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SENATE

RECEIVED BY:

S. No. 2533 (In substitution of S. No. 2047)

Prepared jointly by the Committees on Environment and Natural Resources and Finance, with Senator Cavetano and the members of the Committees as authors

AN ACT

ESTABLISHING THE TUBBATAHA REEF NATIONAL MARINE PARK IN THE **PROVINCE OF PALAWAN AS A PROTECTED AREA, PROVIDING FOR ITS** MANAGEMENT AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

ARTICLE I

TITLE, POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES

SECTION 1. Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Tubbataha Reef Natural Park 3 4 of 2006".

١. SEC. 2. Land Classification. - All lands of the public domain comprising the 5 Malampava Sound Protected Landscape and Seascape shall fall under the classification 6 of National Park as provided for in the Philippine Constitution. However, public lands 7 already classified as agricultural and alienable or disposable prior to the passage of this 8 Act shall remain as such and may be disposed of pursuant to the provisions of 9 Commonwealth Act No. 141 or the Public Land Act, as amended. 10

SEC. 3. Declaration and Scope. - The Tubbataha Reef National Marine Park 11 (TRNMP), which shall cover an approximate area of 87,654,967 hectares and which shall 12 include the Tubbataha Reefs and Jessie Beazley Reef in the Province of Palawan is 13 hereby declared as a protected area. Its boundaries shall be as follows: 14

15	From	Pt. 1 119'46'10" latitude 9'04'52" longitude
16	to	Pt. 2 119'48'22" latitude 9'06'05" longitude
17	to	Pt. 3 120'03'12" latitude 8'58'09" longitude
18	to	Pt. 4 120'03'30" latitude 8'53'29" longitude
19	to	Pt. 5 119'50'41" latitude 8'41'33" longitude
20	to	Pt. 6 119'45'46" latitude 8'43'09" longitude
21	SEC. 4. Defi	nition of TermsFor purposes of this Act, the following terms shall be
22	defined as fo	llows:

1. "BFAR" shall refer to the Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resource of the 23 Department of Agriculture. 24

2. "Bioprospecting" shall refer to research, collection and utilization of biological
 and genetic resources for purposes of applying the knowledge derived there from solely
 for commercial purposes.

3. "Commercial fishers/fisherfolk" shall refer to persons who catch fish and other fishery products using fishing vessels of more than three (3) gross tons. However, the Executive Committee, as provided herein, may meet on a more regular basis to discuss regular day-to-day affairs and other matters delegated by the TMB.

4. "Coral" shall refer to all bottom dwelling animals under the phylum Cnidaria, 8 which are a major part of the reef community. The definition includes four types of corals, 9 (1) those that produce a hard skeleton out of calcium carbonate such as all scleractinian 10 corals, the hydrozoan corals (firecorals), and the blue and red corals under the general 11 Heliopora and Tubipora; (2) the antipatharian or black corals with a rigid, chitinous 12 skeleton; (3) the gorgomans with a horny and/or Calcareous axis; and (4) the soft bodied 13 anthozoans such as sea anemones, and the soft corals under the systematical group of 14 15 Alcyonaria or Octocorallia.

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5. "DA" shall refer to the Department of Agriculture. t

6. "DENR shall refer to the Department of Natural Resources.

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7. "DOJ" shall refer to the Department of Justice.

8. "Electro-fishing" shall refer to the use of electricity generated by batteries, electric generator and other source of electric power to kill, stupefy, disable or render unconscious aquatic organisms, whether of not the same are subsequently recovered.

9. "Exotic species" shall refer to species or subspecies that do not nakally occur
 within the biogeographic region of the TRNMP at present or in historical time.

10. "Explosives" shall refer to dynamite, other explosives or other chemical 24 compounds that contain combustible elements or ingredients which upon ignition by 25 friction, concussion, percussion or detonation of all or parts of the compound will kill, 26 27 stupefy, or disable or render unconscious any species. It also refers to the any other substance and/or device, including blasting caps or any other component or part of 28 explosive devices, which causes an explosion that is capable of producing the said 29 harmful effects on any resources and capable of damaging and altering the natural 30 31 habitat.

11. "Gear" shall refer to any instrument or device and its accessories utilized in
 taking, catching, gathering, killing, hunting, destroying, disturbing, removing or
 possessing resources w/ithin the TRNMP.

12. "Kayakas" shall refer to the fishing method known as the local version of the muro-ami but smaller in size, using bamboo or trunk trees as scaring devices aside from coconut or other leaves or materials to drive the fishes and other marine resources out of the coral reefs while at the same time pounding the corals.

13. "Litter or Littering" shall refer to the disposal of small amount of non

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biodegradable solid waste materials, such as cigarette butts, candy wrappers, plastic
bags, bottles, glasses, in the TRNMP which may cause or contribute to the deterioration
of the resources or habitats in the TRNMP.

