

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)  
OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
First Regular Session )

7 JUL -5 PM

SENATE  
S. B. No. 1215

RECEIVED BY: *[Signature]*

---

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

---

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Bill of Rights protects persons accused of the commission of a crime. Victims are not provided with the same safeguards to minimize damage or injury caused by the commission of the crimes. These victims usually suffer physical and psychological trauma. Hence, they should be treated with respect, compassion, and dignity throughout the criminal justice process.

This bill implements the constitutional mandate that: "The State values the dignity of every human person and guarantees full respect for human rights." It codifies certain rights of crime victims, prescribes the duties of responsible officers and provides penalties for violations of its provisions.\*

*Miriam Defensor Santiago*  
MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGO  
*[Signature]*

---

\* This bill was originally filed during the Thirteenth Congress, First Regular Session.

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)  
OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
First Regular Session )

7 JUL -5 P.M.

SENATE  
S. B. No. 1215

RECEIVED BY: [Signature]

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

1 AN ACT  
2 PROVIDING THE RIGHTS TO BE ACCORDED VICTIMS  
3 OF CRIMES, DEFINING THE DUTIES OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICERS  
4 AND PROVIDING PENALTIES THEREFOR

5 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress*  
6 *assembled:*

7 SECTION 1. *Short Title.* – This Act may be cited as the “Magna Carta for Crime  
8 Victims.”

9 SECTION 2. *Declaration of Policy.* – It is the policy of the State to provide protection  
10 and assistance to victims of crime and ensure that no further harm and damage is inflicted on  
11 them during the entire prosecution of his case.

12 SECTION 3. *Definition of Terms.* – As used in this Act, the term:

13 (A) “Victim” means a person who has suffered direct physical, emotional, or pecuniary  
14 harm as a result of the commission of a crime, including:

15 (1) In the case of the victim that is an institutional entity, an authorized  
16 representative of the entity; and

17 (2) In the case of a victim who is under 18 years of age, incompetent,  
18 incapacitated, or deceased, one of the following (in order of preference):

19 (a) Spouse;

20 (b) Legal guardian;

21 (c) Parent;

22 (d) A child;

23 (e) A sibling;

1 (f) Another family member; or

2 (g) Another person designated by the court.

3 (B) "Responsible official" means a person designated pursuant to Section 4 of this Act t  
4 perform the functions of a responsible official.

5 SECTION 4. *Best Efforts to Accord Rights.* – Officers and employees of the Department  
6 of Justice and other departments and agencies of the government engaged in the detention,  
7 investigation, or prosecution of crime shall exert their best efforts to ensure that victims of  
8 crimes are accorded the rights described in Section 5.

9 SECTION 5. *Rights of Crime Victims.* – A crime victim has the following rights:

10 (A) The right to be treated with respect for the victims' dignity and privacy. In line with  
11 this, a responsible official shall –

12 (1) Inform the victim of the place where the victim may receive emergency  
13 medical and social services;

14 (2) Inform the victim of any restitution or other relief to which the victim may be  
15 entitled under this or any other law and the manner in which such relief may  
16 be obtained;

17 (3) Inform the victim of private and public programs available for the counseling,  
18 treatment, and other forms of support to the victim; and

19 (4) Assist the victim in contacting the persons who are responsible for providing  
20 the services and reliefs described in subparagraphs (1), (2), and (3)

21 (B) The right to be reasonably protected from the accused. In line with this, a  
22 responsible official shall arrange for a victim to receive reasonable protection from  
23 the accused and persons acting in concert with or at the behest of the accused.

24 During the court proceedings, a responsible official shall ensure that a victim is  
25 provided a waiting area removed from and out of sight and hearing of the accused  
26 and his witnesses.

1 (C) The right to be notified of the status of the investigation and prosecution of the  
2 crime. During the investigation and prosecution of a crime, a responsible official  
3 shall provide the victim the earliest possible notice of:

4 (1) The status of the investigation of the crime to the extent it is appropriate to  
5 inform the victim and to the extent that it will not interfere with the  
6 investigation;

7 (2) The arrest of the accused;

8 (3) The filing of charges against the accused;

9 (4) The scheduling of each court proceeding that the witness is either required to  
10 attend or is entitled to attend; and

11 (5) The acceptance of a plea of guilty or the rendering of verdict after trial.

12 (D) The right to be present at all public court proceedings related to the offense, unless  
13 the court determines that testimony by the victim would be materially affected if the  
14 victim heard other testimony at trial.

15 (E) The right to confer with the attorney for the government in the case.

16 (F) The right to restitution. In line with this, at all times, a responsible official shall  
17 ensure that any property of a victim that is being held for evidentiary purposes be  
18 maintained in good condition and returned to the victim as soon as it is no longer  
19 needed for evidentiary purposes.

20 (G) The right to information about the conviction, sentencing, imprisonment, and  
21 release of the accused. In line with this, after trial, responsible official shall provide  
22 the victim with the earliest possible notice of:

23 (1) The scheduling of parole hearing of the convict;

24 (2) The escape or any other form of release of the convict from custody;

25 (3) The death of the accused, if the accused dies while in custody;

26 (4) The sentence imposed on the accused, including the date when the accused  
27 will be eligible for parole;

28 (5) The release and detention status of the accused; and

1           (6) General information regarding the correction process, including information  
2           about pardon, commutation of service, good time allowances, probation, and  
3           the eligibility for each.

4           SECTION 6. *Penal Liability.* – Any responsible official, as defined in Section 4 of this  
5 Act, who fails, either willfully or negligently, and regardless of good faith, to perform the duties  
6 imposed by Section 5 of this Act, shall be penalized with not less than six (6) months  
7 imprisonment and not more than one (1) year imprisonment. This is without prejudice to any  
8 administrative case which may be filed against the official.

9           SECTION 7. *Civil Liability.* – A responsible official found guilty of violating this Act  
10 shall also be civilly liable for any damage that may be suffered by the same victim as a result of  
11 the official's omission to perform duties required under Section 5 of this Act.

12           SECTION 8. *Separability Clause.* – If any provision or part hereof, is held invalid or  
13 unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain  
14 valid and subsisting.

15           SECTION 9. *Repealing Clause.* – Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive  
16 order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to or is inconsistent  
17 with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended accordingly.

18           SECTION 10. *Effectivity Clause.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its  
19 publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general publication.

20           Approved,