

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

8 JUL 28 P1:27

SENATE

NECEIVED BY:

COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 85

Submitted by the Committee on Public Works on ________ 2 8 2008

Re : Senate Bill No. 1429

Recommending its approval without amendment ..

Sponsors: Senators Revilla, Jr. and Defensor Santiago

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committee on Public Works, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 1429, introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago, entitled:

"AN ACT
REGULATING THE PLACEMENT OF NON-MOBILE BILLBOARDS INCLUDING THEIR SUPPORT STRUCTURES"

has considered the same and has the honor to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it be approved without amendment ..

Respectfully submitted:

AMON BONG REVILLA, JR.

Members:

GREGORIO B. HONASAN II

JOKER P. ARROYO

RICHARD J. GORDON

MANUEL "LITO" M. LAPID .

JUAN-MIGUEL F. ZUBIRI

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Ex-Officio Members:

JÍNGĠOY ĚJERCITO-ESTRADA

Pro-Tempore

FRANCIS(N. PANGILINAN

Majority Leade

AQUILINÓ Q. PIMENTEL JR

∕Minority Leader

Hon. MANNY VILLAR

· President Senate of the Philippines Pasay City

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC	.)
OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)

2007."

7 AUG -6 P3:28

SENATE S.B. No. **1429** HECEIVED BY:

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago	
AN ACT	
REGULATING THE PLACEMENT OF NON-MOBILE BILLBOARDS INCLUDING THEIR SUPPORT STRUCTURES	
Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippine Congress assembled:	es in
SECTION 1. Short Title This Act shall be known as the "Anti-Billboard Blight A	ct of

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is the declared policy of the State to ensure an improved quality of life for all through continuing efforts to improve the natural/built and physical/non-physical environments. It is also the policy of the State to preserve public spaces as public domain and not to allow the use of such spaces for private enjoyment nor benefit.

SECTION 3. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act, the terms

- (1) "Air Right" means the right to physically develop and subsequently benefit or profit from the continued use of the air space above the road right-of-way (RROW) or other rights-of-way (ROWs) or legal easements or private/ public property outside or along such ROWs or easements, subject to the payment of lease to the appropriate party for availing of such rights. The upper limit of the air rights is the airways navigational path such as the clearance limits of aerodrome and flight patterns.
- (2) "Alignments" are the surface areas/ spaces traversed by a RROWs, similar ROWs, legal easements or similar public spaces, which form

1		part of the public domain and are therefore disallowed sites for non-
2		mobile billboards.
3	(3)	"Accredited Professional Organization (APO)" is a non-governmental
4		organization (NGO) of regulated development professionals who deal
5		purely with the natural and built environments, duly accredited by the
6		Professional Regulation Commission (PRC).
7	(4)	"Architect" is a regulated development professional who is a holder of
8		a Certificate of Registration or of a Special/Temporary Permit to
9		Practice the profession of architecture in the Philippines and of a
10		license in the form of a professional identification (ID) card duly
11		issued by the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) in full
12		accordance with R.A. 9266, its IRR and derivative regulations.
13	(5)	"barangay" means the basic government unit distinct from the LGU.
14	(6)	"Billboard" means an attention-getting device consisting of a support
15		structure, a display or message area, a lighting system and related
16		components. The term also refers to all types of identification,
17		description, illustration, images, pictures, display or device which is
18.		affixed to or represented directly or indirectly upon a portion of a
19		building/ structure, support structure or land and which directs
20		attention to a product, place, activity, person, institution, business, idea
21		or belief. The term shall be generic and shall collectively refer to but
22		not be limited to multi-media or tri-vision billboards, neon or other
23		illuminated signs, painted signs and the like.
24	(7)	"Billboard Unit" or "BU" shall refer to one (1.0) display with a total
25		surface area of anywhere between seven point five square meters (7.5
26		sqm) minimum to two hundred twenty five square meters (225.0 sqm)
27		maximum.
28	(8)	"Building Height Limit or BHL" means the maximum height to be

