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s. b. no. 2598

(In substitution of H. No. 5308)

Prepared by the Committees on Economic Affairs; Local Government; Ways and Means; and Finance with Senators Roxas, Lim, Reeto and Drilon as authors thereof.

AN ACT

ESTABLISHING A SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE IN THE PROVINCE OF EASTERN SAMAR, CREATING FOR THE PURPOSE THE EASTERN SAMAR SPECIAL ECONOMIC ZONE AUTHORITY, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the "Eastern Samar
 Special Economic Zone Act of 2007."

Sec. 2. Declaration of Policy. - It is hereby declared the policy of the State 3 to actively encourage, promote, induce, and accelerate the sound and balanced 4 industrial, economic and social development of the country in order to provide jobs to 5 the people, especially those in rural areas, increase their productivity and their 6 individual and family income, and thereby improve the level and quality of their 7 living conditions through the establishment, among others, of special economic zones 8 in suitable and strategic locations in the country and through measures that shall 9 effectively attract legitimate and productive foreign investments. 10

Sec. 3. Creation of the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone. - In pursuit 11 of the foregoing declared policy and subject to the concurrence of the concerned local 12 government units of Eastern Samar affected by the zone, there is hereby established a 13 Special Economic Zone, hereinafter referred to as the Eastern Samar Ecozone. The 14 Eastern Samar Ecozone shall cover the entire area embraced by the Municipalities of 15 16 Guiuan, Mercedes and Salcedo, and the islands of Homonhon, Manicani, Suluan and Calicoan, Province of Eastern Samar. The specific metes and bounds of the Eastern 17 18 Samar Ecozone shall be more particularly defined in a proclamation to be issued by the President of the Philippines, upon the recommendation of the Philippine 19 Economic Zone Authority (PEZA), provided that the lands embraced therein shall be 20 21 public lands.

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Sec. 4. Governing Principles. - The Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone
 shall be managed and operated by the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone
 Authority, herein referred to as the ESEZA, created under Section 10 of this Act,
 under the following principles:

5 (a) Within the framework and limitations of the Constitution and 6 applicable provisions of the Local Government Code, the Eastern Samar Ecozone 7 shall be developed into and operated as a decentralized, self-reliant and self-sustaining 8 industrial, commercial/trading, agro-industrial, tourist, banking, financial and 9 investment center with suitable residential areas.

10 (b) The Eastern Samar Ecozone shall be provided with transportation, 11 telecommunications and other facilities needed to attract legitimate and productive 12 investments, generate linkage industries and employment opportunities for the people 13 of the Province of Eastern Samar and its neighboring towns and cities.

14 (c) The Eastern Samar Ecozone may establish mutually beneficial 15 economic relations with other entities or enterprises within the country or, subject to 16 the administrative guidance of the Department of Foreign Affairs (DFA), the 17 Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) and/or the Department of Trade and 18 Industry (DTI), with foreign entities or enterprises.

(d) Foreign citizens and companies owned by non-Filipinos in whatever
proportion may set up enterprises in the Eastern Samar Ecozone, either by themselves
or in joint venture with Filipinos in any sector of industry, international trade and
commerce within the Eastern Samar Ecozone.

The areas comprising the Eastern Samar Ecozone may be expanded or 23 (e) 24 reduced when necessary. For this purpose, the ESEZA, in consultation with the local government units, shall have the power to acquire either by purchase, negotiation or 25 26 condemnation proceedings, any private land within or adjacent to the Eastern Samar 27 Ecozone for the following purposes: (1) consolidation of lands for Eastern Samar Ecozone development; (2) acquisition of right of way to the Eastern Samar Ecozone; 28 29 and (3) the protection of watershed areas and natural assets valuable to the prosperity 30 of the Eastern Samar Ecozone.

(f) Goods manufactured by the Eastern Samar Ecozone enterprise shall be made available for immediate retail sale in the domestic market, subject to the payment of corresponding taxes on raw materials and other regulations that may be formulated by the ESEZA, together with the PEZA, the Bureau of Customs and the DTI. However, in order to protect domestic industries, a Negative List of industries shall be drawn up and regularly updated by PEZA. Enterprises engaged in industries included in such Negative List shall not be allowed to sell their products locally.