14. "Municipal fishers/fisherfolk" shall refer to persons 'who catch fish and other
fishery products using fishing vessels of three (3) gross tons or less, or whose fishing
does not require the use of fishing vessels.

15. "Muro-ami" shall refer to the method used in reef fishing consisting of a 8 detachable wings and scarelines having plasticstrips 9 movable bagnet, and/iron/steel/stone weights, effecting fish capture by spreading the net in an arc around 10 reefs or shoals and; with the use of the scarelines, a cordon of people drive the fish 11 towards the waiting net while pounding the corals by means of heavy weights like 12 iron/steel/stone or rock making it destructive to corals. 13

16. "Non-Government Organization (NGO)" shall refer to any civic, developmental, 15 environmental or philanthropic non-stock, non-profit organization, duly registered, having 16 by-. laws, democratically-elected representatives, with qualifications, expertise and 17 objectivity in activities concerning community organizing and development, or resource 18 and environmental. conservation, management and protection related to the protected 19 area.

17. "Noxious or Poisonous Substances" shall refer to any substance, plant extracts
or juice thereof, sodium cyanide and/or cyanide compounds or other chemicals either in
raw or processed form, harmful or harmless to human beings, which will kill, stupefy,
disable or render unconscious any marine organism and capable and altering the natural
habitat.

18. "Protected Area" shall refer to identified portions of land and water set aside by
reason of their unique physical and biological significance, managed to enhance
biological diversity and protected against destructive human exploitation.

19. "PAMB" shall refer to the Protected Area Management Board as provided for in
Republic Act 7586, otherwise known as the National Integrated Protected Areas System
Act.

20. "PCSD' shall refer to. the Palawan Council for Sustainable Development as created under Republic Act 7611, otherwise known as the Strategic Environmental Plan for Palawan Act.

21. "People's Organization (PO)" shall refer to a group of people which may be an association, cooperative, federation, aggrupation of individuals or groups with 4 identifiable structure of decision-making and accountability, established to undertake collective action to address community concerns and needs in relation to the protected area.

1 22. "PM' shall refer to the Park Manager of the TRNMP.

2 23. "Protected species" shall refer to any plant or animal declared protected under 3 Philippine laws, rules and regulations. These shall include all species listed under the 4 Convention of International Trade of Endangered Species (CITES) and all its Annexes, 5 the B o 4 Convention on Migratory Animals, those specified under the red-list categories 6 of the /International Conservation of Nature (IUCN), or any plant or animal which the TMB 7 or and government agency may deem necessary for conservation and preservation in the 8 TRNMP.

9 24. "Purse Seine" shall refer to the gear characterized by encircling net at the 10 bottom passing through rings attached to the net, which can be drawn or pursued. In 11 general, the net is set from a boat or boats around the school of aquatic resources. The 12 bottom of the net is pulled closed with the purse line. The net is then pulled aboard the 13 boat or boats until the resources are concentrated in the bunt or bag.

14 25. "Resources" shall refer to all natural endowments, whether aquatic or 15 terrestrial, living or non-living, found in TRNMP.

16 26. "Stakeholders" shall refer to any individuals, communities, agencies, 17 institutions, organizations, aggrupations of specific interests or sectors which have 18 particular interest in the achievement of the objectives of this Act, and/or enjoyment or 19 utilization in any form of the resources within the TRNMP.

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27. "TMO" shall refer to the Tubbataha Management Office.

28. "Trawl" shall refer to the gear consisting of a bag-shaped net which is dragged 22 or towed along the bottom or through the water column to take aquatic resources by 23 straining them from the water, including all variations and modifications of trawls in 24 bottom, mid-water, baby trawls and tow nets.

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29. "TMB' shall refer to the Tubbataha Management Board.

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30. "TRNMP" shall refer to the Tubbataha Reef National Marine Park.

31. "Vessel" includes every description of watercraft, including non-displacement
crafts and seaplanes, used or capable o being used as a means of transportation on
water. It shall include everything found therein, except personal effects.

30 32. "Waste" shall refer to discarded items of solid, liquid, contained gaseous or 31 semisolid from, and from whatever source, which may cause or contribute to the 32 deterioration of the resources or habitats in the TRNMP.

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ARTICLE II MANAGEMENT, MANAGEMENT PLAN AND ZONING

35 **SEC. 5.** *Management of the TRMP.* --. The management and administration of the 36 TRNMP shall be vested with the Tubbataha Management Board (TMB), as herein 37 provided Management of zones to be established within the TRNMP shall be consultative 38 and participatory.