allowed for a building/structure based on their proposed

1	use/occupancy. The BHL is generally measured from the established
2.	grade line to the topmost portion of such a building/ structure,
3	inclusive of a non-mobile billboard mounted on top of such a
4	building/structure.
5 (9)	"Cantilevered Support Structure" means a support structure that is not
6	directly planted on the ground or any portion of the RROW, similar
7	ROWs or legal easement; such a structure may rest on a portion of a
8	building or another support structure not originally planned/ designed
9	to support a billboard; a cantilevered structure is necessary so that the
10	effective width of the sidewalk or similar components of the RROW
11	are neither compromised nor lessened;
12 (10)	"Carriageway" or "Roadway" means the portion or component of the
13	RROW on which land-based transportation conveyances such as motor
14	vehicles are allowed to pass or park. For RRROWs, the term may be
15	"Railway" and for WROWs, the applicable term may be "Waterway"
16	or "Vessel-way".
17 (11)	"Content" means the message and image components of a display
18	which may be advertising, commercial, directional or general public
19	information in intent.
20 (12)	"Display" means the material or device mounted on the non-mobile
21	billboard support structure together with its content/ message. A
22	display surface area in excess of one square meter (1.0 sqm), with a
23	least dimension of one meter (1.0 m), shall be considered part of a
24	non-mobile billboard.
25 (13)	"DILG" means the Department of Interior and Local Government.
26 (14)	"DOTC" means the Department of Transportation and
27	Communication.

(15) "DPWH" means the Department of Public Works and Highways.

(16) "Environmental Planner" is a regulated development professional who is a holder of a Certificate of Registration or of a Special/Temporary Permit to Practice the profession of architecture in the Philippines and of a license in the form of a professional identification (ID) card duly issued by the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) in full accordance with P.D. 1308, its IRR and derivative regulations.

- (17) "Firewall" means a reinforced masonry or reinforced concrete separator with the appropriate fire-resistive rating and which shall be positioned between buildings/ structures to maintain the fire integrity of each building/ structure. Firewalls that are erected along and/or above property lines utilize a substantial portion of the maximum development potential of a property and shall therefore have no openings except for the permitted vent wells specified under the National Building Code (NBC) and its Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR). Firewalls are not envisioned as a mounting surface for billboards and other types of display under the NBC and its IRR as such billboards/ displays also constitute a fire and safety hazard to an adjoining property.
- (18) "Intersections" are common surface areas or spaces shared by two (2) or more RROWs, similar ROWs or legal easements or a mix of such public spaces, which form part of the public domain and are therefore disallowed sites for non-mobile billboards.
- (19) "IRR" means the Implementing Rules and Regulations.
- (20) "Legal Easement" means a public open space mandated under law that must be absolutely free of all forms of physical obstructions that can negatively affect natural light and ventilation within such a space or that can impede access to or the full recreational use of such a space by the general public. Legal easements also refer to the public area that

