


FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)

7 JUL 31 1915

SENATE
S. No. 1411

RECEIVED BY: 

Introduced by **Senator Richard J. Gordon**

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Many crimes go unpunished because of the failure to report to the proper authorities the actual crimes, as well as other important incidents that may otherwise lead to the successful apprehension and prosecution of criminals.

To elicit a positive duty from every individual to actively participate in promoting peace and order, this bill proposes to amend Presidential Decree No. 1829, Penalizing Obstruction of Apprehension and Prosecution of Criminal Offenders, by including the following acts as obstruction of justice:

- Failing to report stolen or lost firearms to the proper authorities;
- Failing to report carnapped motor vehicles or lost number plates of motor vehicles to the proper authorities;
- Having knowledge of or witnessed a crime, concealing and not making known such crime to the proper authorities; and
- Failing to give needed testimony in court on a crime.

To obstruct justice is to deny justice and commit a crime against the law. For this and the foregoing reasons, the passage of this bill is earnestly sought.




RICHARD J. GORDON
Senator 

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
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AN ACT AMENDING PRESIDENTIAL DECREE NO. 1829, PENALIZING OBSTRUCTION OF APPREHENSION AND PROSECUTION OF CRIMINAL OFFENDERS

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 **SECTION 1.** Section 1 of Presidential Decree No. 1829, Penalizing Obstruction of
2 Apprehension and Prosecution of Criminal Offenders, is hereby amended to read as
3 follows:

4 "Section 1. The penalty of *prision correccional* in its maximum period
5 UNDER THE REVISED PENAL CODE, or a fine ranging from 1,000 to 6,000
6 pesos, or both, shall be imposed upon any person who knowingly or willfully
7 obstructs, impedes, frustrates or delays the apprehension of suspects and the
8 investigation and prosecution of criminal cases by committing any of the
9 following acts:

10 ...

11 (i) Giving of false or fabricated information to mislead or prevent the
12 law enforcement agencies from apprehending the offender or from protecting
13 the life or property of the victim; or fabricating information from the data
14 gathered in confidence by investigating authorities for purposes of
15 background information and not for publication and publishing or
16 disseminating the same to mislead the investigator or the court[.];

17 (J) FAILING TO REPORT STOLEN OR LOST FIREARMS TO THE
18 PROPER AUTHORITIES;

19 (K) FAILING TO REPORT CARNAPPED MOTOR VEHICLES OR
20 LOST NUMBER PLATES OF MOTOR VEHICLES TO THE PROPER
21 AUTHORITIES;

1 (L) HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF OR WITNESSED A CRIME,
2 CONCEALING AND NOT MAKING KNOWN SUCH CRIME TO THE
3 PROPER AUTHORITIES; AND

4 (M) FAILING TO GIVE NEEDED TESTIMONY IN COURT ON A
5 CRIME.

6
7 **Sec. 2. Repealing Clause.** – All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations or
8 other issuances or parts thereof inconsistent with Sec. 1 of this Act are hereby repealed or
9 modified accordingly.

10 **Sec. 3. Separability Clause.** – If any portion of Sec. 1 of this Act is declared
11 unconstitutional, the remainder not affected thereby shall remain in force and effect.

12 **Sec. 4. Effectivity.** – This Act shall take effect after fifteen (15) days following the
13 completion of its publication either in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general
14 circulation in the Philippines.

15 Approved,