CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES NINETEENTH CONGRESS Third Regular Session

## SENATE

S. No. 2893

(Recommending its approval in substitution of Senate Bill Nos. 196, 281,489, 599, 941, 981, 1130, 1161, 1322, 1363, 1818, 1890 and 1928, taking into consideration House Bill No. 6452)

Prepared and submitted jointly by the Committee on SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (UPON THE RECOMMENDATION SUB-COMMITTEE OF ITS ON INSTITUTE VIROLOGY OF THE PHILIPPINES): COMMITTEES ON WAYS AND MEANS; AND, FINANCE WITH SENATORS GO, ESTRADA, LEGARDA, ZUBIRI, GATCHALIAN, REVILLA JR., VILLAR (M), EJERCITO, VILLANUEVA, PADILLA, TULFO, LAPID, VILLAR (C), CAYETANO (A), CAYETANO (P), AND TOLENTINO AS AUTHORS THEREOF

AN ACT ESTABLISHING A COLLABORATIVE AND COMPLEMENTARY RESEARCH AND SYSTEM VIROLOGY, DEVELOPMENT ON CREATING FOR THE PURPOSE THE VIROLOGY INSTITUTE OF THE PHILIPPINES, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- 1 Section 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as
- 2 the "Virology Institute of the Philippines (VIP) Act".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is the policy of the State to protect and promote the right to health of the people, and instill health consciousness among them. The State also recognizes that science and technology are

essential for national development and progress.

- To this end, the State shall adopt a One Health 6 7 approach, recognizing the interconnectedness of humans, 8 animals, plants, and their shared environment. The State shall formulate and implement policies to address One 9 Health issues, prioritizing research and development, 10 promoting innovations in both technology and services, 11 ensuring the quality and adequacy of human resources, 12 strengthening biosafety standards, and promoting the use 13 and appropriate utilization of safe and indigenous 14 practices. 15
- In this regard, the State shall prioritize the establishment of an institute to lead in-depth studies on pathogens and potential disease-causing agents affecting

- 1 people, plants, animals, and the environment. This
- 2 institute shall provide the scientific basis for the diagnosis,
- 3 treatment, and prevention of diseases, as well as for the
- 4 development of policy recommendations. It shall conduct
- 5 research and development on disease-causing pathogens,
- 6 including diagnostics, therapeutics, and vaccines, from
- 7 discovery to the pre-clinical phase of development.
- 8 SEC. 3. Objectives. This Act seeks to establish a
- 9 virology institute that shall focus on research and
- 10 development to address pathogens and potential
- 11 disease-causing agents affecting plants, animals, and
- 12 humans. Its mandate shall include, but is not limited to,
- 13 the following:
- 14 (a) Undertaking discovery programs in the field of
- 15 virology and related disciplines, including molecular
- 16 biology, bioinformatics, and other related fields of research;
- 17 (b) Conducting vaccine research from discovery to
- 18 the pre-clinical phase of development;

1	(c) Conducting research and development of					
2	prototype diagnostics and therapeutics on viruses and					
3	other pathogens;					
4	(d) Collaborating, coordinating, and disseminating					
5	evidence-based policies on virology and vaccine science to					
6	stakeholders;					
7	(e) Establishing linkages with local and					
8	international networks through cooperation and					
9	collaboration with institutions engaged in virus and					
10	pathogen research and development;					
11	(f) Training and engaging with experts for capacity					
12	building of virology and vaccine research;					

- 13 (g) Investing on virology infrastructure, including
  14 high-containment facilities, biobanks, and genome
  15 laboratories, for the research of potential emerging and
  16 re-emerging outbreaks; and
- (h) Providing technical assistance and laboratory useto support research communities.

