FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
Second Regular Session

8 AUG -5 PA:11

() RECEIVED BY:

SENATE

S. No. 2518

Introduced by Senator Manny Villar

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The competitiveness and efficiency in facilitating an expedient entry and departure of ships in its port of origin and destination is a role played by ship agents.

The term "ship agent" as held by Supreme Court in its long line of decisions, is broad enough to include the ship owner. Pursuant to Articles 586 and 587 of the Code of Commerce, both the ship owner and ship agent are civilly and directly liable for the indemnities in favor of third persons, which may arise from the conduct of the captain in the care of goods transported, as well as for the safety of passengers transported. In other words, it expresses the universal principle of limited liability under maritime law.

However, other kinds of ship agents who are known as "tramp or port agents" are appointed by tramp operators for a particular voyage only and are merely responsible in providing assistance to facilitate the vessel's entry into, stay and departure from the port.

Thus, it is necessary to update the antiquated provisions of the Code of Commerce by providing among others, a clear definition of a tramp service and a tramp agent as well as to delimit the cargo liability of a tramp agent.

The early enactment of this legislation is earnestly sought.

MANNY VILLAR

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
Second Regular Session

8 AUG -5 P6:01

SENATE

O HEGEIVED BY:

S. No. 2518

Introduced by Senator Manny Villar

AN ACT DEFINING THE LIABILITY OF SHIP AGENTS IN THE TRAMP SERVICE, AMENDING FOR THIS PURPOSE ARTICLE 586 OF THE CODE OF COMMERCE AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Article 586 of the Code of Commerce is hereby amended to read as follows:

"ARTICLE 586. The shipowner and the ship agent shall be civilly liable for the acts of the captain and for the obligations contracted by the latter to repair, equip, and provision the vessel, provided the creditor proves that the amount claimed was invested for the benefit of the same.

"By ship agent is understood the person entrusted with provisioning or representing the vessel in the port in which it may be found. SHIP AGENT MAY ALSO MEAN A TRAMP AGENT APPOINTED BY THE SHIPOWNER, CHARTERER OR CARRIER IN A TRAMP SERVICE FOR ONE PARTICULAR VOYAGE WHOSE AUTHORITY IS LIMITED TO THE CUSTOMARY AND USUAL PROCEDURES AND FORMALITIES REQUIRED FOR THE FACILITATION OF THE VESSEL'S ENTRY, STAY AND DEPARTURE IN THE PORT.

"TRAMP SERVICE IS THE OPERATION OF A CARRIER WHICH HAS NO REGULAR AND FIXED ROUTES BUT ACCEPTS CARGO AT ANY TIME AS AGREED UPON BETWEEN THE SHIPOWNER AND THE SHIPPERS AND IS HIRED ON A CONTRACTUAL OR CHARTERED BASIS UNDER MUTUALLY AGREED TERMS, AND USUALLY ARRIES BULK OR BREAK BULK CARGOES.

"THE LIABILITY OF THE SHIP AGENT OR A TRAMP AGENT IN A TRAMP SERVICE SHALL NOT EXTEND TO THE OBLIGATIONS ASSUMED BY THE SHIPOWNER, CHARTERER OR CARRIER WITH THE SHIPPER OR RECEIVER OF THE GOODS CARRIED BY THE SHIP: PROVIDED, THAT IT IS THE DUTY OF THE TRAMP AGENT TO ASSIST THE SHIPPER OR RECEIVER IN MAKING CARGO LIABILITY CLAIMS AGAINST THE SHIPOWNER, CHARTERER OR CARRIER: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT FAILURE OR INACTION TO ASSIST THE SHIPPER OR RECEIVER SHALL SUBJECT THE TRAMP AGENT TO APPLICABLE ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS IMPOSED BY APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT AGENCIES."

- SEC. 2. All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.
- SEC. 3. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,