	1		may lie between the legally usable portions of a private/public
	2		property and natural or built bodies of water or waterways.
	3 ((21)	"Lighting System" means the luminaries/ complete lighting units,
	4		power source and connections, controls and all support structures/
	5		devices that ensure the continuous illumination of a display.
	6 ((22)	"LGU" means the Local Government Unit (LGU).
	7	(23)	"Minimum Billboard Unit" shall refer to one (1.0) display with a
	8		maximum total surface area of seven point five square meters (7.50
	9		sqm), a multiple of the 225.0 sqm Maximum Billboard Unit. It shall
	10		have a least dimension of one meter (1.0 m).
	11	(24)	"Maximum Billboard Unit" shall refer to one (1.0) display with a
	12		maximum total surface area of two hundred twenty five square meters
	13		(225.0 sqm).
	14	(25)	"MMDA" means the Metropolitan Manila Development Authority.
	15	(26)	"NBC" means the National Building Code of 1977, otherwise known
	16		as Presidential Decree or PD 1096 or its future iterations.
	17	(27)	"Non-Conforming Billboard" means any non-mobile billboard
	18		lawfully constructed prior to the enactment of this Act, but which fails
	19		to conform to its provisions.
	20	(28)	"Non-Mobile Billboard" means a billboard positioned at a fixed
	21		location, usually along a road right-of-way (RROW), where it can be
	22 .		readily and continuously viewed by the passing public.
٩	23	(29)	"Official Signs" mean directional or information-conveying signs, in
	24		whatever form allowed under the IRR of this Act, that are officially
	25		issued and erected by or through the national or local government for
	26		the purpose of public service.
	27	(30)	"Professional Regulation Commission" is the entity that administers
	28		the regulated professions in the Philippines, including those that deal
·	29		with the natural and built environments, in full accordance with R.A.
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1	No. 8981 (The PRC Modernization Act of 2000), its IRR and
2	derivative regulations.
3 (31)	"Professional Regulatory Boards (PRBs)" are the regulatory entities
4	overseeing the practice of regulated professionals under the
5	Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) e.g. the PRB of
6	Architecture, the PRB of Environmental Planning.
7 (32)	"Residual Areas" are spaces that may fall outside the alignments or
8	intersections of two (2) or more RROWs, similar ROWs or legal
9	easements or a mix of such public spaces, which still form part of the
10	public domain and are therefore disallowed sites for non-mobile
11	billboards.
12 (33)	"ROW" means the Right-of-Way, including the airspace above the
13	ROW.
14 (34)	"RROW" or "Road-Right-of-Way" or "Street" means a public open
15	space for the continuous flow of pedestrian and vehicular traffic,
16	including the air space above the RROW, that must be free of all forms
17	of prohibited physical obstructions. The RROW or street is the surface
18	area lying between two (2) or more parallel properties and its width is
19	horizontally measured from opposite property lines.
20 (35)	"RRROW" means the Railroad-Right-of-Way consisting of the
21	railway/ tramway/ tracks on which the trains actually pass, the buffer
22	areas on either side of the railway for operational safety and fixed
23	facilities for passenger exchanges, inclusive of the airspace above the
24	RRROW.
25 (36)	"Support Structure" means the rigid framework on which the display
26	or attention-catching device of a non-mobile biliboard shall be
27	mounted. The foundation and superstructure for part of the support

structure.

1	(37)	"Property Line" means the imaginary or defined line or a set of such
2	•	interconnected lines and denoting the limits of a property.
3	(38)	"Setback" means a one (1)-dimensional quantity denoting the level
4		horizontal distance measured at a ninety degree angle (90°) from the
5		line formed by the outermost face of a building/ structure or billboard
6		support structure to a property line, whereby both lines run parallel to
7		each other.
8	(39)	"Sidewalk" means the portion on each side of the road right-of-way
9.		(RROW) for the exclusive use of pedestrians and the disabled who are
10	•	in transit.
11	(40)	"Scenic Vista" shall refer to a naturally occurring or a good
12		combination of natural and man-made features in the viewable
13		landscape and which offers the viewer a refreshing visual experience
14		or respite.
15	(41)	"Temporary Sign" means a sign made of fabric/ cloth, vinyl/ plastic or
16		similar light and/or combustible material, with or without frame i.e.,
17		streamers, bills, posters and the like that are installed within or outside
18		a ROW for display/public viewing for a limited period of time, subject
19		to the issuance of the required permit/s.
20	(42)	"UROW" means the Utility Right-of-Way means the area on which
21		public utility lines are allowed to pass, including buffer/ safety zones,
22		service/ maintenance areas and the airspace above the UROW.
23	(43)	"View Corridor" means the visually unobstructed width, depth and
24		height of all available sight lines running through and along RROWs,
25	,	legal easements and similar ROWs, open spaces within lots including
26		yards and courts or through and along designated public spaces
27		including recreational areas. View corridor also means specific ranges
28		of sight lines from a building or structure to a specific natural or man-

built object and/ or development considered of beauty or value.

