CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES NINETEENTH CONGRESS Second Regular Session

SENATE

S. No. 2492

PREPARED BY THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON PHILIPPINE MARITIME AND ADMIRALTY ZONES WITH SENATORS REVILLA, JR., ESTRADA, HONTIVEROS, LEGARDA, TOLENTINO, VILLANUEVA, GATCHALIAN, DELA ROSA, TULFO, AND POE AS AUTHORS THEREOF

AN ACT DECLARING THE MARITIME ZONES UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as
2	the "Philippine Maritime Zones Act".
3	SEC. 2. Maritime Zones In accordance with the
4	1987 Constitution and international law, particularly, the
5	1982 United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea
6	(UNCLOS):
7	(a) The maritime zones of the Philippine archipelago

8 comprise of internal waters, archipelagic waters, territorial

sea, contiguous zone, Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ), and
 continental shelf; and

3 (b) All other territories over which the Philippines
4 has sovereignty or jurisdiction likewise have their
5 respective maritime zones, as appropriate.

6 SEC. 3. Baselines. – The baselines of the Philippines 7 pursuant to Republic Act No. 9522, entitled "An Act to 8 Amend Certain Provisions of Republic Act No. 3046, as 9 Amended by Republic Act No. 5446, to Define the 10 Archipelagic Baselines of the Philippines, and for Other 11 Purposes", are the following:

12 (a) Archipelagic baselines for the Philippine
13 archipelago, drawn in accordance with Article 47 of
14 UNCLOS; and

(b) Normal or straight baselines, as appropriate, for
all other territories over which the Philippines has
sovereignty or jurisdiction, drawn in accordance with
Articles 5, 6, 7, 13 and 121 of UNCLOS.

1	SEC. 4. Internal Waters. – The internal waters of the
2	Philippines shall refer to the following:
3	(a) Waters on the landward side of the archipelagic
4	baselines not forming part of archipelagic waters under
5	Section 5 of this Act and delineated in accordance with
6	Article 50 of UNCLOS; and
7	(b) Waters on the landward side of the baselines of
8	the territories outside of the archipelagic baselines, drawn
9	in accordance with Article 8 of UNCLOS.
10	The Philippines exercises sovereignty over its
10 11	The Philippines exercises sovereignty over its internal waters and the airspace over it as well as its
11	internal waters and the airspace over it as well as its
11 12	internal waters and the airspace over it as well as its seabed and subsoil in accordance with UNCLOS and other
11 12 13	internal waters and the airspace over it as well as its seabed and subsoil in accordance with UNCLOS and other existing laws and treaties.
11 12 13 14	internal waters and the airspace over it as well as its seabed and subsoil in accordance with UNCLOS and other existing laws and treaties. SEC. 5. Archipelagic Waters. – The archipelagic
11 12 13 14 15	internal waters and the airspace over it as well as its seabed and subsoil in accordance with UNCLOS and other existing laws and treaties. SEC. 5. Archipelagic Waters. – The archipelagic waters of the Philippines refer to the waters on the

19 lines under Article 50 of UNCLOS.

1	The Philippines exercises sovereignty and jurisdiction
2	over its archipelagic waters and the airspace over it as well
3	as its seabed and subsoil in accordance with UNCLOS and
4	other existing laws and treaties, having due regard to the
5	rights of other States, including the right of innocent
6	passage as provided in Articles 17 to 26, and 52, and the
7	right of archipelagic sea lanes passage in designated sea
8	lanes as provided in Articles 53 and 54, of UNCLOS.
9	SEC. 6. Territorial Sea. – The territorial sea of the
10	Philippines refers to the adjacent belt of sea measured
11	twelve (12) nautical miles from the baselines as provided in
12	Section 3 of this Act, and as determined in accordance with
13	the provisions of Part II "Territorial Sea and Contiguous
14	Zone", Part IV "Archipelagic States", and Part VIII
15	"Regime of Islands" of UNCLOS, as appropriate.
16	The Philippines exercises sovereignty over its
17	territorial sea and the airspace above it as well as its
18	seabed and subsoil in accordance with UNCLOS and other

