

NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Second Regular Session

24 APR 22 P2:23

SENATE S. No.2637



Introduced by Senator Christopher Lawrence "Bong" T. Go

AN ACT

STRENGTHENING THE PRACTICE OF MIDWIFERY AS A PROFESSION IN THE PHILIPPINES, PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFORE, REPEALING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7392 OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE PHILIPPINE MIDWIFERY ACT OF 1992

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Republic Act No. 7392, otherwise known as the "Philippine Midwifery Act of 1992", while once instrumental, no longer adequately addresses the contemporary landscape of midwifery practice. The dynamic evolution of the profession calls for updated regulations. Strengthening the midwifery as a profession will facilitate the development of new regulatory frameworks that align with the current standards and requirements of midwifery practice, ensuring that midwives are equipped to provide optimal care to mothers and newborns.

This bill aims to fortify the practice of midwifery as a vital allied medical profession in the country. It is rooted in the fundamental principle that no mother should endure loss or injury during the profound journey of childbirth, ensuring that each newborn enters the world welcomed by health and vitality.

By recognizing midwifery as an indispensable cornerstone of healthcare, the State underscores its commitment to safeguarding the well-being of women, children, and all community members. Midwives, through their specialized skills and

compassionate care, play an irreplaceable role in delivering preventive and promotive health services, thereby fostering healthier generations and stronger communities.

This measure not only seeks to elevate the status of midwifery but also strives to create an enabling environment where midwives are empowered to fulfill their duties with excellence and integrity. Through enhanced education, training, and support systems, we aspire to cultivate a cadre of skilled professionals capable of meeting the diverse needs of our populace with competence and compassion.

This legislative initiative is a testament to our unwavering dedication to maternal and child health, underscoring the pivotal role that midwives play in shaping a brighter and healthier future for all Filipinos.

In view of the foregoing, approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

SENATOR CHRISTOPHER LAWRENCE "BONG" T. GO



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Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

ARTICLE I

TITLE 2 Section 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the "Philippine Midwifery 3 Act". 4 5 **ARTICLE II DECLARATION OF POLICY AND DEFINITION OF TERMS** 6 Sec. 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is hereby declared the policy of the State to 7 8 assume responsibility for the protection and enhancement of the midwifery profession. The state shall adopt measures that will continuously improve the knowledge, skills 9 and competence, and ethical standards of midwives to prevent the increase in 10 maternal and infant mortality rates. It is further declared a policy of the State to 11 strengthen the practice of midwifery as an allied medical profession so that no mother 12

will die or be injured in the process of giving life to a healthy newborn.

The State also recognizes the critical role of midwives in the provision of preventive and promotive health care services for women, children and other members of the community.

Sec. 3. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act.

- a) Accredited Integrated Professional Organization (AIPO) refers to the concerned Board and PRC Accredited Integrated Professional Organization for a given profession which is specifically mandated by the provision of Professional Regulatory Law (PRL) to integrate the professionals into one national organization and where the membership therein by the professional is automatic and mandatory.
- b) Accredited Professional Regulation (APO) refers to the duly accredited professional organization of registered and licensed midwives as per Republic Act No. 8981 or the "PRC Modernization Act of 2000", where membership therein is voluntary.
- c) Bachelor of Science in Midwifery refers to a four (4) year degree program consisting of general education and professional courses leading to a Bachelor's degree in Midwifery.
- d) *Code of Ethics* refers to the set of principles of practices and standards of behavior that shall govern the ethical conduct, moral obligations and professional duties to be observed by all registered and licensed midwives.
- e) DOH Clinical Practice Guidelines refers to the evidence-based document developed by Department of Health (DOH), in consultation with relevant public and private stakeholders, that presents the appropriate health care for specific clinical circumstances, with the goal of delivering the optimal care to clients.
- f) Life Saving Drugs refers to the drugs such as oxytocin, magnesium sulfate, antenatal steroids and antibiotics among other medicines used to prevent and manage pregnancy related complication.
- g) *Medicine Delivery Network* refers to the network of organizations that provides or makes arrangements to provide equitable, comprehensive,