1	(44) "WROW" means the Water Right-of-Way found in inland waterways
2	such as rivers, streams, lakes, canals and the like and consisting of the
3	waterway/ vessel-way on which boats/ ships/ barges pass, the
4	embankments and portions of the shore areas used to access the
5	waterway/ vessel-way, including the airspace above the WROW.
6	(45) "Yard" means a two (2)-dimensional space consisting of the vacant
7	land area between the outermost portion of a non-mobile billboard
8	including its support structure and the property lines.
9	SECTION 4. Regulation of Non-Mobile Billboards Any non-mobile billboard erected,
10	modified, retrofitted, rehabilitated or otherwise altered and thereafter exhibited after the effective
11	date of this Act shall comply with the following requirements:
12	4.1. Position Along RROWs, ROWs and Legal Easements
13	(1) No billboard shall be located in a position that obstructs or obscures the
14	view of vehicular or pedestrian traffic in such a manner as to endanger
15	their safe movement thereof. Non-mobile billboards shall not be erected
16	in a manner that can confuse or obstruct the view or interpretation of any
17	official traffic sign, signal or device.
18	(2) The outermost portion or projection of a non-mobile billboard or its
19	support structure or its lighting system shall be located at least five
20	meters (5.0m) from the outermost line of the street or RROW, RRROW,
21	UROW, WROW, legal easement and the like.
22	(3) Billboards shall not be erected on any structure or portion thereof found
23	within the RROW, RRROW, UROW, WROW, legal easement and the
24	like. The air rights over such ROWs and legal easements shall not be
25	availed of for the purpose of erecting non-mobile billboards,
26	(4) Temporary signs, regardless of material, intended use and size, including
27	election-related signs or signs showing the names and/or likeness of

elective/ appointed officials, shall not be strung or installed over or

1	across a RROW, RRROW, UROW, WROW, legal easement and the
2	like, unless otherwise permitted by the barangay or LGU concerned but
3	in no case shall the period of display exceed seven (7) calendar days.
4	The barangay or LGU must thereafter remove said temporary sign/s.
5	(5) Reckoned from the carriageway portion of the RROW, all displays shall
6	have a minimum clear/ unobstructed viewing distance of two hundred
7	meters (200.0m) within the Metropolitan Manila Area and three hundred
8	meters (300) outside Metro Manila.
9	(6) No billboard shall be located within two hundred meters (200.0m) of the
10	outermost portion of all interchanges or of the outermost portion of the
11	right-of-way (ROW) of all underpasses, overpasses, bridges, tunnels,
12	station/ terminal/ inter-modal/ multi-modal structures and the like or
13	from the center of an intersection. For RROW widths of forty meters
14	(40.0m) wide or wider, a distance of four hundred meters (400.0m) shall
15	apply.
16	(7) No part of a non-mobile billboard including its support structure shall be
17	placed on, in or over any public property/ domain, including public/
18	transportation/utility ROWs or utility/drainage easements or upon
19	telephone/utility poles or upon natural features such as trees, rocks and
20	the like. In particular, non-mobile billboards shall not be erected or
21	maintained or violate the air rights above a carriageway/ roadway,
22	railway or waterway/ vessel-way.
23	(8) Non-mobile billboards shall not be erected at residual areas at or along
24	intersections of RROWs, RRROWs, ROWs and legal easements or at
25	or along intersections of such public spaces.
26	(9) Non-mobile billboards that may obscure or obstruct the view of
27	vehicular or pedestrian traffic or that may interfere, imitate, resemble
28	or be confused with official traffic signs, signals or devices shall not
29	be permitted. No billboard that prevents a clear and unobstructed view

1	of official traffic signs in approaching or merging traffic shall be
2	permitted
3	(11) No billboard that may impair any scenic vista or view corridor from
4	the RROW/ legal easement or from a building/ structure along such
5	RROW/ legal easement shall be permitted.
6	4.2. Position within Private Property or Public Property Outside RROWs/ROWs/
7	Legal Easements
8	(1) All non-mobile billboards shall be erected in conformity with the front,
9	side and rear setback and yard requirements prescribed in the latest IRR
10	of the National Building Code of the Philippines (NBCP) and in the
11	applicable LGU zoning regulations. In case of conflict between such
12	laws/ regulations, the provisions of the NBCP shall generally prevail.
13	However, if the provisions under the LGU ordinances are more stringent
14	than the NBCP, then the LGU ordinance shall prevail.
15	(2) No part of a non-mobile billboard shall be placed on, in or over any
16	private/ public property without the written consent of the property
17	owner or lawful possessor and without the permit of the barangay or
18	LGU concerned.
19	(3) A non-mobile billboard mounted on a fire-walled property shall not
20	utilize the air rights of a private/ public property adjoining such a fire-
21	walled property without the written consent of the property owner or
22	lawful possessor of the affected property and without the permit of the
23	barangay or LGU concerned. In case of the presence of official
24	consent by the affected property's owner or lawful possessor for a
25	firewall-mounted non-mobile billboard, the same may opt to share in
26	the income that may be derived from the billboard in exchange for the

