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FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)
OF THE PHILIPPINES
First Regular Session
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MECENTED BY: July

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

**EXPLANATORY NOTE** 

The Constitution, Article II, Section 5 provides:

The maintenance of peace and order, the protection of life, liberty, and property, and the promotion of the general welfare are essential for the enjoyment by all the people of the blessing of democracy.

The passage and implementation of laws, such as Republic Act No. 8294, regulating the possession, manufacture, dealing in, acquisition or disposition of firearms, ammunition or explosives or instruments used in the manufacture of such, are one of the means employed by the State to comply with the constitutional mandate.

Unfortunately, news accounts of shooting incidents or crimes still abound. An example is the controversial killing of a family housemaid by a seven year old boy because she switched the television channel from "Robocop" to a local program (*Manila Chronicle*. "Television in the age of violence," 13 January 1994, p. 13). Another more recent incident, is the shooting rampage in Colorado where two teenagers opened fire on classmates in their suburban high school, killing at least 16 people (*Philippine Daily Inquirer*. "16 killed in US school; killers laughed, hooted." 22 April 1999, p. 1).

This bill aims to decrease shooting incidents or crimes by requiring the manufacturers to incorporate within its design and as part of its original manufacture, certain technology or locking devices, that will prevent the firing of a handgun by unauthorized or unrecognized users, specially children.\*

MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGO

<sup>\*</sup> This bill was re-filed during the Thirteenth Congress, First Regular Session.

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FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF TH OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session	HE REPUBLIC) ) )	7 10: 12 7 1
	SENATE S. No. <u>. <b>1854</b></u>	HECENED BY
Introduced by	y Senator Miriam Defens	sor Santiago
TO PROVIDI	AN ACT E FOR CHILDPROOF H	IANDGUNS
Be it enacted by Senate and a assembled:	the House of Representai	tives of the Philippines in Congress
SECTION 1. Short Title 7	This Act may be cited a	s the "Childproof Handgun Act of
2007."		
SECTION 2. Declaration of	Policy. – It is the policy	of the State to maintain peace and
order, protect life, and promote the g	eneral welfare of the peo	ple.
SECTION 3. Definition of I	Ferms – As used in this A	ct the following terms shall mean:
(A) "Childproof" means, with	respect to a firearm whi	ich is a handgun, a handgun which
incorporates within its design and as	part of its original manuf	facture technology that —
(1) Automatically lim	uits the operational use of	the handgun;
(2) Is not capable of b	peing readily deactivated;	3
(3) Ensures that the l	handgun may only be fi	led by an authorized or recognized
user.		
(B) "Technology" referred to	in paragraph (A) include	es –
(1) Radio tagging;		

1 2

(2) Touch memory;

(3) Remote control;

(5) Magnetic encoding; and

(4) Fingerprint;

1	(6) Other automatic user identification systems that utilize biometrics,
2	mechanical, or electronic systems.
3	(C) "Locking device" means –
4	(1) A device that, if installed on a firearm and secured by means of a key or a
5	mechanically, electronically, or electromechanically operated combination
6	lock, prevents the firearm from being discharged without first deactivating or
7	removing the device by means of a key or mechanically, electronically, or
8	electromechanically operated combination lock; or
9	(2) A locking mechanism incorporated into the design of a firearm that prevents
10	discharge of the firearm by any person who does not have access to the key or
11	other device designed to unlock the mechanism and thereby allow discharge
12	of the firearm.
13	SECTION 4. Unlawful Acts. —
13	(A) In General. – Except as provided in paragraph (B), beginning three (3) years after the
15	date of enactment of the Childproof Handgun Act, it shall be unlawful for any licensed
16	manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer to sell, deliver, or transfer any handgun to
17	any person other than a licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer, unless the
18	handgun is childproof.
19	(B) Exceptions Paragraph (A) does not apply to -
20	(1) The manufacturer for, transfer to, or possession by, the Republic of the
21	Philippines, or a department or agency of the state or political subdivision of a
22	State, of a handgun; or
23	(2) Transfer to, or possession by, a lawful enforcement officer of a handgun for
24	law enforcement purposes (whether on or off-duty).
25	SECTION & Lashing Davings and Warmings
25	SECTION 5. Locking Devices and Warnings. —
26	(A) In General Except as provided in paragraph (B), beginning ninety (90) days after
27	the date of promulgation of this Act, it shall be unlawful for any licensed manufacturer, licensed
28	importer, or licensed dealer to sell, deliver, or transfer any handgun -

1	(1) To any person other than a needsed manufacturer, needsed importer, or
2	licensed dealer, unless the transferee is provided with a locking device for that
3	handgun; or
4	(2) To any person, unless the handgun is accompanied by the following warning,
5	which shall appear in conspicuous and legible type in capital letters, and
6	which shall be printed on a label affixed to the handgun on a separate sheet of
7	paper included within the packaging enclosing the handgun:
8	"THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE FOR SAFETY LOCK IS
9	ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE FIREARM STORAGE.
10	FIREARMS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A
11	LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR
12	AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN.
13	FAILURE TO PROPERLY LOCK AND STORE YOUR
14	FIREARM MAY RESULT IN CIVIL OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY
15	UNDER THE LAW."
16	(B) Exceptions. – Paragraph (A) does not apply to –
17	(1) The manufacturer for, transfer to, or possession by the Republic of the
18	Philippines, or a department or agency of the State or political subdivision of a
19	State, of a handgun; or
20	(2) Transfer to, or possession by, a law enforcement officer of a handgun for law
21	enforcement purposes, whether on or off-duty.
22	SECTION 6. Penalties. – Any person who violates this Act shall be imprisoned for a
23	period of six (6) years and one (1) day to not more than twelve (12) years, or be subjected to
24	suspension, revocation of license, or a civil penalty in an amount equal to but not more that Five
25	Hundred Thousand Pesos (P500,000.00).
2,3	Tundred Thousand Lesos (1 500,000.00).
26	SECTION 7. Separability Clause If any provision or part hereof is held invalid or
27	unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain
28	valid and subsisting.

- SECTION 8. Repealing Clause. Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive
- 2 order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to, or inconsistent
- 3 with, the provision of this Act is hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.
- 4 SECTION 9. Effectivity Clause, This Act shall take effect fifteen days (15) days after
- 5 its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.
- 6 Approved,