1		integrated, and continuous good quality health services to a defined
2		population, with minimum duplications and inefficiencies."
3	h)	Midwife – refers to a person who has successfully completed midwifery
4		education, program and, who is registered and licensed to practice by
5		the Professional Regulatory Board of Midwifery and the Professional
6		Regulation Commission as defined under R.A. No. 7392 or the
7		"Philippine Midwifery Act of 1992."
8	i)	Skilled Health Professionals - refers to the providers such as midwives,
9		doctors or nurses who were educated, licensed and trained to
10		proficiency in the skill needed to manage pregnancies, childbirth and
11		the immediate newborn period and in the identification, management
12		and referral of complications in mothers and newborns.
13		ARTICLE III
14		THE BOARD OF MIDWIFERY
15	Sec. 4	. Composition of the Board. – There shall be a Board of Midwifery,
16	hereinafter re	ferred to as the Board, which shall be under the direct supervision of
17	the Profession	nal Regulation Commission (PRC). It shall be collegial body composed
18	of a chairpe	erson and four (4) members to be. appointed by the President of the
19	Republic of the Philippines.	
20	Sec. 5.	Qualifications of the Chairperson and Members of the Board
21	A. The	Chairperson of the Board of Midwifery shall at the time of appointment
22	must have the	e following qualifications:
23	a) /	A natural born citizen and resident of the Philippines;
24	b)	Of good moral character;
25	c) /	A graduate registered midwife;
26	d)	Have at least 10 years in practice as a midwife; and
27	e) .	A holder of master's degree or doctorate degree in any of the following
28	1	fields: public health, maternal and child health (MCH), community
29		health, primary health care, health services administration, health
30		systems or health care management;

1	B. The three (3) members of the Board of Midwifery shall at the time of the	
2	appointment must have the following qualifications:	
3	 A natural born citizen and resident of the Philippines; 	
4	a) Of good moral character;	
5	b) A graduate registered midwife;	
6	c) Have at least ten (10) years in practice as a midwife; and	
7	d) A holder of master's degree or doctorate degree in any of the following	
8	fields: public health, maternal and child health (MCH), community	
9	health, primary health care, health services administration, health	
10	systems or health care management;	
11	e) Have at least ten (10) years in practice as a midwife prior to their	
12	appointment ,	
13	C. One (1) member of the Board of Midwifery shall at the time of the	
14	appointment must have the following qualifications:	
15	a) A natural born citizen and resident of the Philippines;	
16	b) Of good moral character; and	
17	c) Have at least five (5) years in practice as an obstetrician-gynecologist	
18	preferably diplomate prior to the appointment.	
19	Sec. 6. Disqualifications of the Board Members:	
20	a) Member of the faculty, whether full time or part time or lecturer of any	
21	school, college or university where a regular course is midwifery;	
22	b) Those who have pecuniary interest, directly or indirectly in any school,	
23	college or university during their term of office as member of the Board;	
24	c) Officer or member of the Board of Trustees of Midwifery Organization;	
25	and	
26	d) Those who hold positions which violate the provisions of Republic Act	
27	No. 6713 Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and	
28	Employees or which violates incompatibility of office under items a to c.	
29	Sec. 7. Terms of Office The Chairperson shall hold office for six (6) years	
30	without reappointment. Two (2) members shall hold office for four (4) years without	
21	reannointment. Two (2) members shall hold office for three (3) years subject for	

reappointment for only one term. Any vacancy in the Board occurring within the term of a member shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term only.

Sec. 8. *Compensation of Board Members.* – The Chairperson, and members of the Professional Regulatory Board of Midwifery shall receive compensation and allowances or other benefits pursuant to the provisions of Republic Act No. 8981 otherwise known as the "PRC Modernization Act of 2000", and other pertinent laws and comparable to the compensation and allowances received by the chairperson and members of existing professional regulatory boards.

Sec. 9. *Removal of Board Members.* – Any members of the Board may be removed by the President of the Republic of Philippines, upon the recommendation of the Professional Regulation Commission, for neglect of duty incompetence or unethical, immoral and dishonorable conduct after having been given the opportunity to defend oneself in a proper administrative investigation conducted by the Commission.