1	SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. – As used in this Act:					
2	(a) Bacteriophage refers to any group of viruses that					
3	infect specific bacteria, usually causing their disintegration					
4	or dissolution;					
5	(b) Biosafety refers to containment principles,					
6	technologies, and practices that are implemented to					
7	prevent unintentional exposure to biological agents or their					
8	inadvertent release;					
9	(c) Diagnostics refers to the development of tools					
10	such as medical devices, techniques, and procedures used					
11	for the identification of viruses and other pathogens that					
12	cause diseases in plants, animals, and humans;					
13	(d) Discovery programs refer to the first stage of					
14	research focused on identifying and developing new vaccine					
15	candidates by exploring novel antigens, immune targets,					
16	and technologies to combat infectious diseases;					
17	(e) High-containment facilities refer to facilities that					
18	are necessary for carrying out research activities involving					

high-risk pathogens, such as avian influenza and other

- 1 hemorrhagic diseases that pose a serious public health
- 2 burden;
- 3 (f) One Health is a collaborative, multisectoral, and
- 4 transdisciplinary approach working at the local, regional,
- 5 national, and global levels with the goal of achieving
- 6 interconnectedness among people, animals, plants, and
- 7 their shared environment;
- 8 (g) Pathogen refers to any microorganism, such as
- 9 but not limited to a virus, bacterium, fungus, or protozoan
- 10 that can cause diseases in a host;
- 11 (h) Pre-clinical stages and/or phases refer to the
- 12 stage of research and development that occur before a drug
- 13 or vaccine is tested on humans, which aim to assess the
- 14 safety, efficacy, and biological mechanism of a candidate
- drug or vaccine in controlled laboratory settings;
- 16 (i) Therapeutics refer to bacteriophages,
- 17 nanotechnology treatment approach, nucleic acid-based
- 18 treatment, remedial agents, or drugs for the treatment of

- 1 viral diseases and infections in plants, animals, and
- 2 humans;
- 3 (j) Vaccine refers to a product that induces or
- 4 stimulates active acquired immunity by producing
- 5 antibodies for a specific infectious agent. It helps the body's
- 6 immune system to recognize and fight pathogens like
- 7 viruses or bacteria; and
- 8 (k) Virology refers to the scientific discipline
- 9 concerned with the study of the biology of viruses and viral
- 10 diseases in plants, animals, and humans, with medical
- 11 importance and pandemic potential, including the
- 12 distribution, pathogenicity, viral cytopathicity,
- 13 biochemistry, physiology, molecular biology, biotechnology,
- 14 ecology, tropism, spillover or interspecies transmission,
- 15 evolution, and clinical aspects of viruses.
- 16 Sec. 5. Creation of the Virology Institute of the
- 17 Philippines. The Virology Institute of the Philippines
- 18 (VIP) is hereby created and shall be an attached agency of
- 19 the Department of Science and Technology (DOST) for

- 1 purposes of policy and program coordination to ensure
- 2 alignment in national policies and priorities.
- The VIP shall serve as the lead convenor for research
- 4 and development in the field of virology, encompassing all
- 5 kinds of viruses and other pathogens in plants, animals,
- 6 and humans. It shall be a venue for scientists, researchers,
- 7 government agencies, research institutes, and other
- 8 organizations in the Philippines and abroad, to work
- 9 collaboratively in studying viruses and other pathogens of
- 10 agricultural, industrial, clinical, and environmental
- 11 importance.
- 12 SEC. 6. Powers, Functions, and Duties. To
- accomplish its mandate, the VIP shall have the following
- 14 powers, functions, and duties:
- 15 (a) Serve as the lead convener for the formulation of
- 16 the National Virology Research Agenda, which shall
- 17 encompass researches involving viruses and other
- 18 pathogens of plants, animals, and humans;

1	(b) Undertake research and development in the f	field
2	of virology;	

- 3 (c) Conduct product research and development in 4 the areas of diagnostics, therapeutics, and vaccines, in 5 cooperation with concerned government agencies and the 6 private sector;
- 7 (d) Promote and undertake the transfer of the 8 results of scientific research and development through 9 collaboration with government agencies, industry, and the 10 academe:
- 11 (e) Promote, advocate, and oversee virology research 12 ethics, biosafety, and biosecurity;

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- (f) Develop and maintain information systems on virology science and technology for use by both the public and the private sectors;
  - (g) Develop and implement, together with concerned government agencies and the private sector, programs for strengthening scientific and technological capabilities in virology and relevant disciplines through human resource