1	SEC. 6. Zoning Zones shall be established within the TRNMP giving primary
2	consideration to the preservation and conservation of all life forms, in accordance with
3	applicable laws, rules and regulations. Zoning shall also take into consideration the
4	efficient protection of habitats, fragile ecosystems and unique areas. The establishment
. 5	and management of zones shall involve the concerned stakeholders by undertaking such
6	steps as dialogue, and community and resource-use mapping. The metes and bounds of
7	each zone shall be indicated on maps and/or nautical charts.
8	ARTICLE III
9	INSTITUTIONAL MECHANISMS, ROLES AND FUNCTIONS
10	SEC. 7. Creation and Composition of the Tubbataha Management Board (TMB)
11	There shall be a TMB which shall be the sole policy-making and permit-granting body of
12	the TRNMP. It shall be composed of:
13	a. A representative of the PCSD as Chair;
14	b. The governor of the Province of Palawan as Co-Chair;
15	c. The Provincial Environment and Natural Resources Officer (PENRO) of
16	Palawan;
17	d. The Environment and Natural Resources Officer of the Province of Palawan;
18	e. The Mayor of the Municipality of Cagayancillo;
19	f. The Chair of the Environment and Natural Resources Committee of the
20	Sangguniang Bayan of Cagayancillo;
21	g. The Commander of the Western Command (WESCOM);
22	h. The Commander of the Naval Forces West (NAVFORWEST);
23	i. The District Commander of the Philippine Coast Guard - District of Palawan;
24	j. A representative of the Department of Tourism;
25	k. The provincial officer of the DA-BFAR in Palawan;
26	I. A representative from the academe;
27	m. At least three (3), representatives from NGO's involved in the conservation and
28	management of the TRNMP, to be chosen from among themselves;
29	n. At least two (2) representatives from people's organizations (PO) based in the
30	Municipality of Cagayancillo, Palawan, and concerned with the conservation and
31	management of the TRNMP, to be chosen from among themselves;
32	Except for government officials who shall serve ex-officio, every TMB member
33	shall serve for a term of two (2) years: Provided, That, he/she remains connected with the
34	sector he/she represents. Whenever a vacancy occurs during the term of a member who
35	does not represent the government, a new member shall be chosen in the same manner
36	as the original process to serve the remaining term of his/her predecessor.

The TMB en banc shall hold regular meetings at least once every quarter.
 However, the Executive Committee, as provided herein, may meet on amore regular
 basis to discuss regular day-to-day affairs and other matters delegated by the TMB.

4 **SEC. 8.** *Executive and Other Committee of the TMB.* - There shall be an Executive 5 Committee (EXECOM) to be headed by the TMB Chairperson, to which the TMB may 6 delegate some of its powers and functions. Its members shall be chosen by the TMB from 7 among themselves.

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The TMB may create other committees as it may deem necessary.

9 **SEC. 9.** *Incentives of TMB Members.* - In addition to actual and necessary 10 traveling and subsistence expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, TMB 11 members may be granted honoraria and insurance coverage in attending TMB or other 12 TMB committee meetings, These expenses may be included in the budget for the 13 TRNMP.

14 **SEC. 10.** *Rules of Procedures.* - The TMB shall determine by appropriate 15 resolution its procedural rules, which shall include discipline and removal of its officers 16 and members

SEC. 11. Powers and Functions of the TMB. - The TMB shall have the following
 powers and functions;

a. Decide matters relating to planning, resource use and protection, general administration of the area in accordance with the Management Plan;

b. Approve budget allocations, proposals, work plans, action plans, guidelines for
 management of the TRNMP in accordance with the Management Plan and its policies;

c. Coordinate with national and local agencies, local government units, local communities, the academe, non-governmental organizations, and such other institutions to ensure the conservation and management of the TRNMP;

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d. Delineate the boundaries of the TRNMP;

e. Promulgate rules and regulations to promote development programs and projects on biodiversity conservation and sustainable development within the TR-M.P and consistent with the Management Plan;

f. Ensure the implementation and enforcement of laws, rules and regulations,
 policies, programs and projects within the TRNMP;

g. Control and regulate construction, operation and maintenance of structure andutilities within the TRNMP;

h. Monitor and evaluate the performance of the TMO and all those implementing
 activities and projects in TRNMP;

i. Appoint 'the TRNMP Park Manager, and upon recommendation of the PM,
 appoint TRNMP management personnel based on internal selection criteria;

j. Generate funds and accept donations, grants, and exercise accountability over
 all funds that may accrue to the TRNMP;

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k. Manage the TRNMP Fund, as herein provided;

I. Exact fines and fees for violations of this Act, guidelines, rules and regulations
within the TRNMP;

m. Deputize individuals for the enforcement of laws, rules and regulation governing
 conduct within the TRNMP, and prescribe the necessary qualifications therefore;

n. Designate collecting officers for hnds generated by the TFGVMP, and formulate
 procedure for the disbursement thereof in accordance with sound accounting and auditing
 standards;

o. Retain legal counsel to defend cases against the TMB and the Office of the PM
 whenever they are sued in connection with the performance of their duties under this Act,
 guidelines, and rules and regulations pertaining to the TRNMP;

p. Provide adequate measures to ensure consultation and participation of stakeholders;

q. Perform such other functions necessary for the fulfillment of the provision of this
 Act and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, and as may be asked by the PCSD.