Sec. 10. *Powers and Duties of the Board.* – The Board shall supervise and regulate the practice of midwifery profession and shall have the following powers, duties and functions:

a) Enforce the provisions of this Act;

- b) Conduct Professional Licensure Examination for midwives;
- c) Administer oaths in accordance with the provision of this Act;
- d) Issue, suspend or revoke certificates of registration for the practice of midwifery;
 - e) Maintain a registry of midwives in good standing in cooperation with AIPO;
- f) Shall maintain and collect data of midwives in the country in coordination with PRC Information and Communications Technology Service and the DOH by requiring the registration of all midwives in the National Health Workforce Registry (HHWR) or other human resource for Health (HRH) data collection system of the government and during their initial registration and renewal of licenses;

1 g) Shall provide inputs on national and global midwifery practice to the 2 commission on Higher Education (CHED) to be considered in the development and periodic updating of the midwifery curriculum; 3 h) Conduct hearings and investigations to resolve complaints against 4 midwives for malpractice, unethical and unprofessional conduct and 5 violation of this Act or its implementing rules and regulations and in 6 7 connection therewith; i) Issue subpoena ad testificandum and subpoena duces tecum and to 8 9 punish with contempt persons obstructing, impeding or otherwise interfering with the conduct of such proceedings upon application with 10 the court, or both; 11 12 i) Promulgate a Code of Ethics in coordination and consultation with AIPO and professional organizations representing registered and practicing 13 midwives in the Philippines within one (1) year from the effectivity of 14 15 this Act; k) Conduct inspection and monitoring of educational institutions and 16 17 facilities where midwifery services are offered or midwifery programs are taught to ascertain that the standards of midwifery education are 18 properly complied with and maintained at all times; 19 I) Shall submit an annual report to the Commission at the end of each 20 calendar year, giving a detailed account of its proceedings and the 21 22 accomplishments and recommending measures to upgrade and improve 23 the conditions affecting the midwifery practice and education; m) To adopt an official seal to authenticate its official documents; 24 n) Attend meetings regularly; 25 o) Study the conditions affecting midwifery education and the practice of 26 the midwifery profession in the Philippines; 27 p) Mandated to assess the standards pertaining to the retraining and skills 28 enhancement programs designed for midwives seeking advanced 29 training or those in need of bridging education; 30 31 q) Undertake initiatives and establish support mechanisms aimed at enhancing the retirement preparedness of midwives, with the objective 32

of ensuring their post-retirement years are marked by financial security, personal fulfillment, and strong support;

- r) Adopt a proactive approach in actively engaging a diverse range of stakeholders within the sector to foster the advancement and development of midwifery practice in the Philippines;
- s) Subject to the approval of the Commission, the Board, shall set ethical and professional standards for the practice of midwifery and adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. Such standards, rules and regulations shall take effect thirty (30) days after publication in two (2) national newspapers of general circulation; and
- t) Represent the Board in sectoral management.

Sec 11. *Meetings of the Board.* – The Board shall hold a regular meeting at least once a month within the Commission premises or in such other places as may be agreed upon on such date and time fixed by the Board. A special meeting may be called by the chairperson or any of its two (2) members to consider, deliberate or act upon urgent and important matters. The Board Secretary shall keep the minutes of the regular and special meetings of the board. The minutes shall be signed and certified as correct by the members of the board present.

Sec. 12. Administrative Supervision of the Board and Custodian of its Records.

—The members of the Board shall be under the general supervision of the Commission.

All records, including examination paper, applications for examinations, administrative and other investigative cases conducted by the Board shall be under the custody of the Commission.

ARTICLE IV

MIDWIFERY EDUCATION

Sec. 13. Standards for Midwifery Education. – To ensure quality midwifery education in the Philippines, the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) has the following duties and responsibilities in coordination with the Professional Regulatory Board of Midwifery:

 a) Establish standards for midwifery education, including the setting of minimum qualifications of faculty, and the facility requirements for training, and among others;

- b) Develop and periodically review the basic curriculum in consultation with the Department of Health (DOH), the Board, AIPO, Association of Philippine Schools of Midwifery, and other midwifery organization;
- Monitor and evaluate the performance of midwifery programs of schools, colleges, and institutions;
- d) Examine the facilities of universities and colleges of midwifery, and those seeking permission to open the midwifery courses prescribed; and
- e) Impose appropriate sanctions to institutions that do not fulfill the aforementioned standards, such as downgrading or withdrawal of accreditation, and termination of the program or school course, among others in coordination with the Board.