use of the air rights. In case of the lack of consent or refusal by the

affected property's owner or lawful possessor for a firewall-mounted

non-mobile billboard, only a painted display may be placed on the

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	firewall, still subject to the prior consent of the affected property's
	property owner or lawful possessor and to the prior permission of the
	barangay or LGU concerned. Neither a non-mobile billboard mounted
	on the firewall nor a display painted on the firewall shall be allowed if
	there is lack of consent or official refusal/ objection by the affected
	property's owner or lawful possessor.
(3) No billboard shall be erected or maintained upon or above the roof
	any building atmoture if the same is in violation of the Nation

- (3) No billboard shall be erected or maintained upon or above the roof of any building/ structure if the same is in violation of the National Building Code and its IRR or more stringent laws.
- (4) No billboard shall be constructed on a property where the same can obscure or shade the windows or doors of adjacent buildings/ structures. Non-mobile billboards shall not be made of reflective material that can redirect unwanted light towards adjacent buildings/ structures.

4.3. Billboard Spacing and Density

- (1) Non-mobile billboards located upon or oriented towards traffic traveling upon the same side of a RROW/ street with a minimum sixty meter (60.0 m) width shall be spaced no less than five hundred meters (500.0 m) apart. For narrower RROWs, the spacing may be between two hundred meters to five hundred meters (200.0 m 500.0 m) depending on the allowed vehicle speeds on the RROW as determined by the DPWH. This distance shall be measured along a straight line between the two (2.0) nearest points of the billboards. The minimum spacing required shall not apply to two (2.0) displays viewed from different directions but which share a common support structure.
- (2) Regardless of RROW widths, non-mobile billboards shall not be located within a two hundred meter (200.0 m) radius of another billboard even if the two (2.0) billboards are on different RROWs/streets.

1	(3) Non-mobile billboards may only be single-faced or double-faced. In the
2	case of a double-faced billboard, the allowed display surface area/
3	billboard unit on each face shall not exceed two hundred twenty five
4	square meters (225.0 sqm) per billboard unit/display/ face, provided that
5	applicable setback, yard and building height limit (BHL) requirements
6	of the National Building Code and its IRR are satisfied.
7	(4) Triple, quadruple or higher multi-faced billboards shall not be allowed
8	as these are already configured as buildings or solid structures that
9	unnecessarily block natural light and ventilation and pose public safety
10	problems.
11	4.4. Display Content and Lighting
12	(1) All display content for non-mobile billboards and temporary signs must
13	conform to the standards set by the Advertising Board of the Philippines
14	and/or the government agency tasked or to be tasked with reviewing and
15	approving the display.
16	(2) All content exhibited in a foreign language shall similarly exhibit the
17	corresponding translation in either English or the local dialect/s.
18	(3) No billboard with any commercial content shall be permitted within all
19	properties zoned as residential nor within residential subdivisions. In the
20	case of a new residential subdivision, only commercial billboards
21	containing information on the residential subdivision shall be allowed.
22	(4) No billboard with any commercial content shall be erected within a two
23	hundred meter (200.0 m) distance of the nearest property line of
24	declared historic or cultural sites or of institutional sites such as schools,
25	churches, hospitals, government buildings, public parks/ playgrounds/
26	recreation areas, convention centers, cemeteries or any other area which
27	must be free of non-mobile billboards with commercial content.

