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Introduced by Sen	ator FRANCIS G. 1	ESCUDERO	(	

### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

The current governing law of the Bureau of Immigration, Commonwealth Act 613, was enacted under the American regime in 1940. Albeit the various amendments which have been introduced in the said law over the years, with globalization and proliferation of international crimes, a more capable and practicable immigration system is very much needed by our country to keep up with the vast changing times.

Article II, Section 7 of the 1987 Philippine Constitution gives paramount consideration to national sovereignty, territorial integrity, national security, national interest, and the right to self-determination, as it adheres to the policy of peace, cooperation and amity with all nations.

Toward this end, this bill seeks to apply and administer Philippine immigration policies, rules and regulations in the promotion of domestic and international interests of the Philippines, in recognition of:

- (a) The admission of foreign nationals for the purpose of enhancing capital investments, trade and commerce, cultural exchanges and other forms of friendly relations and cooperation;
  - (b) The need for increased technological and scientific development;
- (c) Promotion of conditions for social welfare and economic security of the people;
- (d) Compliance with obligations and standards set by international law in the admission or exclusion of foreign nationals;
- (e) Promoting international order and justice by denying the use of Philippine territory to persons who are engaged or likely to engage in terrorism, human smuggling and trafficking, criminal and other nefarious activities;
- (f) Modernization of structures and mechanisms necessary for the administration of immigration laws in keeping with the changing demands of the country's role in the global community; and
- (g) Professionalization of the immigration service by instituting a rigid system of screening and selection of immigration officials and employees and promoting their development.

Hence, the immediate approval of this bill is earnestly sought.



FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE	)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES	)
First Regular Session	)

GEFRE II & SPORELARY

SENATE

S. B. No. <u>98</u>



## Introduced by Senator FRANCIS G. ESCUDERO

### PHILIPPINE IMMIGRATION ACT OF 2010

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 TITLE I 2 3 **GENERAL PROVISIONS** 4 SECTION 1. Title of the Act. - This Act shall be known as the "Philippine 5 6 Immigration Act of 2010". SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. — In relation to other states, the Philippines shall 7 give paramount consideration to national sovereignty, territorial integrity, national 8 9 security, national interest, and the right to self-determination, as it adheres to the policy of peace, cooperation and amity with all nations. Toward this end, Philippine 10 11 immigration policies, rules and regulations under this Act shall be applied and administered in the promotion of domestic and international interests of the 12 Philippines, in recognition of: 13 (a) The admission of foreign nationals for the purpose of enhancing capital 14 investments, trade and commerce, cultural exchanges and other forms of friendly 15 relations and cooperation; 16

(b) The need for increased technological and scientific development;

1 (c) Promotion of conditions for social welfare and economic security of the 2 people; 3 (d) Compliance with obligations and standards set by international law in the admission or exclusion of foreign nationals; 4 5 (e) Promoting international order and justice by denying the use of Philippine 6 territory to persons who are engaged or likely to engage in terrorism, human smuggling 7 and trafficking, criminal and other nefarious activities; (f) Modernization of structures and mechanisms necessary for the administration 8 9 of immigration laws in keeping with the changing demands of the country's role in the 10 global community; and (g) Professionalization of the immigration service by instituting a rigid system of 11 screening and selection of immigration officials and employees and promoting their 12 13 development. SEC. 3. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act, the following terms are 14 defined as follows: 15 16 "Admission" refers to the process by which a foreigner arriving at a port of entry in the Philippines is allowed into the country by the immigration authorities; 17 "Board" refers to the Board of Commissioners; 18 (b) "Border Control Officer" refers to any person tasked to man the border 19 (c) 20 control station as provided under Section 26 of this Act; "Captain" refers to the master of a vessel or pilot of an aircraft; 21 (d) "Child" refers to a person below eighteen (18) years of age; 22 (e) "Citizen" refers to any person who is a citizen of the Philippines under 23 (f) Section 1, Article IV of the Constitution of the Republic of the Philippines; 24 "Commission" refers to the Commission on Immigration; 25 (g) "Commissioner" and "Deputy Commissioner" refer to the Commissioner of 26 Immigration and the Deputy Commissioner of Immigration, respectively; 27

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(i) "Commitment Order" refers to an order issued by the Commissioner under Section 7 (c) (2) of this Act that directs the detention of a foreigner after it has been determined that a probable cause exists that he/she committed acts and/or omissions in violation of Philippine immigration laws, rules and regulations, or during the pendency of deportation case against such foreigner: *Provided*, That such detention shall not exceed three (3) months, unless there exists other legal grounds for continued detention;

- (j) "Consular officer" refers to any consular, diplomatic, or other officer of the Government of the Philippines who has been duly granted a consular commission for the purpose of issuing visas under this Act;
- (k) "Entry" refers to the arrival of a foreigner into any designated port of entry in the Philippines from a place outside thereof. A foreigner having a lawful permanent residence in the Philippines shall not be regarded as making an entry for the purpose of this Act if such foreigner proves that his/her departure to a place outside the Philippines was for a temporary or limited period, or his/her continued absence from the Philippines was occasioned by deportation proceedings, extradition, or other legal process;
- 18 (l) "Exclusion" refers to the act of Immigration Officers denying admission of a 19 foreigner into the country on grounds provided for in this Act;
- 20 (m) "Foreigner" or "Foreign National" refers to any person not a citizen of the 21 Philippines;
- (n) "Hold Departure Order" refers to (1) a directive that commands the
  Commissioner to prevent a foreigner from leaving the territorial jurisdiction of the
  Philippines in cases of grant of bail and recognizance pending implementation of
  Summary Deportation Order, or (2) an order implementing a directive from the
  President, the Senate, the House of Representatives, the Department of Justice (DOJ),

- 1 Regional Trial Courts, Sandiganbayan, and appellate courts to prevent a person from
- 2 leaving the Philippines to any place outside thereof;
- 3 (o) "Husband" and/or "Wife" refer(s) to those regarded as such by the laws of
- 4 the country of which they are nationals but shall not include husband or wife by reason
- 5 of proxy or "picture marriage";
- 6 (p) "Immigrant" refers to any foreign national departing from any place outside
- 7 the Philippines destined for the Philippines, other than a non-immigrant;
- 8 (q) "Immigration laws" refers to this Act and any other law presently existing
- 9 or which may hereafter be enacted relating to movement of natural persons to and from
- 10 the Philippines, and their exclusion, interception, deportation and repatriation;
- (r) "Immigration Officer" refers to any person appointed under Section 28 of
- 12 this Act or any employee of the Commission designated by the Commissioner to
  - perform the powers, duties and functions of an Immigration Officer as specified under
- 14 this Act:

- 15 (s) "Interception" refers to the act of Immigration Officers denying departure
- 16 clearance to any person leaving the country on grounds provided for in this Act;
- 17 (t) "Non-immigrant" refers to any foreigner departing from any place outside
- 18 the Philippines who is allowed entry and admission into the Philippines for a
- 19 temporary or limited period of stay;
- 20 (u) "Non-refoulement" refers to principle of international law which prohibits
- 21 the forced return of a refugee to the state or territory where his/her life or liberty would
- 22 be threatened;
- (v) "Passport" refers to document issued by the Philippine government to its
- 24 citizens requesting other governments to allow its citizens to pass safely and freely, and
- 25 in case of need to give him all lawful aid and protection;
- 26 (w) "Person" refers to natural and juridical person such as partnerships,
- 27 corporations, companies, and associations;

- (x) "Port of entry" refers to any port designated by competent authority in accordance with law through which a foreigner may apply to the Immigration Officer thereat for admission into the Philippines;
  - (y) "President" refers to the President of the Republic of the Philippines;

- (z) "Refugee" refers to a person who, owing to a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group, or political opinion, is outside the country of his/her nationality, and is unable or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail of the protection of that country; or who, not having a nationality and being outside the country of his/her former habitual residence,
  - (aa) "Seaman," "Seafarer" or "Crewmember" refers to a person actually employed in the operation or service in any capacity on board a vessel;
    - (bb) "Secretary" refers to the Secretary of the Department of Justice;

is unable or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to return to it;

- 14 (cc) "Stateless Person" refers to a person who is not considered a national by 15 any State under its laws;
  - (dd) "Travel document" refers to a certification or identifying document containing the description and other personal circumstances of its bearer, issued for direct travel to and from the Philippines valid for short periods or a particular trip. It is issued only to persons whose claim to Philippine citizenship is doubtful or who fall under the category enumerated in Section 13 of Republic Act No. 8239, otherwise known as "The Philippine Passport Act of 1996";
    - (ee) "Vessel" refers to all means of conveyances, whether aircraft or sea craft;
  - (ff) "Visa" refers to an endorsement on a passport or any travel document issued by a Consular Officer abroad authorizing the holder thereof to proceed to a designated port of entry in the Philippines and there to apply for entry and admission under the status specified therein; or immigration status granted and/or issued to foreigners by the Commissioner or the Board under this Act; and

1	(gg) "Watchlist Order" refers to an order issued by the Commissioner under
2	Section 7 (c) (4) of this Act that requires immigration personnel to monitor and/or
3	prevent the departure of any person for a period of fifteen (15) days, extendible for
4	another fifteen (15) days, and to notify concerned government or law enforcement
5	agencies, when his/her presence is required in criminal or legislative proceedings or
6	he/she poses or may pose a threat to national security, public health or public safety.
7	TITLE II
8	COMMISSION ON IMMIGRATION
9	CHAPTER 1
10	THE COMMISSION
11	SEC. 4. Creation. — The Commission on Immigration is hereby created. It shall
12	be principally responsible for the administration and enforcement of this Act, and the
13	implementation of all laws, rules, regulations or orders of any competent authority
14	concerning the entry and admission into, stay in, and the departure from the
15	Philippines of all persons. The Commission shall be under the general supervision of
16	the Department of Justice.
17	SEC. 5. Composition and Qualification. — The Commission shall be
18	administered by the Board headed by the Commissioner as Chairperson, and four (4)
19	Deputy Commissioners as members, all of whom shall be natural-born citizens of the
20	Philippines and, at the time of their appointment, at least thirty-five (35) years of age,
21	holders of a college degree and with proven capacity for administration: Provided, That
22	the majority or three (3) members including the Chairperson of the Commission shall be
23	members of the Philippine Bar in good standing for at least five (5) years.
24	CHAPTER 2

THE COMMISSIONER

- SEC. 6. Appointment and Rank of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall 1 be appointed by the President and shall have the same rank, salary, and privileges of an 2 Undersecretary of a Department. 3 SEC. 7. Powers and Functions of the Commissioner. - In addition to the duties as 4 5 Chairperson of the Board, the Commissioner shall exercise the following powers and 6 functions: 7 Supervise, direct and coordinate the overall operations of (a) Commission; 8 9 Appoint, and exercise control and supervision over, the officers and (b) personnel of the Commission, subject to existing civil service laws, rules and 10 11 regulations; Issue, (1) letter orders after determination of the existence of probable 12 cause; (2) commitment or release orders; (3) warrant of deportation; (4) watchlist 13 14 orders; (5) hold departure orders; (6) allow entry or departure orders; (7) blacklist 15 orders; and (8) orders implementing watchlist orders issued by the Department of 16 Justice: 17 Delegate authority to subordinate officers and employees of the (d) Commission, except with regard to powers and functions enumerated in the 18 immediately preceding paragraph, which may be delegated only to the Deputy 19 20 Commissioners; Act on applications for issuance and extension or on petitions for 21 (e) 22 conversion, adjustment and amendment of visas;
- 23 (f) Act on petitions for declaration of indigency;
- 24 (g) Declare such control posts, landing places, airports or ports as points of 25 entry or exit, whether limited or unlimited;
- 26 (h) Increase, reduce or waive immigration fees, fines, penalties and other 27 charges;

