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SENATE

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(In substitution of H. No. 4853)

Prepared jointly by the Committees on Environment and Natural Resources, Local Government, and Finance, with Senator Cayetano and the members of the Committees as authors

## AN ACT

DECLARING THE BESSANG PASS NATURAL MONUMENT IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF CERVANTES, ILOCOS SUR AS A PROTECTED AREA AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- SECTION. 1. *Title*. This Act shall be known as the "Bessang Pass Protected Area Act of 2006."
- 3 SEC. 2. Land Classification. All lands of the public domain comprising the
- 4 Bessang Pass Protected Area shall fall under the classification of National Park as
- 5 provided for in the Philippine Constitution. However, Public lands already classified as
- 6 agricultural and alienable or disposable prior to the passage of this Act shall remain as
- 7 such and may be disposed of pursuant to the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 141
- 8 or the Public Land Act, as amended.
- 9 SEC. 3. Category. The Bessang Pass, which is known for its intact stand of pine
- 10 forest in Region 1 and as the site of the historic Battle of Bessang Pass during World
- 11 War II, is hereby categorized pursuant to the NIPAS Act as a natural monument and
- shall hereinafter be referred to as the Protected Area (PA).
- SEC. 4. Scope. The boundaries of the Bessang Pass Natural Monument are as
- 14 follows:
- 15 PARCEL 1. Beginning at point mark "!" on the map, being S 66 deg. 00 min,
- 16 W, 3,300 meters from corner 10, Project No. 13, block 23 of A & D, LC Map No. 1276:
- 17 Point 2 N 20° 33′ 16″ E 1,378.610 m.
- 18 Point 3 N 69° 26' 03" E 748.684 m.
- 19 Point 4 \$ 78° 25' 37" E 1,638.908 m.
- 20 Point 5 S 20° 56' 52" W 3,398.480 m.
- 21 Point 6 N 61° 42' 05" W 948.030 m.

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Point
                   7
                          S 70° 33' 48" W
 1
                                           631.166 m.
           Point
                          N 46° 50' 14" W
                   8
                                           535.089 m.
 2
           Point
                   9
                          N 28° 01' 24" W
                                           292.903 m.
 3
           Point
                          N 64° 40' 35" W
                   10
                                           352.890 m.
 4
 5
           Point
                   11
                          N 49° 26' 06" E
                                           490.845 m.
           Point
                   12
                          N 64° 25' 41" E
 6
                                           659.415 m.
           Point
                   1
                          N 38° 54' 52" W 424.160 m.
 7
     containing an area of six hundred ninety-three and 3166/10000 (693.3166) hectares,
 8
 9
     as PA.
                        Parcel 2 constitutes the buffer zone whose boundary begins at the
          PARCEL 2.
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     corner marked "I" on the map identical to corner "I" of Bessang Pass Natural
11
     Monument:
12
           Point
                          S 39° 25' 33" E
                   2
                                           423.735 m.
13
                          S 64° 36′ 26″ W
           Point
                   3
                                           594.362 m.
14
                          S 49° 28' 50" W
           Point
                   4
                                           486.421 m.
15
           Point
                          S 65° 09' 42" E
                   5
                                           353.941 m.
16
           Point
                          S 28° 30' 53" E
                   6
                                           282.047 m.
17
           Point
                   7
                          S 47° 21' 05" E
                                           535.216 m.
18
           Point
                   8
                          N 70° 20′ 13″ E
                                           636.297 m.
19
                          S 62° 11' 41" E
           Point
                   9
                                           950.432 m.
20
                          N 21° 09'16" E 3,426.934 m.
           Point
                   10
21
           Point
                   11
                          S 78° 00' 50" E
                                           505.805 m.
22
           Point
                   12
                          S 19° 50' 34" W 4,012.372 m.
23
                          N 61° 48' 02" W 1,255.922 m.
           Point
                   13
24
                   14
                          S 69° 39' 22" W 623.725 m.
           Point
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containing an area of four hundred twenty-seven and 7917/10000 (427.7917) hectares, as buffer zone.

N 46° 38' 29" W 910.980 m.

N 27° 28' 38" W 218.409 m.

N 64° 50' 04" W 514.149 m.

N 50° 30' 41" E 1,178.639 m.

N 38° 33′ 59" W 376.642 m.

N 21° 39' 12" E 952.021 m.

S 20° 20' 38" W 838.323 m.

