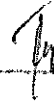


FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC )  
OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
First Regular Session )

7 SEP 83

SENATE  
S. No. 1509

RECEIVED BY



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Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

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#### EXPLANATORY NOTE


The Constitution, Article II, Section 16, provides:

The State shall protect and advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature.

The serious ground level, ozone, noise, water pollution, and solid waste disposal problems attendant to airport operations require a thorough evaluation of all significant sources of pollution.

In the United States, a study of air pollution problems has determined that airports are significant sources of air pollution and has led to the creation of an airport bubble concept. The airport bubble concept is an approach that treats an airport and the area within a specific radius around the airport as a single source of pollution that emits a range of pollutants, including air, noise, water, and solid waste and seeks, by implementation of specific programs or regulations, to reduce the pollution from each source within the bubble and the overall pollution in that area.

Hence, this bill seeks to require the Department of Environment and Natural Resources to conduct a feasibility study for applying airport bubbles as a method for identifying, assessing, and reducing the adverse environmental impacts of airport ground and flight operations and improving the overall quality of the environment.\*

  
MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGO  
Sear

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\* This bill was re-filed during the Thirteenth Congress, First Regular Session.

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)  
OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
First Regular Session )

7 SEP 15 1975

SENATE  
S. No. 1509

RECEIVED BY [Signature]

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Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

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1 AN ACT  
2 REQUIRING THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES TO  
3 CONDUCT A FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR APPLYING AIRPORT BUBBLES AS A  
4 METHOD OF IDENTIFYING, ASSESSING, AND REDUCING THE ADVERSE  
5 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF THE AIRPORT GROUND AND FLIGHT OPERATIONS  
6 AND IMPROVING THE OVERALL QUALITY OF THE ENVIRONMENT

7 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress*  
8 *assembled:*

9 SECTION 1. *Short Title.* – This Act shall be known as the “Right to Know About Airport  
10 Pollution Act.”

11 SECTION 2. *Purpose.* – The purpose of this Act is to require the Secretary of the  
12 Department of Environment and Natural Resources to conduct –

- 13 (A) A feasibility study for applying airport bubbles to airports as a method of assessing  
14 and reducing, where appropriate, air, noise, water, and solid waste pollution in and  
15 around airports and improving overall environmental quality; and  
16 (B) A study of pollutant emission standards for airplane engines to determine whether it  
17 is feasible and desirable to strengthen the standards.

18 SECTION 3. *Definitions.* – For the purposes of this Act, the term:

- 19 (A) “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Department of Environment and Natural  
20 Resources.  
21 (B) “Airport bubble” means an area –  
22 (1) In and around an airport, or other facility using aircraft, within which sources  
23 of pollution and levels of pollution from those sources are to be identified and  
24 reduced;

1 (2) Containing a variety of types of air, noise, water, and solid waste sources of  
2 pollution in which the aggregate of each type of pollutant from the respective  
3 sources is regulated as if the various sources were a single source.

4 SECTION 4. *Study of Using Airport Bubbles.* –

5 (A) *In General.* – The Secretary shall conduct a study to determine the feasibility of  
6 regulating air, noise, water, and solid waste pollution from all sources in and around airports  
7 using airport bubbles.

8 (B) *Working Group.* – In conducting the study, the Secretary shall establish and consult  
9 with a working group comprised of –

- 10 (1) The Administrator of the Airport Transportation Office (or a designee);
- 11 (2) The Secretary of National Defense (or a designee);
- 12 (3) The Secretary of Transportation and Communication (or a designee);
- 13 (4) A representative of environmental research groups;
- 14 (5) An airport manager;
- 15 (6) A representative of the bus lines that serve airports who is familiar with the  
16 emissions testing and repair records of those buses, the schedule of those  
17 lines, and any problems with delays in service caused by traffic congestion;
- 18 (7) A representative of the taxis and limousines that serve airports who is familiar  
19 the with the emissions testing and repair records of the taxis and limousines  
20 and the volume of business generated by the taxis and limousines;
- 21 (8) A representative of law enforcement agencies or other entities responsible for  
22 traffic conditions in and around airports;
- 23 (9) A representative of environmental specialists from airport authorities; and
- 24 (10) A representative from an aviation union representing ground crews.