1 (g) The national government shall maintain its ability to coordinate with 2 the Eastern Samar Ecozone and the local government units.

3 SEC. 5. Incentives To Registered Enterprises. - The Eastern Samar Special
 4 Economic Zone Authority (ESEZA) may administer the following incentives to the
 5 registered enterprises located therein to the extent of the activity/project:

- 6 (A) Income Tax Holiday (ITH). Registered enterprises shall be entitled to 7 an income tax holiday from the start of their commercial operations to the extent of 8 their activity under the following categories:
- 9 Category A Registered domestic enterprise located in highly developed
 10 areas, as determined by the Board of Investments (BOI), shall be entitled to a
 11 four-year income tax holiday.
- 12 Category B Registered domestic enterprise on the following shall be entitled
 13 to a six-year income tax holiday:

(1) Located in less developed areas as defined by the BOI; or

15 (2) Producing/rendering new products/services or having strong
16 backward or forward linkages

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17 Category C - Registered export enterprise shall be entitled to a six- year
18 income tax holiday: *Provided, however*, That if the export enterprise complies
19 with the following: (1) large capital investments or sizeable employment
20 generation, or (2) use high level of technology or (3) located outside Metro21 Manila, it shall be entitled to an eight-year income tax holiday.

Registered enterprises embarking on new investments that are listed in the current Investment Priorities Plan (IPP) shall be entitled to incentives provided herein pertaining to the new investments and subject to such terms and conditions as the BOI may determine.

For this purpose, a registered enterprise shall be defined as any person, natural 26 27 or juridical, licensed to do business in the Philippines and registered with the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone Authority (ESEZA) to transact business within the 28 29 Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone. A registered export enterprise shall be defined 30 as any registered enterprise engaged directly or indirectly in the production, 31 manufacture or trade of products or services which earns at least seventy percent 32 (70%) of its normal operating revenues from the sale of its products or services 33 abroad for foreign currency. A registered domestic enterprise, meanwhile, shall be 34 defined as any registered enterprise not falling under the definition of a registered 35 export enterprise.

Additional investments in the project shall be entitled to the income tax holidays corresponding to such investments as may be determined by the BOI. Additional income tax holiday may be granted for as long as the investment is made on the same project: *Provided*, That the project is listed in the IPP at the same time the additional investment in the project is made: *Provided*, *further*, That the entitlement period for additional investments shall not exceed three times the period provided under this subsection: *Provided*, *however*, That the total ITH period for an export enterprise availing of an eight year ITH shall not exceed twenty (20) years. Any unused incentives shall therefore be deemed forfeited if not used during the incentive period.

8 Enterprises registered with ESEZA are required to share in the special 9 development fund of the BOI for investment promotion projects of the government 10 equivalent to one percent (1%) of the ITH granted for every application.

11 The Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) shall require a registered enterprise 12 availing of ITH or Net Operating Loss Carryover (NOLCO) to secure a certificate of 13 eligibility from the ESEZA before submitting its income tax return (ITR) with 14 ESEZA for validation.

Failure to secure certification and/or to file the ITH or NOLCO availment for validation by the ESEZA within forty-five (45) days from the last day of each statutory filing date for ITR shall cause the forfeiture of the availment for the taxable period.

(B) Net Operating Loss Carryover (NOLCO). – Net operating loss of the business or enterprise during the first three years from start of commercial operations which have not been previously offset as deduction from gross income shall be carried over as a deduction from gross income for the next five consecutive years immediately following the year of such loss: *Provided however*, That operating loss resulting from availment of incentives provided in this Act shall not be entitled to NOLCO.

26 Registered enterprises availing of the ITH as herein provided shall not be 27 entitled to avail of the NOLCO.

(C) Imposition of a tax rate of five percent (5%) on Gross Income Earned
(GIE). - Except for real property tax on land, no local and national taxes as prescribed
under Republic Act No. 8424, also known as "The National Internal Revenue Code of
1997, as Amended" such as income tax, excise tax, and franchise taxes, shall be
imposed on registered enterprises operating within the Eastern Samar Ecozone. In
lieu thereof, five percent (5%) of the gross income earned shall be paid as follows:

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(a) Three percent (3%) to the national government;

(b) Two percent (2%) shall be remitted by the business establishments to the
treasurer's office of the municipality or city where the enterprise is
located;

All persons and service establishments in the Eastern Samar Ecozone shall be
 subject to national and local taxes under the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997,
 as amended, and the Local Government Code.