Sec. 14. *Schools of Midwifery.* – To become a duly accredited and legally constituted higher education institution for midwifery education and training as provided for in R.A. No. 7392 a school of midwifery shall have applied and secured a permit from the Commission on Higher Education (CHED). The school shall operate a midwifery program in accordance with the existing policies, standards and guidelines for midwifery education.

- Sec. 15. *Qualifications of Faculty*. –The faculty shall have academic preparation appropriate to teaching assignment, as follows:
 - a) A holder of a Master's degree on Health and social sciences or doctor of medicine;
 - b) Has a proof of competence in the field of specialization assigned;
 - c) A registered nurse or registered midwife in the Philippines with at least one (1) year of satisfactory teaching experience or one (1) year of efficient performance in maternity ward, *Provided*, that a registered midwife may be allowed to follow up student midwives in the community ward provided that a person has at least two (2) years of experience in the area of assignment and has undergone training in the supervision of students; and
 - d) A member of good standing of AIPO or other national association of midwives.

Sec. 16. *Mandatory Continuing Professional Development.* - The implementation of the Continuing Professional Development programs and activities for the midwifery profession shall be governed by RA 10912 otherwise known as the Continuing Development Act of 2016 and its implementing rules and regulation.

ARTICLE V

EXAMINATION AND REGISTRATION OF MIDWIVES

Sec. 17. Examination Required. – All applicants for registration to the practice of midwifery in the Philippines, shall be required to pass a written examination which shall be given by the Board in such places and dates as may be designated by the Commission: *Provided*, That it shall be in accordance with R.A. No. 8981, otherwise known as the PRC Modernization Act of 2000: Provided further, That those who are graduates of a two (2) year diploma courses and are already registered midwives prior to the passage of this Act shall be given an equivalency to a four (4) year degree program. The parameters to such equivalency shall be based on the following:

- a) Years of experience;
- b) Ladderized education or training already taken; and
- c) Continuing professional development requirements.

Upon compliance with the established parameters, the Commission shall issue the appropriate registration to the midwives. Those who fail to comply with the established parameters shall be allowed to take the Professional Board Examination for a four-year degree course.

- Sec. 18. *Scope of Examination.* The scope of Examination for the practice of midwifery shall consist of the following:
 - a) Newborn, infant and child health related procedures to midwifery;
 - b) Obstetrical anatomy and physiology;
- c) Obstetrics including essential intrapartum and basic emergency obstetric care;
 - d) Principles of Microbiology and parasitology as applied to midwifery practice;
- e) Pharmacology as applied to midwifery practice;
 - f) Midwifery procedures;

q) Primary Health Care which covers community care, public health, and 1 2 preventive care; h) Maternal nutrition, newborn, infant and young child feeding including 3 4 breastfeeding and complementary feeding; i) Responsible parenthood, family planning, adolescent health and 5 reproductive health; 6 j) Ethics and legal jurisprudence of midwifery practice; 7 k) Professional growth and development, and entrepreneurship; and 8 9 1) Other subjects that the Board may deem necessary for inclusion from time to time. 10 Sec. 19. Prerequisite and Qualifications of Applicants for Examination. – In 11 12 order to be admitted to the Professional Licensure Examination for midwifery all applicants must possess all qualifications and none of the disqualifications hereunder 13 set forth as follows: 14 a) Is mentally, emotionally and physically sound with a certificate of good 15 moral character signed by the Head of a recognized and duly 16 government midwifery institution or midwifery school from where the 17 applicant graduated; 18 b) A graduate of midwifery in a government recognized and duly 19 accredited institution. At the time of the issuance of a certificate of 20 registration, the applicant shall be a citizen of the Philippines and at 21 least eighteen (18) years of age. 22 For the purposes of admission to the midwives' professional licensure 23 examination, the applicant must submit the following documentary requirements: 24 a) Philippines Statistic Authority authenticated copy of the certificate of live 25 births: 26 b) Certified true copy of the official transcript of records; 27 28 c) Duly accomplished form, certified as true and correct by the clinical instructor and dean or principal of the school of midwifery attesting to 29 the applicant's: 30 31 1. Handling of at least twenty (20) actual deliveries 2. Suturing of at least five (5) perineal lacerations 32

