
- 19 Treasury and Assessment Districts Therein, and For Other Purposes," on the
- administration of local financial services in Metropolitan Manila and creating Local
- Treasury and Assessment Districts, is hereby repealed; and
- 22 (c) All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, presidential proclamations, rules
- and regulations or parts thereof contrary to or inconsistent with this Act are
- hereby repealed, superseded or modified accordingly.

1	The following	provisions	are	hereby	amended	insofar	as	they	are	inconsis	stent
2	with the provisions	of this Act:									

- 3 (1) Section 33, Chapter IV, Title II, Book IV, of Executive Order No. 292, 4 otherwise known as the "Administrative Code of 1987";
- 5 (2) Sections 19, 135(a), 138, 201, 218, 220, 473(a) paragraph 1, and 518 of Republic Act No. 7160;
- 7 (3) Sections 5, 6, and 7 of Republic Act No. 10752, otherwise known as "The Right-of-Way Act"; and
- 9 (4) Sections 6(e), 24(D), 27(d)(5), 88(b), and 102 of Republic Act No. 8424, 10 otherwise known as the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as 11 amended.
 - All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, presidential proclamations, rules and regulations or parts thereof contrary to or inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed, superseded or modified accordingly.
- SEC. 37. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.
- 17 Approved,

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