D. Accelerated Depreciation. – Accelerated depreciation of plant, machinery and equipment that are reasonably needed and actually used for the production and transport of goods and services may be allowed using a rate not exceeding twice the rate which would have been used had the annual allowance been computed in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Finance and the provisions of the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC) of 1997, as amended.

Capital Equipment Incentives. -(1) Importations of capital equipment, 10 E. spare parts, tools and dye, or those required for pollution abatement and control, 11 cleaner production and waste reduction including consignment thereof by registered 12 enterprises upon the effectivity of this law, shall be exempted to the extent of one 13 14 hundred percent (100%) of the taxes and customs duties: Provided, That the imported 15 items thereof shall be used exclusively by the registered enterprise in its registered activity. Provided, further, That the importation of machinery and equipment and 16 17 accompanying parts shall comply with the following conditions:

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i. They are not manufactured domestically in sufficient quantity, of comparable quality and at reasonable prices;

20 ii. They are reasonably needed and will be used exclusively by the 21 registered enterprise in the manufacture of its products, unless prior approval 22 of the ESEZA is secured for the part time utilization of said equipment in a 23 non-registered activity to maximize usage thereof or the proportionate taxes 24 and duties are paid on a specific equipment and machinery being permanently 25 used for non-registered activities; and

26 iii. Approval of the ESEZA was obtained by the registered enterprise for
27 the importation of such machinery, equipment and spare parts.

Approval of the ESEZA must be secured before any sale, transfer or disposition of the imported capital equipment, machinery or spare parts is made: *Provided*, That if such sale, transfer or disposition is made within the first five years from date of importation, any of the following conditions must be present:

32 33 The same is made to another enterprise enjoying tax and duty exemption on imported capital equipment;

342)The same is made to another enterprise, upon the payment of any35taxes and duties on the net book value of the capital equipment to36be sold;

13)The exportation of the capital equipment, machinery, spare parts or2source documents or those required for pollution abatement and3control; or

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Proven technical obsolescence of the said equipment, machinery or spare parts.

When the aforementioned sale, transfer or disposition is made under any of the 6 conditions provided for in the foregoing paragraphs other than paragraph (2) herein, 7 the registered firm shall not pay the taxes and duties waived on such items: Provided, 8 9 further. That if the registered enterprises sell, transfer or dispose the aforementioned imported items without prior approval within five years from the date of importation, 10 the registered enterprise and the vendee, transferee, or assignce shall be solidarily 11 liable to pay twice the amount of the tax and duty exemption given it: Provided, 12 finally, That even if the sale, transfer or disposition of the capital equipment, 13 machinery or spare parts is approved after five years from date of importation, the 14 registered enterprises are still liable to pay the taxes and duties based on the net book 15 value of the capital equipment, machinery or spare parts if any of the registration 16 terms and conditions has been violated. Otherwise, they shall no longer be subject to 17 the payment of the taxes and duties waived thereon. 18

(2) The purchase of machinery, capital equipment, raw materials, supplies,
parts and semi-finished products to be used in the fabrication of machinery and capital
equipment by a registered export-oriented enterprise from a domestic manufacturer
shall be subject to zero percent (0%) value-added tax.

The registered export-oriented enterprise shall be granted a tax credit equivalent to the amount of duties that would have been waived on the machinery; capital equipment; raw materials, supplies, parts and semi-finished products used in the fabrication of machinery and capital equipment, had these items been imported, upon its submission to the DOF of the bill of materials evidencing the transaction value of such and other pertinent documents, for verification and proper endorsement.