19 existing laws and treaties, having due regard to the rights

1	of other States, including the right of innocent passage as
2	provided in Part II, Section 3 of UNCLOS.
3	The high-tide features covered by the Kalayaan
4	Island Group in the West Philippine Sea shall have a
5	territorial sea of twelve (12) nautical miles from its
6	baselines as determined above.
7	SEC. 7. Contiguous Zone. – The contiguous zone of the
8	Philippines refers to the waters beyond and adjacent to its
9	territorial sea up to twenty-four (24) nautical miles from
10	the baselines.
11	In accordance with UNCLOS, the Philippines
12	exercises control over this zone necessary to:
13	(a) Prevent infringement of its customs, fiscal,
14	immigration, or sanitary laws and regulations within its
15	territory or territorial sea;
16	
	(b) Punish infringement of the above laws and
17	(b) Punish infringement of the above laws and regulations committed within its territory or territorial
17 18	
	regulations committed within its territory or territorial

1	SEC. 8. Exclusive Economic Zone. – The EEZ of the
2	Philippines refers to the waters beyond and adjacent to its
3	territorial sea and up to the extent of two hundred (200)
4	nautical miles from the baselines, as established by
5	Presidential Decree No. 1599, "Establishing an Exclusive
6	Economic Zone and for Other Purposes", and to the extent
7	consistent with the other provisions of this Act and with
8	the provisions of UNCLOS. All other low-tide elevations
9	within two hundred (200) nautical miles from the
10	archipelagic baselines shall likewise form part of the
11	Philippine EEZ.

12 In accordance with UNCLOS, within the EEZ, the13 Philippines has:

(a) Sovereign rights for the purpose of exploring and
exploiting, conserving and managing the natural resources,
whether living or nonliving, of the waters superjacent to
the seabed, and the seabed and its subsoil, and with regard
to other activities for the economic exploitation and
exploration of the zone, such as the production of energy
from the sun, water, currents and winds: *Provided*, That in

the exercise of these rights, the Philippines shall enforce
 its laws and regulations consistent with Article 73 of
 UNCLOS;

4 (b) Jurisdiction with regard to: (1) the establishment
5 and use of artificial islands, installations and structures;
6 (2) marine scientific research; (3) the protection and
7 preservation of the marine environment; and

8 (c) Other rights and duties provided for in UNCLOS.

9 All artificial islands constructed within the Philippine
10 EEZ shall belong to the Philippine government.

11 SEC. 9. Continental Shelf and Extended Continental Shelf. – The continental shelf of the Philippines comprises 12 13 the seabed and subsoil of the submarine areas that extend 14 beyond its territorial sea throughout the natural 15 prolongation of its land territory to the outer edge of the 16 continental margin, or to a distance of two hundred (200) 17 nautical miles from the baselines, where the outer edge of 18 the continental margin does not extend up to that distance.

Where the continental shelf extends beyond twohundred (200) nautical miles from the baselines, the outer

1 limits shall be delineated in accordance with Article 76 of 2 UNCLOS: Provided, That the limits of the continental 3 shelf beyond two hundred (200) nautical miles in the 4 Benham Rise Region, including the Philippine Rise, hereby 5 renamed collectively as the Talampas ng Pilipinas, as submitted to the Commission on the Limits of the 6 Continental Shelf (CLCS) and deposited to the United 7 Nations Secretary General on July 02, 2012, are hereby 8 9 incorporated into this Act: Provided, further, That this is 10 without prejudice to the making of other submissions for 11 other areas at a future time.

The Philippines exercises sovereign rights to explore 12 and exploit the mineral, petroleum and nonliving resources 13 14 of the seabed and subsoil and living organisms belonging to the sedentary species, as well as jurisdiction with regard to 15 establishment 16 the and use of artificial islands. 17 installations and structures on the seabed, marine 18 scientific research, drilling and tunneling, and other rights as provided for in accordance with UNCLOS, Philippine 19

1 mining and petroleum laws, and other existing laws and2 treaties.

3 SEC. 10. Areas Beyond National Jurisdiction. – The 4 Philippines has rights and privileges in the high seas and 5 the international seabed area as provided for in the 6 UNCLOS and other existing laws and treaties.