- 1 (i) Participate as member of the Special Committee on Naturalization
- 2 pursuant to Section 6 of Republic Act No. 9139 otherwise known as "The
- 3 Administrative Naturalization Law of 2000";
- 4 (j) Act on applications for retention or reacquisition of citizenship under
- 5 Republic Act No. 9225 otherwise known as "Citizenship Retention and Re-acquisition
- 6 Act of 2003";
- 7 (k) Issue Certificate of Identification to foreigners who have obtained Filipino
- 8 citizenship;
- 9 (I) Issue letter orders and permits to carry firearms, ammunition and
- 10 communications equipment to authorized immigration operatives for use in
- 11 enforcement operations and in the execution of warrants: Provided, That such firearms
- 12 and ammunition are owned and issued by the Commission;
- 13 (m) Inspect the documents, premises and records of persons covered by this
- 14 Act;
- 15 (n) Deputize any official or employee of the national government and local
- 16 government units, including uniformed personnel of the Armed Forces of the
- 17 Philippines, the Philippine National Police and the Philippine Coast Guard to perform
- immigration duties and functions subject to the concurrence of the Board;
- 19 (o) Authorize and prescribe the forms and the amount of cash bonds for the
- 20 provisional release of respondents in deportation proceedings;
- 21 (p) Impose reasonable fines and penalties for violation of immigration and
- 22 alien registration laws in accordance with this Act and the guidelines adopted by the
- 23 Commission;
- 24 (q) Provide an express lane for the rendition of services upon payment of
- 25 prescribed fees by airlines/shipping companies or other persons served and to deposit
- 26 in a government authorized depository bank all such fees received under a trust fund

1	that may be made available for the payment of allowances to employees of the				
2	Commission, subject to existing accounting and auditing rules and regulations;				
3	(r) Accept donation of materials, equipment or technical services from any				
4	foreign government, international or domestic organization, to upgrade the efficiency				
5	and operations of the Commission;				
6	(s) Submit to the President and Congress, annually or as may be directed, a				
7	report on the: (1) number and status of foreigners in the Philippines; (2) foreigners				
8	admitted or granted change of status as permanent residents; (3) foreigners who have				
9	been excluded or deported from the Philippines; (4) estimated number of illegal				
10	foreigners in the Philippines in each calendar year and actions taken to arrest them, by				
11	nationality grouping, for each region in the Philippines; and (5) such other transactions				
12	of the Commission;				
13	(t) Prepare and submit supplemental budget of the Commission for the				
14	consideration of the Department of Budget and Management;				
15	(u) Prescribe such rules, regulations or other administrative issuances to carry				
16	out the provisions of this Act;				
17	(v) Prescribe the appropriate forms, bonds, reports, entries and other papers				
18	in accordance with this Act; and				
19	(w) Perform such other functions inherent to the Commission.				
20	CHAPTER 3				
21	THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS				
22	SEC. 8. Appointment and Rank of Deputy Commissioners There shall be four				
23	(4) Deputy Commissioners who shall be appointed by the President. They shall have				
24	the same rank, salary and privileges of an Assistant Secretary of a Department.				
25	SEC. 9. Duties of Deputy Commissioners In addition to their duties as				
26	members of the Board, the Deputy Commissioners shall exercise additional powers,				

1	subject to the approval of and as may be assigned by the Board, in the following areas
2	of concern as:
3	(a) Deputy Commissioner for Administration, Finance, Planning, Legal and
4	Information and Communications Technology;
5	(b) Deputy Commissioner for Regional Operations, Registration, Immigration
6	Regulation and Visa and Special Permit;
7	(c) Deputy Commissioner for Intelligence, Enforcement, Fraud Prevention and
8	Complaint and Prosecution; and
9	(d) Deputy Commissioner for International Policies, Cooperation and Social
10	Integration.
11	CHAPTER 4
12	THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
13	SEC. 10. Powers and Functions of the Board The Board shall have the
14	following powers and functions:
15	(a) Decide on deportation cases;
16	(b) Act on appeals on decisions promulgated by immigration hearing officers;
17	(c) Act on applications or recommendations for revocation of immigration status;
18	(d) Act on applications for recognition of Philippine citizenship by reason of birth
19	or marriage;
20	(e) Decide on applications for legalization of residence in accordance with law;
21	(f) Prescribe and promulgate rules of proceedings before it;
22	(g) Cite and punish for contempt any person in accordance with the Rules of
23	Court;
24	(h) Prepare and publish operations manual and rules of procedure, including
25	schedule of fees, for all transactions entered into by the Commission with the public;
26	(i) Formulate policies, directives, programs and projects of the Commission; and
27	(j) Perform such other powers and functions as provided by existing laws, rules

1	and regulations not inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Act.
2	SEC. 11. Decisions of the Board In all cases or proceedings before the
3	Board, the decision of the majority shall prevail. Decisions of the Board shall become
4	final and executory fifteen (15) days from receipt thereof. Only one (1) motion for
5	reconsideration shall be filed with the Board.
6	Decisions in deportation cases may be appealed to the Office of the President
7	within fifteen (15) days from receipt thereof, whose decision shall be final and executory
8	unless stayed by an order of the Court of Appeals. The appeal shall stay the execution
9	of the decision appealed from unless the Board, in the interest of national security
10	and/or public safety, directs its execution pending appeal.
11	SEC. 12. Period for Decision by the Board The Board shall decide
12	deportation cases within thirty (30) days from the date they are submitted for decision
13	or resolution.
14	SEC. 13. Meetings of the Board In all cases, the Board shall convene and act as a
15	collegial body in all matters referred to in Section 10 of this Act. The Board shall meet
16	at least once a week or, if necessary, twice a week. Members of the Board shall be
17	notified accordingly and the presence of the Chairperson and two (2) members shall
18	constitute a quorum.
19	SEC. 14. Board Secretary The Board shall be assisted by a Board Secretary who
20	shall be appointed by the Commissioner. He/she must be a member of the Philippine
21	Bar in good standing for at least three (3) years prior to his/her appointment. He/she
22	shall keep a docket book for deportation cases, applications for revocation of
23	immigration status, applications for recognition of Philippine citizenship by reason of
24	birth or marriage, applications for legalization of residence and applications for refugee
25	status.
26	CHAPTER 5

THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

1	SEC. 15. Appointment and Tenure - There shall be an Executive Director of the				
2	Commission who shall be appointed by the Secretary upon the recommendation of the				
3	Commissioner, and whose term shall be co-terminous with the Commissioner. He/sha				
4	must be a natural-born citizen of the Philippines, at least thirty (30) years of age and a				
5	member of the Philippine Bar in good standing for at least five (5) years prior to his/her				
6	appointment.				
7	SEC. 16. Powers and Duties The Executive Director shall:				
8	(a) Advise and assist the Commissioner in the formulation and				
9	implementation of the objectives, policies, plans and programs of the Commission;				
10	(b) Oversee all the operational activities of the Commission;				
11	(c) Coordinate the programs and projects of the Commission and be				
12	responsible for its economical, efficient and effective administration;				
13	(d) Administer oaths in connection with all matters relating to the business of				
14	the Commission; and				
15	(e) Perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Commissioner.				
16	CHAPTER 6				
17	THE BOARD OF SPECIAL INQUIRY				
18	SEC. 17. Constitution of Boards of Special Inquiry. There shall be constituted as				
19	many Boards of Special Inquiry as required in the exigency of service but not more than				
20	twelve (12). Each Board shall be composed of a Chairperson and two (2) members. The				
21	Board shall be designated according to their areas of specialization to be				
22	determined by the Board.				
23	SEC. 18. Appointment and Qualification of the Chairpersons and Members				
24	of the Boards of Special Inquiry The Chairpersons and members of the Boards of				
25	Special Inquiry shall be appointed by the Commissioner, all of whom shall be natural-				
26	born citizens of the Philippines and, at the time of their appointment, at least thirty (30)				
27	years of age, members of the Philippine Bar in good standing, and engaged in the				

1 practice of law for at least three (3) years. They shall hold office during good behavior, 2 unless sooner removed for cause. 3 SEC. 19. Powers and Functions of the Boards of Special Inquiry. - The Boards of 4 Special Inquiry shall: 5 (a) Administer oaths; 6 (b) Cite and punish for contempt in accordance with the Rules of Court; 7 (c) Issue subpoena in cases being heard by the Board of Special Inquiry; 8 (d) Recommend to the Board the imposition, waiver or reduction of fees, fines, 9 penalties and other charges subject to existing laws, rules and regulations; 10 (e) Exercise exclusive original authority to hear and recommend to the Board for 11 final resolution the following cases: 12 Deportation; (1) 13 (2) Applications for revocation of immigration status; 14 (3)Applications for recognition of Philippine citizenship by reason of 15 birth or marriage; 16 (4) Applications for legalization of residence in accordance with law; 17 Application for issuance of visa for stateless person; and (5)Perform such other duties and functions as may be directed by the 18 (f) 19 Commissioner. 20 SEC. 20. Proceedings Before the Boards of Special Inquiry. - The proceedings before the Boards of Special Inquiry shall be public and recorded. In all cases, the 21 22 Boards of Special Inquiry shall meet and act as a collegial body. Only members of the Philippine Bar in good standing shall appear for and in behalf of any party before the 23 24 Boards of Special Inquiry. SEC. 21. Resolutions of the Boards of Special Inquiry. - Cases before the Boards 25 of Special Inquiry shall be resolved within five (5) working days from the date the same 26

are submitted for resolution. Said resolution shall be submitted immediately to the

1 Board for action.

2	CHAPTER 7
3	DIVISIONS OF THE COMMISSION
4 5	SEC. 22. Divisions and Other Operating Offices of the Commission. – The
6	Commission shall have the following divisions and other operating offices, namely: (1)
7	Administration; (2) Finance; (3) Information and Communications Technology; (4)
8	Planning and Research; (5) International Policies and Cooperation; (6) Social
9	Integration; (7) Intelligence; (8) Law Enforcement; (9) Fraud Prevention; (10) Legal; (11)
10	Immigration Regulation; (12) Registration; (13) Visa and Special Permit; (14) Complaint
11	and Prosecution; (15) Internal Audit Office; (16) National Operations Center; and (17)
12	Immigration Academy of the Philippines.
13	SEC. 23. Heads of the Divisions and Other Operating Offices. — Each Division
14	and other operating offices shall be headed by a Director to be appointed by the
15	Secretary, upon recommendation of the Commissioner: Provided, however, That
16	Directors for the Division for Legal and the Division for Complaint and Prosecution
17	shall be members of the Philippine Bar in good standing, and must have been engaged
18	in the practice of law for at least three (3) years. The Director for Finance Division shall
19	be a Certified Public Accountant in good standing for at least three (3) years.
20	SEC. 24. Duties and Functions of the Divisions and Other Operating
21	Offices The different divisions and other operating offices of the Commission shall
22	operate in accordance with their respective duties and functions as defined by the
23	Commissioner, subject to the requirements of efficiency, economy, transparency,
24	accountability and effectiveness, and pertinent budget and civil service laws, rules and
25	regulations.
26	CHAPTER 8
27	REGIONAL OFFICES