(5) Lighting: Non-mobile billboards shall be illuminated only by luminaries

exuding a fixed/ non-oscillating/ non-fluctuating amount of light that

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1	shall not produce glare or unwanted reflectance when directed at a
2	display.
3	4.5. Allowable Dimensions for Non-Mobile Billboard Displays
4	(1) A billboard unit shall have a surface or display area of between seven
5	point five (7.5) sqm minimum and two hundred twenty five (225.0) sqm
6	maximum.
7	(2) The minimum dimension of one (1.0) side of a minimum display or
8	billboard unit shall be one meter (1.0 m).
9	(3) The maximum dimension of one (1.0) side of a maximum display or
10	billboard unit shall be eleven meters (11.0 m), subject to compliance
11	with the billboard height limitation under this Act.
12	(4) No billboard shall exceed fifteen (15.0 m) in height, measured from the
13	average elevation of the surface of the natural ground or existing
14	sidewalk or carriageway level (whichever is higher) up to the highest
15	point of the non-mobile billboard or any of its components. This
16	maximum height is contingent on the prior satisfaction of the applicable
17	setback, yard and building height limit (BHL) requirements of the
18	National Building Code and its IRR.
19	(5) All non-mobile billboards shall be erected in conformity with the
20	building height limits (BHL) prescribed in the latest IRR of the National
21	Building Code (NBC) and in the applicable LGU zoning regulations.
22	(6) Allowable variations from the standard measurements shall be reflected
23	in the IRR of this Act.
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24	SECTION 5. Placement of Billboards with respect to Emergency Exits, Doors and
25	Windows No billboard shall be erected in such a manner that any portion of its display or
26	supports will interfere in any way with the free use or operation of any fire escape, emergency
27	exit, door, window, standpipe and the like. A non-mobile billboard shall not be erected,
28	constructed and maintained so as to obstruct any emergency exit or other openings or to prevent

1	free passage from	one part of a	a roof to any par	thereof. A no	on-mobile billboa	rd in any	form	or
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- 2 shape shall not in any manner be attached to a fire escape or be so placed as to interfere with an
- 3 opening required for introducing natural light and ventilation into a building/structure.
- SECTION 6. Fees and Inventory of Billboards. As of the effective date of this Act, the following fees for a non-mobile billboard shall apply:
- 6 1) a one-time billboard inventory fee of Two Thousand Five Hundred
 7 Pesos (P2,500.00);

- 2) an annual inspection fee of Seven Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (P7,500.00); and
- a building permit fee for a new non-mobile billboard structure in accordance with the National Building Code and its IRR.

The inventory fees shall be collected by the LGU for turnover to the DPWH, the lead agency for the conduct of the inventory. The DPWH in coordination with the other agencies such as the MMDA (for the Metropolitan Manila Area only) and with the provincial LGUs, shall use additional revenues to conduct a thorough countrywide inventory of all non-mobile billboards, including plotting the exact location of each sign, determining whether or not each sign has a valid permit from the DPWH, MMDA and any LGU agency charged with regulating billboards.

SECTION 7: Non-Mobile Billboard Permit Required. – Except as otherwise provided in this Act, no billboard shall hereinafter be erected, constructed, maintained or altered until a billboard permit has been issued by the DPWH and the LGU after payment of the required fees. An application for a non-mobile billboard shall be made in writing by a duly licensed outdoor advertising company and/or by legitimate entities with in-house outdoor advertising services, on the permit forms furnished by the authorities concerned and shall include such information as may be required for a complete understanding of the proposed work.

The construction/ erection permit or annual inspection clearances issued by the LGU for a qualified entity to erect/ operate/ maintain a non-mobile billboard may be revoked by the

1	DPWH and the MMDA (for the Metropolitan Manila Area) and by the DPWH and the DILG
2	(for all other areas) if the non-mobile billboard is:
3	a. in violation of any provision of the National Building Code and/or its
4	latest IRR and/or poses a clear threat to public welfare, safety and
5	health; and/ or
6	b, in violation of any provision of this Act and/or its IRR or of any
7	provision of subsequent derivate rules and regulations (guideline/s,
8	standard/s, manual/s of procedure and the like) as subsequently
9	promulgated by the DPWH.
10	The permit's or clearance's issued by the LGU for the erection/ operation/ maintenance of
11	a non-mobile billboard as revoked by the DPWH may be officially reinstated by the DPWH and
12	the MMDA (for the Metropolitan Manila Area) and by the DPWH and the DILG (for all other
13	areas) if the violations found have been properly addressed/remedied.
14	SECTION 8. Abatement of Dangerous Billboard/s When any non-mobile billboard is
15	found or declared to be dangerous or ruinous, the Building Official shall order its repair or
16	demolition at the expense of the Owner, depending upon the degree of danger to life, health or
17	safety. This is without prejudice to further action that may be taken under the provisions of the
18	New Civil Code or the National Building Code and its IRR.
19	To facilitate the identification of the Owner, the necessary contact information shall be
20	exhibited on the right lower corner of a non-mobile billboard, permanently attached to its support
21	structure.
22	SECTION 9. Official Signs Exempted The following official signs are exempt from the
23	restrictions of this Act that may also apply to signs:
24	1. Official highway route number signs, street name signs, directional, or other
25	official government signs;
26	2. Directional, information or public service signs, such as those advertising
27	availability of restrooms, telephone or similar public conveniences;
28	3. Official traffic signs, signals, devices and the like; and