1	development, infrastructure, and institution and capability						
2	building;						
3	(h) Undertake policy research and other						
4	policy-related studies on virology;						
5	(i) Provide laboratory and technical services on						
6	virology;						
7	(j) Promote and advocate for national programs on						
8	virology science and technology;						
9	(k) Establish linkages with local and international						
10	partners;						
11	(l) Foster linkage and alignment with the private						
12	sector for public-private partnership, in accordance with						
13	existing laws and regulations;						
14	(m) Establish joint research programs and share						
15	expertise and resources with the Research Institute for						
16	Tropical Medicine (RITM) and other relevant institutions;						
17	(n) Ensure seamless collaboration with RITM and						

other pertinent research bodies to delineate specific roles

- 1 and responsibilities, ensuring that the research agenda is
- 2 complementary rather than duplicative;
- 3 (o) Foster an environment of equity in research and
- 4 development by prioritizing collaborative projects that
- 5 advance scientific progress for the mutual benefit of all
- 6 involved institutions; and
- 7 (p) Perform such other powers and functions such
- 8 as, but not limited to, clinical research and clinical trials,
- 9 as may be deemed necessary and incidental for the
- 10 effective implementation of this Act.
- 11 SEC. 7. Director and Deputy Directors. The VIP
- shall be headed by a Director assisted by two (2) Deputy
- 13 Directors: one (1) for Research and Development, and one
- 14 (1) for Support, Policy, and Linkages.
- The Deputy Director for Research and Development
- 16 shall oversee the operations of the Virus Research,
- 17 Diagnostics and Therapeutics Research, Vaccines
- 18 Research, and Technical Services and Training for
- 19 Virology. The Deputy Director for Support, Policy, and

- 1 Linkages shall oversee the operations of the Policy,
- 2 Planning, Linkages, and Finance and Administration.
- 3 Upon the recommendation of the VIP Board, as
- 4 provided in Section 8 of this Act, the President of the
- 5 Philippines shall appoint the Director who must possess a
- 6 bachelor's degree in the field of microbiology or biology, a
- 7 doctorate degree in virology or other related specialization,
- 8 and have at least five (5) years of experience in the field of
- 9 virology. The Director shall have the rank of Director IV,
- 10 Salary Grade (SG) 28, and shall exercise overall
- 11 responsibility over the activities of the VIP. The Director
- 12 shall report the results of research and development
- 13 studies to the VIP Board.
- 14 The Deputy Directors shall have a rank of Director
- 15 III, SG-27. The Deputy Director for Research and
- 16 Development must possess a bachelor's degree in the field
- 17 of microbiology or biology, at least a master's degree in
- 18 virology or other related specialization, and have at least
- 19 three (3) years of experience in the field of virology; while

- 1 the Deputy Director for Support, Policy, and Linkages
- 2 must possess at least a master's degree and at least three
- 3 (3) years of experience relevant to the position.
- 4 SEC. 8. The VIP Board. There is hereby created a
- 5 VIP Board that shall be the policy-making body for the
- 6 scientific and technological activities of the VIP. The VIP
- 7 Board shall be chaired by the Secretary of the DOST and
- 8 co-chaired by the Secretary of the Department of Health
- 9 (DOH) and the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture
- 10 (DA). The members shall be composed of the following:
- 11 (a) Undersecretary of the Department of
- 12 Environment and Natural Resources (DENR);
- 13 (b) Undersecretary of the Department of Foreign
- 14 Affairs (DFA);
- 15 (c) Chairperson of the Commission on Higher
- 16 Education (CHED);
- 17 (d) Director General of the Food and Drug
- 18 Administration (FDA);
- (e) Director of the RITM;

1 (	(f)	Director	of	VIP:

- 2 (g) Executive Director of the University of the
- 3 Philippines-National Institute of Health (UP-NIH);
- 4 (h) President of the National Academy of Science
- 5 and Technology;
- 6 (i) Executive Director of the National Research
- 7 Council of the Philippines; and
- 8 (j) Two (2) representatives from the private sector
- 9 appointed by the President of the Philippines, as
- 10 nominated by the VIP Board. They must be Filipino
- 11 citizens with recognized competence in the fields of medical
- 12 virology, genomics, plant virology, animal virology,
- 13 epidemiology, genetic engineering, or other related
- 14 disciplines.
- The chairperson, co-chairpersons, and members shall
- 16 each designate a permanent representative in the Board,
- 17 who must possess sufficient and relevant experience. The
- 18 permanent representative shall be duly authorized to act
- on behalf of his/her principal, in the principal's absence.