The availment by a registered export enterprise of the incentive stated under 29 30 the immediately preceding two paragraphs shall be subject to the following conditions: (a) That said capital equipment, machinery and spare parts will be used 31 exclusively by the registered enterprise in its registered activity; (b) That the capital 32 33 equipment or machinery where the raw materials, supplies, parts and semi-finished 34 products were used would have qualified for tax and duty-free importation; and (c) 35 That the approval of the ESEZA is obtained by the registered enterprise. If the registered enterprise sells, transfers or disposes of these machineries, capital 36 37 equipment and spare parts, the provision in the preceding paragraphs for such 38 disposition shall apply.

This incentive shall be deemed waived if application for tax credit under this
 subsection was not filed within one year from date of delivery

F. The importation of source documents by information technologyregistered enterprises shall be eligible for tax and duty free importation.

Raw Materials Incentives. - Every registered export-oriented 5 G. enterprise shall enjoy a tax credit equivalent to the internal revenue taxes and customs 6 7 duties paid on the supplies, raw materials and semi-manufactured products provided 8 the same are not sufficient in quantity, quality or are not competitively priced in the Philippines and which are used in the manufacture, processing or production of its 9 10 export products forming part thereof, exported directly and indirectly by the registered export-oriented enterprise, based on the actual taxes and duties paid for such 11 materials/supplies/semi-manufactured products by the registered enterprise. 12

This incentive shall be deemed waived if application for tax credit under this
subsection was not filed within one year from date of exportation of the final product.

H. Incentives on Breeding Stocks and Genetic Materials. – Importation of breeding stocks and genetic materials within ten (10) years from the date of registration of commercial operation of the enterprise shall be exempt from all taxes and duties: *Provided*, That such breeding stocks and genetic materials are reasonably needed in the registered activity; and approved by the ESEZA.

The availment of the incentives by the registered enterprise shall be subject to the following: (a) that said breeding stocks and genetic materials would have been qualified for tax and duty-free importation under the preceding paragraph; (b) that the breeding stocks and genetic materials are reasonably needed in the registered activity; (c) that approval of the ESEZA has been obtained by the registered enterprise; and (d) that the purchase is made within ten (10) years from the date of registration of commercial operation of the registered enterprise.

27 This incentive shall be deemed waived if application for tax credit under this28 subsection is not filed within one year from date of delivery.

I. Exemption from Wharfage Dues. ~ The provisions of law to the contrary
notwithstanding, exports by a registered enterprise shall be exempted from wharfage
dues.

J. Deferred Imposition of the Minimum Corporate Income Tax. – The Minimum Corporate Income Tax (MCIT) of two percent (2%) of the gross income as of the end of the taxable year shall be imposed when the MCIT is greater than the income tax computed under the NIRC of 1997, as amended, for the taxable year: *Provided, however*, That said MCIT shall be imposed only after the enterprise's entitlement period to the income tax-based incentives has expired

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K. Tax Treatment of Merchandise in the Eastern Samar Ecozone. -

1a. Domestic merchandise sent from the Eastern Samar Ecozone to areas2outside the said Ecozone shall, whether or not combined with or made3part of other articles likewise of local origin or manufactured in the4Philippines while in the export processing zone, be subject to internal5revenue laws of the Philippines as domestic goods sold, transferred or6disposed of for local consumption.

- b. Merchandise sent from the Eastern Samar Ecozone to areas outside the
 said Ecozone shall, whether or not combined with or made part of
 other articles while in the zone, be subject to rules and regulations
 governing imported merchandise. The duties and taxes shall be based
 on the value of said imported materials (except when the final product
 is exempt).
- c. Articles produced or manufactured in the Eastern Samar Ecozone and
 exported therefrom shall, on subsequent importation into the customs
 territory, be subject to the import laws applicable to like articles
 manufactured in a foreign country.
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- d. Unless the contrary is shown, merchandise taken out of the Eastern Samar Ecozone shall be considered for tax purposes to have been sent to customs territory.
- L. Tax Treatment of Raw Materials and Capital Equipment in the Eastern Samar Ecozone. – Importations of raw materials and capital equipment shall be treated as in the Omnibus Investments Code. Registered export oriented enterprise shall have access to the utilization of the bonded warehousing system in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Customs.