1	SEC. 25. Field Offices of the Commission The Commission shall operate and
2	maintain a Regional Immigration Office in each of the administrative regions including
3	the National Capital Region.
4	The Regional Immigration Offices of the Commission shall each be headed by a
5	Regional Immigration Officer, all of whom shall be appointed by the Secretary upon the
6	recommendation of the Commissioner.
7	SEC. 26. Border Control Stations - There shall be established Border Control
8	Stations which shall be manned by Border Control Officers appointed by the
9	Commissioner. The Border Control Stations shall be placed in specific areas in the
10	Philippines which shall be determined by the Board. Their duties and responsibilities
11	shall be determined by the Commissioner.
12	SEC. 27. Changes in the Composition, Distribution of Assignment of Regional
13	Offices The Commissioner may make changes in the composition, distribution and
14	assignment of Regional Offices, as well as its personnel, based on the demographics of
15	the Philippines' foreigner population and as the exigency of the service requires.
16	SEC. 28. Immigration Officers The position of Immigration Officer is hereby
17	created. No person shall be appointed to the position of Immigration Officer unless he
18	is a holder of a bachelor's degree and a first grade civil service eligible. The Immigration
19	Officers shall perform the following duties:
20	(a) Examine, with the assistance and advice of medical authorities in appropriate
21	cases, foreigners at the port of entry concerning their admissibility to enter and their
22	qualifications to remain in the Philippines;
23	(b) Exclude foreign nationals not properly documented, and to admit foreign
24	nationals complying with the applicable provisions of immigration and related laws;
25	(c) Administer oaths in connection with the performance of their duties;
26	(d) Search for foreign nationals on any vessel believed to be used to illegally
27	bring foreign nationals into the Philippines, and to arrest without warrant any foreigner

- who in his presence or view is entering or is about to enter the Philippines in violation
- 2 of immigration and related laws, rules and regulations;
- 3 (e) Act as control officer with authority to prevent the departure of passengers
- 4 not complying with departure requirements; and
- 5 (f) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Commissioner from
- 6 time to time.
- 7 SEC. 29. Designation of Employees. The Commissioner may designate, in
- 8 accordance with civil service laws, rules and regulations, any competent and qualified
- 9 employee of the Commission, to act as immigration officer or assign any employee to
- other offices within the Commission and/or assign him/her additional or other duties
- 11 as the best interest or exigency of the service may require.
- 12 SEC. 30. Assignment of Employees to do Overtime Work. The Commissioner
- 13 may assign immigration employees to do overtime work or services pursuant to rules
- 14 and regulations to be prescribed and at the rates fixed by the Commissioner when the
  - work or service to be rendered is to be paid by the airline, shipping companies or other
- 16 persons served.

- 17 SEC. 31. Deployment of Immigration Personnel Abroad. Within ninety (90) days
- 18 from the effectivity of this Act, the Department of Foreign Affairs and the Commission
- 19 shall enter into a Memorandum of Agreement pertinent to the assignment and
- 20 deployment of immigration personnel to select consular posts abroad who shall
- 21 perform immigration duties, except diplomatic and consular functions.
- 22 SEC. 32. Manning Levels On the average, the manning levels of immigration
- 23 officers of the Commission nationwide shall be in accordance with the number of
- 24 arrivals in each port of entry as determined by the Board: Provided, That the number of
- 25 employees, as provided in the staffing pattern in accordance with Section 130 of the Act,
- 26 shall not be decreased.

# 1 **IMMIGRATION** 2 **CHAPTER 1 - NON-IMMIGRANTS** SEC. 33. Categories of Non-immigrants and Types of Visa Issued.- Foreign nationals 3 4 departing from any place outside the Philippines who are otherwise admissible and who qualify under any one of the following categories may be admitted as non-5 6 immigrants: (a) Temporary visitors (A Visas): Visitors coming to the Philippines for a 7 temporary period for reasons of business, pleasure or health: 8 1. Business (A-1 visa): Temporary visitors engaged in activities of a 9 commercial or professional nature for a foreign employer or for 10 themselves that will not result in gainful employment in the Philippines. 11 As used herein, the term "business" refers to conventions, conferences, 12 consultations and other legitimate activities of a commercial or a 13 professional nature, but does not include local employment or labor for 14 15 hire; 2. Pleasure (A-2 visa): Temporary visitors who stay in the Philippines for 16 holiday, including sightseeing, recreation or visiting relatives; and 17 18 3. Health (A-3 visa): Temporary visitors who stay in the Philippines to avail 19 of medical treatment. (b) Transit Persons (B Visa): Persons passing through the Philippines solely for a 20 "stop over" who have a confirmed connecting flight to another country or passengers in 21 immediate and continuous transit to a destination outside the Philippines; 22

(c) Crew members (C Visa): Members of the crew of vessels required for the normal operation and servicing of the vessels who come to the Philippines temporarily as part of their jobs either arriving with or coming to join the vessels;

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(d) Treaty Traders (D-1 Visa) and Treaty Investors (D-2 Visa): Citizens and their family members from a country that has a trade treaty with the Philippines and coming

l	to work in the Philippines for either a company they own or one that is at least fift				
2	percent (50%) owned by nationals of their home country and which company i				
3	engaged in substantial trade between the Philippines and their home country shall b				
4	granted a D-1 visa.				
5	Citizens of a country that has an investor treaty with the Philippines, and their				
6	family members, and coming to work in the Philippines for a business they own or one				
7	that is at least fifty percent (50%) owned by nationals of their home country and which				
8	business is supported by a substantial investment from nationals of their home country				
9	shall be granted a D-2 visa;				
10	(e) Accredited Foreign Government Officials, Their Families and Attendants (E				
11	Visas): Foreign government officials, their families and attendants coming to the				
12	country for official purpose, pursuant to international conventions and bilateral				
13	agreements, shall be granted E Visas divided into three (3) types, namely:				
14	1. Persons entitled to E-1 Visa: The E-1 Visa shall be issued to persons				
15	enjoying diplomatic immunities and privileges, particularly the following				
16	classes of foreign nationals:				
17	a. Heads of the State and Heads of Government and their personal				
18	representatives;				
19	b. Members of reigning royal families recognized by the Philippine				
20	Government;				
21	c. Governors-General, Governors, and High Commissioners of				
22	dependent territories and their personal representatives;				
23	d. Cabinet ministers and their deputies and officials with cabinet rank				
24	of ministers;				
25	e. Presiding officers of national legislative bodies;				
26	f. Justices or judges of the highest national judicial bodies;				
27	g. Diplomats and career consular officials;				

1	h. Diplomatic couriers regularly and professionally employed as such;
2	i. Military, naval, air and other attaches assigned to a diplomatic
3	mission;
4	j. All members of official special missions of a diplomatic character;
5	k. Officials of international organizations bearing diplomatic
6	passports when traveling on official business;
7	I. Representatives of international organizations who have
8	diplomatic status and bearing diplomatic passports issued by their
9	governments;
10	m. Members of delegations proceeding to or from an international
11	conference of an official or diplomatic nature;
12	n. Accompanying spouses and unmarried minor children of
13	foreigners within the abovementioned categories; and
14	o. Such other officials going to the Philippines on diplomatic
15	missions.
16	2. Persons entitled to E-2 Visa: The E-2 visa shall be issued to any other
17	person not included in the foregoing list, who is an officer of a foreign
18	government recognized by the Philippines, is a national of the country
19	whose government he represents, and is proceeding to the Philippines in
20	connection with official business for his/her government.
21	This category includes, inter alia, the members of the staff of a
22	diplomatic mission or consular post, the staff of international
23	organizations, and official students or participants in programs under the
24	auspices of the Philippine Government or recognized international
25	institutions.
26	The family members of the above-mentioned persons shall also be
27	issued E-2 Visa.

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3. Persons entitled to E-3 Visa: The E-3 Visa shall be issued to the members of the household, the attendants, servants and employees of persons to whom E-1 and E-2 visas have been granted;

- (f) Students (F Visa): Foreign students having means sufficient for their support and education in the Philippines who seek to enter the Philippines temporarily for the sole purpose of taking up a course of study higher than high school at a university/seminary, academy or college accredited for such foreign students by the Commission on Higher Education in collaboration with the Commission. Their collaboration shall include the monitoring of the status of activities of such foreign students in the Philippines;
- (g) Prearranged Employment (G Visa): Foreign nationals coming to the Philippines on prearranged employment, including their family members accompanying or following to join them within the period of their employment. This category includes intra-company transferees, professionals, performing artists, athletes, and cultural exchange workers under a work exchange program;
- (h) Religious Workers (H Visa): Duly ordained or professional missionaries and religious ministers, including members of their family, coming to the Philippines to join a religious congregation or denomination duly registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, upon invitation, sponsorship or guarantee of such religious congregation or denomination, solely for the purpose of propagating, teaching and disseminating their faith or religion;
- (i) Representatives of International Organizations and Government Agencies (I Visa): Officials, principal representatives and foreign workers of accredited international organizations as well as missions, including their family members, staff and servants. The term "accredited international organization" includes any public international organization in the activities of which the Philippines participates pursuant to any treaty or under the authority of any act of the Congress of the

- 1 Philippines authorizing such participation or making an appropriation for such
- 2 participation and such other international organizations, institutions, agencies,
- 3 programs, foundations and entities which are recognized by the government of the
- 4 Republic of the Philippines, including those existing and already recognized as such at
- 5 the time of the effectivity of this Act. The term "staff" includes the employees of persons
- 6 to whom the E-3 visa has been granted;
- 7 (j) Media Workers (J Visa): Foreign media personnel or correspondents, duly
- 8 accredited by the government agency concerned, who are bona fide representatives of a
- 9 foreign press, radio, satellite, television, film, or other information media, and are
- 10 coming to the Philippines solely to engage in gathering information principally for
- dissemination abroad, including their family members accompanying or following to
- 12 join them during the period of the assignment in the Philippines;
- 13 (k) Exchange Visitors (K Visa): Foreign nationals entering the Philippines to
- teach, study, observe, conduct research or receive training in a specific Exchange Visitor
- 15 Program duly approved by the Philippine Government;
- (I) Refugees (L-1 Visa) and Stateless Persons (L-2 Visa): Refugees as defined in
- 17 Section 3 (z) hereof shall be issued L-1 Visa. Stateless persons, whose admission for
- 18 humanitarian reasons and not inimical to public interest has been approved by the
- 19 Commissioner or the President in such cases and under such conditions as he may
- 20 prescribe, shall be issued L-2 Visa; and
- 21 (m) Special Non-Immigrants (M Visas): Such other foreign nationals
- 22 including their family members who may be admitted as non-immigrants under special
- 23 laws or foreign nationals not otherwise provided for by this Act who are coming for
- 24 temporary periods only, and whose admission is authorized by the Commissioner or
- 25 the President in the interest of the public or for humanitarian considerations and under
- such conditions as he may prescribe.

SEC 33-A. Visa Policy. - The policies governing the issuance, extension, renewal

2 and conversion of visas referred to in Section 33 hereof shall be jointly formulated by

3 the Commission and the Department of Foreign Affairs and, when appropriate, the

Commission and the Department of Foreign Affairs shall consult with the concerned

government agencies or offices relative thereto.

Any visa policy or guidelines to be implemented abroad shall be done by the

Department of Foreign Affairs, with due notice to the Commission and other concerned

8 agencies and/or offices.

SEC. 33-B. Visa Issuance Overseas.- All non-immigrant visas issued outside of the Philippines shall be done by Consular Officers of the Department of Foreign Affairs duly assigned at Philippines posts abroad. Immigrant visas, whenever issued abroad, shall be done by the Consular Officers upon the approval of the Commission through the Department of Foreign Affairs.

