


THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC )  
OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
Third Regular Session )

6 AUG 15 1994

SENATE  
S. B. NO. 2440

RECEIVED BY: 

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Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Constitution, Article XIV, Section 1, states that:

Section 1. The State shall protect and promote the right of all citizens to quality education at all levels, and shall take appropriate steps to make such education accessible to all;

The Constitution, Article XIV, Section 2, paragraph 4, further states that:

Section 2. The State shall:

(4) Encourage non-formal, informal, and indigenous learning systems, as well as self-learning, independent, and out-of-school study programs particularly those that respond to community needs;

In order to promote information dissemination and the availability of educational materials throughout the country, Congress passed in 17 June 1994 Republic Act No. 7743, "An Act Providing for the Establishment of Congressional, City and Municipal Libraries and Barangay Reading Centers Throughout the Philippines, Appropriating the Necessary Funds Therefor and for Other Purposes".

R. A. No. 7743, Section 2, provides that:

Section 2. Establishment of Public Libraries and Reading Centers. — The National Library in coordination with the Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG) shall undertake the establishment of additional public libraries to serve all congressional districts cities and municipalities in the Philippines and reading centers in every barangay except in cities or municipalities where there are existing public libraries

Considering the need to educate citizens about new knowledge and information, it is necessary to enact a law that will require the establishment of one (1) public library for every barangay. This will ensure that constituents from the most basic unit of society will have ready access to a wide array of information which is necessary for their education.

This Act aims to provide for the establishment of one public library for every barangay, based on the number of its constituents.

  
MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGO

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC )  
OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
Third Regular Session )

6 AUG 15 2011

SENATE  
S. B. NO. 2440

RECEIVED BY: [Signature]

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Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

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AN ACT  
PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF  
ONE (1) PUBLIC LIBRARY FOR EVERY BARANGAY

*Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in  
Congress assembled:*

SECTION 1. *Short Title.* – This Act shall be known as the “Barangay Public  
Library Act of 2006”.

SECTION 2. *Declaration of Policy.* It shall be the policy of the State to enhance  
and promote education and improvement of literacy among its citizens; to promote the  
moral and intellectual well-being of the people; and recognize the vital role of education  
and information dissemination in nation-building by establishing a public library in every  
barangay.

SECTION 3. *Establishment of A Public Library in Every Barangay.* The  
chairman of every barangay shall coordinate with the provincial or city officer of the

SECTION 4. *Role of the Department of Education* — The local office of the DepEd shall be responsible for providing the standard set of reference books and other materials such as but not limited to encyclopedias, dictionaries, maps and globes to every barangay public library. The DepEd shall to supply the public libraries with the other books, non-book materials, equipment supplies and other appropriate and relevant reference and reading materials taking into consideration the needs of the community concerned.

SECTION 5. *Role of Barangay Officials*. The barangay officials shall designate one (1) librarian to be responsible for the management of the barangay public librarian. The local barangay officials shall also coordinate yearly with the local office of the DepEd for updating the materials provided in the barangay public libraries.

SECTION 6. *Computers in Barangay Public Libraries*. Aside from books and other materials, every barangay public library shall have at least two (2) units of computer.

SECTION 7. *Site for Barangay Libraries*. The barangay chairman shall ensure the presence of a suitable location to be the site of the public library. As much as possible the public library shall be situated at the centre of the barangay which is the place most accessible to the public, especially to students.

SECTION 8. *Period of Implementation*. Within one hundred twenty (120) days from the effectivity of this Act, the DepEd and the local barangay officials, in coordination with the Department of Public Works and Highways, shall prepare the feasibility studies for the establishment of barangay public libraries.

SECTION 9. *Functions of the Barangay Public Libraries.* The barangay public libraries shall have the following functions:

- (A) to make available to the members of the community reading materials of wide array including reading materials prescribed by the DepEd and national newspapers of general circulation and others;
- (B) to make available to the members of the community copies of barangay ordinances;
- (C) to be used as a venue for audio-visual presentations, seminars and lectures in the community and other kinds of exhibitions and activities aimed at increasing the literacy rate by government agencies, non-governmental organizations or private entities in the dissemination of information of general interest; and
- (D) to offer such other related services in the furtherance of this Act.

SECTION 10. *Appropriations.* — The amount necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act shall be included in the General Appropriations Act of the year following its enactment into law, the local government units shall undertake the maintenance of public libraries while the DepEd shall continue to provide reading materials and supplies to the said libraries and reading centers.

SECTION 11. *Rules and Regulations.* — Within sixty (60) days from the approval of this Act, the DepEd, in coordination with the DILG and the Philippine Information Agency (PIA), shall promulgate the implementing rules and regulations.

SECTION 12. *Separability Clause.* — If any provision or part thereof, is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.

SECTION 13. *Repealing Clause.* – Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to, or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.

SECTION 14. *Effectivity Clause.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

RCC-4/18/06