355.949 m.

505.782 m.

N 64° 50' 04" W

S 74° 03' 35" E

**Point** 

Point

**Point** 

**Point** 

**Point** 

Point

**Point** 

Point

**Point** 

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Parcels 1 and 2 shall have a total aggregate area of one thousand one hundred twenty-one and 1083/10000 (1,121.1083) hectares, subject to actual ground survey.

Both the PA and the buffer zone shall be under the administrative jurisdiction of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) and shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of the NIPAS Act.

- SEC. 5. *Definition of Terms*. For purposes of this Act, the following terms shall be defined as follows:
- (a) "Buffer zone" refers to identified areas outside the boundaries of and immediately adjacent to designated PAs pursuant to Section 8 of the NIPAS Act that need special development control in order to avoid or minimize harm to the PA.
- (b) "Indigenous Peoples (IPs)" refers to people defined as such in Republic Act No. 8371, otherwise known as the "Indigenous People's Rights Act (IPRA) of 1997".
- (c) "Integrated Protected Area Fund (IPAF)" refers to the trust fund established for purposes of financing projects of the NIPAS.
- (d) "Protected Area Management Board (PAMB)" refers to the site-based decision-making body responsible in the planning, resource protection and general administration of the PA.
- (e) "Natural monument" refers to a relatively small area focused on protection of small features to protect or preserve nationally significant natural and historical features on account of their special interest or unique characteristics.
- (f) "Nongovernment organization (NGO)" refers to any civic, development or philanthropic organization which is multi-sectoral in character.
- (g) "Protected area (PA)" refers to any identified portions of land and water set aside by reason of their unique physical and biological significance, managed to enhance biological diversity and protected against destructive human exploitation.
- (h) "Protected Area Superintendent (PASu)" refers to the chief operating DENR officer in the PA.
- (i) "Tenured migrants" refers to any person who has actually and continuously occupied an area for five years prior to the designation of the same as PA in accordance with the NIPAS Act and are solely dependent therein for subsistence.
- SEC. 6. Control and Supervision. The DENR shall be the lead agency tasked to implement the provisions of this Act through the PAMB. The participation of the local government units (LGUs), other government agencies and NGOs shall be through their membership to the PAMB.
- SEC. 7. Management of the Protected Area. The PAMB shall be the highest policy-making body of the PA and shall be composed of the following:
  - (1) The Regional Executive Director (RED) of the DENR I, as chairman;
  - (2) The Provincial Planning and Development Officer (PPDO);
- (3) The Mayor of the Municipality of Cervantes and the Provincial Governor of llocos Sur, or their duly designated representatives as members;

(4) Maximum of three representatives from nongovernment organizations/local community organizations involved in PA management based at Cervantes, Ilocos Sur, and duly accredited by the municipal government, to be chosen in an election exclusively called for the purpose by the DENR in coordination with concerned LGUs;

- (5) One representative from each tribal community to be chosen in an election to be conducted by the DENR in coordination with the National Commission on Indigenous Peoples (NCIP); and
- (6) One representative from other national government agencies, to be chosen through election called for the purpose by the DENR among the representatives of all national government agencies involved in PA management in the Municipality of Cervantes.

Every member of the PAMB shall serve for a term of five years and shall be considered to represent his or her sector and deemed to carry the vote of such sector in all matters. In the case of members who are government officials, the term of office shall be attached to the office held.

In the selection of the representatives of POs and NGOs, preference shall be accorded to those organizations that are involved in the conservation, protection and development of the PA. Representation shall be by institution and shall aim to achieve balance in representation by geographic location or areas.

The representatives from the LGUs and national agencies in the PAMB shall include among their duty to appraise their respective constituents, office or sector, to ensure that the provisions of this Act is consistent with the Local Government Code of 1991 (R. A. No. 7160), other relevant statutes and ordinances, and local and national development plans and projects. Failure to comply with the foregoing shall subject such representative to disciplinary action as the PAMB may provide.

The PAMB shall have the following powers and functions:

- (1) Issue all rules and regulations to prohibit acts that may be prejudicial to the PA and the policy declaration herein set forth as well as established criteria;
- (2) Set fees for the issuance of permits for activities regulated by this Act or the management plan;
- (3) Issue rules and regulations for the resolution of conflict through appropriate culturally sensitive and effective means;
- (4) Adopt rules and procedures for the conduct of business, including the creation of committees to whom its powers may be delegated;
  - (5) Approve the management plan and oversee the office of the PASu;
- (6) Deputize interested individuals for the enforcement of the laws, rules and regulations governing conduct in the PA and its buffer zone; and

(7) Approve proposals for funding and budget allocation and exercise responsibility over all funds that may accrue to the Bessang Pass Natural Monument.