SEC. 12. *Tubbataha Management Office (TMO).* - There shall be a TMO to be headed by the TRNMP Park Manager (PM) who shall serve as the Chief Operating Officer of the entire TRNMP. The Pp and hisher staff shall hold office in a place to be designated by the TMB: Provided, That, the TMB may authorize the establishment of suboffices for purposes of convenience, safety, accessibility, economy, and such other justifiable reasons: Provided, Further, That, at least sub-office shall be established within the TRNMP.

The PM shall have fill responsibility for the protection of resources within the TRNMP. As such, helshe shall have the following duties and responsibilities in addition to those provided under existing laws and regulations:

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a. Prepare the Management Plan and its successor plans as herein provided;

b. Serve as Secretary to the TMB with the duty to provide the TMB with all the
 information necessary to make appropriate decisions for the implementation of this Act;

c. Hire non-management personnel of the TRNMP, and recommend management
 personnel to the TMB;

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d. Supervise TRNMP personnel in the performance of their duties and functions;

e. Establish productive partnership with national and local agencies, local government units, local communities, the academe, non-governmental organizations, and such other institutions to ensure the conservation and management of the TRNMP;

f. Develop and implement park information, interpretation, education and other visitor programs;

g. Enforce the laws, rules and regulations and TMB resolutions relevant to the
 TRNMP, and assist in the prosecution of offenses;

h. Monitor all activities within the TRNMP in conformity with the Management

4 Plan;

5 i. Ensure that consultative and participatory mechanisms are maximized in 6 decision-making;

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j. Perform such other functions as the TMB may assign.

8 SEC. 13. Components of the TMO. - The PM, with the approval of the TMB, shall 9 ensure efficient and effective implementation of this Act through various components or 10 divisions that may be deemed necessary: Provided, That, the PM and the TMB shall 11 ensure that there are components in the TMO that shall ensure visitor management; 12 research and planning; information, education and communication; law enforcement and 13 security; and, community development.

SEC. 14. Rule of Local Government Units. - Local governments of Palawan and 14 Cagayancillo shall participate in the, management of the TRNMP through their 15 representation in the TMB. The provisions of this Act shall be incorporated into the 16 municipal and provincial development plans of Cagayancillo and Palawan, respectively, 17 and the Regional Development Plan of Region IV as part of the environmental concerns 18 of the province and the region. Local government units shall likewise ensure that local 19 ordinances pertaining to the environment are consistent with this Act and the 20 Management Plan, as herein provided. 21

SEC. 15. Supervision by the PCSD. - The PCSD shall exercise supervision over
 the TMB. In this regard, the PCSD shall:

24 25 a. Appoint one of its members who shall sit as Chairperson of the TMB;

b. Include in the budget for the TRNMP in its annual budget; i

c. Assist in accessing and generating hnds, donations, property, revenues andsimilar income for TRNMP.

28 **SEC. 16**. *Role of the DENR.* - The DENR shall coordinate closely with the PCSD 29 to ensure the sound management and conservation of the TRNMP, provide technical and 30 financial assistance to the TRNMP as may be needed, and be represented in the TMB by 31 the Provincial Environment and Natural Resources (PENRO).

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SEC. 17. *Fiscal Matters.* - The TRNMP shall enjoy fiscal autonomy. It shall have the sole power to decide on the use of its funds from whatever source: Provided, That, the Municipality of Cagayancillo, Palawan shall have a share of at least ten percent

35 (10%) of the user's fees paid to TRNMP.

The TRNMP shall not be required to contribute to the Integrated Protected Area Fund (IPAF) provided under Republic Act No. 7586.