Employment of Foreign Nationals. - Subject to the provisions of 25 M. Section 29 of Commonwealth Act No. 613, as amended, a registered enterprise may 26 employ foreign nationals in supervisory or technical positions for a period not 27 exceeding ten (10) years from its registration: Provided, That when the majority of 28 29 the capital stock of a registered enterprise is owned by foreign investors, the positions of the president, treasurer and general manager or their equivalents may be retained 30 by foreign nationals beyond the period set forth herein and such officer is the owner 31 or a stockholder owning at least ten percent (10%) of the outstanding capital stock of 32 the registered enterprise and he remains the owner or maintains his stockholdings 33 therein. 34

Foreign nationals under employment contract within the purview of this incentive, their spouses and unmarried children under twenty-one (21) years of age, who are not excluded by Section 29 of Commonwealth Act No. 613, as amended, shall be permitted to enter and reside in the Philippines during the period of employment of such foreign nationals. They shall be entitled to a multiple entry visa,
valid for a period of three years, and shall be allowed to enter and leave the
Philippines without further documentary requirements other than valid passports or
other travel documents in the nature of passports. The validity of the multiple entry
visa shall be extendible yearly.

6 The said foreign nationals admitted under this provision, as well as their 7 respective spouses and dependents shall be exempt from: (a) obtaining alien 8 certificate of registration and immigration clearance certificates; and (b) securing the 9 Alien Employment Permit (AEP) and all types of clearances, permits, licenses or their 10 equivalents required by any government department or agency.

11 Sec. 6. Incentive to Investors. – Any foreign national covered under 12 Subsection (M) of Section 5 of this Act, who invests an amount of US \$ 150,000.00, 13 either in cash and/or equipment, in a registered enterprise shall be entitled to an 14 investor's visa: *Provided*, That,

15 16 (1) He is at least eighteen (18) years of age;

(2) He has not been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude;

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(3) He is not afflicted with any loathsome, dangerous or contagious disease; and

(4) He has not been institutionalized for any mental disorder or disability.

20 *Provided, further,* That in securing the investor's visa, the alien-applicant shall be 21 entitled to the same privileges provided for under paragraph (M), Section 5 hereof.

As a holder of investor's visa, an alien shall be entitled to reside in the Philippines while his investment subsists. For this purpose, he should submit an annual report, in the form duly prescribed for the purpose, to prove that he has maintained his investment in the country. Should said alien withdraw his investments from the Philippines, then the investor's visa issued to him shall automatically expire.

27 Sec. 7. Administration, Implementation and Monitoring of Incentives. – 28 The ESEZA shall be responsible for the administration and implementation of the 29 incentives granted to its respective registered enterprises: *Provided*, That any 30 incentive administration policy adopted by the BOI for registered enterprises shall be 31 uniformly applied by ESEZA.

32 The following are the duties and responsibilities of the ESEZA in the 33 administration of incentives:

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- (A) To adopt consistent procedures of administering incentives in accordance with the guidelines established by the BOI;
- 36 (B) To adopt and implement systems and procedures affecting trade and
 37 customs policies in accordance with the requirements established by the
 38 Department of Finance (DOF) and the BOI;

1 (C) To submit information on registered enterprises to the DOF and the BOI 2 as required by any of these agencies to ascertain consistency of 3 *investment* policies and incentives, including their implementation as 4 provided in paragraph (a) herein, and to ensure proper implementation of 5 systems and procedures affecting trade and customs policies as provided 6 in paragraph (b) herein; and

7 8 (D) To perform all other duties and responsibilities as may be required by the President of the Philippines.

9 For proper monitoring, the BOI shall create a single database of all incentives 10 provided by all incentives granting agencies, including ESEZA, and all information 11 thereto. Double entry accounting shall be done by the BOI in recording all incentives 12 granted by the government for transparency purposes.

13 Sec. 8. *Extension of Period of Availment*. – The availment period of the 14 incentives provided herein may be extended by ESEZA, in the event that the 15 registered enterprise suffers operational *force majeure* or any event equivalent thereto, 16 impairing its viability, provided that the availment period shall not exceed the 17 duration of the said *force majeure* or equivalent event.

18 Sec. 9. Duration of Incentives. - Enterprises registered with ESEZA may
19 enjoy ITH or NOLCO granted by the latter prior to the availment of the five percent
20 (5%) GIE.