25 (C) *Required Elements.* – In conducting the study, the Secretary shall –

- 26 (1) Collect, analyze, and consider information on the variety of stationary and  
27 mobile sources of air, noise, water, and solid waste pollution within airport  
28 bubbles around airports in the country, including –

- 1                   (a) Aircraft, vehicles, and equipment that service aircraft, including main  
2   and auxiliary engines; and
- 3                   (b) Buses, taxis, and limousines that serve airports;
- 4           (2) Study a statistically significant number of airports serving commercial  
5                   aviation in a manner designed to obtain a representative sampling of such  
6                   airports;
- 7           (3) Consider all relevant information that is available;
- 8           (4) Consider the air quality implications of airport and ground and in-flight  
9                   aircraft operations, such as routing and delays;
- 10           (5) Assess the role of airports in domestic and international travel and  
11                   commerce and the environmental and economic impact of regulating  
12                   airports as significant sources of air, noise, water, and solid waste pollution;
- 13           (6) Propose boundaries of the areas to be included within airport bubbles;
- 14           (7) Propose a definition of air pollutant emissions for airport bubbles that  
15                   includes hydrocarbons, volatile organic compounds, and other ozone  
16                   precursors targeted for reduction under existing air pollution law;
- 17           (8) Develop an inventory of each source of air, noise, water, and solid waste  
18                   pollution to be regulated within airport bubbles and the level of reduction  
19                   for each source;
- 20           (9) List and evaluate programs that might be implemented to reduce air, noise,  
21                   water and solid waste pollution within airport bubbles and the  
22                   environmental and economic impact of each of the programs, including any  
23                   changes to relevant laws (including regulations) that would be required for  
24                   implementation of each of the programs;
- 25           (10) Evaluate the feasibility of regulating air, noise, water, and solid waste  
26                   pollutants in and around airports using airport bubbles and make  
27                   recommendations regarding which programs should be included in an  
28                   effective implementation of airport bubble methodology; and

1           (11) Address the issues of air and noise pollution source identification and  
2           regulations that are unique to military air bases and stations.

3           (D) *Report.* – Not later than three (3) years after the date of enactment of this Act, the  
4 Secretary shall submit to Congress a report describing the results and recommendations of the  
5 study required by this section.

6           SECTION 5. *Study of Emission Standards for Airplane Engines.* –

7           (A) *In General.* – The Secretary shall conduct a study of air pollutant emission standards  
8 for airplane engines to determine whether it is feasible and desirable to strengthen the standards.

9           (B) *Report.* – Not later than two (2) years after the date of enactment of this Act, the  
10 Secretary shall submit to Congress a report describing the results and recommendations of the  
11 study required by this section.

12          SECTION 6. *Progress Reports.* – Not later than one (1) year after the date of enactment  
13 of this Act, and annually thereafter until the reports under Sections (4) and (5) are submitted, the  
14 Secretary shall submit to Congress a report that details the progress being made by the Secretary  
15 in carrying out Sections (4) and (5).

16          SECTION 7. *Reporting of Toxic Chemical Releases.* – Not later than one hundred eighty  
17 (180) days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations  
18 requiring each airport that regularly serves commercial or military jet aircraft to report releases  
19 and other waste management activities associated with the manufacturing, processing, or other  
20 use of toxic chemicals, including toxic chemicals manufactured, processed, or otherwise used –

21          (A) During operation and maintenance of aircraft and other motor vehicles at the  
22             airport; and

23          (B) In the course of other airport and airline activities.

24          SECTION 8. *Funding.* – The Secretary shall carry out this Act using existing funds  
25 available to the Secretary.

1           SECTION 9. *Separability Clause.* – If any provision or part hereof, is held invalid or  
2 unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain  
3 valid and subsisting.

4           SECTION 10. *Repealing Clause.* – Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive  
5 order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to or inconsistent  
6 with, the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended accordingly.

7           SECTION 11. *Effectivity Clause.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its  
8 publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

9           Approved,