- 1 The Chairperson of the VIP Board shall have voting
- 2 rights in case of a tie.
- 3 SEC. 9. Secretariat. There is hereby created a
- 4 Secretariat to support the VIP in carrying out its functions.
- 5 The VIP Board shall provide for the institutional setup,
- 6 qualifications, and compensation of employees composing
- 7 the Secretariat, in accordance with existing laws, rules,
- 8 and regulations.
- 9 Sec. 10. Salary, Staffing Pattern, and Qualifications.
- 10 Subject to the approval of the Department of Budget and
- 11 Management (DBM), the VIP shall determine its
- 12 organizational structure, create divisions or units as it may
- deem necessary, and appoint its officers and employees, in
- 14 accordance with existing Civil Service Commission (CSC)
- 15 laws, rules, and regulations.
- The VIP shall have technical and administrative
- 17 support staff and consultants. The consultants may be
- 18 hired from the public and the private sectors on a
- 19 consultancy or contractual basis.

SEC. 11. Inter-Agency Cooperation. - The VIP shall 1 2 collaborate with the DOH, RITM, FDA, DA, DENR, DFA, 3 CHED, UP-NIH, Department of Finance, and other 4 relevant government agencies, in accessing and mobilizing 5 available information, reports. technical expertise, equipment, materials, and supplies as may be required to 6 implement this Act. 7 8 The RITM shall retain its current functions under the DOH and shall collaborate with the VIP. It shall 9 continue to provide expertise in the detection 10 and identification of emerging infectious 11 diseases and 12 laboratory support. In line with its current mandate and in close collaboration with the VIP, the RITM shall conduct 13 research, surveillance, and diagnostics for newly identified 14 pathogens to formulate effective strategies for the 15 prevention and control of emerging diseases. 16 The scientific findings of the VIP, RITM, and other 17 concerned agencies shall be integrated in the plans 18 relating to disease control and prevention of the 19

- 1 Inter-Agency Task Force on Emerging Infectious Diseases,
- 2 as created by Executive Order No. 168 s. 2014, and the
- 3 National Task Force to prevent the entry of animal-borne
- 4 diseases, as created by Executive Order No. 105, s. 2020, or
- 5 its successor body, for the management of public health
- 6 emergencies relating to infectious diseases.
- 7 Sec. 12. Engagement of Balik Scientists and Foreign
- 8 Experts. The VIP may engage the services of Balik
- 9 Scientists and foreign experts, who shall work together
- 10 with local scientists and experts, following the terms of
- 11 reference and compensation structure in accordance with
- 12 Republic Act No. 11035 or the "Balik Scientist Act" and
- 13 other existing laws.
- 14 SEC. 13. International Cooperation. The VIP shall
- 15 establish strategic partnerships with the world's leading
- 16 scientists, virology centers and institutes, international
- 17 organizations, and non-government organizations, and
- 18 conduct innovative and pioneering research that will
- 19 advance the frontiers of virology and vaccine research and

- 1 development in the country. It may enter into a
- 2 memorandum of agreement or understanding with
- 3 international partners including, but not limited to, the
- 4 World Health Organization (WHO) and World
- 5 Organization for Animal Health (WOAH), upon the
- 6 approval of its VIP Board, and in compliance with existing
- 7 laws, rules, regulations, and issuances of the DFA. The
- 8 DFA shall provide legal and other forms of assistance
- 9 related to international cooperation with the VIP.
- 10 SEC. 14. Promotion of the Virology Industry. The
- 11 VIP, in partnership with the DOH, RITM, DA, Department
- 12 of Trade And Industry (DTI), and other concerned
- 13 agencies, shall jointly develop an industry roadmap for
- 14 products and services that can be created and improved by
- 15 research from the VIP. This roadmap shall include an
- 16 outline of how the research and development activities of
- 17 the VIP will contribute to achieving vaccine self-reliance.
- 18 As far as practicable, the industry roadmap shall include
- 19 the use of local materials in the development of new