14 CHAPTER 2

15 IMMIGRANTS

SEC. 34. Quota Immigrants. — Subject to conditions set forth in this Act, there may be admitted into the Philippines, immigrants, otherwise known as "quota immigrants", not to exceed two hundred (200) of any one nationality based on immigration reciprocity for any one calendar year and upon allotment by the Commissioner of the corresponding quota number. In the allotment of quota numbers, the following order of preference shall be observed:

(a) First Preference: Those whose service and qualifications show high educational attainment, technical training, specialized experience, or exceptional ability in the sciences, arts, professions, or business as would reasonably enhance and contribute substantial benefits prospectively to the national economy, or cultural or educational interests or welfare of the Philippines, including their family members,

- I accompanying or following to join them, who shall likewise be allotted individual
- 2 quota numbers;
- 3 (b) Second Preference: Parents of a naturalized Philippine citizen;
- 4 (c) Third Preference: Spouses or minor children of foreign nationals who are
- 5 lawful permanent residents of the Philippines; and
- 6 (d) Fourth Preference: Parents of foreign nationals who are lawful permanent
- 7 residents of the Philippines.
- 8 SEC 35. Allotment of Quota. The Commissioner shall, with respect to the first
- 9 preference, allot not more than fifty percent (50%) of the annual quota allotment up to
- the end of June each year: *Provided, however,* That if the fifty percent (50%) is not utilized
- by the first preference, the balance thereof shall be given to the second, third, and fourth
- 12 preferences in accordance with Section 34 of this Act. Any unused quota allotment for a
- calendar year cannot be carried over and utilized for the ensuing calendar year.
- 14 SEC. 36. Basis in Determination of Quota Allotment. The nationality of an
- 15 immigrant whose admission is subject to the numerical limitation imposed by Section
- 16 34 of this Act shall be that of the country of which the immigrant is a national or a
- 17 citizen. The nationality of an immigrant possessing dual nationality may be that of
- 18 either of the two countries regarding him/her as a national or citizen if he/she applies
- 19 for a visa in a third country. If he/she applies for a visa within one of the two countries
- 20 regarding him/her as a national or citizen, his/her nationality shall be that of the
- 21 country in which he/she files his/her application for a visa to enter the Philippines.
- 22 SEC. 37. Non-Quota Immigrants. The following immigrants, known as "non-
- 23 quota immigrants", may be admitted without regard to numerical limitation and
- 24 immigration reciprocity:
- 25 (a) The spouse of a Philippine citizen: Provided, however, That the abandonment
- and failure to give support by a foreign spouse to his/her Filipino spouse and family,
- 27 legal separation, or termination of the marital status by annulment, declaration of

- nullity of marriage or divorce where the cause is attributable to the foreign spouse, shall
- 2 constitute grounds for cancellation of the immigrant visa issued to the foreign spouse;
- 3 (b) A person of Filipino descent regardless of generation;
- 4 (c) A child born to a foreign mother during her temporary visit abroad, the
- 5 mother being a lawful permanent resident of the Philippines, if accompanied by or
- 6 coming to join the mother who applies for admission within five (5) years from the birth
- 7 of the child;
- 8 (d) A child born subsequent to the issuance of an immigrant visa to the
- 9 accompanying parent, the visa not having expired or revoked;
- 10 (e) A foreign national who had been previously lawfully admitted into the
- 11 Philippines for permanent residence who is returning from a temporary visit abroad to
- 12 an unrelinquished residence in the Philippines; and
- (f) A natural-born citizen who becomes a naturalized citizen of a foreign country
- 14 and is returning to the Philippines for permanent residence therein, including his/her
  - spouse and minor children accompanying or following to join him/her, except the one
- 16 who has re-acquired or retained his/her Philippine citizenship pursuant to Republic
- 17 Act No. 9225.

- 18 SEC. 38. Status of Children Born to Foreign Nationals. (a) A child born in the
- 19 Philippines to parents who are foreign nationals and lawful residents of the
- 20 Philippines shall be deemed a native-born permanent resident. (b) A child born to
- 21 parents who are both non-immigrants shall be deemed a native-born non-immigrant or
- 22 temporary resident and may remain in the Philippines only during the period of
- 23 authorized stay of the parents, unless he/she reaches the age of eighteen (18)
- 24 years while continuously residing in the Philippines, in which case he/she may
- 25 apply for naturalization under existing laws or for an appropriate visa.

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SEC. 39. Conditions for Adjustment of Status of Foreign Nationals. — The status
of a foreign national admitted into the Philippines as non-immigrant may be adjusted
by the Board to that of a foreigner lawfully admitted as a permanent resident if: (a) the
foreigner makes an application for such adjustment; (b) the foreigner is eligible to
receive a quota or non-quota immigrant visa and is admissible to the Philippines as a
permanent resident: and (c) a quota immigrant visa, if such is the case, is immediately
available to him/her at the time of his/her application, without the need of first
departing from the Philippines. In all such cases, the personal appearance of the
foreigner shall be required during the consideration of his/her application.
SEC. 40. Effect of Approval of Application for Adjustment. — Upon the approval
of an application for adjustment of status under the preceding section, the

of an application for adjustment of status under the preceding section, the Commissioner shall record the foreign national's lawful admission as a permanent resident as of the date of the approval of the application and shall be included as part of the quota for the calendar year in accordance with Section 34 of this Act.

SEC. 41. Adjustment of Status, When Not Allowed. — Adjustment of status under Section 39 of this Act shall not be applicable to (a) a foreign crewmember, (b) a foreign national who has violated or is in violation of immigration laws, rules and regulations unless the same is through no fault of his/her own or for purely technical reasons, (c) a foreign national admitted as a temporary visitor without visa, and (d) transients.

23 CHAPTER 4

### **DOCUMENTATION AND ADMISSION OF NON-IMMIGRANTS**

SEC. 42. Documentary Requirements of Non-immigrants. – Non-immigrants must present for admission into the Philippines valid passports issued by the governments of the countries to which they owe allegiance to or other travel documents

showing their nationality and identity as prescribed by regulations and a valid visa

2 granted by the Philippine Consular Officer, if required under existing laws, rules,

3 regulations, or multi-lateral or bilateral agreements.

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SEC. 43. Conditions and Period of Authorized Stay of Temporary Visitors. -

5 The initial period of authorized stay of a foreign national admitted as a temporary

visitor under Section 33 of this Act shall not exceed two (2) months from the date of

arrival. Extensions of authorized stay may be granted under terms and conditions as

may be prescribed by the Commissioner: Provided, That the total period of authorized

stay shall not exceed twenty-four (24) months: Provided further, That during the foreign

national's authorized stay: (a) he/she shall not take any employment, whether paid or

unpaid; (b) he/she shall not establish or join in any business; or (c) he/she shall not

enroll and become a student at a school, college, university, academy, or other

educational institution, unless he/she is granted, upon proper application, a conversion

to another immigration status provided under this Act.

SEC. 44. Conditions for Issuance of Pre-arranged Visas. — A foreigner who is coming to the Philippines for prearranged employment shall not be issued a non-immigrant visa referred to in Section 33 (g) until the Consular Officer shall have received authorization for the issuance of the same. Such authorization shall be given only upon the filing of a petition with the Board establishing, among others, that no person can be found in the Philippines willing and competent to perform the work or service for which the foreigner is desired and that his/her admission would be beneficial to the public interest. The petition shall be under oath by the prospective employer or his/her representative in the form and manner prescribed by the Board.

If the Board finds that the petition complies with the requirements of the preceding paragraph and of other regulations, it shall grant the petition and shall promptly transmit the authorization to the Department of Foreign Affairs and/or the Consular Office concerned.

1	SEC. 45. Submission of Crew List and Passenger Manifest to the Commission
2	Simultaneous to the vessel's departure from the port of origin, the master, captain
3	agent, owner or consignee of any commercial vessel arriving to the Philippines shall
4	submit to the Commission, within a reasonable time prior to such arrival, the crew lists,
5	passenger manifests and such other information concerning the persons arriving on
6	such a vessel. In the same manner and condition, the master, captain, agent, owner or
7	consignee of any commercial vessel departing from any port in the Philippines shall
8	submit to the Commission, within a reasonable time prior to such departure, the crew
9	list, passenger manifest and such other information concerning the persons departing
10	on such vessel. The crew list of an incoming sea craft shall be duly visaed by the
11	appropriate Consular Officer.
12	SEC. 46. Inspection of Crewmembers It shall be the duty of the master, captain,
13	agent, owner or consignee of any vessel arriving in the Philippines to have available on
14	board, for inspection by the Immigration Officer, any foreign crewmember employed
15	on such vessel and to detain such crewmember on board after inspection and to remove
16	such crewmember when required by the immigration authorities. No crewmember on
17	board such vessel shall be discharged while the vessel is in port without the permission
18	of the Commissioner.

SEC. 47. Permission for Temporary Landing of a Foreign Crewmember. — A foreign crewmember on a vessel arriving in the Philippines may be permitted to land temporarily under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Commissioner. All expenses incurred by the Commission while the crewmember is on land shall be borne by the master, captain, agent, owner or consignee of the carrying vessel.

24 CHAPTER 5

# REFUGEE STATUS

SEC. 48. Grant of Refugee Status. - Persons seeking refugee status may apply for recognition as a refugee upon seeking admission at any port of entry or within a

- 1 reasonable time thereafter. Refugee status shall be granted after a determination by the
- 2 Board that an applicant meets the qualifications of a refugee as defined in Section 3(z)
- 3 hereof. Refugee status shall not be granted to an applicant if he/she:
- 4 (a) has committed a crime against peace, a war crime, crime against humanity or
- 5 any other crime under international law;
- 6 (b) has committed a serious non-political crime outside the Philippines prior to
- 7 his admission as a refugee; or
- 8 (c) has been guilty of an act contrary to the purposes and principles of the
- 9 United Nations.
- 10 SEC. 49. Cessation of Refugee Status. Refugee status granted under the
- 11 previous section shall cease if a refugee:
- 12 (a) Voluntarily repatriates himself/herself or has re-established himself/herself
- 13 in another State;
- 14 (b) Acquired a new nationality and enjoys the protection of such a State; or
- 15 (c) Can no longer continue to refuse to avail the protection of the country of
- 16 his/her nationality or, not having a nationality, is able to return to the country of former
- 17 habitual residence in view of the cessation of the reasons that resulted to his/her being
- 18 a refugee: Provided, That this ground shall not apply if a refugee is able to invoke
- 19 compelling reasons arising out of the previous persecution.
- 20 SEC. 50. Effect of Grant of Refugee Status to Refugee Dependents. A spouse,
- 21 minor child, and other dependents of a foreigner who is granted a refugee status may, if
- 22 not otherwise eligible under Section 48, be granted the same status as the refugee to
- assure family unity or when it is in the public interest.
- SEC. 51. Confidentiality of Information. In proceedings for the recognition of
- 25 refugee status, the confidentiality of information shall be respected and no information
- relating to the refugee shall be shared with the country of origin, directly or indirectly.

1	SEC. 52. Burden of Proof In proceedings for the recognition of refugee status,
2	the burden of proof lies with the applicant, subject to the principle of non-refoulement.

3 SEC. 53. Stay of Exclusion or Deportation. - Notwithstanding the provisions of 4 Sections 78 and 86, the exclusion from entry and deportation of a foreigner shall be 5 stayed during the pendency of an application for refugee status. Where grounds under 6 Section 78 are present, the refugee shall be allowed entry and the application shall be 7 immediately referred by the Immigration Officer to the Board.

SEC. 54. Detention of Refugee. - Detention of applicants for refugee status shall only be resorted to in cases arising out of illegal entry or unauthorized stay after consideration of other alternatives, as may be determined by the Commissioner.