Fiscal incentives under this Act shall be terminated after a cumulative period of twenty (20) years from date of registration or start of commercial operation, whichever is applicable, except that it could be extended with regard to industries deemed indispensable to national development.

The industries exempted from this provision shall be recommended by BOI, with the concurrence of the Secretaries of the Department of Finance and Trade and Industry.

28 Sec. 10. Creation of the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone Authority. -29 There is hereby created a body corporate to be known as the Eastern Samar Special 30 Economic Zone Authority, hereinafter referred to as the ESEZA, which shall manage 31 and operate, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the Eastern Samar Special 32 Economic Zone. This corporate franchise shall expire in fifty (50) years counted from the first day of the fifth (5th) calendar year after the effectivity of this Act, unless 33 otherwise extended by Congress. It shall be organized within one hundred eighty 34 35 (180) days after the effectivity of this Act.

36 Sec. 11. Principal Office of ESEZA. – The Eastern Samar Special Economic
 37 Zone Authority shall maintain its principal office in the Municipality of Guiuan,

Province of Eastern Samar but it may establish branches within the Philippines as
 may be necessary for the proper conduct of its business.

3 SEC. 12. Powers and Functions of the Eastern Samar Special Economic 4 Zone Authority. – The Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone Authority shall have 5 the following powers and functions:

6 (a) To operate, administer, manage and develop the Eastern Samar Ecozone
7 according to the principles and provisions set forth in this Act;

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- (b) To register, regulate and supervise the enterprises in the Eastern Samar Ecozone in an efficient and decentralized manner, subject to existing laws;
- 10 (c) To coordinate with local government units and exercise general
 11 supervision over the development plans, activities and operations of the
 12 Eastern Samar Ecozone;
- (d) To regulate and undertake the establishment, operation and maintenance
 of utilities, other services and infrastructure in the Eastern Samar Ecozone
 such as but not limited to heat, light and power, water supply,
 telecommunications, transport, toll roads and bridges, port services, etc.
 and to fix just, reasonable and competitive rates, fares, charges and prices
 thereof;
- (e) To construct, acquire, own, lease, operate and maintain on its own or 19 through contracts, franchise, licenses, bulk purchase from the private 20 sector or permits under any of the schemes allowed in Republic Act No. 21 6957 (the Build-Operate-Transfer Law, as amended by RA 7718), or joint 22 venture, adequate facilities and infrastructure required or needed for the 23 operation and development of the Eastern Samar Ecozone, in coordination 24 with appropriate national and local government authorities and in 25 conformity with applicable laws thereon; 26
- (f) To operate on its own, either directly or through a license to other
 tourism-related activities, including games, amusements, recreational and
 sports facilities;
- 30 (g) Subject to the approval of the President and the Monetary Board of the 31 Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas upon the recommendation of the Department 32 of Finance, to raise or borrow adequate and necessary funds from local or 33 foreign sources to finance its projects and programs under this Act, and 34 for that purpose to issue bonds, promissory notes, and other forms of 35 securities, and to secure the same by a guarantee, pledge, mortgage, deed 36 of trust, or an assignment of all or part of its property or assets;

(h) To protect, preserve, maintain and develop the virgin forests, beaches, 1 2 coral and coral reefs and maintain ecological balance within the Eastern 3 Samar Ecozone; (i) To create, operate and/or contract to operate such functional units of 4 offices of the ESEZA as it may deem necessary; 5 6 (i) To adopt, alter and use a corporate seal; make contracts, leases, own, or 7 otherwise dispose of personal or real property; sue and be sued; and otherwise carry out its functions and duties as provided for in this Act; 8 9 (k) To issue certificates of origin for products manufactured or processed in 10 the Eastern Samar Ecozone in accordance with prevailing rules of origin, and the pertinent regulations of the PEZA, DTI and/or the Department of 11 Finance (DOF); 12 (1) To issue working visas renewable every two (2) years to foreign 13 14 executives and foreign technicians with highly specialized skills which no 15 Filipinos possesses, as certified by the Department of Labor and Employment; 16 17 (m) To report to the Bureau of Immigration the names of the foreigners who have been granted permanent resident status and working visas within 18 19 thirty (30) days after issuance of such grant; (n) To exercise such powers as maybe essential, necessary or incidental to the 20 21 powers granted to it hereunder as well as those that shall enable it to carry out, implement and accomplish the purposes, objectives and policies of 22 this Act; and 23 24 (o) To issue rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this Act as maybe necessary to accomplish and implement the purposes, objectives 25 26 and policies provided herein. 27 Sec. 13. Banking Rules and Regulations. - Existing laws and 28