- 1 products and services. The developed or established
- 2 industry resulting from the VIP research shall be included
- 3 in the national government's priority industries for
- 4 incentives.
- 5 SEC. 15. Private-Public Partnerships. The VIP, DTI,
- 6 and Public-Private Partnership Center shall collaborate in
- 7 seeking Private-Public Partnerships (PPPs) for the
- 8 development of new industries, products, and services,
- 9 including the clinical phase of vaccine production. The VIP
- may also request the assistance of other national and local
- 11 government agencies in seeking PPPs.
- 12 SEC. 16. Promotion of Virology in the Academe. The
- 13 VIP shall assist State Universities and Colleges (SUCs) in
- 14 the creation of virology courses and programs, and in
- 15 opening internships and scholarships for qualified students
- 16 of higher education institutions (HEIs). It shall also
- 17 collaborate with HEIs in the creation of virology research
- 18 hubs and centers.

- 1 Sec. 17. Protection of VIP-developed Intellectual
- 2 Property. The VIP Board shall ensure that all
- 3 technologies developed exclusively by the VIP shall be
- 4 protected by intellectual property laws, in accordance with
- 5 Republic Act No. 10055 or the "Philippine Technology
- 6 Transfer Act of 2009", Republic Act No. 8293 or the
- 7 "Intellectual Property Code of the Philippines", and other
- 8 applicable laws.
- 9 Sec. 18. Procurement of Specialized Materials,
- 10 Equipment, and Services. The VIP shall undertake the
- 11 procurement of specialized materials, equipment, and
- 12 services to be used in its operation and administration, in
- 13 accordance with Republic Act No. 12009 or the "New
- 14 Government Procurement Act", and other existing laws,
- 15 rules, and regulations.
- 16 SEC. 19. Official Site of VIP. A lot with an area
- 17 equivalent to at least five (5) hectares under the
- 18 administration of the Bases Conversion and Development
- 19 Authority (BCDA) within the New Clark Economic Zone in

- 1 Tarlac Province shall be allocated exclusively for the VIP,
- 2 its research facilities, and laboratories. The biosafety
- 3 infrastructure shall be designed based on risk assessment
- 4 standards and guidelines of the WHO and the WOAH for
- 5 handling specific pathogens and the establishment of
- 6 virology laboratories in developing countries.
- 7 To safeguard the well-being and security of the
- 8 human, plant, and animal populations within the VIP
- 9 facilities area, the VIP shall coordinate with the
- 10 Department of National Defense (DND) regarding the
- 11 establishment and security of the said facilities.
- 12 Sec. 20. Entitlement to Magna Carta Benefits. –
- 13 Qualified employees of the VIP shall be covered by
- 14 Republic Act No. 8439 otherwise known as the "Magna
- 15 Carta for Scientists, Engineers, Researchers and Other
- 16 Science and Technology Personnel in Government", as
- 17 amended, and other rules and regulations issued by
- 18 appropriate government agencies.

SEC. 21. Authority to Negotiate, Receive Donations, 1 2 Grants, Gifts, Legacies, Endowments, and Contributions. -The VIP may negotiate with and receive from, any public 3 4 or private domestic or foreign sources, donations, grants, 5 endowments, contributions, or gifts, legacies, transfers of ownership and/or possession of real or personal 6 properties of all kinds in favor and for the benefit of the 7 VIP. 8 SEC. 22. Virology Research Fund. - All donations, 9 10 grants, gifts, legacies, endowments, contributions, and beguests, in cash or in kind, received by the VIP from 11 12 various sources, shall be placed into a fund, to be known as the Virology Research Fund, in accordance with accounting 13 and auditing standards, rules, and regulations: Provided, 14 That acceptance of donations, grants, gifts, legacies, 15 endowments, contributions, and bequests from foreign 16 governments shall be subject to the approval of the 17 President of the Philippines, upon the recommendation of 18 the VIP Board. 19