CHAPTER 6

### DOCUMENTATION AND ADMISSION OF IMMIGRANTS

SEC. 55. Documentary Requirements of Immigrants; Instances When Not Required. – Immigrants must present for admission into the Philippines valid passports or travel documents issued by the government of the country to which they owe allegiance, showing their nationality and identity and valid visas issued by the Consular Officer indicating the date of issue and the period of validity thereof. Immigrant visas shall not be required of the following:

- (a) A child born subsequent to the issuance of a valid immigrant visa to the accompanying parent;
- (b) A child born during the temporary visit abroad of the mother who is a lawful permanent resident of the Philippines and a holder of a valid reentry permit, if the child is accompanied by either parent within five (5) years from the date of the child's birth; and
- (c) A foreigner who is returning to an unrelinquished lawful permanent residence in the Philippines after a temporary residence abroad and presents for admission a valid reentry permit.

# Chapter 7 - Visa Issuance

2	SEC. 56. Nature of Visa Nothing in this Act shall be construed to
3	automatically entitle any foreign national to whom a visa or other travel document has
4	been issued to enter the Philippines if, upon arrival at a port of entry, he/she is found to

5 be inadmissible under this Act or any other law.

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- SEC. 57. Requirement of Issuance of Visa. Under the conditions and subject to
  the limitations prescribed in this Act or regulations issued hereunder, the
  Commissioner may approve the issuance of an immigrant visa upon the
  recommendation of a Consular Officer in the following manner:
  - (a) An immigrant visa may only be issued to a foreign national who has made a proper application therefor, which shall specify the foreign country, if any, to which the quota the number is assigned, the immigrant's particular status in such country, the preference to which the foreigner is classified, the date on which the validity of the visa shall expire, and such additional information as may be required.
  - (b) The Department of Foreign Affairs, through its Consular Office abroad and through the Office of the Visa Director, shall approve the issuance of a non-immigrant visa to a foreign national who has made a proper application therefor in accordance with Section 33 of this Act.
  - All diplomatic visas under Section 33 (e) of this Act shall be exclusively issued by the Department of Foreign Affairs in accordance with the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations.
- All other non-immigrant visas under Section 33 shall be issued by the Consular
  Officer, when the application is made abroad, or may be issued by the Office of the Visa
  Director, when the application is made in the Philippines for conversion or renewal.

The issuance of special non-immigrant visas falling under the jurisdiction of a particular government office or agency can only be done in coordination with and upon recommendation of the government agency or office concerned.

SEC. 58. Requirements for Physical and/or Mental Examination Prior to Issuance of Immigrant Visa. - Prior to the issuance of an immigrant visa to any foreign national, the Consular Officer shall require such person to submit to a physical and mental examination in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by the Commissioner. In addition, said foreign national shall be required to personally plant fifty (50) trees, except when he/she is physically incapable of doing so, in which case, he/she may cause another person to plant the trees.

SEC. 59. Validity of Visa. — A non-immigrant or immigrant visa issued by a Consular Officer abroad pursuant to Section 57 of this Act shall be valid for a period not exceeding six (6) months. In prescribing the period of validity of a non-immigrant visa, the Consular Officer shall, insofar as practicable, accord to such nationals the same treatment on a reciprocal basis as such foreign country accords to citizens of the Philippines who are within a similar class. An immigrant visa may be replaced under the original number during the calendar year in which the original visa was issued for a foreigner who establishes to the satisfaction of the Consular Officer that he/she was unable to use the original immigrant visa during the period of its validity for reasons beyond his/her control: Provided, That the foreign national is found by the Consular Officer to be eligible for another immigrant visa and has paid all the fees.

SEC. 60. Denial of Visa, Grounds Thereof. — The Consular Officer may deny the application for visa (a) if it appears from the statements in the application or in the documents submitted the applicant is not entitled to a visa under this Act; or (b) if he/she fails to comply with the requirements of the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 61. Revocation of Visa Issued by Consular Officer. – The Commissioner may, for valid cause and upon confirmation of the Secretary of Foreign Affairs, revoke

1 the visa issued by any Philippine Consular Office. If the notice of revocation is not

received and the visa holder applies for admission into the Philippines, his/her

admission or entry shall be determined by the Immigration Officer upon his/her arrival

4 at the port of entry.

5 CHAPTER 8

### **RE-ENTRY AND EMIGRATION CLEARANCE**

- SEC. 62. Re-entry. Every time a registered foreign national, except a temporary visitor, departs or is about to depart temporarily from the Philippines with the intention to return, he/she must pay a re-entry fee, emigration clearance fee and head fee: Provided, That said foreign national returns to the Philippines within a period of one (1) year from his/her departure in order to maintain his/her visa category. Otherwise, he/she shall apply for an extension of the period within which to return prior to its expiration and pay the prescribed fees and charges therefor: Provided, further, That if his/her authorized stay is less than one (1) year, he/she shall pay a special return fee, emigration clearance fee and head fee for every departure: Provided, finally, That in both cases, if the registered foreign national departs permanently from the Philippines, he/she shall surrender all his/her Philippine immigration documents to the Commission and apply for and be issued an Emigration Clearance Certificate upon payment of the prescribed fees and charges therefor, subject to the following conditions:
- (a) He/she has no pending obligation with the government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities;
- (b) He/she has no pending criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding which requires his continued presence in the country; and
- 24 (c) There is no ongoing legislative inquiry where he/she is called upon to testify
  25 as a witness.
- 26 SEC. 63. Emigration Clearance. Any temporary visitor departing from the 27 Philippines shall, after the expiration of his/her initial authorized stay, apply for

1	emigration clearance with the Commission and pay the prescribed fees and charges
2	therefor.
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4	CHAPTER 9
5	PRESIDENTIAL PREROGATIVES
6	SEC. 64. Presidential Prerogatives Any provision of this Act to the contrary
7	notwithstanding, the President may:
8	(a) Deny the entry and admission into the Philippines of any foreign national or
9	a class of foreign nationals whenever the President finds that the entry would be
10	detrimental to the interest of the Philippines or impose such restrictions as he/she may
11	deem appropriate;
12	(b) Waive passport and/or documentary requirements for non-immigrants and
13	immigrants under such terms and conditions as he/she may prescribe;
14	(c) Change the status of non-immigrants by allowing them to acquire permanent
15	residence status without necessity of a visa;
16	(d) Deport any foreign national, subject to the requirement of due process;
17	(e) Admit non-immigrants not otherwise provided for in this Act for
18	humanitarian considerations and when not detrimental to public interest, under such
19	terms and conditions as he/she may prescribe;
20	(f) Prohibit the departure from the Philippines of any person who is likely to
21	disclose national security information, or who is likely to organize a rebellion abroad
22	against the Philippines, or whose presence in the country is necessary to face, or be a
23	witness in, criminal proceedings; and
24	(g) Exercise, with respect to foreign nationals in the Philippines, such powers as
25	are recognized by the generally accepted principles of international law.
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TITLE IV

### PROVISIONS RELATING TO ENTRY

## 2 CHAPTER 1

## CLASSIFICATION OF PORTS OF ENTRY

SEC. 65. Authority to Classify Ports. – The Commissioner shall classify and designate, from among the ports of entry established by law for immigration purposes, limited or unlimited ports of entry through which foreigners may be admitted into the Philippines. Only such classes of foreigners as provided under the rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner may be admitted at limited ports of entry. The Commissioner may, after due notice to the public, close designated ports of entry in the interest of national security or public safety.

# 11 CHAPTER 2

### PROCEDURES ON ARRIVAL

SEC. 66. Inspection by Immigration Officer. — A foreigner seeking admission or readmission shall present his/her valid passport and visa, if required, to the immigration officer at the port of entry and shall be subject to primary inspection. The decision of the examining Immigration Officer, if favorable to the admission of any foreigner, may be challenged by another Immigration Officer. The final determination of admissibility of such foreigner shall be determined by the Commissioner in case no resolution is reached between the Immigration Officers on the challenged admission. In case of admission, the Immigration Officer shall indicate in the passport the date, the port of entry and the identity of the vessel boarded.

SEC. 67. Detention or Quarantine for Examination. — For the purpose of determining whether a foreigner arriving at any port in the Philippines belongs to any of the classes excludable under this Act by reason of being afflicted with any of the contagious or communicable disease or mental disorder set forth under Section 78(a) of this Act or whenever the Commissioner has received information showing that foreigners are coming from a country or a place where any of such diseases are

1 prevalent or widespread, the foreigner shall be detained or quarantined for a reasonable 2 period of time to enable the immigration and medical officers to subject such person to observation and examination. 3 SEC. 68. Medical Examination Requirement. - Any arriving foreign national 4 5 whom the examining Immigration Officer believes to belong under the class of excludable foreign nationals specified in Section 78(a) herein shall be referred to 6 7 designated medical officers for physical and mental examination. Such medical officer 8 shall certify his/her findings for the information of the Immigration Officer. 9 SEC. 69. Arrival Notice Requirements of Vessel. - The immigration authorities shall be given prior notice of the arrival of any civilian vessel before such vessel comes 10 into any area in the Philippines from any place outside thereof. Such prior notice shall 11 not be required in the case of vessels with scheduled arrivals filed with the Immigration 12 Officer in charge at the international port of entry. 13 If, upon arrival in any area other than the designated port and there is no 14 available Immigration Officer therein, the master, pilot, captain, agent or consignee 15 shall not allow the passengers and crew members to disembark or leave the primary 16 17 inspection area until the immigration officer shall have conducted the primary 18 inspection formalities. SEC. 70. Contents of Notice of Arrival. - The advance notice of arrival required 19 in the preceding section shall specify the following: 20 (a) Type of vessel and registration marks; 21 (b) Visaed crewlist; 22 23 (c) Passenger manifest; (d) Port of last departure; 24 (e) International port of intended destination, or other place authorized by the 25 Commissioner; 26 (f) Estimated time of arrival; and 27

(g) Authorized agent or representative at the place of arrival.

2 CHAPTER 3

SEC. 71. Conditional Permit to Disembark. — A foreign crewmember of a vessel under Section 33(c) of this Act may be granted a conditional permit, in a form prescribed by regulations, to disembark temporarily from the vessel on which he/she arrived while such vessel remains in port under such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Commissioner.

SEC. 72. Confiscation and Cancellation of Permit; Deportation from the Philippines. — Upon the determination that the foreigner is not a bona fide crewmember or does not intend to depart on the vessel that brought him, the Commissioner shall cancel and confiscate the conditional permit already issued, take such foreigner into custody, and require the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of the vessel on which the foreigner arrived to receive and detain him/her on board. The expenses for his/her removal, including the cost of detention and other expenses incidental thereto, shall be borne by the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of such vessel.

SEC. 73. Liability for Overstaying Foreign Crewmen. — A foreign crewmember who remains in the Philippines in excess of the period allowed in the conditional permit issued to him shall be solidarily liable with the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of the vessel to pay the penalties prescribed in Section 126 of this Act.

SEC. 74. Liability for Unauthorized Discharge of Foreign Crewmember. — It shall be unlawful for any person, including the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of any vessel to discharge any foreign crewmember employed a vessel arriving in the Philippines and whilst in port, without first obtaining the prior permission of the Commissioner. Otherwise, such person or owner, operator, captain,

1 master, pilot, agent or consignee of the vessel shall pay the Commission such fines as

2 may be prescribed under this Act. No such vessel shall be granted clearance from any

3 port in the Philippines while such fines remain unpaid or while the validity thereof is

being determined: Provided, That a clearance may be granted prior to such

determination upon deposit of a sum or cash bond sufficient to cover such fines as

approved by the Commissioner.

7 SEC. 75. Duty to Report Desertion or Illegal Landing of Foreign Crewmember. -

8 The owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of any vessel shall

immediately report, in writing, to the immigration officer all cases of desertion or illegal

disembarkation in the Philippines from the vessel, together with a description of such

foreigners and any information that shall result in their apprehension.