rules/regulations of the *Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas* (BSP) shall apply to banks and financial institutions to be established in the Eastern Samar Ecozone, such as those governing foreign exchange and other concurrent account transactions (trade and nontrade), local and foreign borrowings, foreign investments, establishment and operation of local and foreign banks, foreign currency deposit units, offshore banking units and other financial institutions under the supervision of the BSP.

34 Sec. 14. *Remittance of Earnings.* – In the case of foreign investments, a 35 registered enterprise in the ESEZA shall have the right to remit earnings from the 36 investment in the currency in which the investment was originally made and at the 37 exchange rate prevailing at the time of remittance, subject to the provisions of Section 38 74 of Republic Act No. 265, as amended.

Sec. 15. Board of Directors of the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone 1 Authority. - The powers of the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone Authority 2 shall be vested in and exercised by a Board of Directors, hereinafter referred to as the 3 4 Board, which shall be composed of the following: a) The Chairman who shall, at the same time be the administrator of the 5 6 ESEZA; 7 b) A Vice-Chairman who shall come from among the members of the Board; c) Members consisting of: 8 9 (1) The Governor of the Province of Eastern Samar; (2) The Congressional Representative of the district covering the site 10 of the Eastern Samar Ecozone; 11 (3) The mayors of the Municipalities of Guiuan, Mercedes, and 12 Salcedo, Province of Eastern Samar; 13 (4) One (1) representative from the domestic investors; 14 (5) One (1) representative from the foreign investors; and 15 (6) Two (2) representatives from the workers working in Eastern 16 Samar Ecozone. 17 The Governor, the Congressional representative and the mayors of the 18 Province of Eastern Samar shall serve as ex-officio members of the Board, whose term 19 in the Board corresponds to their term as elected officials. 20 The Chairman and the members of the Board, except the ex-officio members, 21 shall be appointed by the President of the Philippines to serve for a term of six (6) 22 years, unless sooner separated from service due to death, voluntary resignation, or 23 24 removal for cause. In case of death, resignation or removal for cause, the replacement shall serve only the unexpired portion of the term. 25 Except for the representatives of the business and labor sectors, no person 26 shall be appointed by the President of the Philippines as a member of the Board unless 27 he is a Filipino citizen, of good moral character, of proven probity and integrity, and a 28 29 degree-holder in any of the following fields: economics, business, public 30 administration, law, management or their equivalent, and with at least ten (10) years relevant working experience preferably in the field of management or public 31 32 administration. 33 The Members of the Board shall each receive per diem at rate to be determined by the Department of Budget and Management in accordance with 34

determined by the Department of Budget and Management in accordance with existing rules and regulations: *Provided, however*, That the total per diem collected each month shall not exceed the equivalent *per diem* for four (4) meetings. Unless and until the President of the Philippines has fixed a higher per diem for the members

- 1 of the board, such per diem shall not be more than ten thousand pesos (P10,000.00)
- 2 for every Board meeting.

3	Sec.	16.	Powers	and	Duties	of	the	Chairman-Administrator.		The
4	Chairman-Administrator shall have the following powers and duties:									

- 5a)To direct and manage the affairs of the ESEZA in accordance with6the policies of the Board;
- 7 b) To establish the internal organization of the ESEZA under such
 8 conditions that the Board may prescribe;
- 9 c) To submit an annual budget and necessary supplemental budget to
 10 the Board for its approval;
- 11d)To submit within thirty (30) days after the close of each fiscal year12an annual report to the Board and such other reports as may be13required;
- 14 e) To submit to the Board for its approval policies, systems,
 15 procedures, rules and regulations that are essential to the operation
 16 of the Eastern Samar Ecozone;
- 17 f) To create a mechanism in coordination with relevant agencies for
 18 the promotion of industrial peace, the protection of the environment,
 19 and the advancement of the quality of life in the Eastern Samar
 20 Ecozone; and
- g) To perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the
 Board or which are necessary or incidental to his office.

