FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

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#### SENATE S. No. 2080

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#### Introduced by Senator Richard J. Gordon

### EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Philippines has been ravaged by numerous natural disasters ranging from floods and thunderstorms to typhoons, landslides, earthquakes and volcanic eruptions. These natural disasters harm the safety and lives of our citizens and cause considerable damage to property. Although we wish to avoid these natural disasters, their recurrence remains highly probable considering the geographical and climatic conditions of our country.

As an agricultural country, we are especially vulnerable to the destructive effects of natural disasters. Agriculture is the major source of livelihood for many of our country's middle and low income populations. By its very nature, agricultural cultivation requires a high degree of dependence on climate and weather conditions for its success and profitability. Our major food staple, rice, is a good example — its cultivation follows a cycle of planting and harvesting within specific seasons. When a typhoon comes and threatens to rip up a rice plantation, the farmer risks incurring huge financial losses. In some cases, it is a question of survival, when the success of this planting season's harvest determines the farmer's capacity to undertake the next.

Thus, the importance of the role of the Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA) as the main government agency tasked to monitor, research and report weather conditions to the public cannot be overemphasized. However, our country has experienced the occurrence of several natural disasters, some of them deadly, on which PAGASA may have failed to give correct and timely information due to lack of modern and highperforming equipment. As a result, citizens were not completely warned of dangers to their health and safety and apprised of precautions they could take to alleviate, if not prevent, damage to their person or property.

The capacity of PAGASA to rapidly deliver accurate weather information is critical in determining our ability to properly prepare for and handle natural disasters. Such capacity is sought to be enhanced through the establishment of a modernization program for PAGASA, which this bill proposes. The passage of this bill is therefore earnestly sought.

RICHARD J. GORDON Senator

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

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HECEIVED B. : .

SENATE S. No.

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## Introduced by Senator Richard J. Gordon

# AN ACT

## PROVIDING FOR THE MODERNIZATION OF THE PHILIPPINE ATMOSPHERIC, GEOPHYSICAL AND ASTRONOMICAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION, PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. *Title.* - This Act shall be known as the "PAGASA Modernization
 Act of 2008."

**Sec. 2.** *Declaration of Policy.* - It is the policy of the State to improve the quality of weather forecasting in the country and to ensure its accuracy and timely dissemination to the people. Towards this end, the State shall undertake the modernization of the national weather service.

Sec. 3. *Purposes of Modernization*. - In the implementation of the foregoing
policy, the State shall, in accordance with the provisions of this Act:

a. Undertake measures to improve on the current state of weather forecasting
 and warning system in the country;

b. Cultivate greater awareness by the public of weather systems through
 educational programs on storm signals, typhoons, climatic changes and other related
 information;

c. Upgrade, modernize and procure state-of-the-art weather and geophysical equipment and facilities, and pursue the application of new technologies to improve our capabilities in providing timely and reliable weather forecasting and warning services for agriculture, transportation and other industries across the country.

18 Sec. 4. Duration of the Modernization Program. - To enhance weather 19 forecasting, climate monitoring and prediction, and astronomical and associated services, the Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services
 Administration (PAGASA) shall undertake a six-year modernization program.

Sec. 5. Components of Modernization. - The modernization program shall
 adopt a four-pronged approach, as follows:

a. Establishment of regional weather service centers in strategic areas in the
 country to broaden the PAGASA's bases for delivery of services to each region;

b. Modernization of physical resources and operational techniques through
acquisition of state-of-the-art equipment and facilities, with emphasis on weather and
flood monitoring and warning system and agro-meteorological observational system
to strengthen services for agriculture;

c. Intensification of human resources development to keep pace with rapid
 international scientific and technological advances;

d. Upgrade of research and development capability through a more rationalized and integrated approach, with focus on improvement of operations, as well as the development of specialized services for cost recovery.

16 Sec. 6. Program Description. - The modernization program under this Act shall principally be a re-tooling of the PAGASA with modern equipment and facilities, 17 including but not limited to advanced observational and surveillance system for 18 meteorological and hydrological elements, and whenever possible satellite-based 19 communication network, supercomputers for data processing analysis and 20 forecasting, and computer based workstations for generating increased volume of 21 detailed information. It shall also establish an efficient human resources 22 development program emphasizing on professional education, training and research. 23

Sec. 7. PAGASA Modernization Oversight Committee. – There is hereby created a Modernization Oversight Committee composed of the Chairperson and Members of the Congressional Committees on Science and Technology of the Senate and the House of Representatives that shall oversee the implementation of the modernization program provided under this Act. The Committee shall be chaired by the Secretary of the DOST.

30 Sec. 8. PAGASA Modernization Fund. - There is hereby created the 31 PAGASA Modernization Fund which shall be used exclusively to fund its 32 modernization program. The Fund shall include a portion of the net income of the 33 Philippine Amusement and Gaming Corporation (PAGCOR) to be taken from the fifty

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1 percent (50%) share of the National Government for a period of six years from the 2 effectivity of this Act.

Sec. 9. Loans, Grants, Bequests and Donations. - The PAGASA is hereby 3 granted the authority to enter into loan agreements with, or accept grants, bequests 4 and donations from, local or foreign financial institutions pursuant to this Act. 5

6 Sec. 10. Cost Recovery Measures. - The PAGASA shall implement a sustainable cost recovery program that will allow it to earn revenue from its issuance 7 of specialized weather information, certifications, and scientific and technical 8 publications from which fees can be charged; *Provided*, that one hundred percent 9 (100%) of the fees collected shall be retained by PAGASA for the next twenty 10 (20) years from the effectivity of this Act, for the operation and maintenance of the 11 equipment acquired during the modernization program; Provided further, that no fees 12 13 shall be charged on the issuance of regular and special reports to the general public that affect national safety, the weather and the economy, and such other relevant 14 data. 15

Sec. 11. Progress Report. - The Secretary of the DOST and the Director of 16 the PAGASA shall submit to the Office of the President and the Congressional 17 Committees on Science and Technology a quarterly report on the progress of the 18 modernization program for the duration of its implementation. 19

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Sec. 12. Separability Clause. - If any provision of this Act or any part hereof be declared unconstitutional or invalid the remainder of this Act or any provision not 21 affected thereby shall remain in force and effect. 22

Sec. 13. Repealing Clause. - All laws, orders, proclamations, rules and 23 regulations, or part thereof, which are inconsistent with any provision of this Act are 24 hereby repealed or modified accordingly. 25

Sec. 14. Effectivity. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its 26 publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two newspapers of general 27 28 circulation.

Approved, 29

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