SEC. 76. Requirement for Submission of List of Newly Employed, Discharged and Illegally Landed Foreign Crewmember. — Prior to the departure of any vessel from the last port in the Philippines destined to any place outside thereof, the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee thereof shall deliver to the Immigration Officer at that port a list containing: (a) the names of crewmembers who were not employed thereon at the time of the vessel's arrival on such port but will depart thereat on the same vessel; (b) the names of those, if any, who have been discharged; (c) the names of those who have deserted or illegally landed at that port, if any; and (d) such other additional information as the Commissioner deems necessary.

SEC. 77. Liability for Failure to Submit Complete, True and Correct Report. — In case the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent, or consignee, fails to submit a true and complete list or report of foreigners, or to report cases of desertion or illegal landing, he/she shall pay to the Commission such sum as may be prescribed under this Act. No such vessel shall be granted clearance from any port in the Philippines while such fines remain unpaid or while the validity thereof is being determined: *Provided*,

l	that clearan	ce may be granted prior to such determination upon deposit of a sum or
2	cash bond sı	officient to cover such fines as approved by the Commissioner.
3		CHAPTER 4
4		EXCLUSIONS
5	SEC.	78. Exclusion Grounds The following classes of foreign nationals shall not
6	be allowed e	ntry and shall be excluded from the Philippines:
7	(a)	Health Related Grounds
8	1.	Those who are found to be suffering from a communicable, dangerous or
9		contagious disease;
10	2.	Those who are found to be suffering from mental disorder or associated
11		behavior that may pose threat to persons or danger to property;
12	3.	Those who are found to be suffering from addiction to prohibited or
13		regulated substance;
14	(b)	Economic Grounds
15	1.	Those likely to become a public charge;
16	2.	Those seeking entry for the purpose of performing skilled or unskilled
17		labor, without a permit from the Secretary of the Department of Labor and
18		Employment as required by law;
19	(c)	Moral Grounds
20	1.	Those coming to the Philippines to practice polygamy or who advocate
21		the practice of polygamy unless his/her religion allows such practices;
22	2.	Those who are pedophiles, sexual perverts or those coming to the
23		Philippines for immoral purposes;
24	3.	Those who are engaged or who seek to engage in prostitution or to
25		procure or attempt to procure prostitutes, or who receives in whole or in
26		part the proceeds of prostitution;

1	4.	Those who, at the time of primary inspection, by the Immigration Officer
2		exhibit any obnoxious behavior, contempt or disrespect for the said officer
3		or any government official or Commission;
4	(d)	Criminal and Security Grounds
5	1.	Those who have been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude or
6		who admit to the Immigration Officer having committed such crime, or
7		who attempt and conspire to commit the crime;
8	2.	Those who have been convicted, or who admit having committed, or are
9		committing acts which constitute the elements of a violation or conspiracy
10		to violate any law or regulation of the Philippines or a foreign country
11		relating to a controlled, regulated or prohibited substance, or who attempt
12		or conspire to commit the crime;
13	3.	Those that the Philippine Government knows or has reason to believe is a
14		trafficker of any controlled, regulated or prohibited substance or knows or
15		has reason to believe is or has been an accomplice, accessory, abettor, or
16		co-conspirator in the illicit trafficking of any controlled, regulated or
17		prohibited substance;
18	4.	Those who are fugitives from justice;
19	5.	Those who seek to enter the Philippines to engage in:
20		a. Espionage or sabotage, or a violation or evasion of any laws
21		prohibiting export of goods, technology or sensitive information;
22		b. Any activity aimed to promote membership in an organization of
23		syndicated criminal activities;
24		c. Any activity, the purpose of which is to overthrow the Philippine
25		government by force, violence or other unlawful means; and
26		d. Any other unlawful activity.

7. Those who are engaged or believed to be engaged or likely to engage in, aid,
abet or finance any terrorist activity and members or representatives of a
foreign terrorist organization;

8. Those who have been identified by competent authorities, local or

8. Those who have been identified by competent authorities, local or foreign, as having engaged or are engaging in human trafficking and smuggling;

9. Those who are under fifteen (15) years of age and unaccompanied by or not coming to a parent, except that they may be admitted in the discretion of the Commissioner, if otherwise admissible; and

10. Those who have been identified by competent authorities, local and foreign, as having engaged or are engaging in importation of contrabands and other prohibited articles into the country.

SEC. 78-A. Minor Persons/ Minority. – Persons under fifteen (15) years of age, and not accompanied by or not coming to a parent, may be admitted: *Provided*, That the written consent of either parent allowing them to travel is presented. The written consent must cite the purpose of the travel and must be affirmed by the Philippine Consular post in the minor's country of origin.

SEC. 79. Temporary Detention of Excludable Foreigners. — For the purpose of ascertaining whether a foreigner arriving in the Philippines belongs to any of the excludable classes of foreigners provided for in this Act or related laws, the Immigration Officer, for a period not exceeding seventy-two (72) hours, may temporarily detain for investigation such foreigner either on board the vessel or at a place designated for the purpose at the expense of the master, captain, agent, owner or consignee of the carrying vessel.

SEC. 80. Finality of Exclusion Order. — An order by the Immigration Officer to exclude a foreign national who is excludable under Section 78 hereof is final and

- 1 executory unless revoked by the Commissioner upon a timely appeal prior to the
- 2 implementation of the exclusion order.
- 3 SEC. 81. Authority to Waive Grounds for Exclusion. Except for grounds of
- 4 exclusion under Section 78(d), subparagraphs 1 to 8 and subparagraph 9, the
- 5 Commissioner may waive any of the grounds for exclusion mentioned therein.
- 6 SEC. 82. Procedure of Removal and Cost Thereof. Any foreign national arriving
- 7 in the Philippines who is ordered excluded shall be immediately removed in the same
- 8 accommodation to the country where he/she boarded the vessel on which he/she
- 9 arrived, unless the Commissioner determines that immediate removal is not proper and
- 10 practicable. The cost of detention and other expenses incidental thereto shall be borne
- by the owner, operator, master, pilot, captain, agent or consignee of the vessel on which
- 12 he/she arrived.
- 13 SEC. 83. Country Where Removal is to be Directed. If the government of the
- 14 country designated in the preceding section will not accept the foreign national into its
- 15 territory, his/her removal shall be directed by the Commissioner in his/her discretion
- and without necessarily giving preference, either to:
- 17 (a) The country which he/she is a citizen or national;
- 18 (b) The country of birth;
- 19 (c) The country of his/her habitual residence; or
- 20 (d) The country willing to accept the foreign national into its territory, if removal
- 21 to any of the foregoing countries is impractical or impossible.
- SEC. 84. Obligation of Owner, Operator, Master, Captain, Pilot, Agent or
- 23 Consignee. It shall be unlawful for an owner, operator, master, captain, pilot, agent,
- or consignee of a vessel to refuse or fail to:
- 25 (a) Board a foreigner ordered excluded and removed under Section 78 hereof in
- 26 the same vessel or another vessel owned or operated by the same company;

I	(b) Detain a foreign national on board any such vessel at the port of arrival when
2	required by this Act or when so ordered by an Immigration Officer;
3	(c) Deliver a foreign national for medical or other examinations when so
4	ordered by such officer;
5	(d) Remove a foreign national from the Philippines to the country to which
6	his/her removal has been directed; or
7	(e) Pay the cost of detention and other expenses incidental thereto of a foreign
8	national incurred while being detained as required by Section 82 of this Act or other
9	costs necessary or incidental to his removal as provided in this Act.
10	SEC. 85. Penalty for Non-compliance of Obligation. — The owner, operator,
11	master, captain, pilot, agent, or consignee of a vessel who violated Section 84 hereof
12	shall pay the fines prescribed under this Act. No such vessel shall be granted
13	clearance from any port in the Philippines while such fines remain unpaid or while the
14	validity thereof is being determined: Provided, That clearance may be granted prior to
15	such determination upon deposit of a sum or cash bond sufficient to cover such fines
16	as approved by the Commissioner.
17	TITLE V
18	DEPORTATION
19	CHAPTER 1
20	DEPORTABLE FOREIGN NATIONALS
21	SEC. 86. Classes of Deportable Foreigners The following foreigners shall be
22	arrested upon the order of the Commissioner and deported upon recommendation by
23	the Board of Special Inquiry and approval by the Board:
24	(a) Those who entered the Philippines by means of false and misleading
25	statements or documents, misrepresentations or without inspection and admission by
26	the immigration authorities;
27	(b) Those who entered the Philippines who were not lawfully admissible at the

- 1 time of entry;
- 2 (c) Those who engage, abet or aid in the practice of prostitution including the
- 3 owner, manager or inmates of a house of prostitution or are procurers, pedophiles or
- 4 sexual perverts;
- 5 (d) Those who, at any time after the date of entry, have become a public charge;
- 6 (e) Those who remain in the Philippines in violation of any period of limitation or
- 7 condition under which they were admitted;
- 8 (f) Those who believe in, advise, advocate or teach the overthrowing by force and
- 9 violence of the Government of the Republic of the Philippines, or duly constituted
- authority, or those who do not believe in or are opposed to organized governments, or
- those who advise, advocate or teach the assault or assassination of public officials by
- 12 reason of their office, or those who advise, advocate or teach the unlawful destruction
- 13 of property, or those who are members of or affiliated with any organization
- 14 entertaining, advocating or teaching such doctrines, or those who in any manner
  - whatsoever extend assistance, financial or otherwise, in the dissemination of such
- 16 doctrines;

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- 17 (g) Those who, at any time after entry, engage in, abet, aid or finance any terrorist
- 18 activity;
- 19 (h) Those who commit any violation of the provisions of this Act, independent of
- 20 any criminal action which may be brought against them: Provided, however, That in the
- 21 case of a foreigner who, for any reason, is convicted and sentenced to suffer both
- 22 imprisonment and deportation, said foreigner shall first serve the entire period of
- 23 his/her sentence before being deported: Provided, further, That the penalty of
- 24 imprisonment may be waived by the President upon payment by the foreigner
- 25 concerned of such costs, fines and/or damages, if any, awarded to the government or
- 26 any aggrieved party,;

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(i) Those who, at any time after entry, are engaged in acts or omissions punishable

- 1 under Philippine penal laws cognizable by the Regional Trial Courts and the 2 Sandiganbayan;
- (j) Those who, at any time after entry, are convicted by final judgment of a crime
   punishable under Philippine penal laws cognizable by the first level courts;
- 5 (k) Those who are guilty of any offense penalized under the naturalization laws of 6 the Philippines or any law relating to the acquisition of Philippine citizenship;
- 7 (l) Those who defraud their creditors by absconding or alienating properties to 8 prevent their attachment or execution;

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- (m) Those who were admitted as non-immigrants and who obtained an adjustment of their admission status for convenience, or through fraud, falsification of documents, misrepresentations or concealment of material facts;
  - (n) Those who violated Philippine labor and taxation laws, rules and regulations;
- (o) Those who, upon prior investigation and hearing, are found to be undesirable and whose further stay in the Philippines is inimical to public welfare and interest, or the dignity of the Filipinos, or the Republic of the Philippines as a sovereign nation;
- (p) Those who forge, counterfeit, alter or falsely make any document; or use, attempt to use, possess, obtain, accept or receive or provide any forged, counterfeit, altered or falsely made document; or use, attempt to use, provide, attempt to provide, accept or receive a genuine document, even of another person, without authority to do so for the purpose of satisfying or complying with the requirements for his/her stay in the Philippines; and
- (q) Those whose presence or activities in the country may result in adverse consequences to Philippine foreign policies as determined by the Secretary of Foreign Affairs.
- SEC. 87. Non-Prescription of Deportation Cases. The right of the State to initiate at any time deportation proceedings shall not prescribe: Provided, That no deportation proceedings and orders shall be had against foreigners facing preliminary

investigation, prosecution and trial before competent authorities.