SEC. 18. The TRNMP Fund. - There is hereby created a TRNMP Fund which shall 1 consist of all the fees, penalties, donations, grants, endowments, revenues and any other 2 income pertaining to the TRNMP. The fund shall be for the purpose of financing projects 3 and activities iii the TRNMP to attain the objectives of this Act. 4 All proceeds and revenues pertaining to the TRNMP shall be exempt from 5 whatever tax, charges or fees: Provided, That, the TMB shall apportion the revenues in 6 accordance with the provisions of Section 19 of this Act. 7 **ARTICLE IV** 8 UTLIZATION OF RESOURCES 9 SEC. 19. Utilization of Resources. - Any exploitation of or utilization of 10 nonrenewable resources within the PA shall not be allowed. Energy projects, whether 11 renewable or otherwise, shall be permitted only through an Act of Congress, Provided, 12 that the exploitation of renewable energy up to three megawatts capacity shall be exempt 13 from such requirement. 14 **ARTICLE V** 15 **PROHIBITED ACTS AND PENALTIES** 16 SEC. 20. Unauthorized Entry, Enjoyment or Use. - Except in emergency situations, it 17 shall be unlawful to enter TRNMP without prior permission from the TMB or the PM as 18 herein provided. It shall also be unlawful to enter, enjoy or use for any purpose any 19 management zone beyond which the activity being undertaken is permitted. This rule 20 shall similarly apply to the use of vehicles, vessels, gears and equipment in management 21 zones where such are not allowed. 22 Violation of this Section shall subject the responsible person or entity to an 23 administrative fine of from One Thousand Pesos (P1,000.00) to Thirty Thousand Pesos 24 (P30,000.00), as may be determined by the TMB. 25 SEC. 21. Non-payment of Users' Fees. - It shall be unlawful for any person or entity 26 to enjoy or utilize the TRNMP and the resources therein without payment of users' fees 27 as may be imposed by the TMB. Violation of this Section shall be penalized with an 28 administrative fine of double the amount set by the TMB for the activity undertaken. 29 30 SEC. 22. Unauthorized Anchorage. - Except in emergency situations, it shall be 31 unlawful for any person or entity to anchor outside the designated areas determined by the TMB. 32 Violation of this Section shall be penalized with an administrative fine of not less 33 than Two Thousand Pesos (P2000.00) and not more than Five Thousand Pesos 34 (P5,000.00). 35 SEC. 23. Dumping of Waste and Littering. - It shall be unlawful for any person or 36 37 entity to dump waste inside the TRNMP. It shall likewise be unlawful to clean and change oil of vessels within the TRNM'P. 38

Violation of this provision shall be punished with imprisonment of six (6) months to one (1) year, and fine of not less than Five Thousand Pesos (P5,000.00) and not more than Fifteen Thousand Pesos (P 15,000.00). The TMB shall impose an administrative fine of not less than Ten Thousand Pesos (Pl0,000.00) and not more than Thirty Thousand Pesos (P30,000.00), and order the violator to clean up the waste or pay the Clean-up thereof.

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It shall likewise be unlawful to litter within the TRNMP.

Violation of this provision shall be punished by the TMB with administrative fine of
Three Thousand Pesos (P3,000.00) to Five Thousand Pesos (P5,000.00).

10 **SEC. 24.** *Dumping of Waste Permit.* - It shall be unlawful to conduct 11 bioprospecting within the TRNMP without prior permit from the TMB.

Violation of this Section shall be punished with imprisonment of six (6) months to six (6) years; fine of Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (P200,000.00) to One Million Pesos (P1,000,000.00); and forfeiture of the resources subject of the offense, equipment, gears and vessels. The TMB shall also impose administrative fine ranging from Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (P200,000.00) to One Million Pesos (P1,000,000.00); and forfeiture of the resources subject of the offense, equipment, gears and vessels.

18 **SEC. 25.** *Introduction of Exotic Species.* - It shall be unlawful to introduce exotic 19 species of plants or animals into the TRNMP.

Violation of this Section shall be punished with imprisonment of six (6) months to six (6) years; fine of One Hundred Thousand Pesos (P 100,000.00) to One Million Pesos (P1,000,000.00); and forfeiture of the resources subject of the offense, equipment, gears and vessels, The TMB shall also impose administrative fine ranging from Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (P200~000.00) to One Million Pesos (PI,OOO,OOO.OO); and forfeiture of the resources subject of the offense, equipment, gears and vessels.

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SEC. 26. Hunting, catching, fishing, killing, taking, gathering, removing,

destroying, disturbing, or possessing resources. - Except in cases of emergency and
safety, it shall be unlawful for any person to actually or attempt to hunt, catch, fish, kill,
take, gather, remove, destroy, disturb, or possess any resource, whether living or nonliving, or products derived therefrom, without a permit from the TMB and such other
permits as may be required by

law, rules and regulations. The unauthorized entry of a vessel in the TRNMP shall
 beprimafacie evidence of violation of this Section.

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Violation of this Section shall be punished as follows:

(1) Where the offender uses explosives, noxious or poisonous substances, or electricity, the penalty shall be imprisonment ranging from five (5) years to ten (10) years without prejudice to the filing of separate criminal cases when the use of the same result to physical injury or loss of human life; fine ranging from Thirty Thousand Pesos (P30,000.00) to One Hundred Thousand Pesos (P 100,000.00); forfeiture of the resources subject of the offense, equipment, gears and vessels. The TMB shall also
 impose an administrative fine ranging from Forty Thousand Pesos

(P40,000.00) to One Hundred Fifty Thousand Pesos (P 150,000.00); forfeiture of the
resources subject of the offense, equipment, gears and vessels.