- SEC. 23. Tax Exemptions. Donations, grants, gifts, 1 2 endowments, and contributions actually, directly, and 3 exclusively used for the purpose of the VIP shall be exempt 4 from donor's tax and considered as allowable deduction 5 from gross income for purposes of computing the taxable income of the donor, in accordance with Section 34(H)(2)(a) 6 of Republic Act No. 8424 or the National Internal Revenue 7 8 Code of 1997, as amended. Such other transfers of 9 ownership and/or possession of real or personal properties of all kinds shall be exempt from all taxes. 10 SEC. 24. Annual Report. - The VIP shall submit its 11 annual report to the President and to the Committees on 12 13 Science and Technology of both Houses of Congress, not
- annual report to the President and to the Committees on Science and Technology of both Houses of Congress, not later than the 30th of March of every year. The annual report shall provide a full and detailed account of the status of the implementation of this Act and policy recommendations.
- 18 SEC. 25. Appropriations. The initial amount for the 19 implementation of this Act shall be charged against the

- 1 current year's appropriations of the DOST. Thereafter,
- 2 such funding shall be included in the annual General
- 3 Appropriations Act.
- 4 Sec. 26. Transitory Provisions. –
- 5 (a) All offices and units under the DOST system 6 whose functions are related to virology research programs
- 7 shall be absorbed by the VIP and transferred accordingly
- 8 within three (3) years. It shall include all functions, assets,
- 9 capital, records, funds, receivables, equipment, and
- 10 facilities of the concerned DOST offices and units. The
- 11 DOST shall conduct an audit and inventory of assets,
- 12 liabilities, and human resources of the transferred offices
- and units under the DOST system to the VIP.
- To the greatest extent possible and in accordance
- 15 with Republic Act No. 6656 or "An Act to Protect the
- 16 Security of Tenure of Civil Service Officers and Employees
- 17 in the Implementation of Government Reorganization" and
- 18 other existing laws, all employees of the affected offices
- 19 and units shall be absorbed by the VIP. Personnel hired on

- 1 a permanent basis and with appointments attested by the
- 2 CSC who may be affected by the transition of DOST offices
- 3 and units to the VIP, or who will not be absorbed in the
- 4 new staffing pattern of the different offices and units in the
- 5 VIP, shall have the option to:
- 6 (1) Be transferred to other offices or units within the
- 7 DOST in accordance with civil service law, rules, and
- 8 regulations; or
- 9 (2) Avail of the applicable retirement benefits and
- 10 separation incentives as provided under Republic Act No.
- 11 6656 and other relevant laws.
- 12 (b) Incumbent DOST officials and employees may be
- 13 considered to assume positions in the VIP, subject to
- 14 competency evaluation and CSC regulations. All
- 15 project-based personnel of the DOST doing virology-related
- 16 research and development shall be subject to the
- 17 qualification standards provided in the laws, rules, and
- 18 regulations of the CSC.

1 (0	2)	Research	grants	acquired	during	the	transition	of
			_	_	_			

- 2 DOST offices and units transferred to VIP shall be utilized
- 3 solely for the grants' intended purposes for each of the
- 4 affected offices and units.
- 5 (d) Existing contracts and agreements entered into
- 6 by the affected personnel with third parties prior to the
- 7 enactment of this Act shall remain valid.
- 8 SEC. 27. Implementing Rules and Regulations. The
- 9 DOST Secretary, in consultation with DOH, RITM, DA,
- 10 DBM, CSC, and other relevant government agencies, shall
- 11 promulgate the necessary rules and regulations within
- 12 ninety (90) days from effectivity of this Act.
- Failure to promulgate the rules and regulations of
- 14 this Act shall not prevent its implementation upon
- 15 effectivity.
- 16 SEC. 28. Separability Clause. If any portion of this
- 17 Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, other provisions
- 18 hereof shall remain in full force and effect.

- 1 SEC. 29. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, orders,
- 2 rules, regulations, or other issuances or parts thereof
- 3 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby
- 4 repealed or modified accordingly.
- 5 SEC. 30. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen
- 6 (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a
- 7 newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,