1 2 **CHAPTER 2** 3 DETENTION AND DEPORTATION OF FOREIGN NATIONALS 4 SEC. 88. Issuance of Summons. - If the Commissioner determines that there exists 5 a reasonable ground to deport a foreigner pursuant to Section 86 of this Act, he/she 6 may issue summons requiring the foreigner to appear in person before the designated 7 investigating officer at the time, date and place stated therein. 8 SEC. 89. Authority to Issue Letter Order. - The Commissioner may issue a letter 9 order if he/she determines that a probable cause exists for the filing of deportation 10 charges against a foreigner for violation of immigration and other related laws, rules 11 and regulations or there is a strong probability that a deportable foreigner may flee 12 from his/her place of abode, go into hiding or surreptitiously leave the country. 13 SEC. 90. Formal Charge of Deportation. - A formal charge for deportation shall be 14 issued upon determination of the existence of a prima facie case against the foreigner. 15 Pending final determination of his/her deportation case, the foreigner shall, upon the 16 discretion of the Commissioner: (a) remain under detention; or (b) be released on bail or recognizance. The bail may be revoked and confiscated in favor of the government if 17 there is sufficient evidence that the foreigner is evading the proceedings or is 18 19 attempting to abscond, in which case he/she shall be taken into custody and placed 20 under detention by order of the Commissioner. SEC. 91. Detention of a Foreigner Convicted of a Felony or an Offense. - After 21 22 service of his/her sentence or compliance with the conditions of his/her parole or 23 probation, as the case may be, the foreigner shall be taken into custody and placed under detention by order of the Commissioner. Pending final determination of the 24

> Voluntary Deportation, When Authorized. - In case the foreigner does SEC. 92.

deportation case, the foreigner may be ordered released under such terms and

conditions prescribed by the Commissioner.

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- 1 not contest the formal charge against him/her and opts to voluntarily leave the country
- 2 at his/her own expense, the Commissioner may waive the deportation proceedings and
- 3 order the departure within the period specified in the voluntary deportation order,
- 4 except in cases of violations of laws such as Republic Act No. 8042 otherwise known as
- 5 the "Migrant Workers and Overseas Filipinos Act of 1995": Provided, That he/she has
- 6 not committed any criminal offense or has no pending case in court: Provided, further,
- 7 That the said foreigner so deported shall be barred from re-entering the country
- 8 without prior written authorization from the Commissioner.
- 9 SEC. 93. Contents of an Order or Warrant of Deportation. The order or warrant
- of deportation shall be in the form prescribed by the Commissioner and shall state the
- 11 grounds therefor, the specific place where the foreigner is to be deported and the period
- 12 within which to execute such order.
- 13 SEC. 94. Period to Enforce Order of Deportation. The order of deportation shall
- 14 be enforced immediately but in no case shall exceed three (3) months from the date it
- 15 has become final and executory. If deportation is not enforced within the prescribed
- 16 period for reasons beyond the control of the Commissioner, the foreigner shall remain
- 17 in custody.
- 18 SEC. 95. Suspension of Deportation Order. Upon application and payment of
- 19 the prescribed fees by the concerned foreigner, the Commissioner may suspend the
- 20 implementation of the deportation order and order his/her release for good cause,
- 21 taking into account the following factors:
- 22 (a) Age, health, family or conduct;
- 23 (b) Period of detention;
- 24 (c) Impact on national security and public welfare;
- 25 (d) Unavailability of travel documents;
- 26 (e) Existence of an application for refugee status; or
- 27 (f) Other humanitarian considerations.

SEC. 96. Reinstatement of a Deportation Order. - A deportation order previously 1 implemented against a foreigner who unlawfully re-entered the Philippines shall be 2 deemed automatically reinstated and shall be implemented in accordance with this Act. 3 4 This provision shall also apply to a foreigner who departed voluntarily under Section 92 5 hereof. 6 Country of Destination of a Deportee. - Except as provided for under 7 existing treaty or international agreement, a foreigner shall be deported to the country 8 of which he/she is a citizen or national, or to the country of his/her birth, or to the 9 country of which he/she is a resident, or to the country from which he/she embarked 10 for the Philippines, subject to the acceptance by the receiving country. 11 SEC. 98. Existence of Danger in the Country Where a Foreigner is to be Deported. -12 No foreigner shall be deported to a country where there exists a danger to his/her life 13 or freedom on account of race, religion, nationality, political opinion or membership in 14 a particular political or social group, except in the following circumstances: 15 (a) The foreigner participated, induced or cooperated in the persecution of 16 any person on account of race, religion, nationality, political opinion or membership in 17 a particular political or social group in the country where he/she is to be deported; (b) The foreigner is a fugitive from justice in the country where he/she is to be 18 deported; 19 (c) The foreigner committed a serious non-political crime in the country where 20 he/she is to be deported; or 21 (d) The foreigner is undesirable in and/or a danger to the national security of the 22 23 Philippines. SEC. 99. Cost of Deportation. - The cost of deportation shall be borne by the owner, 24 operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of a vessel in case its foreign crew 25 member is to be deported for violation of Section 100 of this Act. In all other cases, the 26

cost of deportation shall be borne by the deportee himself/herself, the concerned

1	consular office, nongovernment organizations or people's organizations with which the
2	Commission has an agreement on this matter, or from the appropriations for the
3	enforcement of this Act.
4	SEC. 100. Liability of Owner, Operator, Captain, Master, Pilot, Agent or
5	Consignee of a Vessel Failure or refusal on the part of the owner, operator, captain,
6	master, pilot, agent or consignee of a vessel to take on board, guard safely and transport
7	the deportee to his/her country of destination, or to shoulder the cost of deportation of
8	the foreign crew member as provided in Section 99 hereof, shall be punished by an
9	administrative penalty prescribed under this Act.
10	SEC. 101. Expenses of Accompanying Person The Commissioner may, by
11	reason of the mental or physical condition of the deportee, direct an employee of the
12	Commission to accompany such deportee to the country of his/her destination, subject
13	to the provisions of the immediately preceding sections.
14	CHAPTER 3
14 15	CHAPTER 3 INDIGENT FOREIGNERS
15	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS
15 16	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS  SEC. 102. Deportation of Indigent Foreigners. – At any time after entry, the
15 16 17	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS  SEC. 102. Deportation of Indigent Foreigners. – At any time after entry, the  Commissioner may deport indigent foreigners from the Philippines to the country of
15 16 17 18	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS  SEC. 102. Deportation of Indigent Foreigners. – At any time after entry, the  Commissioner may deport indigent foreigners from the Philippines to the country of which they are citizens or nationals, or country of birth, or country of residence, as the
15 16 17 18 19	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS  SEC. 102. Deportation of Indigent Foreigners. – At any time after entry, the Commissioner may deport indigent foreigners from the Philippines to the country of which they are citizens or nationals, or country of birth, or country of residence, as the case may be. The cost of deportation may be charged against the available funds of the
15 16 17 18 19 20	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS  SEC. 102. Deportation of Indigent Foreigners. – At any time after entry, the Commissioner may deport indigent foreigners from the Philippines to the country of which they are citizens or nationals, or country of birth, or country of residence, as the case may be. The cost of deportation may be charged against the available funds of the Commission. Any foreigner deported under this section shall be barred re-admission
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS  SEC. 102. Deportation of Indigent Foreigners. – At any time after entry, the Commissioner may deport indigent foreigners from the Philippines to the country of which they are citizens or nationals, or country of birth, or country of residence, as the case may be. The cost of deportation may be charged against the available funds of the Commission. Any foreigner deported under this section shall be barred re-admission except upon written authorization of the Commissioner.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS  SEC. 102. Deportation of Indigent Foreigners. – At any time after entry, the Commissioner may deport indigent foreigners from the Philippines to the country of which they are citizens or nationals, or country of birth, or country of residence, as the case may be. The cost of deportation may be charged against the available funds of the Commission. Any foreigner deported under this section shall be barred re-admission except upon written authorization of the Commissioner.  This provision shall not apply to a foreigner declared as an indigent by any
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	INDIGENT FOREIGNERS  SEC. 102. Deportation of Indigent Foreigners. – At any time after entry, the Commissioner may deport indigent foreigners from the Philippines to the country of which they are citizens or nationals, or country of birth, or country of residence, as the case may be. The cost of deportation may be charged against the available funds of the Commission. Any foreigner deported under this section shall be barred re-admission except upon written authorization of the Commissioner.  This provision shall not apply to a foreigner declared as an indigent by any Philippine court for purposes of filing a case or to pursue a cause of action which

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

1 CHAPTER 1

2	REGISTRATION OF FOREIGN NATIONALS
3	SEC. 103. Requirement of Registration A temporary foreign visitor must
4	register with the Commission or any Immigration Office nearest his/her place of
5	residence on or before the sixtieth (60th) day of his/her arrival in the Philippines.
6	SEC. 104. Registration Form and Oath Applications for registration shall be
7	under oath and in such form as prescribed by the Commission. Upon registration, a
8	certificate of registration shall be issued by the Commission to the registrant. In case of
9	loss or destruction of the certificate, a replacement thereof may be issued by the
10	Commission upon proper application and payment of prescribed fees.
11	SEC. 105. Amendment of Registration. — A registered foreign national shall
12	notify the Commission in writing of any change of information in his/her registration
13	documents not later than seven (7) days thereof.
14	SEC. 106. Presentation of Certificate of Registration Every foreigner
15	required to register under this Act or the parent or guardian of such foreigner shall,
16	upon demand of any authorized immigration official, present his/her certificate of
17	registration, and failure to do so without justifiable cause shall be dealt with in
18	accordance with the provisions of this Act.
19	SEC. 107. Reportorial Requirements. — Every foreigner registered under this Act
20	shall, within the first sixty (60) days of every calendar year, report in person to the
21	Commission subject to the payment of prescribed fees. The parent or legal guardian of
22	foreigners below fourteen (14) years of age shall have the duty to comply with the
23	requirements prescribed under this Act.
24	SEC. 108. Failure to Comply with Requirements A foreigner, or his/her parent
25	or guardian, as the case may be, who, without justifiable reason, fails to comply with all
26	the requirements under this Act, or who files an application for registration containing
27	statements known by him/her to be false, or who utilizes registration documents other

I	than his/her own, shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of this Act and
2	other existing laws.
3	SEC. 109. Cancellation of Registration of Foreign National. — In case of death of a
4	foreigner registered under the provisions of this Act, his/her legal heir, representative
5	or administrator must inform the Commission within sixty (60) days from death and
6	the Commission shall cancel such registration. The Local Civil Registrar or other civil
7	registry officer of the locality where said foreigner died shall furnish the Commission
8	with a copy of the Certificate of Death within thirty (30) days from issuance thereof.
9	Failure on the part of the persons concerned to comply with the requirements of this
10	section shall be dealt with pursuant to the provisions of this Act.
11	
12	CHAPTER 2
13	BONDS AND DEPOSITS
14	SEC. 110. Bonds, When Required. — The Commission shall have the authority to
15	require cash bonds in such amounts and under such conditions as it may prescribe:
16	(a) To control and regulate the admission into, and departure from, the
17	Philippines of foreigners applying for temporary admission;
18	(b) To insure against foreign passengers liable to be excluded as likely to become
19	public charges; and
20	(c) To insure the appearance of foreigners released from custody during the
21	course of deportation proceedings instituted against them.
22	SEC. 111. Requirement of Cash Deposits for Overtime Services The
23	Commission shall likewise have the authority to require cash deposits in such amounts
24	as may be necessary from vessel's owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent, or
25	consignee or other persons served to cover payments for overtime services to be

performed by officers and employees of the Commission.