4. Official signs for memorial or historical places.

2	SECTION 10. Possible Exemption for Non-Mobile Billboards Only Above the Sidewalk
3	Portion of the RROW Satisfaction of the following conditions, whereby the permitted non-
4	mobile billboard is made to effectively contribute to positive urban design/ redevelopment, may
5	allow the placement or erection of non-mobile billboards but only above the sidewalk portion of
6	the RROW:
7	1. if the billboard and its cantilevered support structure is used to effectively
8	hold in place and disguise/ conceal overhead electrical, telephone, cable TV
9	and similar utility lines that hover above the sidewalk and that may pose
10	possible danger to pedestrians; provided that such utility lines are also
11	effectively concealed from the view of persons within a property/ building or
12	structure without unduly compromising considerations of natural light and
13	ventilation;
14	2. if the billboard and its cantilevered support structure is also used to effectively
15	provide a shelter from the elements for the pedestrians passing underneath; as
16	such, the billboard serves as a component of a virtual covered sidewalk
17	system;
18	3. if the non-mobile billboard to cover the utility lines is officially permitted by
19	the DPWH and the MMDA (for the Metropolitan Manila Area) and the DILG
20	(for areas outside the Metropolitan Manila Area); and
21	4. if the allowed non-mobile billboard does not exceed 1.2 meters in height and
22	provides a clear vertical distance of at least 4.0 meters for pedestrians passing
23	underneath.
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24	SECTION 11. Assisting Entities In compiling the billboard inventory and in the
25	crafting of the IRR of this Act, the DPWH as the lead agency that shall promulgate the IRR, shall
26	collaborate with other national agencies, the concerned LGUs, the MMDA, billboard permit
27	holders, non-governmental organizations and citizens' groups.

SECTION 12. National Organization of Non-Mobile Billboard Constructors. - A national organization of Non-Mobile Billboard Constructors to be accredited by the DPWH, shall be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, as a non-profit, non-stock corporation that shall self-regulate the billboard industry in accord with this Act. Membership in the said organization shall be required for all billboard constructors.

All companies/ entities desiring to engage in the construction/ erection, alteration and maintenance of non-mobile billboards must be members in good standing of any local, national or international outdoor advertising association and must abide by the Code of Ethics and Guidelines that may be thereafter adopted by such associations.

SECTION 13. Responsible Regulated Professional. – Since billboards affect the natural and built environments for which the registered and licensed Architects and Environmental Planners are responsible, it shall be unlawful for any natural or juridical person to erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert, use or maintain any billboard or cause the same to be erected unless the signature and dry seal of a registered and licensed Architect or Environmental Planner appears on the construction/ erection plans and specifications of the billboard. The involvement of such a professional shall ensure that all laws and regulations pertaining to the placement/ siting, erection and maintenance of billboards are fully enforced.

SECTION 14. *Penal Clause*. - It shall be unlawful for any natural or juridical person to erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert, use or maintain any billboard or cause the same to be erected contrary to or in violation of any provision of this Act.

No officer or employee of this Republic, chartered cities, provinces, municipalities and barangays, now or hereafter charged with the enforcement of laws, ordinances or regulations relating to the construction, erection or alteration of non-mobile billboards, shall accept or approve any plans, designs or specifications which have not been prepared and submitted in full accord with all the provisions of this Act.