The discovery of dynamite, other explosives and chemical compounds which 5 contain combustible elements, or noxious or poisonous substances, or equipment or 6 device for electro-fishing in any vessel or in the possession of any person within the 7 TRNMP shall constitute prima facie evidence that the same was used in violation of this 8 Act. The discovery in my vessel or in the possession of any person within the TRNMP of 9 resources caught, taken, killed, removed, gathered or, destroyed with the use of 10 explosives, noxious or poisonous substances or by electricity shall constitute prima facie 11 evidence of violation of this Act. 12

(2) Where the offender merely possesses explosives, noxious or poisonous 13 substances, or electro-fishing devices within the TRNMP, the punishment shall be 14 imprisonment ranging from six (6) months to two (2) years; fine ranging from Ten 15 Thousand Pesos (P 10,000.00) to Fifteen Thousand Pesos (P15,000.00); forfeiture of fish 16 catch, fishing equipment and vessels. The TMB, shall also impose an administrative fine 17 ranging from Ten Thousand Pesos (P 10,000.00) to Twenty-Five Thousand Pesos 18 (P25,000.00); and confiscation and forfeiture of the resources subject of the offense, 19 equipment, gears and vessels. 20

(3) Where the offender takes, removes, fishes, gathers, kills, destroys, or 21 possesses corals, except for 'scientific or research purposes authorized by the TMB, the 22 23 penalty shall be imprisonment ranging from three (3) years to six (6) years; fine ranging from Twenty Thousand Pesos (P20,000.00) to Eighty Thousand Pesos (P80,000.00); 24 forfeiture of the corals, equipment, gears and vessels. The TMB shall also impose 25 administrative fine ranging from Thirty Thousand Pesos (P30,000.00) to One Hundred 26 Thousand Pesos (Pl00,000.00); and confiscation and forfeiture of corals subject of the 27 offense, equipment, gears and vessels. 28

(4) Where the offender is engaged in fishing without pemiit from the TMB or the
PM as herein provided, the operator, owner and three (3) highest officers of a commercial
fishing boat or enterprise engaged therein shall be punished by a fine equivalent to the
value of catch or Fifty Thousand Pesos (P50,000.00), whichever is higher; imprisonment
of two (2) years; confiscation of catch and fishing gears, equipment and vessels; and
automatic revocation of license.

When the offender is a municipal fisher, he/she shall be punished by a fine equivalent to the value of catch or Five Thousand Pesos (P5,000.00), whichever is higher; imprisonment of three (3) months; and confiscation of catch.

In any case, the TMB may impose administrative fine of no more than Fifty
Thousand Pesos (P5,000.00) against erring commercial fishers, and no more than Ten
Thousand Pesos (P10,000.00) against erring municipal fishers; and confiscation of catch,
fishing gears, equipment and vessels.

(5) Where the offender uses a fly fishing gear or method that destroys coral reefs, 5 sea grass beds, or other marine life habitats as may be determined by this Act, the TMB, 6 other laws, the DA, or the DENR, the operator, boat captain, master fisherman, recruiter 7 or organizer of fish workers involved shall suffer a penalty of three (3) years to ten (10) 8 vears imprisonment; fine of not less than One Hundred Thousand Pesos (P 100,000.00) 9 to Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (P500,000.00); forfeiture of catch, fishing equipment, 10 gears and vessels. The TMB shall also impose administrative fine ranging from Four 11 Hundred Thousand Pesos (P400,000.00) to One Million Pesos (P1,000,000.00); and 12 confiscation and forfeiture of catch, fishing equipment, gears and vessels. 13

When the offender is a municipal fisher, heishe shall be punished by a fine ranging from Twenty Thousand Pesos (P20,000.00) to Forty Thousand Pesos (P40,000.00); imprisonment of six (6) months to two (2) years; and forfeiture of fish catch, fishing equipment, gears and vessels.

The TMB shall also impose administrative fine ranging from Twenty Thousand Pesos

(P20,000.00) to One Hundred Thousand Pesos (PIO0,000.00); and confiscation
 and forfeiture of catch, fishing equipment, gears and vessels.

Muro-Ami, pa-aling, all kinds of trawls (galadgad, Noway), purse seine (pangdong), Danish seine (hulbot-hulbot, pahulbot-hulbot, likisan, liba-liba, palisot, patangko, bira-bira, buli-buli, hulahoop, zipper, lampornas, etc.) ring net (kubkob, panguloing, kalansisi), drive-in net (kayakas), round haul seine (sapyaw, lawag), motorized push net (sudsod), bagnet (basing, saklit), or any of their variations, are hereby declared destructive fishing methods or gears under this provision.