Sec. 17. Organization and Personnel. - The Board of Directors of the 23 24 ESEZA shall provide for an organization and staff of its officers and employees. 25 Upon recommendation of the Chairman-Administrator, the Board shall appoint and 26 fix the remuneration and other emoluments of its officers and employees in 27 accordance with existing laws on compensation and position classification: Provided, 28 That the Board shall have exclusive and final authority to promote, transfer, assign or reassign officers of the ESEZA, any provision of existing law to the contrary 29 30 notwithstanding: Provided, further, That the Chairman-Administrator may carry out 31 removal of such officers and employees.

- The officers and employees of the ESEZA, including all Members of the Board, shall not engage directly or indirectly in partisan activities nor take part in any election, except to vote.
- No officer or employee of the ESEZA, subject to Civil Service laws and
 regulations, shall be removed or suspended except for cause, as provided by law.
- 37 Sec. 18. Ipso Facto Clause. Sections 30-41 of Republic Act 7916, shall ipso
 38 facto apply to the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone.

1 Sec. 19. Capitalization. - The Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone Authority shall have an authorized capital stock of One Billion (1,000,000,000) no par 2 shares with a minimum issue of Ten Pesos (P10.00) each, the majority shares of 3 which shall be subscribed and paid for by the National Government and the Local 4 Government Units (LGUs) embracing the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone. 5 The Board of Directors of the ESEZA may, with the written concurrence of the 6 Secretary of Finance, sell shares, representing not more than forty per centum (40%) 7 of the capital stock of the ESEZA to the general public under such policy as the Board 8 and the Secretary of Finance may determine. The National Government and the LGUs 9 shall in no case own less than sixty per centum (60%) of the total issued and 10 outstanding capital of the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone Authority. 11

12 The amount necessary to subscribe and pay for the shares of the National 13 Government to the capital stock of the ESEZA shall be included in the Annual 14 General Appropriations Act. For LGUs, the funds shall be taken from their internal 15 revenue allotment and other local funds

Sec. 20. Supervision. – The Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone shall be
 under the direct control and supervision of the Philippine Economic Zone Authority
 (PEZA) for purposes of policy direction and coordination

19 Sec. 21. Relationship with the Regional Development Council. – The 20 Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone Authority shall determine the development 21 goals for the Eastern Samar Ecozone within the framework of national development 22 plans, policies and goals. The Administrator shall, upon approval by the Board, 23 submit the Eastern Samar Ecozone plans, programs and projects to the Regional 24 Development Council for inclusion and inputs to the overall regional development 25 plan.

Sec. 22. Relationship with Local Government Units. – Except as herein provided, the local government units comprising the Eastern Samar Special Economic Zone shall retain their basic autonomy and identity. The Municipalities of Guiuan, Mercedes, and Salcedo shall operate and function in accordance with the Local Government Code of 1991. In case of any conflict between the ESEZA and the Province of Eastern Samar on matters affecting the Eastern Samar Ecozone other than defense and security matters, the decision of the ESEZA shall prevail.

Sec. 23. Interpretation/Construction. – The powers, authorities and functions
 that are vested in the ESEZA are intended to decentralize governmental functions and
 authority and promote an efficient and effective working relationship between the
 Eastern Samar Ecozone, the NG, and the local government units.

37 Sec. 24. Auditing. - The Commission on Audit shall appoint a representative
 38 who shall be a full time auditor of the ESEZA and assign such number of personnel as

may be necessary to assist said representative in the performance of his/her duties.
 The salaries and emoluments on the assigned auditor and personnel shall be in
 accordance with pertinent laws, rules and regulations.

Sec. 25. Separability Clause. - If any provisions of this Act shall be held
unconstitutional or invalid, the other provisions not otherwise affected shall remain in
full force and effect.

Sec. 26. *Repealing Clause.* – All laws, executive orders and issuances, or any
parts thereof, which are inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed or amended
accordingly.

Sec. 27. *Effectivity Clause.* – This Act shall take effect upon its publication in
at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,