The DENR, through the RED shall exercise the authority to oversee the PAMB to ensure that it acts within the scope of its powers and functions. In case of a conflict between administrative orders of national application issued by the DENR pursuant to the NIPAS Act and the rules and regulations issued by the PAMB, the PAMB shall notify the Secretary of the DENR who shall decide whether to apply the rule or withdraw its application in the PA. The decision of the Secretary shall be guided by a preference to local initiative and specific policies enacted by the PAMB. The decision of the Secretary may be appealed to the regional trial court who has jurisdiction over the PA.

Within one year from the effectivity of this Act, a management plan shall have been put into effect following the GMPS provided under the NIPAS Act and according to the procedures herein set forth. It shall contain, among others, the following:

(a) the category of the PA;

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- (b) period of applicability of the plan;
  - (c) key management issues;
  - (d) goals and objectives of management in support of Section 2 hereof;
  - (e) site management strategy;
- (f) major management activities such as, but not limited to, enforcement of laws, habitat and wildlife management, sustainable use management, infrastructure development and maintenance, fire and pest control;
  - (g) zoning; and
  - (h) visitor management programs.

The PASu shall prepare the management plan in consultation with the appropriate offices of the DENR and local experts who may donate their services including, but not limited to, people's organizations, NGOs and local government agencies. The management plan shall be reviewed, approved and adopted by the PAMB and shall be certified by the Secretary of the DENR. Such certification shall declare that the management plan conforms to all laws, rules and regulations of national application issued by the DENR. In no case shall the DENR revise or modify the management plan without prior consultation with the PAMB.

The PASu, in coordination with all concerned offices, shall likewise prepare all successor plans. One year before the expiration of the period of applicability of the plan in effect, the PASu shall cause publication of notices for comments and suggestions on the next successor plan in a newspaper of local circulation and the posting of such notices in the provincial, municipal and barangay halls, and in three other areas frequented by the public. Public hearings may be conducted on the

successor plan upon the written request of any interested party. The final plan shall be made available for public comment at the office of the PASu upon its approval by the PAMB.

The zoning of the PA shall give primary consideration to the traditional zones used and recognized by indigenous peoples and tenured migrants unless such uses are deemed detrimental to biodiversity and the protection of the natural characteristics of the PA.

The plan shall be prepared in a language understandable in the area, plainly written and available for comments to the general public at the PASu office.

SEC. 8. Existing Facilities Within the PA. – Within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Act, major existing facilities such as roads, buildings, water systems, transmission lines, communication facilities, heavy equipment, and irrigation facilities existing within the boundaries of the PA shall submit project description to the PAMB through the PASu.

The PAMB, with the assistance of the DENR, shall determine whether the existence of such facility and its future plan and operations will be detrimental to the PA or whether conditions for its operation shall be imposed. If any such conditions are violated, the owner of the facility shall be liable to pay a fine of Five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) for every violation. Upon reaching a total fine of Five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00), the PAMB through the PASu and deputizing other government entities, shall cause the cessation and demolition of the facility at the cost of its owner.

Existing facilities allowed to remain within the PA may be charged a reasonable royalty by the DENR. All income from such royalty shall accrue to the Mt. Hilong-Hilong Protected Area Fund.

SEC. 9. Bessang Pass Protected Area Fund. — There is hereby established a trust fund to be known as the Bessang Pass Protected Area Fund for purposes of financing projects of the system. All income generated from the operation of the system or management of wild flora and fauna in the PA shall accrue to the fund. These income shall be derived from visitors/tourists fees, fees from permitted sale and export of flora and fauna and other resources from the PA, proceeds from registration and lease of multiple-use areas including tourism concessions, contributions from industries and facilities directly benefiting from the PA, and such other fees and incomes derived from the operation of the PA.