(6) Where the offender gathers or removes pebbles, stones, rocks; sand or other 28 materials that form part of the habitat, or otherwise engages in the guarrying or dredging 29 of any portion of the TRNMP, the penalty shall be six (6) months to ten (10) years 30 imprisonment; fine of not less than Ten Thousand Pesos (Pl0,000.00) to Fifty Thousand 31 Pesos (P50,000.00); and forfeiture of the substance taken from the habitat, and the 32 equipment and vessels used to commit such violation. The TMB shall also impose 33 34 administrative fine ranging from Thirty Thousand Pesos (P30,000.00) to Seven Hundred Thousand Pesos (P700,000.00); and confiscation and forfeiture of the substance taken, 35 36 and equipment and vessels used in the commission of the violation.

(7) Where the subject of the offense are protected species as defined in this Act, the
 penalty shall he imprisonment of twelve, (12) years to twenty (20) years; fine of One

Hundred Twenty Thousand Pesos (P 120,000.00) to One Million Pesos (PI,000,000.00) for every threatened or endangered organism subject of the offense; forfeiture of the catch, equipment, gears and vessels; and cancellation of fishing permit. The TMB shall also impose administrative fine ranging from One Hundred Fifty Thousand Pesos (P150,000.00) to One Million Pesos (P1,000,000.00) for every threatened or endangered organism subject of the offense; and confiscation and forfeiture of catch, equipment, gears and vessels.

8 (8) Where the violations of this Section are not covered by the preceding 9 paragraphs, the penalty shall be imprisonment of one (1) year to three (3) years; fine of 10 not less than Ten Thousand Pesos (P 10,000.00); forfeiture of the catch, equipment, gears 11 and vessels; and cancellation of permit that makes it possible for the offender to commit 12 the offense. The TMB shall also impose administrative fine ranging from Fifteen 13 Thousand Pesos (P15,000.00) to One Million Pesos (P 1,000,000.00); and confiscation 14 and forfeiture of catch, equipment, gears and vessels.

15 **SEC. 27.** *Poaching by Foreigners.* - It shall be unlawful for any foreign person, 16 corporation or entity to fish or operate any fishing vessel in the TRNMP. The entry of any 17 foreign vessel in the TRNMP shall constitute *prima facie* evidence that the vessel is 18 engaged in fishing in the area.

Violation of the above shall be punished by imprisonment of six (6) years and bne 19 day to twelve (12) years and a fine of One Hundred Thousand U.S. Dollars 20 (US\$100,000.00), in addition to the forfeiture of its catch, fishing equipment and fishing 21 vessel: Provided, That in case of non-payment of fine a subsidiary imprisonment shall be 22 imposed; Provided, further, that the TMB is empowered to impose an administrative fine 23 24 of not less than Fifty Thousand U.S. Dollars (US\$50,000.00), but not more than Two Hundred Thousand U.S. Dollars (US\$200,000.00) or its equivalent in Philippine Currency, 25 in addition to the confiscation and forfeiture of the fish catch, fishing equipment and 26 fishing vessel. 27

SEC. 28. Violation of Environmental Impact Assessment System. - The TMB

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shall prosecute violations of laws and rules on Environmental Impact Assessment System. Such violations shall be punished by imprisonment of three (3) years to five (5) years; fine of One Hundred Thousand Pesos (P 100,000.00) for every day each violation subsists; rehabilitation of the affected area or the amount equivalent thereto; and forfeiture of the vessels, structures, effects, materials and equipment used, and the products of such violation. If the offender is a corporation, the directors and officers who allowed such violation shall suffer the imprisonment.

The TMB shall also impose administrative fine of One Hundred Thousand Pesos (Pl00,000.00) for every day each violation subsists; rehabilitation of the affected area or

the amount equivalent thereto; and confiscation and forfeiture of the vessels, structures,
 effects, materials and equipment used, and the products of such violation.

SEC. 29. Violation of Standards. -The owner, operator and top three (3) officers of
any vessel violating the standards set by the TMB, such as safety and sanitary standards,
shall suffer administrative penalty of fine ranging from Twenty Thousand Pesos
(P20,000.00) to Fifty Thousand Pesos (P50,000.00) for every day each violation
subsists, and from suspension of three (3) months to cancellation of permit to operate in
TRNMP.

9 **SEC. 30.** *Obstruction to Law Enforcement Officer* - The boat owner, master, 10 operator, officer, or any person acting on his/her behalf, of any vessel who evades, 11 obstructs or hinders any law enforcement officer in the TRNMP to perform his/her duty, 12 shall be fined Twenty Thousand Pesos (P20,000.00). In addition, the registration, permit 13 and/or license of the vessel including the license of the officers thereof shall he cancelled.