7 SEC. 11. Marine Scientific Research. _ The 8 Government shall adopt measures in accordance with Part XIII "Marine Scientific Research" of UNCLOS, and other 9 10 existing laws and treaties, to ensure that marine scientific research, whether undertaken by local or foreign entities, 11 12 in the maritime zones declared herein, shall redound to the benefit of the Filipino people. 13

14 SEC. 12. Marine Environmental Protection. – All 15 States have the obligation to protect and preserve the 16 marine environment. The Philippines shall enforce its laws 17 and regulations on the protection and preservation of the 18 marine environment of the maritime zones declared 19 herein, taking into consideration the provisions of Part XII "Protection and Preservation of the Marine Environment"
 of UNCLOS.

3 SEC. 13. *Delimitations*. – Where the maritime zones defined in this Act overlap with the maritime zones of a 4 5 neighboring State based on the UNCLOS, the common boundaries shall be determined by agreement with that 6 State in accordance with the relevant principles of 7 8 delimitation under international law: Provided. That 9 where no agreement has been reached within a reasonable 10 time, the Philippines may resort to the procedures provided under Part XV "Settlement of Disputes" of 11 12 UNCLOS.

SEC. 14. *Rights and Duties of Foreign States.* – The
Philippines shall give due regard to the rights and duties
of foreign states, and foreign states shall act with due
regard to the rights and duties of the Philippines, relative
to the maritime zones as provided under this Act,
UNCLOS, and international law.

SEC. 15. Other Maritime Rights and Jurisdictions. –
 The Philippines shall exercise all other maritime rights

and jurisdictions in accordance with UNCLOS, the 2016
 South China Sea arbitral award, international law, and
 other pertinent laws and regulations of the Philippines.

SEC. 16. Penal Sanctions. - Any violation of the rights 4 of the Philippines as provided under this Act shall be 5 6 addressed and penalized through pertinent existing laws and regulations. In the absence thereof, any violation shall 7 be subject to an administrative fine of not less than Six 8 9 hundred thousand US dollars (US\$ 600,000.00) but not 10 more than One million US dollars (US\$ 1,000,000.00), or the equivalent in Philippine currency. 11

SEC. 17. Joint Congressional Oversight Committee. -12 There shall be a Joint Congressional Oversight Committee 13 14 on the Law of the Sea (JCOC-LOS). The President of the 15 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each designate six (6) Senators and six (6) Members 16 17 of the House of Representatives, respectively, as members 18 of the JCOC-LOS: Provided, That the minority in the Senate and the House of Representatives shall each have 19 20 at least one (1) seat in the JCOC-LOS.

1	The JCOC-LOS shall conduct a hearing at least once
2	every quarter to review the implementation of this Act and
3	to identify other necessary legislation.
4	SEC. 18. Separability Clause. – If any portion or
5	provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid,
6	the other portions or provisions hereof not affected thereby
7	shall continue to be in full force and effect.
8	SEC. 19. Repealing Clause The second, third, and
9	fourth whereas clauses and Section 2 of Republic Act No.
10	3046, entitled "An Act to Define the Baselines of the
11	Territorial Sea of the Philippines", are hereby repealed.
12	The following laws or their specified provisions are
13	hereby amended:
14	(a) Section 1 of Presidential Decree No. 1596
15	"Declaring Certain Area Part of the Philippine Territory
16	and Providing for Their Government and Administration";
17	(b) Presidential Decree No. 1599; and
18	(c) Section 3(e) and 3(ai) of Republic Act No. 7942,
19	also known as the "Philippine Mining Act of 1995".

1	All other laws, presidential decrees, executive orders,
2	rules and regulations, proclamations, and other issuances
3	inconsistent with or contrary to the provisions of this Act
4	are deemed amended or repealed accordingly: Provided,
5	That nothing in this Act shall be construed as repealing
6	Section 2 of Republic Act No. 5446, as amended, and
7	Section 2 of Republic Act No. 9522.
8	SEC. 20. <i>Effectivity</i> . – This Act shall take effect fifteen
9	(15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a

10 newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,