The fund may be augmented by grants, donations, endowment from various sources, domestic or foreign, for purposes related to their functions: *Provided*, That the fund shall be deposited as a special account in the National Treasury and disbursements therefrom shall be made solely for the protection, maintenance, administration and management of the system, and duly approved projects endorsed by the PAMB in

- accordance with existing accounting and budgeting rules and regulations: Provided,
- 2 further, That the fund shall not be used to cover personal services expenditures.
- 3 The LGUs shall continue to impose and collect all other fees not enumerated herein
- 4 which they have traditionally collected, such as business permits, property tax and
- 5 rentals of LGUs' facilities. Furthermore, LGUs may charge add-ons to fees imposed by
- 6 the PAMB: Provided, That such add-ons shall be determined based on the contribution
- 7 of the LGUs in the maintenance and protection of the PA.

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SEC. 10. Tenured Migrants. – Persons who have actually and continuously occupied a portion of the forest land within the PA five years before the effectivity of this Act and are solely dependent on that area for their livelihood shall be considered as tenured migrants within the PA.

For the purpose of official documentation of rights and extent of occupation within the PA, a tenured migrant shall be issued a tenurial instrument over such area as has been occupied or cultivated five years before the effectivity of the NIPAS Act. For areas occupied by tenured migrants that are designated as zones in which no occupation or other human activities are allowed, a provision for the transfer of the tenured migrants to multiple-use zones or the buffer zone shall be undertaken using humanitarian consideration.

Upon the cancellation of a tenured migrant instrument for cause, abandonment or by voluntary surrender of rights, the PASu shall take immediate steps to rehabilitate the area in order to return it to its natural state prior to the cultivation or other activity by the tenured migrant.

- SEC. 11. Appropriations. The Secretary of the DENR shall immediately include in the Department's program the implementation of this Act, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.
- SEC. 12. *Prohibited Acts and Penalties.* The following acts are hereby prohibited within the PA:
- (a) Hunting, destroying, disturbing or mere possession of any plant or animal or product derived therefrom without a permit from the PAMB;
- (b) Dumping of any waste products detrimental to the PA, or to the plants and animals or inhabitants therein;
  - (c) Use of any motorized equipment without a permit from the PAMB;
- (d) Mutilating, defacing or destroying objects of natural beauty, or objects of interest to cultural communities;
  - (e) Damaging and leaving roads and trails in a damaged condition:
  - (f) Squatting, mineral location or otherwise occupying any land;
- (g) Constructing or maintaining any kind of structure, fence or enclosure, or conducting any business enterprise without a permit from the PAMB:

- (h) Leaving in exposed or unsanitary condition refuse or debris, or depositing the same in ground or in bodies of water; and
  - (i) Altering, removing, destroying or defacing boundary marks or signs.

- Penalties. Whoever violates this Act or any rules and regulations issued by the DENR or the PAMB pursuant to this Act or whoever is found guilty by a competent court of justice of any of the offenses in the preceding section shall be fined in the amount of not less than Five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) nor more than Five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00), exclusive of the value of the thing damaged or imprisonment for not less than one year but not more than six years, or both, as determined by the court: Provided, That if the area requires rehabilitation or restoration as determined by the court, the offender shall also be required to restore or compensate for the restoration to the damage: Provided, further, That the court shall order the eviction of the offender from the area and the forfeiture in favor of the government of all minerals, timber or any species collected or removed, including all equipment, devices, and firearms used in connection therewith and any construction or improvement made thereon by the offender. If the offender is an association or corporation, the president or manager shall be directly responsible for the act of his employees and laborers: Provided, finally, That the DENR may impose administrative fines and penalties consistent with this Act.
- SEC. 14. Reporting Responsibility. The PASu, through the PAMB shall be responsible in the preparation of accomplishment reports on the activities undertaken in the PA for submission to the Secretary of the DENR.
- SEC. 15. Construction. The provisions of this Act shall be construed liberally in favor of tenured migrants and in harmony with the principles of protection and conservation of biodiversity. Provisions of Republic Act No. 7586 not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act shall have suppletory effect in the implementation of this Act.
- SEC. 16. Separability Clause. If any part or section of this Act is declared by the court as unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect the other parts or sections hereof.
- SEC. 17. Repealing Clause. The provisions of the NIPAS Act are hereby modified in accordance with the provisions herein. All other laws, rules and regulations inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
- SEC. 18. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in a national newspaper of general circulation available in the PA. This Act shall be translated in a dialect known in the PA by the DENR within thirty (30) days from approval hereof and shall be posted for three consecutive weeks in conspicuous place in the provincial, municipal and barangay halls within the PA as well as in three other public places frequented by the public.

Approved,