SEC. 31. Subsidiary Imprisonment. - Non-payment of judicial fines imposed under
 this Act shall be subject to subsidiary imprisonment as provided for by existing laws.

SEC. 32. Promulgation of Rules and Regulations. - The TMB may issue rules and
 regulations, including the imposition of penalties, in pursuit of the conservation,
 preservation, management and sustainable development of the TRNMP.

SEC. 33. *Fines and Forfeitures.* - All criminal fines and forfeitures that may be imposed by the courts, and the administrative fines and forfeitures imposed by the TMB under this Act, and the rules and regulations that may be promulgated in pursuit of the goals and objectives oft his Act shall be given to the TMB and shall form part of the funds and assets of the TRNMP.

ARTICLE VI

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND PROSECUTION

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SEC. 34. Who Shall Enforce this Act, Other Laws, Rules and Regulations

Within TRAMP. - The Armed Forces of the Philippines, the Philippine National Police, the
Philippine Coast Guard, the law enforcement officers of the DENR and DA-BFAR, PCSD
officials and staff; LGU officials, law enforcement officers of LGUs, members and officers
of the TMB, the PM and hisiher staff, and other government enforcement agencies, are
hereby authorized to enforce this Act, other laws, rules and regulations within the
TRNMP.

The TMB may deputize in writing other persons to enforce the provisions of this Act, other laws, rules and regulations within the TRNMP.

Any one of the above persons and entities is authorized to file administrative cases before the proper agencies and bodies, or initiate criminal proceedings in accordance with the Rules of Court, for offenses committed within the TRNMP. SEC. 35. Inspection Powers. - The PM and law enforcers shall have the power to stop, board and search and inspect all vessels within the TRNMP for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act, other laws, rules and regulations.

SEC. 36. Coordination Between TMB and PM, and Law Enforcement Agencies.-The TMB and the Pm shall coordinate with law enforcement arms and agendies of the government to ensure effective enforcement of the' provisions of this Act and other applicable laws, rules and regulations within the TRNMP. The Armed Forces of the Philippines, the Philippine National Police, the PNP Maritime Command, Philippine Coast Guard, the law enforcement officers of the DENR, DA-BFAR and concerned LGUs shall cooperate with the TMB and the PM for this purpose.

SEC. 37. Special Prosecutor and Retained Counsel. - Within thirty (30) days from 11 the effectivity of this Act, the Department of Justice (DOJ) shall appoint a special 12 prosecutor to whom all cases of violation of laws, rules and regulations in the PA shall be 13 assigned. Such Special Prosecutor shall coordinate with the PAMB and the PASu in the 14 performance of his/her duties and assist in the training of wardens and rangers in arrest 15 and criminal procedures. The PAMB may retain the services of a counsel to prosecute 16 and/or assist in the prosecution of cases under the direct control and supervision of the 17 regular or special prosecutor and to defend the members of the PAMB, the PASu and the 18 staff, or any person assisting in the protection, conservation and sustainable 19 development of the PA, against any legal action related to their powers, functions and 20 responsibilities as provided in this Act or as delegated or tasked by the PAMB. 21

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ARTICLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 38. Appropriations. – The Secretary of the DENR shall immediately include in the Department's program the implementation of this Act, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

SEC. 39. *Reporting Responsibility.* – The PASu, through the PAMB, shall submit an annual accomplishment report to the Secretary of the DENR on the activities undertaken in the PA.

30 SEC. 40. Construction and Suppletory Application of Existing Laws. The provisions 31 of this Act shall be construed liberally in favor of achieving biodiversity conservation, 32 protection and sustainable development Provisions of Republic Act No. 7586, otherwise 33 known as the National Integrated Protected Areas Management Act of 1992 and existing 34 forestry laws, and their corresponding rules and regulations not inconsistent hereto shall 35 have the suppletory effect in the implementation of this Act.

SEC. 41. Separability Clause. – If any part or section of this Act is declared by the
 court as unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect the other parts or sections
 hereof.

SEC. 42. Repealing Clause. – For the purpose of this Act, the provisions of the NIPAS Act are hereby modified in accordance with the provisions herein. All other laws, proclamations, rules and regulations inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC. 43. *Effectivity Clause.* This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its complete publication in the *Official Gazette* or in a national newspaper of general circulation available in the PA. This Act shall be translated in a dialect known in the PA by the DENR within thirty (30) days from approval hereof and shall be posted for three consecutive weeks in conspicuous place in the provincial, municipal and barangay halls within the PA as well as in three other public places frequented by the public.

11 Approved,