1 3. Insertion of at least five (5) intravenous fluids 2 4. Conduct of at least ten (10) internal examinations d) Other documents that the Board may require provided any additional 3 requirement has been subject of prior consultation and is duly 4 announced in a public document. 5 6 Sec. 20. Fees for Examination. – The Applicants for examination for the practice of midwifery shall pay an examination fee as prescribed by the Professional Regulation 7 Commission. 8 9 Sec. 21. Ratings in the Board Examination. – To be qualified as having passed the professional licensure examination for midwives, the examinee must obtain a 10 general rating of seventy-five percent (75%) in the written test with no grade lower 11 than fifty percent (50%) in any of the examination subjects. 12 Sec. 22. Report on the Results of the Board Examinations. – As a result of fully 13 computerized examination, the Board shall, within a maximum of thirty (30) days after 14 the examination, report the ratings obtained by each examinee to the Commission. 15 The Commission shall, after days from receipt, release to the public the results of the 16 17 Board examinations. Sec. 23. Oath of Profession. – All successful examinees shall be required to take 18 an oath of profession before the Board or any government official authorized to 19 administer oaths prior to entering the midwifery practice. 20 Sec. 24. Issuance of Certificate of Registration / Professional License and 21 22 *Professional Identification Card.* – A certificate of Registration and Professional License as a midwife shall be issued to an applicant who passed the application upon payment 23 of the prescribed fees. Every certificate of registration and professional license shall 24 25 show the full name of the chairperson of the Commission and of the members of the Board, and the official seal of the Commission. 26 Sec. 25. Registration of Nurse Midwife. – A Certification of Registration may be 27 issued to registered nurses who passed the examination for midwives: Provided, that 28 the nurse, before being allowed to take the examination submit written evidence to 29 the Board that one has handled at least twenty (20) delivery cases as certified by the 30 municipal, city or Provincial Health Officer or chief of a duly registered or recognized 31

hospital, DOH and PhilHealth accredited birthing centers.

Sec. 26. *Inhibition against the Practice of Midwifery.* – No person shall practice or offer to practice midwifery in the Philippines, as defined in this Act without holding a valid Certificate of Registration and Professional License as midwife.

Sec. 27. Foreign Reciprocity. – A certificate of registration and professional license maybe issued to midwives registered under the laws of a foreign country or state. Provided, that the requirements for registration or licensing of midwives in said country are substantially the same as those prescribed under this Act. *Provided further*, that the laws of such state or country grant the same privileges to registered midwives of the Philippines.

Sec. 28. Exemption in Taking a Bridging Course. — Midwives who possess a diploma degree and obtained a PRC license prior to the implementation of this Act shall be no longer required to undertake bridging courses for the eventual attainment of a Bachelor's degree. Their status as midwives with valid licenses shall be maintained. Conversely, midwives with a diploma degree who acquired their PRC license after the implementation of this Act are obligated to successfully complete bridging courses leading to the conferment of a Bachelor's degree while retaining their license to practice.

ARTICLE VI

PRACTICE OF MIDWIFERY

Sec. 29. *Practice of Midwifery Defined.* – The practice of midwifery consists of performing, rendering or offering for a fee, salary or other reward or compensation services requiring an understanding of the principles and application of procedures and techniques in:

- a) Managing normal and uncomplicated pregnancies and deliveries;
- b) Identifying pregnancy complications and danger signs, and immediate referral of highrisk pregnancy woman to the appropriate facility in the service delivery network;
- c) Caring for the newborn, and proper assessment initial management, and immediate referral of newborn complications;
- d) Carrying out the written order of physicians on natal, ante-natal, intra-natal and post-natal care of the normal pregnant mother which includes the following:

1	1. oral and parenteral dispensing of oxytocic drug before or after deliver
2	of placenta as a measure to prevent postpartum hemorrhage. Provide
3	the delivery is normal spontaneous and single birth; and
4	2. Suturing of 1st degree (small, skin-deep tears which usually hea
5	naturally) and 2 nd degree (deeper tear affecting the muscle of the
6	perinium as well as the skin this require stitches) of perinea
7	lacerations to control bleeding and giving of intravenous fluid insertion
8	during obstetrical emergencies provided they have been trained for that
9	purpose.
10	e) Providing family planning services which include modern and natural family
11	planning method including counseling on informed choices to women of
12	reproductive age;
13	f) Administering recommended vaccines related to Maternal and child health care
14	and as vaccinator as stated in Sec. 9 of RA 115251 otherwise known as the
15	"Vaccination Program Act";
16	g) Providing primary care in the community, with emphasis on preventive and
17	promotive health care services;
18	h) May perform the following procedures to a newborn, infant or young child:
19	1. Four core-time bound interventions during the first 60- 90 minutes o
20	life of the newborn in accordance to the Essential Newborn Care (EINC
21	a. Immediate and thorough drying;
22	b. Early skin to skin contact;
23	c. Properly-timed clamping and cutting of the cord after 1 to 3
24	minutes; and
25	d. Non-separation of the newborn from the mother for early
26	breastfeeding initiation and rooming in.
27	2. Administration of the following after the first full breastfeeding of the
28	newborn:
29	a. Recommended dose of Intramuscular Vitamin K to prevent
30	Hemorrhagic disease of the newborn;
31	b. Ophthalmic prophylaxis ointment to prevent neonata
32	conjunctivitis;

- c. Intramuscular administration of Hepatitis B vaccine;
- d. Intradermal administration of Bacillus Calmette Guerin (BCG)
 vaccine;
 - e. Newborn Screening; and

f. Performing other tasks or procedures to be determined by the Department of Health (DOH). *Provided*, that the scope, requirements and interpretation of said functions shall be specified in the Clinical Practice Guidelines to be jointly promulgated by the Department of Health (DOH) and the Professional Board of Midwifery in consultation with AIPO and other midwifery organizations.

Sec. 30. Revocation and Suspension of Certificate of Registration and Cancellation. – The Board shall have the power to revoke or suspend the validity of a certificate of registration of a midwife for any of the causes mentioned in the preceding section, or on cases of: (a) unprofessional conduct, (b) professional malpractice, (c) clear professional incompetence, (d) serious ignorance or negligence, (e) assisting or performing abortion in the practice of midwifery or (f) using fraud, deceit or false statements to obtain a certificate of registration. From the final decision of the Board, appeal maybe taken to the Professional Regulation Commission whose decision shall be final and executory.

Sec. 31. Refusal to Issue Certificate of Registration. – The Board shall refuse to issue a certificate of registration to any person convicted by the court of competent jurisdiction of any criminal offense involving moral turpitude, and to any person guilty of immoral or dishonorable conduct. The Board shall give the applicant a written statement setting forth the reason or reasons for its action, which statement shall be incorporated in the records of the Board.

Sec. 32. Reissuance and Replacement of Revoked Certificates. — The Board may for reasons of equity and justice and upon proper application therefor issue another copy of the certificate upon payment of dues, and in so doing, it may exempt the applicant for the requisite examination.

Sec. 33. *Midwives Positions in Public Health facilities.* – All public health facilities such as Government Owned and Controlled Corporation (GOCC) with original charter,

DOH-retained hospitals, Local Government Unit managed hospitals at the district level, shall have plantilla positions for midwives. *Provided*, that the compensation of midwives working in public health shall not be lower than Salary Grade 15 as entry salary for midwives, pursuant to Republic Act No. 6758 otherwise known as the "Compensation and Position Classification Act of 1989; Also, as provided for under the Civil Service Law, a government employee has to work eight (8) hours a day or forty (40) hours a week. *Provided further*, that for midwives working in health facilities under local government units, adjustments to their compensation shall be in accordance with Section 10 of the same Act; Furthermore, other benefits and entitlements shall also be provided to midwives by their public health employers in accordance with existing laws.

Sec. 34. *Midwives in Private Health facilities.* – Midwives employed or contracted by private health facilities shall have salaries, benefits not lower than the minimum wage set by the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE). Government midwives who practice in private facilities after their regular office hours shall comply with the existing guidelines being set by the Civil Service Commission and Department of Health.