SEC. 112. Cancellation and Forfeiture of Bonds When the conditions of the
bond are fulfilled, or in case of a bond posted to insure against a foreigner becoming a
public charge, when the Commissioner decides that the likelihood no longer exists, or
death of the foreigner in whose behalf the bond is posted, the bond shall be cancelled
and released to the depositor or his/her legal representative. In case of violation of the
conditions of the bond, the same shall be forseited and deposited in a trust fund account
which may be utilized for the purchase of passage tickets of indigent deportees and to
cover the costs of operations in the arrest of a deportee who jumps bail.
CHAPTER 3

RECOGNIZANCE

SEC. 113. Petitions for Recognizance, Sanction for Breach of Conditions. — The Commissioner may order the release of a foreigner upon recognizance of his/her lawyer or a person who is of good standing in the community, under such terms and conditions as he/she may prescribe. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the recognizance shall subject said lawyer or person to a fine of not less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00), without prejudice to other administrative sanctions and/or proceedings against the erring party.

19 CHAPTER 4

## COOPERATION AND COORDINATION WITH OTHER OFFICES

SEC. 114. Working Cooperation with the Department of Foreign Affairs. - For purposes of efficient implementation and administration of this Act, the Commission shall maintain a working cooperation with the Department of Foreign Affairs.

SEC. 115. Working Cooperation with the Commission on Higher Education. – The Commission shall maintain a working cooperation with the Commission on Higher Education with respect to accreditation of schools and learning centers for enrolment of foreign students as authorized under this Act.

1	SEC. 116. Coordination with Law Enforcement, Security and Other Offices
2	The Commissioner shall have authority to maintain coordination with the National
3	Security Council, the Philippine National Police, and other law enforcement agencies of
4	the government.
5	CHAPTER 5
6	FEES AND CHARGES
7	SEC. 117. Authority of the Commissioner to Prescribe, Impose and Collect Fees
8	and Charges The Commissioner is authorized to prescribe, impose and collect fees
9	and charges for services rendered pursuant to the provisions of this Act, which shall
10	take effect fifteen (15) days after the last publication thereof for two (2) consecutive
11	weeks in a newspaper of general circulation.
12	SEC. 118. Head Fee. — Every foreign national who is at least fourteen (14) years
13	of age and admitted to the Philippines for a temporary stay exceeding sixty (60) days
14	shall pay a head fee in an amount to be fixed by the Board.
15	
16	CHAPTER 6
17	ADMINISTRATIVE FINES AGAINST VESSELS
18	SEC. 119. Fine for Failure to Submit Crew List or Passenger Manifest, or
19	Failure to Account Every Passenger and Crew Any pilot, master, agent, owner or
20	consignee of a vessel arriving at any port in the Philippines from a place outside thereof
21	who fails to submit to the immigration authorities a complete and accurate crew list or
22	passenger manifest, or fails to produce or account every crewmember or passenger
23	whose name appears in said list or manifest shall be subject to fines of One hundred
24	thousand pesos (P100,000.00) and Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) for each
25	unaccounted person, respectively.
26	SEC. 120. Fine for Violation of Obligation on the Landing or Removal of
27	Foreigners A pilot, master, agent, owner or consignee of any vessel arriving at a

port of the Philippines from a place outside thereof in violation of this Act shall be 1 2 fined not less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than Two hundred 3 thousand pesos (P200,000.00) for each violation. 4 SEC. 121. Fine for Bringing Undocumented Foreigner, or Foreigner Afflicted with 5 Communicable or Contagious Disease, or Suffering from Mental Disorder. — The pilot, 6 master, agent, owner or consignee of the vessel arriving at a port in the Philippines from a place outside thereof bringing on board an undocumented foreigner shall be 7 8 fined One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) for each foreigner. If the foreigner is 9 afflicted with a communicable or contagious disease or is suffering from mental 10 disorder, the fine shall be not less than Two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000.00) but 11 not more than Three hundred thousand pesos (P300,000.00) for each foreigner. Fine for Bringing a Foreigner to Assist His Illegal Entry or 12 SEC. 122. Misrepresenting a Foreigner as a Member of the Crew. — The pilot, master, agent, 13 14 owner or consignee of the vessel arriving at any port in the Philippines from a place outside thereof bringing on board a foreigner bound for the Philippines to assist his/her 15 illegal entry, or misrepresenting the foreigner to the immigration officer at the port of 16 arrival as a bonn fide member of the crew, shall be fined not less than One hundred 17 thousand pesos (P100,000.00) but not more than Two hundred thousand pesos 18 19 (P200,000.00) for each foreigner. 20 SEC. 123. Fine for Violation of Other Provisions of this Act. - The pilot, master, agent, owner or consignee of any vessel arriving at any port of the Philippines 21 from a place outside thereof who violates any other provision of this Act not specifically 22 provided in this Chapter shall be fined not less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) 23 but not more than Two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000.00) for each violation. 24 CHAPTER 7 25

OTHER PENAL PROVISIONS

1	SEC. 124. Other Prohibited Acts and Penalties Thereof Any person who shall
2	commit any of the acts specified hereunder shall, upon conviction, suffer the penalty of
3	prision correccional in its maximum period to prision mayor in its minimum period or a
4	fine of not less than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) but not more than Five
5	hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00) or both, at the discretion of the court:
6	(a) Impersonates another individual, or falsely appears in the name of a deceased
7	individual, or evades the immigration laws by using an assumed or fictitious name
8	when applying for an immigration document;
9	(b) Issues or otherwise disposes of an immigration document or an immigration
10	accountable form, to any person not authorized by law to receive such documents;
11	(c) Obtains, manufactures, prints, accepts or uses any immigration or travel
12	document knowing it to be false or uses immigration accountable form that is not
13	legally issued;
14	(d) Enters the Philippines without inspection and admission by the immigration
15	authorities, or obtains entry into the Philippines by fraud, misrepresentation, or
16	concealment of material facts;
17	(e) Misrepresents himself/herself to be a Philippine citizen;
18	(f) Knowingly makes under oath any false statement regarding any immigration
19	matter; or
20	(g) Brings into, or lands in the Philippines, or conceals, harbors, employs, or
21	gives comfort to any person not duly admitted by any immigration officer or not
22	lawfully entitled to enter into or resides within the Philippines, or attempts, conspires
23	with, or aids another to commit any such acts.
24	Where the offender of any acts specified in paragraph (g) of this section is a
25	corporation, company, partnership or other juridical entity, the president, general
26	manager, managing partner, or chief executive officer thereof shall be held liable.
27	Dismissal of the employee by the employer before or after apprehension shall not

1 relieve such employer from any liability arising from the offense: Provided, That if the

2 offender is the pilot, master, agent, owner, consignee, or other person in charge of the

3 vessel which brought the foreigner into the Philippines from any place outside thereof,

the fine imposed under this section shall constitute a lien against the vessel which may

5 be enforced in the same manner as fines are collected and enforced under existing laws.

Such vessel shall not be allowed to depart without prior clearance issued by the

Commission. Where forfeiture is justified under the particular circumstances of the

case, the forfeiture of the vessel in favor of the government in lieu of the fine shall be

decreed.

Conviction by final judgment of any offense punishable under this Act or other related laws shall result in the automatic revocation or cancellation of any immigration document issued to the offender, including that of his/her spouse and unmarried children, if applicable.

SEC. 125. Penalty for Non-compliance of Subpoena. — Any person who, having been duly served with a subpoena, fails to comply without valid and justifiable reasons shall, upon conviction, suffer the penalty of imprisonment of not more than fifteen (15) days or a fine of not more than One thousand pesos (P1,000.00), or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 126. Penalty for an Overstaying Crewmember. — Any foreign crewmember who wilfully remains in the Philippines beyond the period allowed him/her for temporary landing shall, upon conviction, suffer the penalty of imprisonment of six (6) months or fine of not less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00), or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 127. Imposition of Maximum Penalty, When Applicable. - A person convicted under Republic Act No. 3019, as amended, otherwise known as the "Anti-Graft and Corrupt Practices Act", or other laws against corruption and bribery who

shall violate or circumvent any provisions of this Act shall, upon conviction, suffer the maximum penalty for such offense as provided under this Act.

3 CHAPTER 8

4 FUNDING

SEC. 128. Funding. — In addition to its annual budget under the General Appropriations Λct, the Commission is hereby authorized to retain and use thirty percent (30%) of its income derived from collection of immigration fees, fines, penalties and charges for maintenance and other operating expenses, intelligence and law enforcement, information and communication technology infrastructure, transportation facilities and other capital outlay expenditures. The Commission is likewise hereby authorized to retain and use its income in excess of the prescribed collection target.

12 CHAPTER 9

SEC. 129. Staffing Pattern and Salary Schedule. – To carry out the provisions of this Act, the Commissioner shall submit a new staffing pattern and salary schedule for personnel services to the Secretary of the Department of Budget and Management for approval, which shall be in accordance with the Salary Standardization Law and other applicable laws under the National Compensation and Classification Plan.

SEC. 130. Reorganization of the Commission. — Upon approval of this Act, all employees of the Bureau of Immigration covered by the civil service law and regulations shall continue to hold their present positions pending the reorganization of the Commission in accordance with the new staffing pattern: Provided, That the salaries, wages, allowances and other benefits of incumbent officers and employees of the Commission shall not be subject to diminution: Provided, further, That in the event that the positions are abolished in accordance with the reorganization, the affected employees shall be retained. Provided, finally, That employees who have been dismissed for cause shall no longer qualify for any position in the Commission.

1	SEC. 131. Inventory and Transfer of Properties, Accounts, Assets, Liabilities and
2	Obligations to the Commission All buildings, properties, equipment, facilities,
3	accounts, other assets, liabilities and other obligations as well as records of the Bureau
4	of Immigration shall be properly inventoried and transferred to the Commission.
5	SEC. 132. Treaty or Agreement Any treaty or agreement entered into
6	between the Philippines and any foreign state before the effectivity of this Act shall
7	remain in force and effect.
8	SEC. 133. Pending Cases Any prosecution, suit, action, proceeding, or any act
9	or matter, civil or criminal, pending at the time of the effectivity of this Act shall not be
10	affected by the provision of this Act unless otherwise applicable.
11	
12	CHAPTER 10
13	ADMINISTRATION AND IMPLEMENTATION
14	SEC. 134. Administration and Implementation Abroad The administration and
15	implementation of this Act abroad, including the rules and regulations as well as
16	policies arising from it shall be the responsibility of the Department of Foreign Affairs
17	through Philippine diplomatic and consular establishments.
18	
19	SEC. 135. Implementing Rules and Regulations The Commission, upon
20	consultation with the Department of Foreign Affairs and other concerned government
21	agencies or offices and subject to the approval by the Secretary, shall promulgate the
22	rules and regulations for the implementation of this Act within one hundred twenty
23	(120) days from its effectivity.
24	
25	CHAPTER 11
26	FINAL PROVISIONS

- 1 SEC. 136. Separability Clause. If any of the provisions of this Act is held
- 2 invalid or unconstitutional the other provisions not affected thereby shall continue to be
- 3 in force and effect.

- 5 SEC. 137. Repealing Clauses. (a) Commonwealth Act No. 613, otherwise
- 6 known as the Philippine Immigration Act of 1940, as amended, is hereby repealed; (b)
- 7 All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, proclamations, memorandum orders,
- 8 instructions, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with this Act are hereby
- 9 amended or modified accordingly.
- 10 SEC. 138. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
- its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) newspapers of general
- 12 circulation.
- 13 Approved,