Any individual or firm, whether in the private or public sector, who shall violate any of the provisions of this Act and/or commit any act hereby declared to be unlawful shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine not less than thrice (3x) the amount of the non-mobile billboard including its support structure but not more than ten times (10x) the amount of said billboard including its support structure or by imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than five (5) years, or both, at the discretion of the court. In case of a firm, partnership, corporation or association, whether private or public, the penalty shall be imposed upon its official responsible for such violation and in case the guilty party is an alien, he/ she shall immediately be deported after payment of the fine and/or service of his/ her sentence.

SECTION 15. Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR). - Within ninety (90.0) days after the effectivity of this Act, the DPWH, in full consultation with the Professional Regulatory Boards (PRBs) of Architecture and Environmental Planning under the PRC, and with the PRC-Accredited Professional Organizations (APOs) of Architects and Environmental Planners, and in coordination with other agencies of the national and local governments, shall adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations, to carry out the provisions of this Act and which shall be effective fifteen (15) days following their publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) major daily newspapers of general circulation. An updating/amendment of the IRR shall be undertaken by the DPWH every five (5) years, including the provision/s on the permit and related fees.

The IRR of this Act, to specifically include the proper spacing, density, sizing and proportioning/configuration and format of non-mobile billboards within RROWs/ streets as partly determined by allowed vehicle speeds, ROWs and legal easements, shall be drafted by the DPWH, DOTC and the MMDA for the Metropolitan Manila Area (MMA) and by the DPWH, the DOTC, DILG and the provincial LGUs for all other areas outside the MMA. The concerned private sector entities shall assist the said agencies in completing their tasks.

Depending on future need, the DPWH, again in full consultation with the PRBs of Architecture and Environmental Planning under the PRC, and with the APOs of Architects and Environmental Planners, shall also prepare and promulgate the necessary guidelines, standards and manuals of procedure in accordance with the IRR of this Act.

SECTION 16. Enforcement of the Act. - It shall be the primary duty of the DPWH, in collaboration with the PRBs of Architecture and Environmental Planning, and the LGUs to

- 1 effectively enforce the provisions of this Act. All duly constituted law enforcement agencies and
- 2 officers of national, provincial, city or municipal government or of any political subdivision
- 3 thereof, shall, upon the call or request of the DPWH, render unqualified/unconditional assistance
- 4 in enforcing the provisions of this Act and to prosecute any person violating the provisions of the
- 5 same. The Secretary of Justice or his duly designated representative shall act as legal adviser to
- 6 the DPWH and shall render legal assistance as may be necessary in carrying out the provisions of
- 7 this Act.
- 8 SECTION 17. Separability Clause. If any provisions or part hereof, is invalid or
- 9 unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain
- 10 valid and subsisting.
- 11 SECTION 18. Repealing Clause. Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive
- 12 order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to or inconsistent
- with, the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended accordingly.
- 14 SECTION 19. Transitory Clause and Non-Conforming Billboards. Within five (5) years
- 15 from the date of the effectivity of this Act, any non-conforming non-mobile billboard, including
- 16 those designed/constructed in full compliance with the National Building Code and its
- 17 Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) or in compliance with LGU building codes or
- 18 ordinances existing as of the approval of this Act shall be dismantled, removed or altered to
- 19 conform to the provisions of this Act. The cost of dismantling, removal or alteration shall be
- 20 charged to the Owner of the non-complying billboard. The Owners of such altered billboards
- 21 shall thereafter secure a certificate of compliance and thereafter secure the required permits and
- 22 pay the necessary fees.
- 23 Existing billboards erected without permits before enactment of this Act shall be given
- 24 written notice to secure a permit and conform to the new requirements within ninety (90.0) days.
- 25 For non-complying Owners, the LGU shall dismantle such billboards at the expense of the
- 26 Owner.

- All non-mobile billboards that are erected in the manner, position or places other than
- 2 those named/ described herein, or are erected, displayed or maintained without the permit
- 3 thereon having been paid as hereinafter provided or are declared by the appropriate authorities as
- 4 unaesthetic/ unsightly or unsafe or otherwise non-complying with this Act, shall be subject to
- 5 summary removal at the expense of the Owner, upon order of the DPWH or the LGU.
- 6 SECTION 20. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15.0) days after its
- 7 publication in at least two (2.0) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,