Sec. 35. *Midwives with Birthing Centers.* – Midwives who shall establish and manage their own birthing centers shall comply and be properly guided with the regulatory standards and operating procedures as defined by the Department of Health. This shall take into consideration certain requirements such as to number of facilities providing maternal care services in a particular geographic or territorial jurisdiction and based on an assessment of actual maternal care service requirement in a particular community.

Midwives offering services in these facilities should likewise comply with PhilHealth Certification and Accreditation standards. Midwives with birthing facilities and offering pregnancy and other reproductive health related services shall both be accredited as service provider and a Modern Family Planning accredited facility to comply with quality standards. Claims on maternal and newborn care package and family planning service must be paid on time.

1	Sec. 36. Creation of National Midwifery Office in the Department of Health.		
2	There shall be an establishment of a National Midwifery Office (NMO) under the		
3	Department of Health. The NMO in the DOH shall have the following functions:		
4	1. The midwifery office shall be responsible for overseeing, and coordinating		
5	strategic management, financial and resource allocation, policies and		
6	Standard development, professional and organizational development to		
7	address midwifery personnel supply, demand, and distribution;		
8	2. Provide expert advice to inform policy and decision makers relative to		
9	midwifery practice;		
10	3. Ensure adequate demand with respect to health service delivery for primar		
11	health care and other population health priorities (1 midwife in ever		
12	barangay) attract, recruit and retain midwives they are most needed;		
13	4. Establish and strengthen senior leadership for midwifery workforce		
14	governance and management; and		
15	5. Develop and share midwifery knowledge through a variety of process sucl		
16	as peer review and research. Interpret and critically apply appropriate		
17	research findings to ensure that midwifery practice is evidence – based.		
18	ARTICLE VII		
19	PROBIHITED ACTS AND PENALTIES		
20	Sec. 37. Prohibited Acts: No person shall:		
21	a) Practice midwifery in the Philippines within the meaning of this Act withou		
22	a certificate of registration issued in accordance herewith;		
23	b) Presenting or using the certificate of registration of another;		
24	c) Giving any false or forged evidence to the Professional Regulation		
25	Commission in order to secure a certificate of registration;		
26	 d) Using a revoked or suspended certificate of registration; 		
27	e) Assuming, using or advertising, as a registered midwife or a registered		
28	nurse midwife or appending to one's name the letters R.M. without having		
29	been conferred such title by the Professional Regulation Commission;		
30	f) Advertising any title description tending to convey the impression that one		
31	is a registered midwife		

Sec. 38. *Penal Provisions.* – Any person who shall violate any of the provisions stated in Section 37 of this Act or any of its implementing rules and regulations as promulgated by the Board, subject to the approval of the Commission, shall upon conviction, be punished to a fine of not less than Fifty thousand pesos (Php 50,000) nor more than One hundred thousand pesos (Php100,000), or to suffer imprisonment for a period of not less than to two (2) years nor more than seven years, or both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

ARTICLE VIII

FINAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 39. *Enforcement of this Act.* – It shall be the primary duty of the Commission and the Board to effectively implement this Act. Any duly law enforcement agencies and officers of national, provincial, city or municipal governments shall, upon written or request of the Commission or the Board, render assistance in enforcing the provisions of this Act and to prosecute any persons violating the same.

Sec. 40. *Appropriations.* – The Chairperson of the Professional Regulation Commission shall immediately include the funding necessary to implement the provisions of this Act in the General Appropriations Act.

Sec. 41. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within 90 (days) after the effectivity of this Act, the Board and the Commission, in coordination with the accredited Integrated Professional Organization (AIPO) and national organization of Midwives, the Department of Health (DOH), the Department of Budget and Management (DBM) and other concerned government agencies, in consultation with relevant stakeholders in the private sector, shall formulate such rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. The implementing rules and regulations shall be published in the Official Gazette or in any newspaper of general circulation.

Sec. 42. *Separability Clause.* – If for any reason, any part or section of this Act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, other sections or provisions hereof which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.

Sec. 43. *Repealing Clause.* – Republic Act No. 2644, otherwise known as the "Philippine Midwifery Act of 1992" is hereby repealed and all laws, decrees, orders,

- 1 instructions, rules and regulations and other issuance or parts therefor inconsistent
- 2 with this Act are likewise repealed or amended accordingly.
- 3 Sec. 44. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect upon completion of its
- 4 publication in at least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,